caseStudy1

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January 11, 2020

Load Data and Libraries

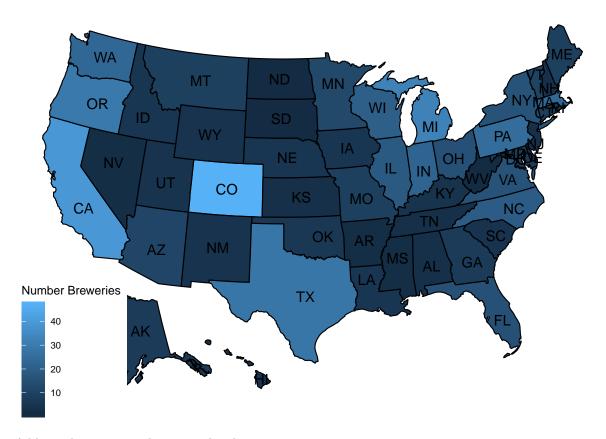
```
beer=read.csv(file.choose())
breweries=read.csv(file.choose())
cities=read.csv(file.choose())
library(dplyr)
library(grid)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(maps)
library(usmap)
library(stringr)
library(class)
library(caret)
library(Hmisc)
library(gridExtra)
library(naniar)
```

2. Merge Beer Data with Brewery Data

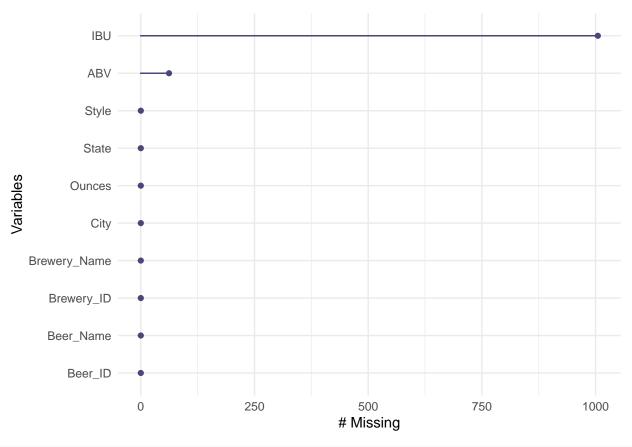
```
beerBrew=merge(beer,breweries,by.x="Brewery_id",by.y="Brew_ID")
```

1. Number of Breweries Per State

```
stateCoords=us_map()
# Remove Leading Spaces from State Column of merged Beer Brew Data frame (prepare for join)
# Summarise Each State's Number of Breweries and Beers
stateBrewBeer= beerBrew %>% mutate(State=gsub(" ","",State)) %>% group_by(State) %>% summarise(brews=leading)
# Join Brewery Beer Data with a dataframe containing state coordinates and population
statePopBrBe = merge(statepop,stateBrewBeer,all.x=TRUE,by.y="State",by.x="abbr")
statePopBrBe=statePopBrBe %>% mutate(brewCap=brews/pop_2015,beerCap=beers/pop_2015)
plot_usmap(data=statePopBrBe,values="brews",labels = TRUE)+scale_fill_continuous(name="Number Breweries")
```



3. Address the missing values in each column.



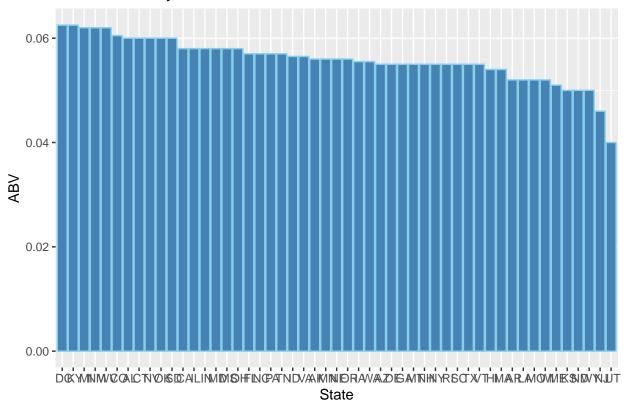
```
# convert empty string Styles to NAs to more easily see missings in all columns
beerBrew$Style[which(beerBrew$Style=="")]=NA
sapply(beerBrew, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))
                                                                                                     City
## Brewery_id
                             Beer_ID
                                            ABV
                                                        IBU
                                                                                       Name.y
                  Name.x
                                                                 Style
                                                                            Ounces
##
                       0
                                   0
                                              62
                                                       1005
                                                                     5
                                                                                 0
            0
                                                                                            0
##
        State
```

4. Compute the median alcohol content and international bitterness unit for each state. Plot a bar chart to compare.

##

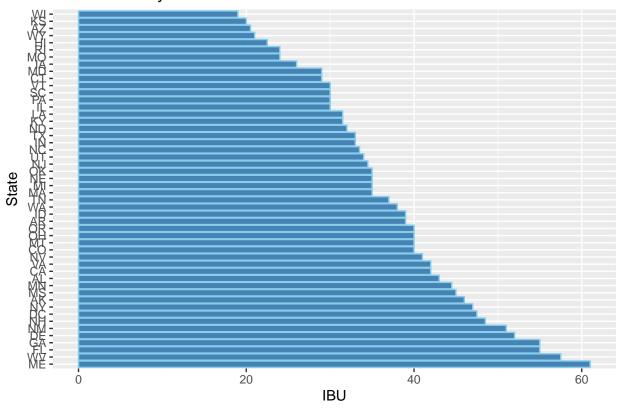
```
beerBrew %>% group_by(State) %>%
  filter(!is.na(ABV))%>%
  summarise(ABV=median(ABV)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=reorder(State,-ABV),ABV)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position="dodge", color='skyblue',fill='steelblue') +
  # scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0.5,0.07))+
  #coord_flip()+
  xlab("State") + ylab("ABV") + ggtitle("Median ABV by State")
```

Median ABV by State



```
beerBrew %>% group_by(State) %>%
filter(!is.na(IBU))%>%
summarise(IBU=median(IBU)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x=reorder(State,-IBU),IBU)) +
geom_bar(stat="identity", position="dodge", color='skyblue',fill='steelblue') +
coord_flip()+
xlab("State") + ylab("IBU") + ggtitle("Median IBU by State")
```

Median IBU by State

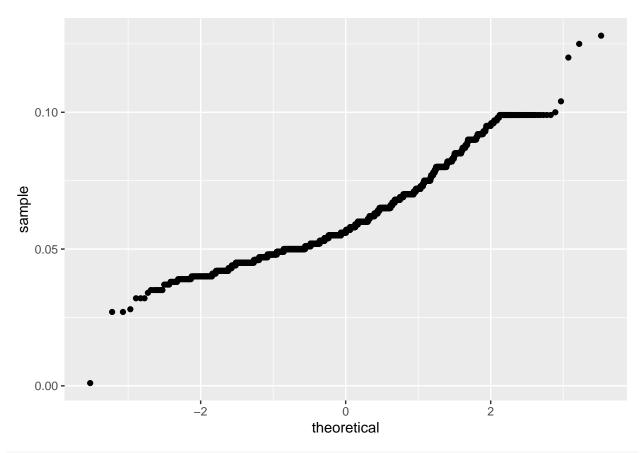


5. (part 1) Which state has the maximum alcoholic (ABV) beer? Which state has the most bitter (IBU) beer?

State Name.x Name.y IBU ## 1 OR Bitter Bitch Imperial IPA Astoria Brewing Company 138

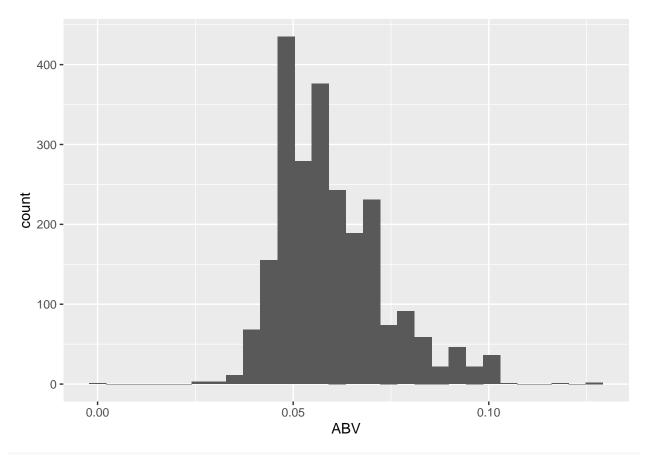
6. Comment on the summary statistics and distribution of the ABV variable The ABV is mostly normally distributed with a noticeable right tail. The mean is Larger than the median.

```
#Check for normality of ABV using qq plot and histogram
beerBrew %>% filter(!is.na(ABV)) %>% ggplot() +stat_qq(aes(sample=ABV))
```



beerBrew %>% filter(!is.na(ABV)) %>% ggplot()+geom_histogram(aes(ABV))

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



beerBrew %>% filter(!is.na(ABV)) %>% select(ABV)%>%summary()

```
## ABV

## Min. :0.00100

## 1st Qu.:0.05000

## Median :0.05600

## Mean :0.05977

## 3rd Qu.:0.06700

## Max. :0.12800
```

8. Group beer styles into larger style buckets

```
#Categorize the many styles into 5 groups

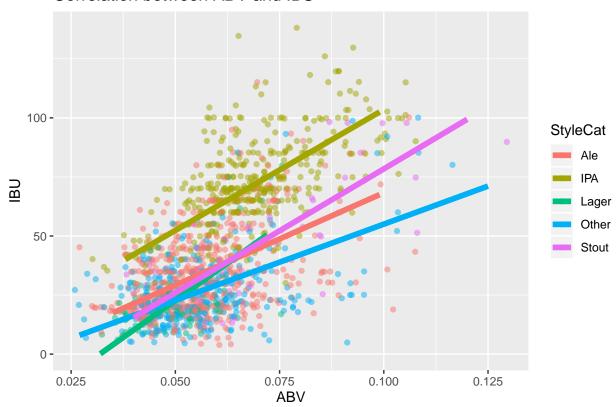
beerBrew$StyleCat= case_when(
   grepl("(India Pale Ale|IPA)",beerBrew$Style) ~ "IPA",
   grepl( "Ale",beerBrew$Style) ~ "Ale",
   grepl("Lager",beerBrew$Style)~"Lager",
   grepl("Stout",beerBrew$Style)~"Stout",
   TRUE~"Other"
)
```

7. Is there an apparent relationship between the bitterness of the beer and its alcoholic content? Draw a scatter plot. Make your best judgment of a relationship and EXPLAIN your answer. There is a moderate positive correlation between ABV and IBU. The upward slope is evidence of a positive relationship. The points' moderate to small deviations from the trendline is evidence of a moderate to weak relationship.

```
beerBrew %>% filter(!is.na(ABV)&!is.na(IBU))%>%

ggplot(aes(ABV,IBU,color=StyleCat))+geom_point(position=position_jitter(width=0.01),alpha=0.5)+geom_smo
```

Correlation between ABV and IBU



We address the feasability of using ABV and IBU to predict a Beer's Style. We are creating a classifier object that will have an input of a list of ABV and IBU values. Its output will be a list of Beer Styles.

Prepare data set for KNN

```
# remove NAs in columns which will use for KNN
beerBrewClean=beerBrew %>% filter(!is.na(ABV)&!is.na(IBU)&!is.na(StyleCat))
```

We randomly divide the dataset of Beers into two parts. One to train the classifier function on. Another to test how well the classifier can classify Beer Styles.

The Sensitivity represents the probability our classifier can classify an Ale when we present it with an Ale's IBU and ABV Values. The Specificity represents the probability our classifier can classify an IPA when we present it with an IPA's IBU and ABV values.

```
# Split percentage of train test
splitPerc=0.7
#Response Variable of KNN
response="StyleCat"
#data is just the merged Beer and Brewery dataframe without NAs and IPA, Ales only
data=beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA"))
#column names of explanatory variables for KNN
explanatory=c("ABV","IBU")
iterations=100
#empty arrays to store Accuracy, Sensitivity and SPecificity of model performance
```

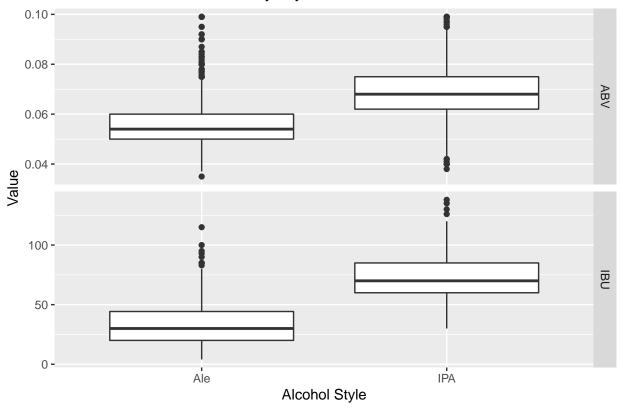
```
#with randomly shuffled train and tests
masterAcc=double(iterations)
masterSens=double(iterations)
masterSpec=double(iterations)
for( x in 1:iterations){
# remove NAs from necessary columns
# scale explanatories
data[,explanatory]=scale(data[,explanatory])
trainIndices = sample(1:dim(data)[1],round(splitPerc * dim(data)[1]))
train = data[trainIndices,]
test = data[-trainIndices,]
classifications=knn(train[,explanatory],test[,explanatory],train[,response],k=3)
  CM = confusionMatrix(table(classifications,test[,response]))
  masterAcc[x] = CM$overall[1]
 masterSens[x]=CM$byClass[1]
 masterSpec[x]=CM$byClass[2]
MeanAcc = mean(masterAcc)
MeanSens=mean(masterSens)
MeanSpec=mean(masterSpec)
```

How do Ales and IPAs differ in terms of ABV and IBU? How much more alcoholic or bitter is one style over the other?

Visualize difference in IBU and ABV between Styles

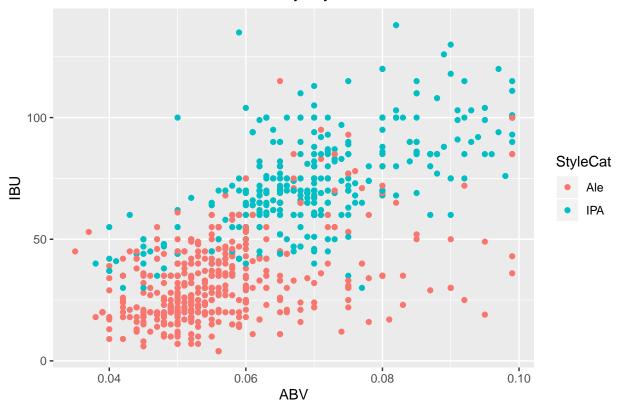
```
beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA")) %>% select(Beer_ID,ABV,IBU,StyleCat)%>%
   gather("Variable","Value",c(-StyleCat,-Beer_ID))%>%
ggplot() + geom_boxplot(aes(StyleCat,Value)) + scale_x_discrete(name="Alcohol Style") +
   labs(title="ABV and IBU Differences By Style") + facet_grid(Variable~.,scales = "free_y")
```

ABV and IBU Differences By Style



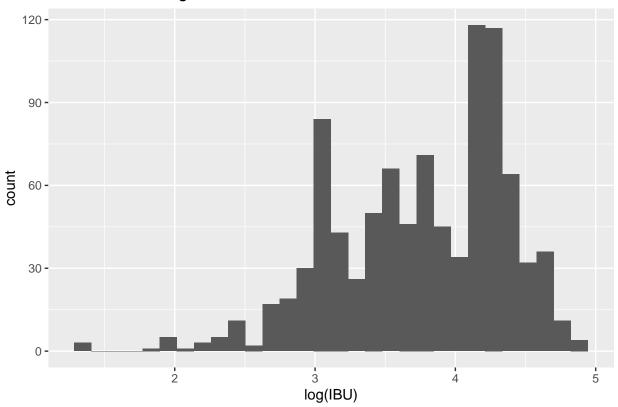
beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA")) %>% ggplot(aes(color=StyleCat,ABV,IBU)) +
 geom_point()+labs(title="IBU/ABV Ratio for Each Beer By Style")





Testing for significant differences in ABV and IBU between IPA and Ales Check the data to see if ABV and IBU form bell curves. Bell Curve Distributions allow us to generalize our conclusions to loarger populations.

Distribution of Log IBU for Ales/ IPAs

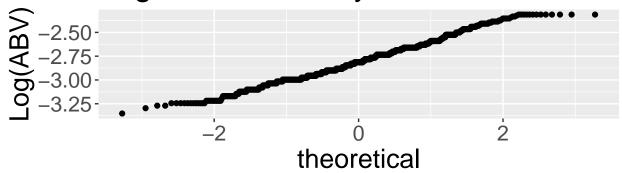


```
qqIBU=beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA")) %>% ggplot() +
    stat_qq(aes(sample=log(ABV)))+ylab("Log(IBU)")+labs(title="Log IBU Normality Check")+
        theme(text = element_text(size=20))

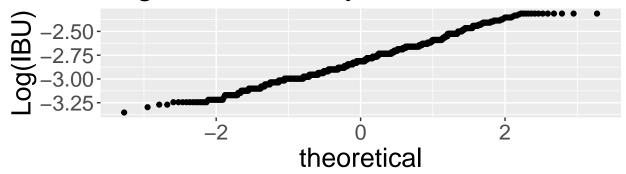
qqABV=ggplot_gtable(ggplot_build(qqABV))
qqIBU=ggplot_gtable(ggplot_build(qqIBU))
maxWidth = unit.pmax(qqABV$heights[2:3], qqIBU$heights[2:3])

qqABV$heights[2:3] <- maxWidth
qqIBU$heights[2:3] <- maxWidth
grid.arrange(qqABV, qqIBU, heights = c(2, 2))</pre>
```

Log ABV Normality Check



Log IBU Normality Check



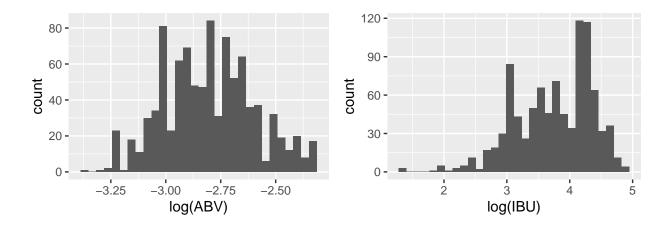
```
beerBrewClean %>% group_by(StyleCat) %>% summarise(sd=sd(ABV),sdIBU=sd(IBU))
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
     StyleCat
                   sd sdIBU
     <chr>
                <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 Ale
              0.0111
                       18.0
              0.0122
                       19.5
## 2 IPA
## 3 Lager
              0.00711 13.4
## 4 Other
              0.0130
                       15.9
## 5 Stout
              0.0186
                       24.1
```

```
histABV= normalityBeer + geom_histogram(aes(log(ABV)))
histIBU=normalityBeer + geom_histogram(aes(log(IBU)))
histABV=ggplot_gtable(ggplot_build(histABV))
```

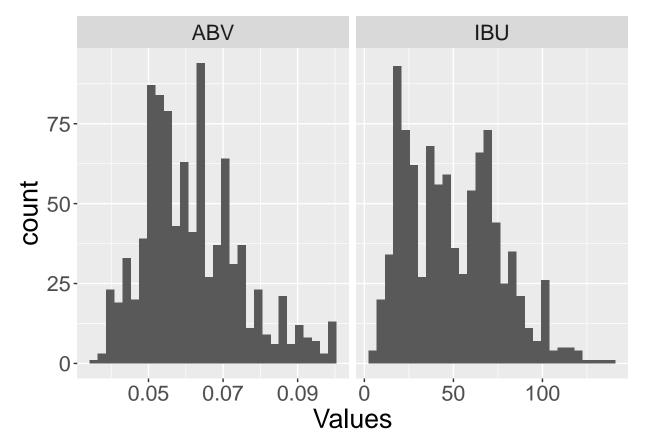
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
histIBU=ggplot_gtable(ggplot_build(histIBU))
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
maxWidth = unit.pmax(histABV$heights[2:3], histIBU$heights[2:3])
histABV$heights[2:3] <- maxWidth
histIBU$heights[2:3] <- maxWidth
grid.arrange(histABV, histIBU, heights = c(2, 2),ncol=2)</pre>
```



```
beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA")) %>%
  select(Beer_ID,ABV,IBU)%>%
gather( "Variable", "Values", -Beer_ID)%>%
  ggplot() + geom_histogram(aes(Values)) + facet_grid(~Variable,scales = "free_x") +
    theme(text = element_text(size=20))
```

`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.



```
ABUtest=t.test(log(ABV)~StyleCat,var.equal=TRUE,beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA") & ibuTest=t.test(log(IBU)~StyleCat,var.equal=TRUE,beerBrewClean %>% filter(StyleCat %in% c("Ale","IPA") & In terms of ABV, median of IPA compared to median of Ales is a ratio ranging between exp(ABUtest$conf.int)

## [1] 0.7976278 0.8361243
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
In terms of IBU, median of IPA compared to median of Ales is a ratio ranging between exp(ibuTest$conf.int)

## [1] 0.4079911 0.4585913
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
```

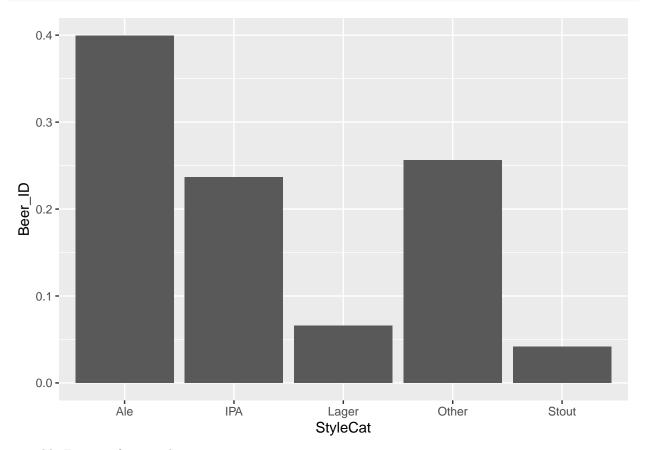
Test set is the records of missing IBUs Train set is the records that have IBU not missing

Identifying the missing Styles in underserved cities

1. Find the national percentages of each Style Category visually

```
#national percentage of styles
beerBrew %>% ggplot() + stat_summary(geom="bar",aes(StyleCat,Beer_ID),fun.y=function(x){
```

```
length(unique(x))/length(unique(beerBrew$Beer_ID))
})
```



2. Table Format of national percentages

nationalPct=beerBrew %>% group_by(StyleCat) %>% summarise(pct=n()/with(beerBrew,length(unique(Beer_ID)))

3. CityData contains the population of 314 of AMerica's Most populous cities. Add a column that contains the population of the city for each Beer's Brewery.

```
#remove the leading space in all States of beerBrew
beerBrew$State = with(beerBrew, gsub(as.character(State),pattern=" ",replacement = ""))
beerBrew$City=as.character(beerBrew$City)
cities$City= with(cities,as.character(City))
cities$State=with(cities,as.character(State))

#change State abbreviation to full name
States=map_data("state")
lookup = data.frame(abb = state.abb, State = state.name)
lookup$abb=as.character(lookup$abb)
lookup$State=as.character(lookup$State)
lookup=rbind(lookup,c("DC","district of columbia"))
# turn abbreviations to state names for beerBrew because cities has full names
beerBrew=merge(beerBrew,lookup,all.x=TRUE,by.x="State",by.y="abb")

#remove leading blanks in cities State field
cities$State = str_remove(cities$State,"^\\s")
```

```
# FINALLY
beerBrewCities = left_join(beerBrew, cities, by=c("City"="City","State.y"="State"))

convert population data string to number
beerBrewCities$X2018 = with(beerBrewCities,as.numeric(str_replace(as.character(X2018),",","")))

## Warning in eval(substitute(expr), data, enclos = parent.frame()): NAs introduced by coercion
beerBrewCities$X2010 = with(beerBrewCities,as.numeric(str_replace(as.character(X2010),",","")))

## Warning in eval(substitute(expr), data, enclos = parent.frame()): NAs introduced by coercion
### write.csv( beerBrewCities %>% arrange(desc(X2018)) %>% head(), "BeerLeftCityState.csv" )
```

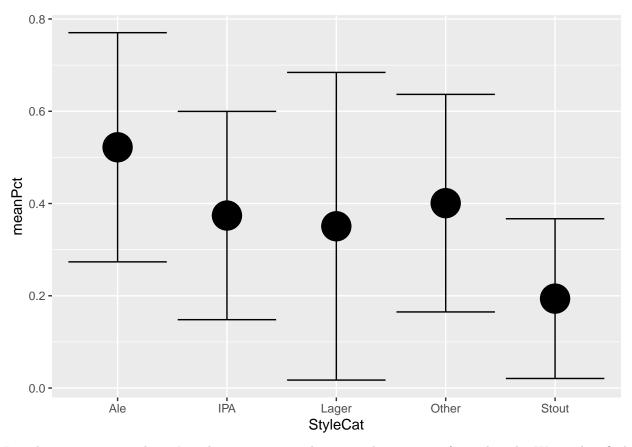
Which cities have percentages of Style that are less than the national average's percentage?

3. For the top 314 most populous cities, find the average percentage of each style and the standard deviation of the percentage of each style.

```
stylePctByState=beerBrew %>% group_by(State,City) %>%
  #find the total number of beers for each city without aggregating
  mutate(nBeers=length(unique(Beer_ID))) %>%
  ungroup()%>%
  #find the total number of beers for each city, style combination
  group by(State,City,StyleCat) %>% summarise(nBeersPerStylePerCity=
                                                    length(unique(Beer ID)),nBeers=
                                           mean(nBeers)) %>%
  #divide the number of Lagers in Minneapolis by the number of beers in minneapolis
  mutate(stylePct=nBeersPerStylePerCity/nBeers)%>% arrange(desc(stylePct)) %>%
  ungroup()%>%
  #find the average and standard deviation of all the cities' percentages of Lager, Ale, etc.
  group_by(StyleCat) %>%
  summarise(meanPct=mean(stylePct),sdPct=sd(stylePct))
stylePctByState
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
    StyleCat meanPct sdPct
##
##
     <chr>
              <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Ale
               0.522 0.248
## 2 IPA
               0.374 0.226
                0.351 0.333
## 3 Lager
## 4 Other
                0.401 0.236
                0.194 0.173
## 5 Stout
  4. What are the national percentages and the variation of each style's percentage by city?
stylePctByState %>% ggplot() + geom_point(aes(StyleCat,meanPct),size=10)+geom_errorbar(aes(
```

x=StyleCat,ymin= meanPct-sdPct,ymax=meanPct+sdPct

))



In order to compare each city's style percentage to the national percentage for each style. We need to find the percentage of each style in each city.

```
targetCities = beerBrewCities %>% group_by(State,City) %>%
  #find the number of breweries per capita to be used as measure of underserved cities
  mutate(brewPcap=length(unique(Brewery_id))/
                                                  mean(X2018),nBeers=length(unique(Beer_ID)),X2018=mean
  #find the number of beers in each city and the population in each city
  #arrange(desc(brewPcap)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  #find the number of beers for each particulr style in each city
  group_by(State,City,StyleCat) %>% summarise(nBeersPerStylePerCity=
                                                   length(unique(Beer_ID)),nBeers=
                                          mean(nBeers),brewPcap=mean(brewPcap),X2018=mean(X2018)) %>%
  mutate(stylePct=nBeersPerStylePerCity/nBeers) #%>% ungroup() %>%
  #top_n(10,brewPcap)
head(targetCities,10)
## # A tibble: 10 x 8
## # Groups:
               State, City [4]
      State City
                      StyleCat nBeersPerStylePerCity nBeers
##
                                                               brewPcap X2018 stylePct
      <chr> <chr>
                                                <int>
                                                                                  <dbl>
##
                                                                  <dbl> <dbl>
                                                          15 0.0000137 291538
##
   1 AK
            Anchorage Ale
                                                    7
                                                                                  0.467
##
   2 AK
            Anchorage IPA
                                                   5
                                                          15
                                                              0.0000137 291538
                                                                                  0.333
   3 AK
            Anchorage Other
                                                   3
                                                          15 0.0000137 291538
                                                                                  0.2
##
                                                           2 NA
                                                                                  0.5
##
  4 AK
            Juneau
                      Ale
                                                    1
                                                                            NA
                                                           2 NA
## 5 AK
            Juneau
                      Other
                                                    1
                                                                            NA
                                                                                  0.5
```

```
## 6 AK
            Soldotna Ale
                                                            4 NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                    0.75
## 7 AK
            Soldotna IPA
                                                     1
                                                            4 NA
                                                                                    0.25
                                                                              NΑ
## 8 AK
            Talkeetna Ale
                                                     2
                                                            4 NA
                                                                              NA
                                                                                    0.5
                                                                                    0.25
## 9 AK
            Talkeetna IPA
                                                     1
                                                            4 NA
                                                                              NΑ
## 10 AK
            Talkeetna Stout
                                                            4 NA
                                                                                    0.25
```

Cities that are missing a style do not have observations for that style. Add observations containing 0% for cities that have no beers for a certain style.

```
#create a subset of the cities and style percentages data to test a function
# that will add observations containing 0% for cities that ar emissing styles
small = targetCities %>% ungroup() %>% top_n(10,brewPcap)
#juust right join the greenbay
small= small[small$City=="Green Bay",]
missingStyle0 = function(small,a)
  {
  #right join the complete list of styles to each city's data to create NAs for
  #missing styles
  smallCat= small %>% merge(stylePctByState,all.y=TRUE)
  \# find the rows that are missing and put 0% for the style percentage
  naIndices=which(is.na(smallCat$City))
  smallCat$stylePct[naIndices]=0
  # for the rest of the rows, copy the information from the non-NA rows
  smallCat$State[naIndices] = max(smallCat$State[-naIndices])
  smallCat$City[naIndices]=max(smallCat$City[-naIndices])
  smallCat$brewPcap[naIndices] = max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices])
  smallCat$X2018[naIndices] = max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices])
  return(smallCat)
}
missingStyleO(small)
     StyleCat State
                         City nBeersPerStylePerCity nBeers
                                                                brewPcap X2018 stylePct
                                                                                           meanPct
## 1
                                                                                     0.5 0.5219114 0.248
          Ale
                 WI Green Bay
                                                  1
                                                          2 1.906959e-05 104879
## 2
          IPA
                 WI Green Bay
                                                  1
                                                          2 1.906959e-05 104879
                                                                                     0.5 0.3739356 0.225
## 3
        Lager
                 WI Green Bay
                                                 NA
                                                         NA 1.906959e-05 104879
                                                                                     0.0 0.3507032 0.333
                 WI Green Bay
                                                         NA 1.906959e-05 104879
                                                                                     0.0 0.4007520 0.235
## 4
        Other
## 5
                                                         NA 1.906959e-05 104879
                                                                                     0.0 0.1938534 0.173
        Stout
                 WI Green Bay
test=targetCities %>% ungroup() %>% top_n(10,brewPcap)
# apply this function to the test dataframe, check to see if missing styles has Os as style%
test %>% group_by(State,City) %>% do(missingStyle0(.,1))
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## # A tibble: 15 x 10
## # Groups:
               State, City [3]
                               nBeersPerStylePerCity nBeers brewPcap X2018 stylePct meanPct sdPct
##
      StyleCat State City
##
      <chr>
               <chr> <chr>
                                                <int>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                                         <dbl> <dbl>
```

5 0.0000174 114742

0.4

0.522 0.248

1 Ale

CA

Temecula

```
2 IPA
               CA
                     Temecula
                                                           5 0.0000174 114742
                                                                                0.2
                                                                                         0.374 0.226
##
                                                   1
                                                                                         0.351 0.333
                     Temecula
                                                          NA 0.0000174 114742
                                                                                0
## 3 Lager
               CA
                                                  NΑ
## 4 Other
               CA
                     Temecula
                                                   2
                                                           5 0.0000174 114742
                                                                                0.4
                                                                                         0.401 0.236
## 5 Stout
                     Temecula
                                                          NA 0.0000174 114742
                                                                                         0.194 0.173
               CA
                                                  NΑ
                                                                                0
## 6 Ale
               CO
                     Boulder
                                                   17
                                                          41 0.0000838 107353
                                                                                0.415
                                                                                         0.522 0.248
## 7 IPA
               CO
                     Boulder
                                                   8
                                                                                         0.374 0.226
                                                          41 0.0000838 107353
                                                                                0.195
               CO
                     Boulder
                                                   2
                                                                                         0.351 0.333
## 8 Lager
                                                          41 0.0000838 107353
                                                                                0.0488
## 9 Other
               CO
                     Boulder
                                                   11
                                                          41 0.0000838 107353
                                                                                0.268
                                                                                         0.401 0.236
## 10 Stout
               CO
                     Boulder
                                                    3
                                                          41 0.0000838 107353
                                                                                0.0732
                                                                                         0.194 0.173
## 11 Ale
               WI
                     Green Bay
                                                    1
                                                           2 0.0000191 104879
                                                                                0.5
                                                                                         0.522 0.248
## 12 IPA
               WI
                     Green Bay
                                                   1
                                                           2 0.0000191 104879
                                                                                0.5
                                                                                         0.374 0.226
               WI
                     Green Bay
                                                          NA 0.0000191 104879
                                                                                         0.351 0.333
## 13 Lager
                                                  NA
                                                                                0
## 14 Other
               WΙ
                     Green Bay
                                                  NA
                                                          NA 0.0000191 104879
                                                                                0
                                                                                         0.401 0.236
## 15 Stout
                                                          NA 0.0000191 104879
                                                                                         0.194 0.173
               WI
                     Green Bay
                                                  NA
                                                                                0
```

all other NAs will match the previous column data

For states with missing styleCats add rows with the missing style and 0% as the style percent targets0= targetCities %>% group_by(State,City) %>% do(missingStyle0(.,1))

```
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
```

```
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
```

```
## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
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## Warning in max(smallCat$State[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$City[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments, returning NA
## Warning in max(smallCat$brewPcap[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
## Warning in max(smallCat$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf
#check all cities have 5 styles regardless of if they made any beer with that style
with(targetCities,length(unique(City)))*5
## [1] 1920
head(targets0)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
## # Groups:
               State, City [2]
     StyleCat State City
                              nBeersPerStylePerCity nBeers
                                                              brewPcap X2018 stylePct meanPct sdPct
##
     <chr>>
              <chr> <chr>
                                               <int>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                                          <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Ale
                                                                                  0.467
                                                                                          0.522 0.248
              ΑK
                    Anchorage
                                                   7
                                                             0.0000137 291538
                                                         15
## 2 IPA
                    Anchorage
                                                   5
                                                             0.0000137 291538
                                                                                  0.333
                                                                                          0.374 0.226
              AK
                                                                                          0.351 0.333
              AK
                    Anchorage
                                                  NA
                                                             0.0000137 291538
## 3 Lager
                                                                                  Ω
## 4 Other
              ΑK
                    Anchorage
                                                   3
                                                             0.0000137 291538
                                                                                  0.2
                                                                                          0.401 0.236
## 5 Stout
                                                         NA 0.0000137 291538
                                                                                          0.194 0.173
              AK
                    Anchorage
                                                  NΑ
                                                                                  0
## 6 Ale
                    Juneau
                                                                                          0.522 0.248
                                                                                  0.5
Find the underserved cities which are defined as cities with the lowest breweries per capita.
filterCity=targets0 %>%
  ungroup()%>%
  top n(-25, brewPcap)
filterCity
## # A tibble: 25 x 10
      StyleCat State City
                                nBeersPerStylePerCity nBeers
                                                                brewPcap X2018 stylePct meanPct sdPct
##
                                                                   <dbl> <dbl>
##
      <chr>
               <chr> <chr>
                                                 <int>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                    <dbl>
                                                                                            <dbl> <dbl>
```

Warning in max(smallCat\$X2018[-naIndices]): no non-missing arguments to max; returning -Inf

4

NA

1

5 0.00000197 508529

5 0.00000197 508529

NA 0.00000197 508529

0.8

0.2

0

0.522 0.248

0.374 0.226

0.351 0.333

##

1 Ale

2 IPA

3 Lager

CA

CA

CA

Sacramento

Sacramento

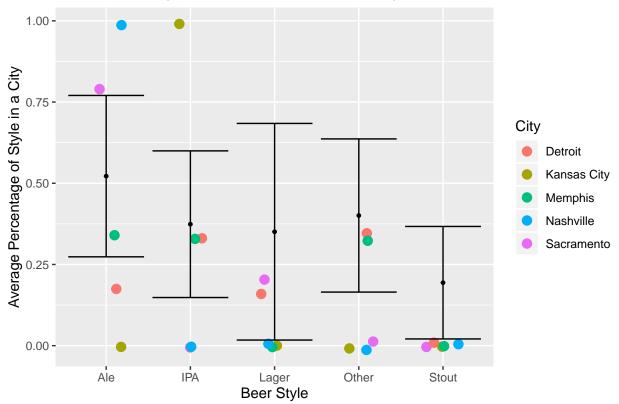
Sacramento

##	4	Other	CA	Sacramento	NA	NA	0.00000197	508529	0	0.401 0.236
##	5	Stout	CA	Sacramento	NA	NA	0.00000197	508529	0	0.194 0.173
##	6	Ale	MI	Detroit	1	6	0.00000149	672662	0.167	0.522 0.248
##	7	IPA	MI	Detroit	2	6	0.00000149	672662	0.333	0.374 0.226
##	8	Lager	MI	Detroit	1	6	0.00000149	672662	0.167	0.351 0.333
##	9	Other	MI	Detroit	2	6	0.00000149	672662	0.333	0.401 0.236
##	10	Stout	MI	Detroit	NA	NA	0.00000149	672662	0	0.194 0.173
##	#	with	15 mor	e rows						

Which of the underserved cities have style percentages that are less than a standard deviation under the national percentage? From the chart below, we should prioritize in the following order: producing Ale in Kansas City and Detroit, "Other" in Sacremento, Kansas City and Nashville, IPA in Sacremento and Nashville, Lager in Memphis, Nashbille and Kansas City, Stout in all the 5 cities.

```
ggplot(filterCity,aes(x=StyleCat)) + geom_point(aes(y=stylePct,col=City),size=3,position=position_jitte
    geom_point(aes(StyleCat,meanPct),size=1,data=stylePctByState)+geom_errorbar(aes(
    x=StyleCat,ymin= meanPct-sdPct,ymax=meanPct+sdPct
),data=stylePctByState)+ylab("Average Percentage of Style in a City")+
    xlab("Beer Style")+labs(title="Which Beer Style should we sell to which city?")
```

Which Beer Style should we sell to which city?



library(plotly) brewhist= ggplot(targetCities,aes(log(brewPcap),text=City)) + geom_histogram(bins=60) ggplotly(brewhist)