

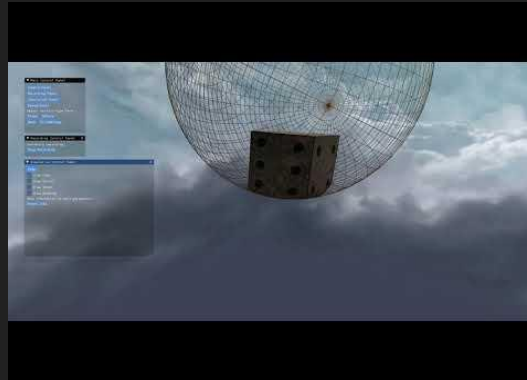
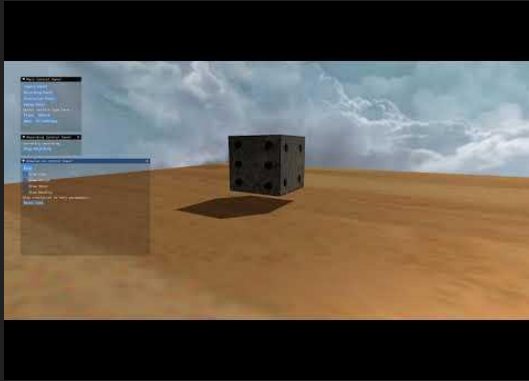
Particle System

Soft Body Simulation

Outline

- Demo
- Project overview
- Scoring criteria
- Objective and explanation
- Submission detail
- Hint and reminder

Demo (updated)



Plane

Tiled Plane

Sphere

Bowl

frame rate 60

Demo (updated)



Friction Coefficient = 0.0



Friction Coefficient = 0.3



Friction Coefficient = 0.6

Project overview

- Solution layout
 - bin
 - assets (textures and shaders)
 - [Screenshots] (will be created if record is turned on)
 - src (source code)
 - utility (tools for outputing video)
 - vendor (project dependencies)

Project overview (cont.)

- Environment
 - IDE: Visual studio 2017
 - Platform: Windows
 - Graphics API: OpenGL
 - OpenGL Loading Library: glad
 - OpenGL Toolkit: glfw
 - UI Library: dear imgui
 - Math Library: Eigen
 - Eigen::Vector3f

Project overview (cont.)

- src
 - gfx (a simple graphics library for rendering basic geometries)
 - simulation (code for running particle system simulation)
 - util (utilities including outputting screenshots as .jpg files)
 - everything you need to implement is in the simulation folder
 - but you can edit other components if you want

Scoring Criteria

- Construct the connection of springs - 10%
- Compute spring and damper forces - 20%
- Handle Collision - 25%
 - Plane and TiltedPlane - 5%
 - Sphere - 5%
 - Bowl - 5%
 - Contact force (resist and friction) - 10%

Scoring Criteria (cont.)

- Intergrator - 25%
 - Explicit Euler - 5%
 - Implicit and Midpoint Euler - 5%
 - Runge-Kutta 4th - 15%
- Report - 20%
- Bonus - up to 15%
 - Improve graphics?
 - Other type of terrain?
 - Other type of collision?

Objective and explanation

- Construct the connection of springs
 - `void Cube::initializeSpring()`
- Compute spring and damper forces
 - `void Cube::computeInternalForce()`
 - Trace every spring and apply the force accordingly.
 - `Eigen::Vector3f Cube::computeSpringForce(...)`
 - `Eigen::Vector3f Cube::computeDamperForce(...)`

Objective and explanation (cont.)

- Handle Collision
 - `void <differentTerrainClass>::handleCollision(...)`
 - There are four terrains: Plane, Sphere, Bowl and Tilted Plane
 - `constexpr float eEPSILON (ϵ) = 0.01f;`
 - `constexpr float coefResist = 0.8f;`
 - `constexpr float coefFriction = 0.3f;`
 - You can assume the terrain will not move under any circumstances.
 - Related parameters can be found in class member.

Objective and explanation (cont.)

- Integrator
 - `void <differentIntegrator>::integrate(...)`
 - There are four integrators
 - ExplicitEuler
 - ImplicitEuler
 - MidpointEuler
 - RungeKuttaFourth

Objective and explanation (cont.)

- Report (below is a suggested outline)
 - Introduction/Motivation
 - Fundamentals
 - Implementation
 - Result and Discussion
 - The difference between integrators
 - Effect of parameters
 - Conclusion

Submission detail

- Compress all the files into a .zip file
 - Naming rule: CA1_StudentID.zip
 - e.g., CA1_309553010.zip
 - If the file size exceeds the limitation on new E3, upload only the "src" folder and main.cpp for the source code component in zip mentioned below.
- Your zip file should contain following components
 - Source code (ensure your project build successfully)
 - At least 2 videos (include parameters in your video)
 - Report in pdf format, no more than 10 pages

Submission detail (cont.)

- Upload all your materials to new E3
 - No limit to the number of times of upload
 - The latest version is your final submission

Submission detail (cont.)

- Late policies
 - Penalty of 10 points on each day after deadline
- Cheating policies
 - 0 points for any cheating on assignments
 - Allowing another student to examine your code is also considered as cheating
- Deadline
 - Monday, 2021/04/05, 23:55

Hint and Reminder

- Hint: course materials
 - Spring and damper forces
 - Review “particle.pptx” from p.9 - p.13
 - Explicit Euler integration
 - Review “ODE_basics.pptx” from p.15 - p.16
 - Midpoint Euler integration
 - Review “ODE_basics.pptx” from p.18 - p.20
 - “Physically Based Modeling” from B.5 - B.6

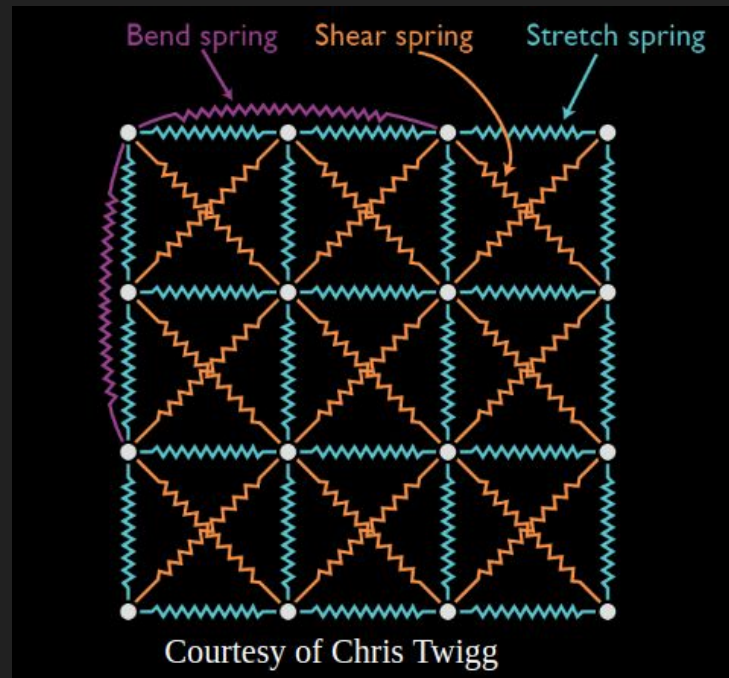
Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- Hint: course materials
 - Implicit Euler integration
 - Review "ODE_implicit.pptx" from p.18 - p.19
 - Runge-Kutta 4th (RK4) integration
 - Review "ODE_basics.pptx" from p.21
 - "Physically Based Modeling" from B.5 - B.6

Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- Hint: spring initialization
 - Initialize three types of spring
 - struct, shear and bending
 - “springStartID” and “springEndID” are the index in the “std::vector<Particle> particles”

```
Spring(  
    int springStartID,  
    int springEndID,  
    float restLength,  
    float springCoef,  
    float damperCoef,  
    SpringType type  
);
```



Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- Hint: spring initialization
 - In practice, it's better to reserve memory space for vector if the size is known, but we'll make it simple for now.
 - Each type of spring will have different number of connection directions
 - Assume a 3x3x3 cube with 27 particles and observe the center particle
 - Struct / bending: 3 directions
 - 6 directions: up, down, left, right, front and back. But if each particle is responsible for all 6 directions, there will have duplicate connection. Thus, each particle will only be responsible for 3 directions.
 - Shear: 10 directions
 - Center particle is surrounded by 26 particles. $26 - 6$ (up, down, left, right, front and back) = 20, and each particle can be only responsible for half part of directions.

Hint and Reminder (cont.)

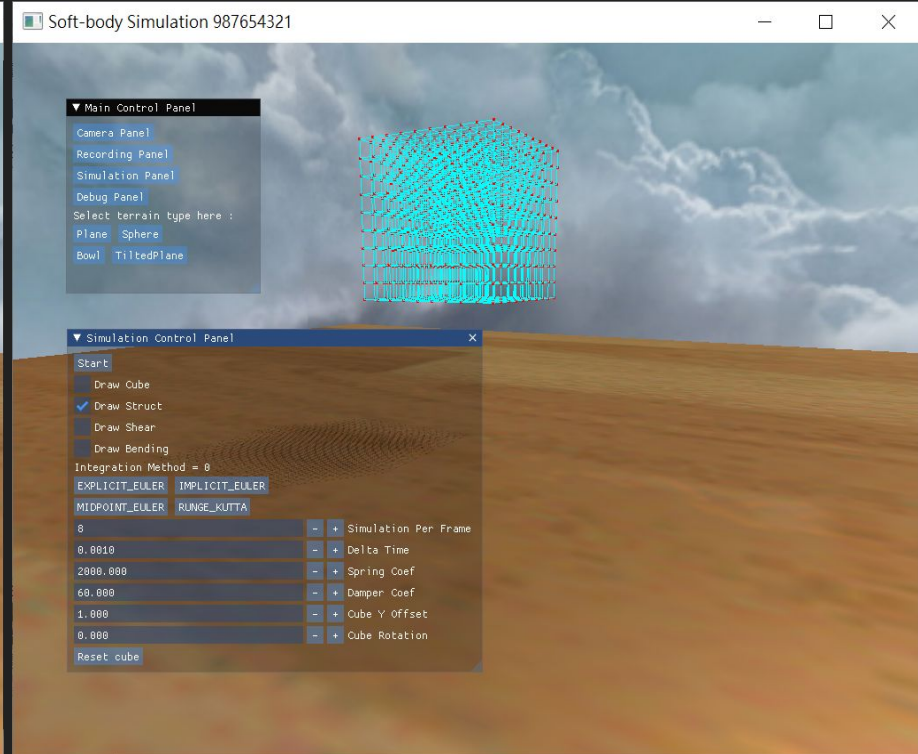
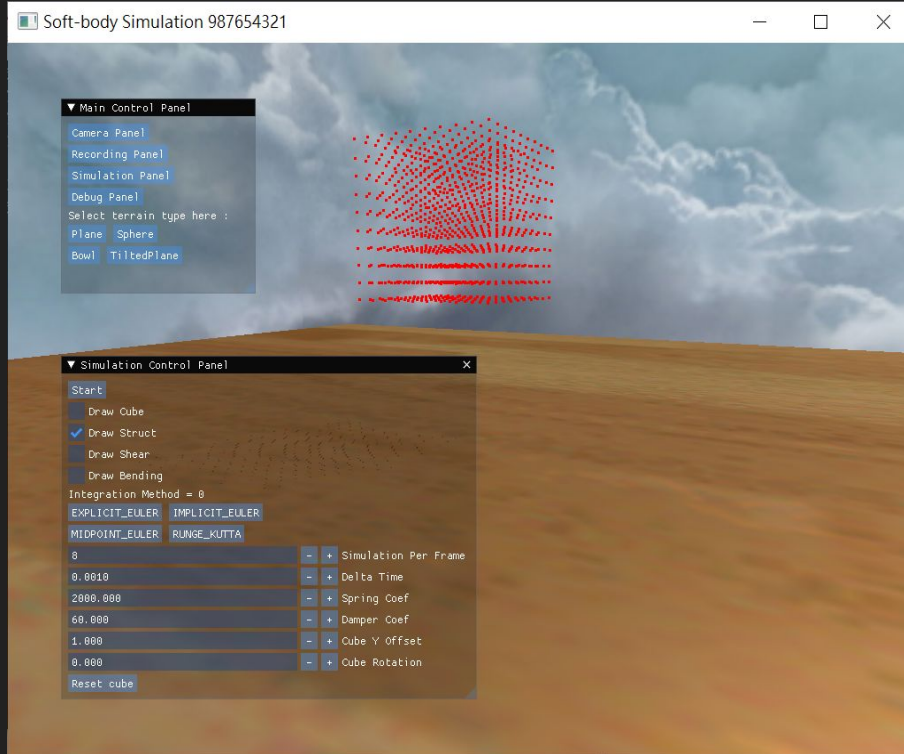
- Hint: spring initialization

- Sample code of connecting struct spring on one axis (z-direction)
- ```
for (int i = 0; i < particleNumPerEdge; i++)
 for (int j = 0; j < particleNumPerEdge; j++)
 for (int k = 0; k < particleNumPerEdge - 1; k++)
```

```
 iParticleID = i * particleNumPerFace + j * particleNumPerEdge + k;
 iNeighborID = i * particleNumPerFace + j * particleNumPerEdge + k + 1;
```

```
 springs.push_back(Spring(...));
```

# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

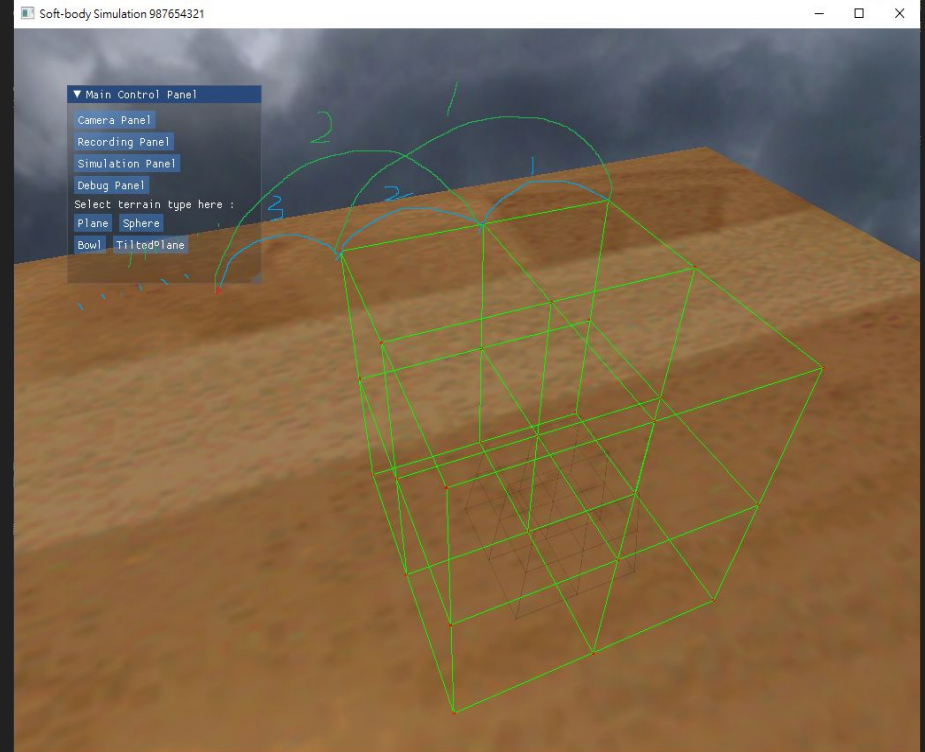


# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

This image shows difference between bend spring and structural spring

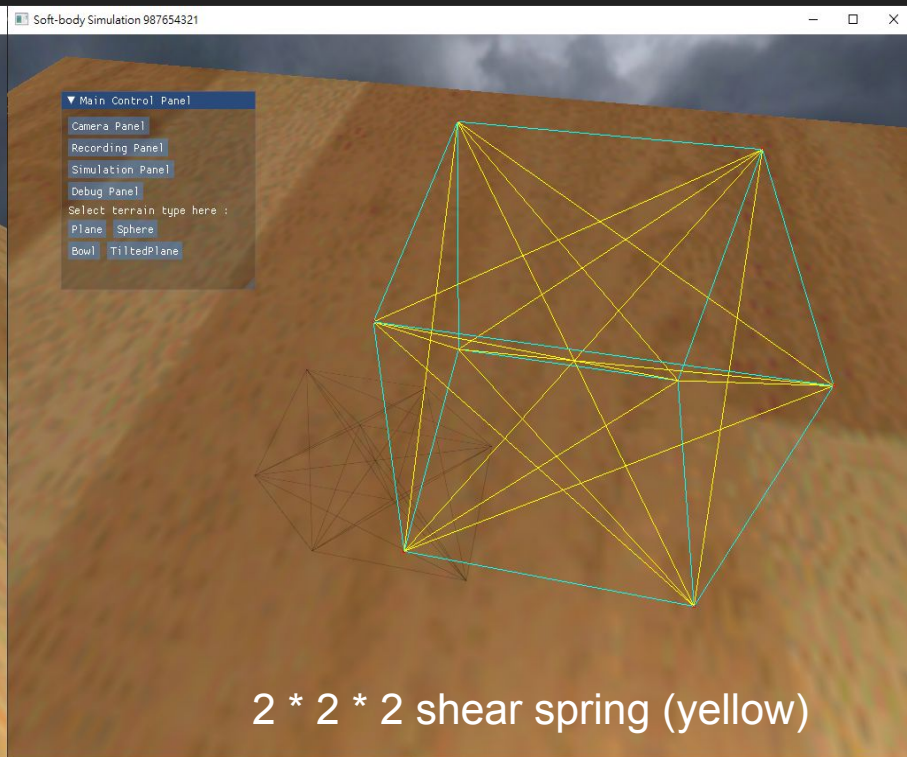
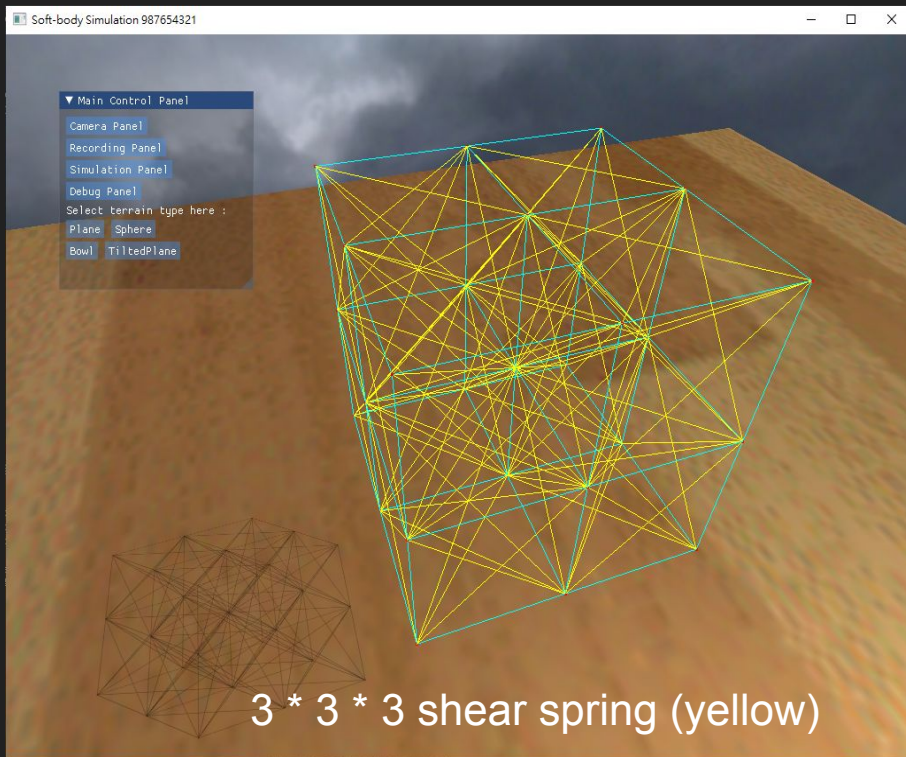
- Green: bend spring
- Blue: structural spring

The curves were drawn by MS paint.





# Hint and Reminder (cont.)





## Hint and Reminder (cont.)

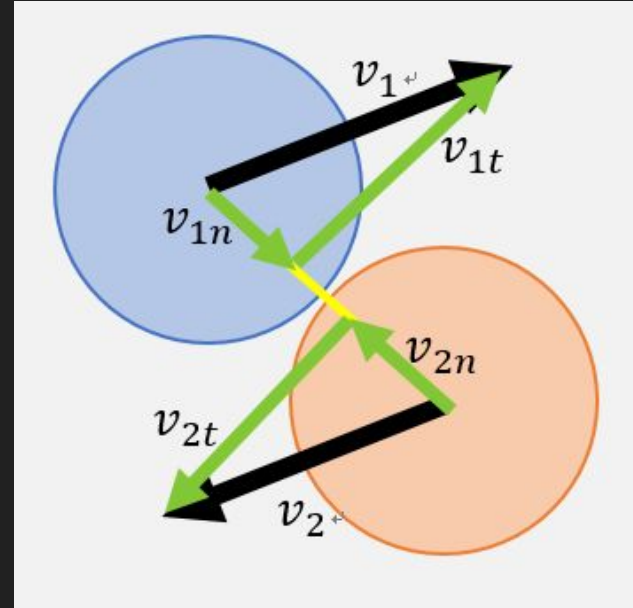
- Hint: point-plane collision
  - Review “particles.pptx” from p.14 - p.19
  - Should be the exact same as tilted plane.
  - If you only implement the horizontal plane collision detection, you will get a part of score.

# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- Hint: sphere/bowl collision
  - You can assume the terrain will not move
    - that is, its velocity is 0

$$v'_1 = \frac{v_{1n}(m_1 - m_2) + 2m_2v_{2n}}{m_1 + m_2} + v_{1t}$$

$$v'_2 = \frac{v_{2n}(m_2 - m_1) + 2m_1v_{1n}}{m_1 + m_2} + v_{2t}$$



# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- Hint: Integrator::integrate

- You should update particles' velocity and position.
- You probably need to call

`void MassSpringSystem::computeCubeForce(Cube &cube)`

for getting future information in implicit methods

# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- How to output video?
  - Press "start recording" in recording panel UI.
    - this will output screenshots to the "Screenshots" folder
  - Execute utility\gen\_video.bat
    - this will combine the images in "Screenshots" folder and output a .mp4 video
  - You can edit the batch file to adjust frame rate or other parameters.
    - But for the uploading videos, please adjust the frame rate to 60 (default)
  - Also, please include your simulation parameters in your video.
    - By having some part of video showing the simulation panel.
    - offset, rotation, spring coef, damper coef ...

## Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- How to properly report bonus?
  - Mention it in your report.
  - If your implementation violates with the original implementation, please make a toggle for switching.
  - If your bonus hides any original feature, you will not get the score for the features that the TAs cannot test.

# Hint and Reminder (cont.)

- How to contact TA?
  - Please ask your question on new E3 forum.
    - or send email to TAs via new E3.
  - If you need to ask question face-to-face, please send email for appointment.
  - IMPORTANT: please sort out and arrange your question, so we can help you without wasting time on trivial matters.