Dynamic Ledger: a tutorial

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1 Introduction

Dynamic Ledger is a program for managing personal finances. Unlike most other accounting programs, it gives you precise control over your finances even when you have several delayed transactions flowing through credit accounts into bank accounts. With it, you can be exactly as frugal as you need to be, and you can easily avoid spending more than you actually have. In addition, you can use the program to clean and condense your ledgers to save space.

2 Installation

See INSTALL for the standard installation instructions for any Linux/Unix package that uses GNU autotools. Although standard, these instructions are cryptic and verbose, so I attempt to provide a simplified version below.

2.1 Requirements

- 1. Make sure you have a C compiler on your system. Linux users can download and install gcc, the GNU Compiler Collection, at http://gcc.gnu.org/. Mac users can install gcc or clang through Xcode. Just open Xcode, go to Preferences > Downloads, and look under the "Compnents" tab. There you should be able to install the "command line tools". Windows users should install Cygwin (cygwin.com) or MinGW (mingw.com) and get gcc during the installation.
- 2. A command line interface tool. Linux users should already be familiar with this. Mac users should go open Applications > Utilities > Terminal. Windows users should open Cygwin (cygwin.com) or MinGW (mingw.com). You should have a basic familiarity with the Linux/Unix command line interface before you begin. If not, you can watch an online video tutorial. At minimum, you should know the commands, cd, ls, and pwd.

2.2 Installation

1. Download and unzip the tarball, dl-0.0.tar.gz, if you have not done so already. To unzip, "cd" into the directory containing the tarball and enter into the command line,

```
$ tar -zxvf dl -0.0.tar.gz
```

A directory called d1-0.0 should have been created.

2. "cd" into d1-0.0 and enter the following into the command line.

```
$ ./configure
$ make
$ sudo make install
```

You may have to type in your computer's password.

2.3 Check your installation

At this point, your program should be ready to use. To test, type

```
$ dl
```

dl is the command you will type into the command line to use Dynamic Ledger.

For quick usage information, just type

```
$ man dl
```

Use the up and down arrow keys to browse the documentation, and type "q" to quit.

2.4 View source code documentation

Optionally, to view the documentation of the source code, use doxygen (http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen/). First, download and install doxygen. Then open your command line interface program, "cd" into the main directory of this package, and run

```
$ doxygen Doxyfile
```

Standard doxygen documentation is output to the html/, latex/, and rtf/ folders.

3 Program usage

Let's use the ledger file, ledger.txt, in the tutorial/ folder:

ledger.txt						
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 400 300 300 350 100 800 200 400 440	status cp	credit card card card	bank checking	partition gas food food food gas gas gas	description gas food paper	

You can type man dl into the command line to learn what everything in this ledger file means, and you can read Section 4 to see an extended example. For now, let's just say that ledger.txt is a tab-delimited spreadsheet where you record your financial transactions.

3.1 Summarizing ledgers

To summarize ledger.txt, open your command line interface program, "cd" (change directories) into the directory containing ledger.txt, and type

```
$ dl ledger.txt
```

The following summary should print to your screen.

```
itutorial - bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                  pending
          Balances:
                                  "available"
                                  true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                  not arrived
          Balances:
                                  "available"
                         3269.64
                                  true balance
                        3239.50
          Partitions:
                         934.64
                                  food
                        1069.86
                                  gas
                        1235.00
                                  unpartitioned
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

As Section 4 explains, this summary shows the balances of all the accounts in the ledger. Specifically, it predicts the balances that you should see when access your credit and bank accounts online (the "available" balances), along with what your account balances will be once all your delayed transactions have cleared (the true balances).

This feature is the real power of Dynamic Ledger. Just by looking at the summary, you can

- 1. Check that your ledger file is correct: i.e., verify that the "available" and pending balances in the summary agree with the balances you see online.
- 2. Look at the true balances to see exactly how much *real money* you have left to spend. That way, you can be sure to only spend money that you actually have.

3.2 Cleaning ledger files

Sometimes, ledger files get long and messy. With Dynamic Ledger, you can condense and clean them up. Let's say ledger.txt looks like this:

ledger.txt					
amount -15.36	status cp	credit card	bank checking	partition food	description food
$\begin{vmatrix} -5 \\ 400 \end{vmatrix}$		card	checking checking		paper
-30.14	cn	card	checking	gas	gas
$\begin{vmatrix} 300 \\ 300 \end{vmatrix}$	1		checking checking	food food	
300			checking	1000	
350			checking	food	
100			checking	gas	
800			checking	$_{ m gas}$	
200			$\operatorname{checking}$	gas	
400			checking		
440			checking		

To output a condensed, clean version of this ledger to out.txt, just type

```
$ dl ledger.txt out.txt
```

The condensed ledger looks like

out.txt									
amount -30.14 -15.36 1235.00 300 650.00 1100.00	status cn cp	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking checking	partition gas food food food gas	description gas food condensed condensed condensed				

If you have read Section 4, you will see that this operation summed up all the transaction amounts of the cleared transactions within each bank account partition and stored these sums as individual rows. The upshot is that you have a new, condensed ledger with your delayed and locked transactions still visible. You can verify that the summary of ledger.txt is the same as the summary of out.txt by typing

```
$ dl ledger.txt
$ dl ledger.txt out.txt
$ dl out.txt
```

Type man dl into the command line and read Section 4 to understand delayed transactions. You can specify the kind of delay of each transaction by entering "cn", "cp", "c", "p", or "n" in the "status" column of the ledger file. The condense/clean operation will leave these transactions alone.

In addition, you can lock any cleared transaction that you want preserved. Just enter "l" into the status column. Then, the condense/clean operation will ignore it even though it is cleared.

4 How to write and maintain a ledger file

Dynamic Ledger requires you to keep your ledger in a tab-delimited spreadsheet file. This section shows you how to keep track of your transactions in this ledger file when you're using the program to balance your checkbook.

4.1 Managing delayed transactions over time

Suppose I have two bank accounts. I began with \$800 in my first bank account, and then I make a withdrawal of \$300. Suppose it's still too early for the \$300 withdrawal to show up on my bank account's website. In addition, I have a second bank account of \$1000. I make the following tab-delimited ledger file to record this information.

Let's start with the following tab-delimited ledger file, ledger.txt.

ledger.txt					
amount -300 800 1000	status n	credit	bank bank1 bank1 bank2	partition	description

The "n" in the status column indicates that the \$300 charge has not arrived at bank1 yet. I can use Dynamic Ledger to compute the following summary of ledger.txt.

```
tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Bank account: bank1
          Delayed money:
                                  not arrived
          Balances:
                                  "available"
                         800.00
                         500.00
                                  true balance
Bank account: bank2
          Balances:
                        1000.00
                                  true balance
                                  All charges cleared.
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

The program shows me an "available" balance of \$800.00 because that is the balance I should see when I log on to my bank account's website to check. However, my true balance is \$500 because of the delayed \$300 withdrawal.

Suppose that next time I log on to my bank account's website, the \$300 withdrawal is shown as "pending". To make ledger.txt agree with what I see online, I change the "n" status to "p":

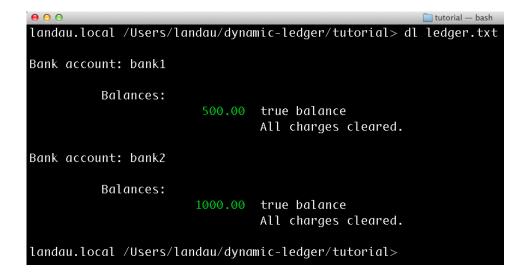
ledger.txt									
amount -300 800 1000	status p	credit	bank bank1 bank1 bank2	partition	description				

The summary from Dynamic Ledger is now

When the withdrawal finally clears online, I can delete the "p":

ledger.txt						
amount -300 800 1000	status	credit	bank bank1 bank1 bank2	partition	description	

The summary from Dynamic Ledger is now



4.2 Managing credit accounts

Under the program's conceptual model, transactions flow through credit accounts into bank accounts. To see how this works, consider the following extended example. Suppose I start with a checking account with \$800. I spend \$5 on paper, then \$15.36 on food, and then \$30.14 on gas. I pay all those things with a credit card, but it's too early for any of those transactions to actually show up my credit card's website. I make the following tab-delimited ledger file.

ledger.txt					
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 800	status cn cn cn	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking	partition	description gas food paper

Note the "cn" transaction status code for all three charges. That means I made these transactions with a credit card, but it's too early for the charges to actually show up on the credit account's website. The summary of the ledger is

```
\Theta \Theta \Theta
                                                            🛅 tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
           Delayed money:
                                   not arrived
           Balances:
                                   "available"
                                   true balance
Bank account: checking
           Delayed money:
                                   not arrived
           Balances:
                                   "available"
                          800.00
                                   true balance
                          749.50
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

Notice that my credit card has an "available" balance of \$0.00, but my true balance is -\$50.50. That means that when I go on online, I should see an account balance of \$0.00 (if I recorded my transactions correctly). However, because I have delayed transactions, I owe the credit company \$50.50 in reality. Similarly, my bank account should show an "available" balance of \$800.00 online, but in reality, I only have \$749.50 left to spend.

Over time, transactions will begin clear on the credit card company's website. Suppose that after a few days I see that the food and paper transactions have cleared, but the gas transaction is still "pending". I change my transaction status codes to reflect the changes.

ledger.txt					
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 800	status cp c	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking	partition	description gas food paper

"cp" means pending on the credit card, while "c" means charged to the credit card but unpaid. The new summary from the program looks like

```
\Theta \Theta \Theta
                                                            🛅 tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                   pending
           Balances:
                                   "available"
                                   true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                   not arrived
           Balances:
                                   "available"
                          800.00
                          749.50
                                   true balance
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

Since some charges have cleared, I can now make a credit card payment. I now pay my "available" debt of \$20.36. (I cannot pay for pending charges). I now think of the food and paper transactions as a single charge of \$20.36 en route to my checking account. When I make the payment and it clears on the credit company's website, I update the ledger file.

ledger.txt										
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 800	status cp n n	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking	partition	description gas food (cred pmnt \$20.36) paper (cred pmnt \$20.36)					

The "n" statuses means that the credit payment has not shown up on my bank account's website yet. The summary from the program is now

```
\Theta \Theta \Theta
                                                           tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                  pending
          Balances:
                                   "available"
                                   true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                  not arrived
          Balances:
                                   "available"
                          800.00
                          749.50
                                  true balance
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

I wait a day or two, and then I log on again and see that my credit card payment shows up as "pending". Now, I change the n's to p's.

ledger.txt					
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 800	status cp p	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking	partition	description gas food (cred pmnt \$20.36) paper (cred pmnt \$20.36)

My summary shows

```
\Theta \Theta \Theta
                                                           itutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                  pending
          Balances:
                                   "available"
                                   true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                  not arrived
                                  pending
          Balances:
                          800.00
                                   "available"
                                  pending balance
                          779.64
                          749.50
                                  true balance
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

Finally, when the credit card payment clears, I can delete the p's to show that the food and paper charges have completely cleared all my accounts.

ledger.txt					
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 800	status cp	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking	partition	description gas food (cred pmnt \$20.36) paper (cred pmnt \$20.36)

My updated summary is now

```
0 0
                                                        tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                 pending
          Balances:
                                 "available"
                                 true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                 not arrived
          Balances:
                                 "available"
                         779.64
                         749.50
                                 true balance
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

4.3 Partitioning bank accounts

The program lets the user divide bank accounts into partitions. For example, if I make special partitions in my bank account for food and gas, I might write

ledger.txt					
amount -30.14 -15.36 -5 400 300 100	status cp	credit card card card	bank checking checking checking checking checking	partition gas food food gas	description gas food (cred pmnt \$20.36) paper (cred pmnt \$20.36)

And my summary would look like

```
0 0
                                                        tutorial — bash
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial> dl ledger.txt
Credit account: card
          Delayed money:
                                pending
          Balances:
                                 "available"
                                 true balance
Bank account: checking
          Delayed money:
                                 not arrived
          Balances:
                                 "available"
                         779.64
                        749.50
                                 true balance
          Partitions:
                                 food
                         69.86
                                 gas
                                 unpartitioned
landau.local /Users/landau/dynamic-ledger/tutorial>
```

Notice that only the true final balances for the partitions are shown. In other words, partition balances are calculated as if all transactions have completely cleared. This feature encourages you to avoid spending more money than you actually have.