

Reference Architecture Model for the Integration of Lab Robots

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Better Health, Brighter Future

Agenda



- **Robotized lab automation systems**
and their challenges
- **The Laboratory Automation Plug & Play (LAPP) framework**
as a Reference Architecture Model
- **Hierarchical decomposition**
of laboratory workflows
- **Hierarchical decomposition**
Pick & place labware transfer activity
- **Ontologies**
Pick & place labware transfer activity
- **Position representations for mobile robots**
with the LAPP Digital Twin
- **Control pyramid**
Reference architecture model
- **Proof-of-concept studies**
Consortia & academia
- **How we approach this at Takeda**
Our Global PoC project



Robotized lab automation systems and their challenges

Laboratory automation in R&D

High throughput

- Routine tests, repetitive workflows
- Highly customized purpose-made cells
- Set-up-and-leave / lights-out

High flexibility

- Dynamic workflows
- Stand-alone, often not robot-friendly devices
- Humans need to interface and connect these

Collaborative & mobile robotics

- Operate in human-designed (less-structured) environments
- Interface with modular and modular equipment
- Cooperative & collaborative operation

	Stationary robot	MoMa*	Human
Throughput	High	Low	Middle
Availability	High	Middle	Low
Flexibility	Low	High	High

* Mobile manipulator robot

Mobile manipulators in laboratory automation



Usage

- Pick & place type sample transportation
- Standard objects
- Pre-defined hand-over positions

Anatomy

- Mobile base with simultaneous localization and mapping (SLAM)
 - cm accuracy
- Robot arm of 4-6 degrees-of-freedom (DoF)
- Fine-positioning system
 - Vision [13]
 - Mechanical probe
- Parallel gripper
 - Mostly for microplates [16]

Challenges

- Complex, multi-layer integration
- Many inter-connected components
- Many sources of errors

Small circular footprint
4 DoF (SCARA)

Omnidrive



KEVIN – Fraunhofer IPA

Differential drive



OMRON – Biosero

Bigger rectangular footprint
6-7 DoF articulated arm



KUKA – Gearu



Unitelabs – Astech Projects



The Laboratory Automation Plug & Play (LAPP) framework

As a Reference Architecture Model

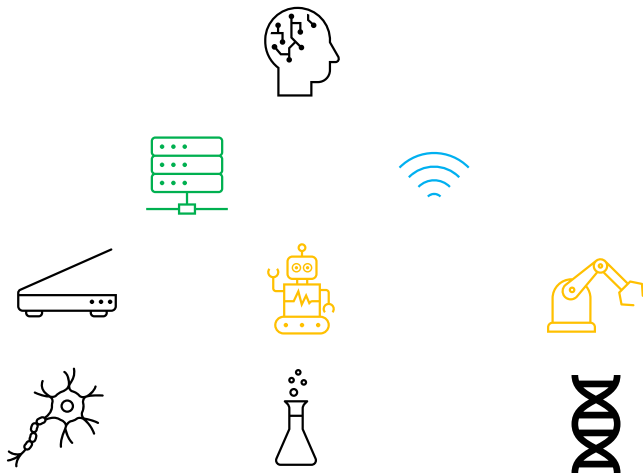
Standardization and plug & play integration for lab robots



The Laboratory Automation Plug & Play (LAPP) framework


A reference architecture model to provide a comprehensive integration framework

- Hierarchical decomposition of robotized lab workflows
- Multi-layer control architecture
- Device-centric information representation in the digital twin
 - Teaching positions for robot motions, expressed in a device-attached coordinate frame
- Communication protocols
 - SiLA for communication and control (scheduler → device, scheduler → robot)



TRL*	Description	Form
1-2	Scientific conceptualization	Concept papers
3-4	Academical and collaborative PoC's	University collaboration
5-7	Implementation	Global MoMa PoC
	Standardization, communication	SiLA

⁷ * Technology readiness level



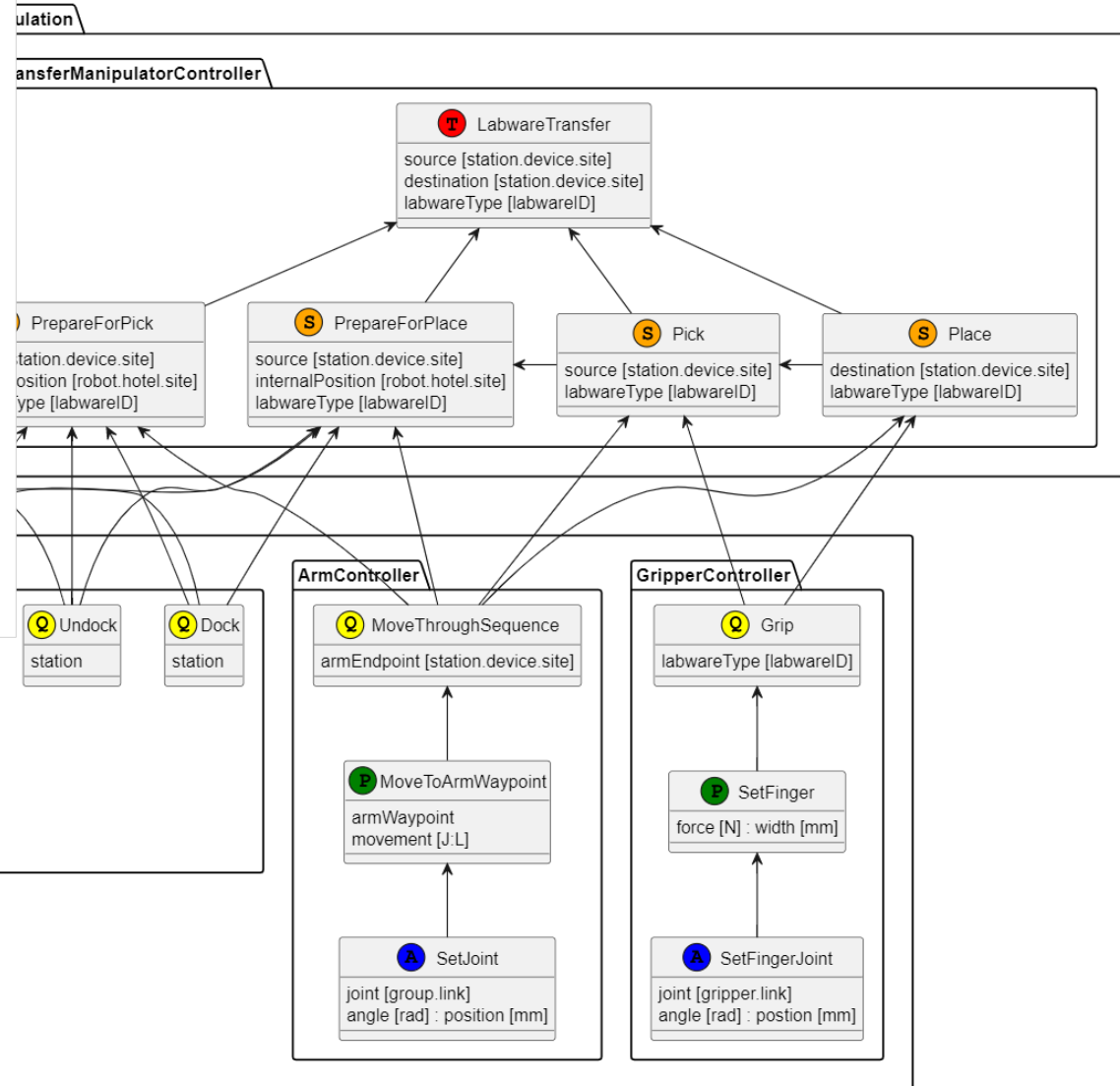
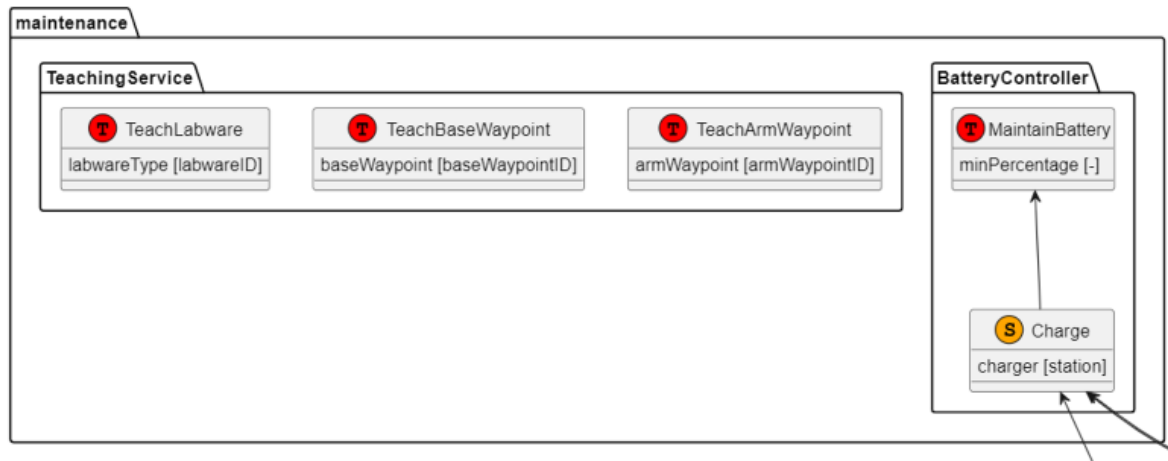
Hierarchical decomposition

of laboratory workflows

Hierarchical decomposition of lab workflows

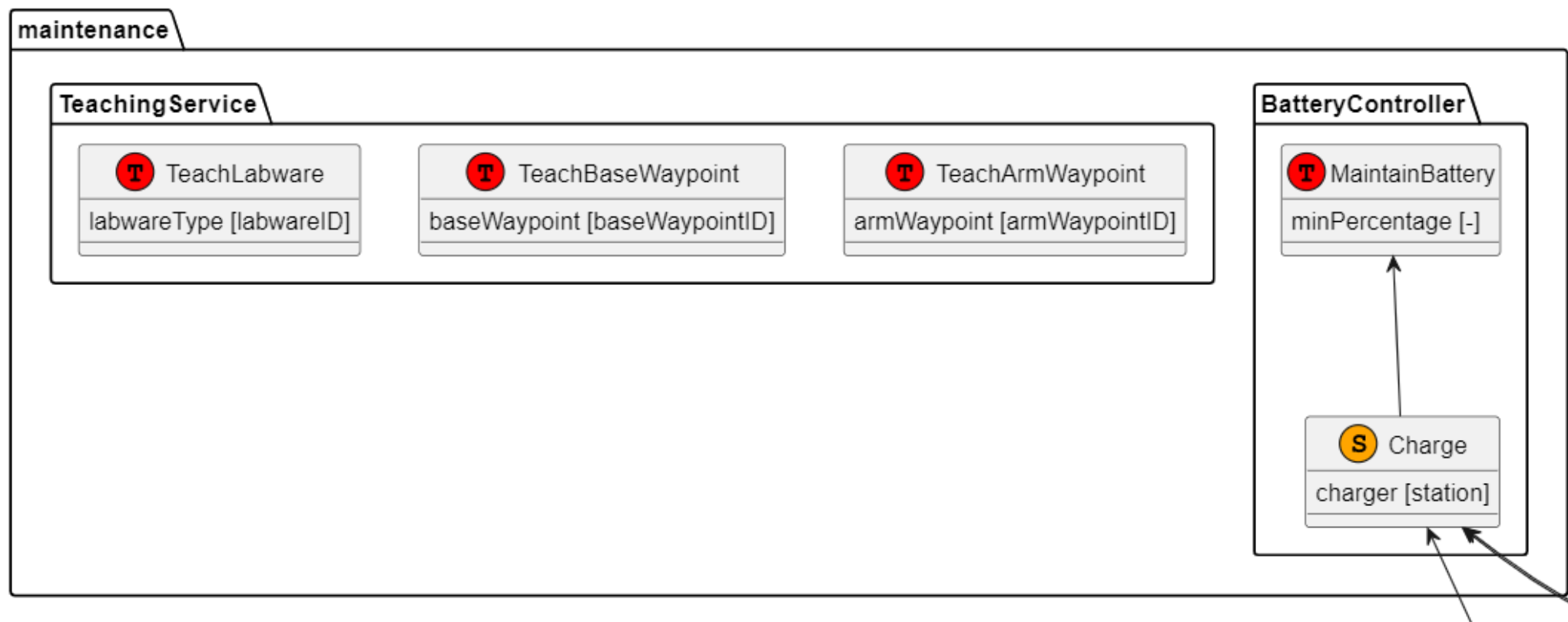


Level nr	Level name	Description	Examples	
			Liquid handling	Robotics
7	Service	The entirety of the laboratory's capabilities	High throughput and/or microscale services	
6	Procedure (Experiment / assay)	An experiment or assay	Chromatography run	
5	Task	An elemental, device-level action item	Liquid transfer	Labware transfer
4	Subtask	An intermediary layer that represent parts of a task Accomplish minor landmarks	Aspirate	Pick, Place
3	Motion sequence	The robot performs a sequence of motions. E.g., in order to approach a handover site	Approach well position	Move through sequence
2	Motion primitive	An elemental motion of a robot or other mechanism	Motion vector	Linear movement
1	Actuator primitive	An output excerpted by a certain actuator E.g., robot joint or pump	Pump control	Joint control



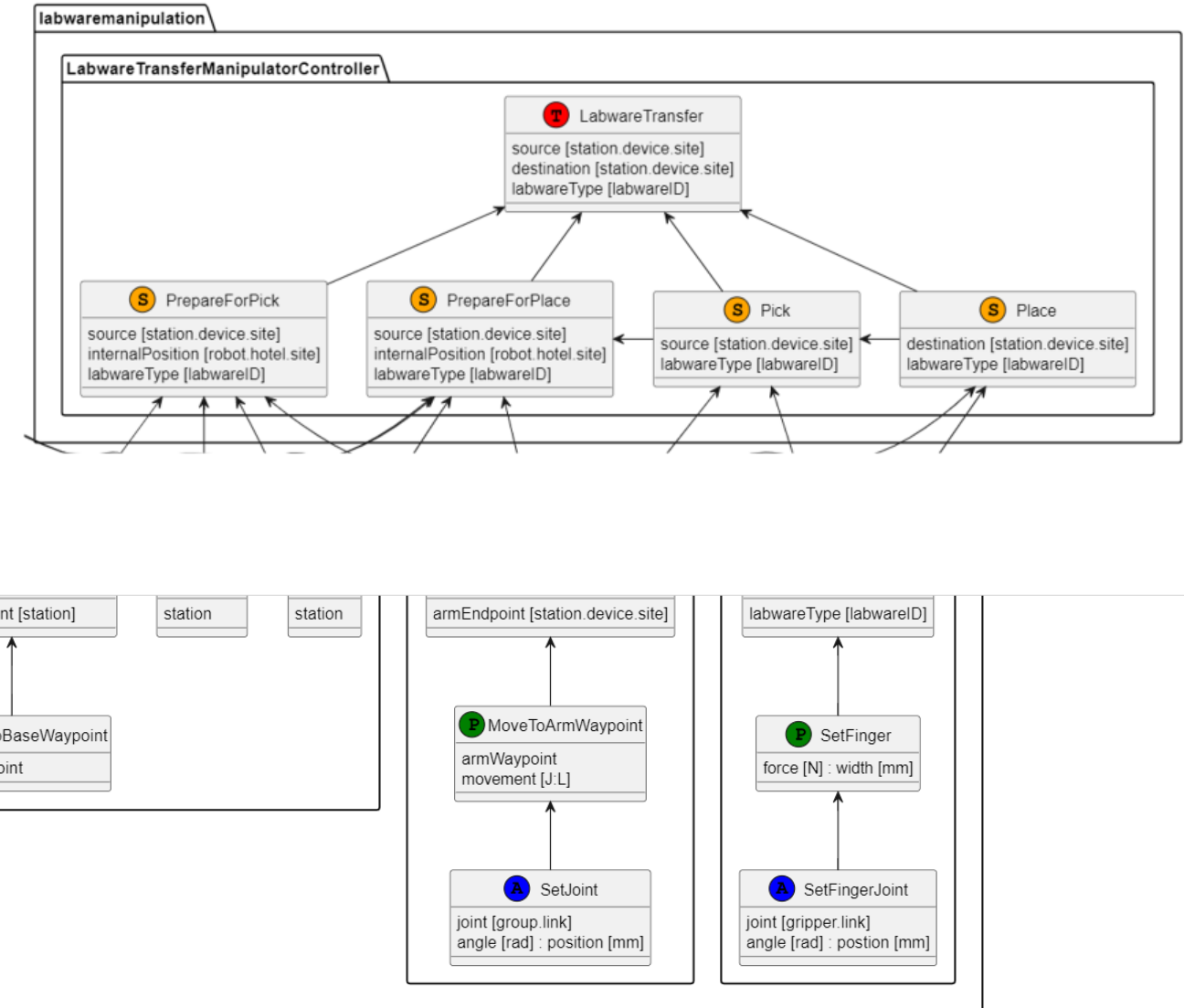
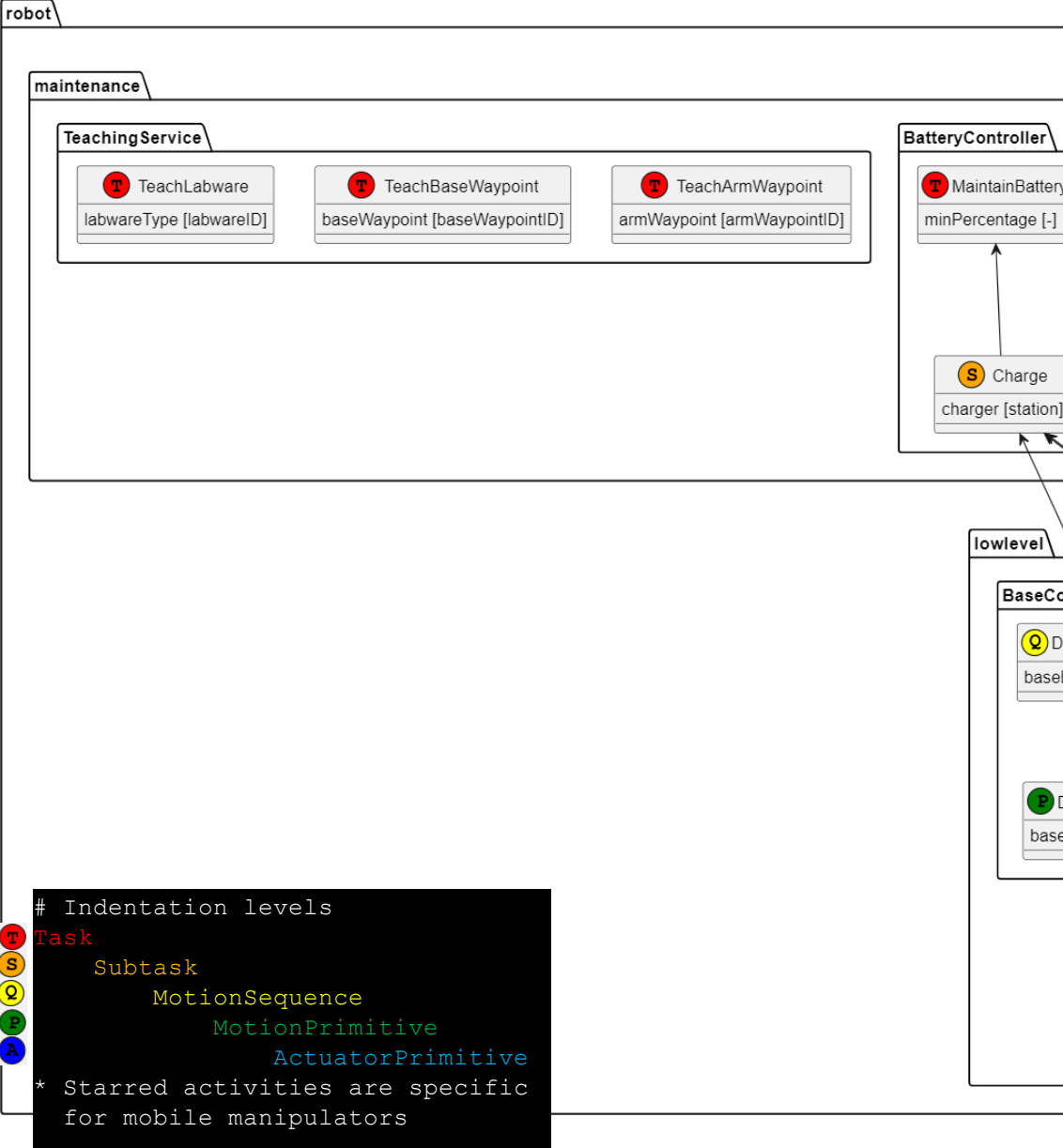
```
# Indentation levels
# Task
# Subtask
# MotionSequence
# MotionPrimitive
# ActuatorPrimitive
* Starred activities are specific
  for mobile manipulators
```

Pick & place labware transfer – Maintenance activities

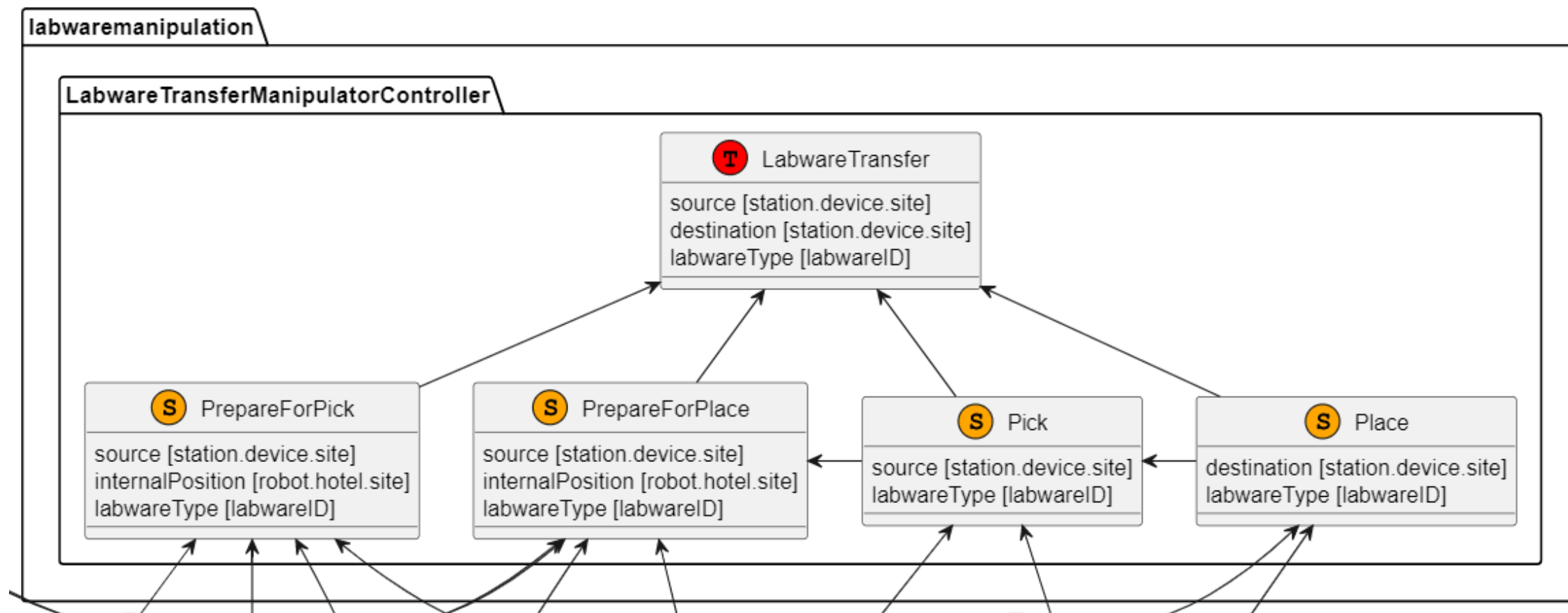


Pick & place labware transfer – H

Pick & place labware transfer – High-level activities



Pick & place labware transfer – High-level activities



Pick & place labware transfer – Hierarchical activity decomposition



robot

maintenance

TeachingService



TeachLabware

labwareType [labwareID]



TeachBaseWaypoint

baseWaypoint [baseWaypointID]



TeachArmWaypoint

armWaypoint [armWaypointID]

BatteryController



MaintainBattery

minPercentage [-]



Charge

labwaremanipulation

LabwareTransferManipulatorController



LabwareTransfer

source [station.device.site]

destination [station.device.site]

labwareType [labwareID]



PrepareForPick

source [station.device.site]



PrepareForPlace

source [station.device.site]



Pick

source [station.device.site]



Place

destination [station.device.site]

Pick & place labware transfer – Low-level activities



lowlevel

BaseController



DriveThroughSequence

baseEndpoint [station]



Undock

station



Dock

station



DriveToBaseWaypoint

baseWaypoint

ArmController



MoveThroughSequence

armEndpoint [station.device.site]



MoveToArmWaypoint

armWaypoint
movement [J.L]



SetJoint

joint [group.link]
angle [rad] : position [mm]

GripperController



Grip

labwareType [labwareID]



SetFinger

force [N] : width [mm]



SetFingerJoint

joint [gripper.link]
angle [rad] : position [mm]

Indentation levels

Task

Subtask

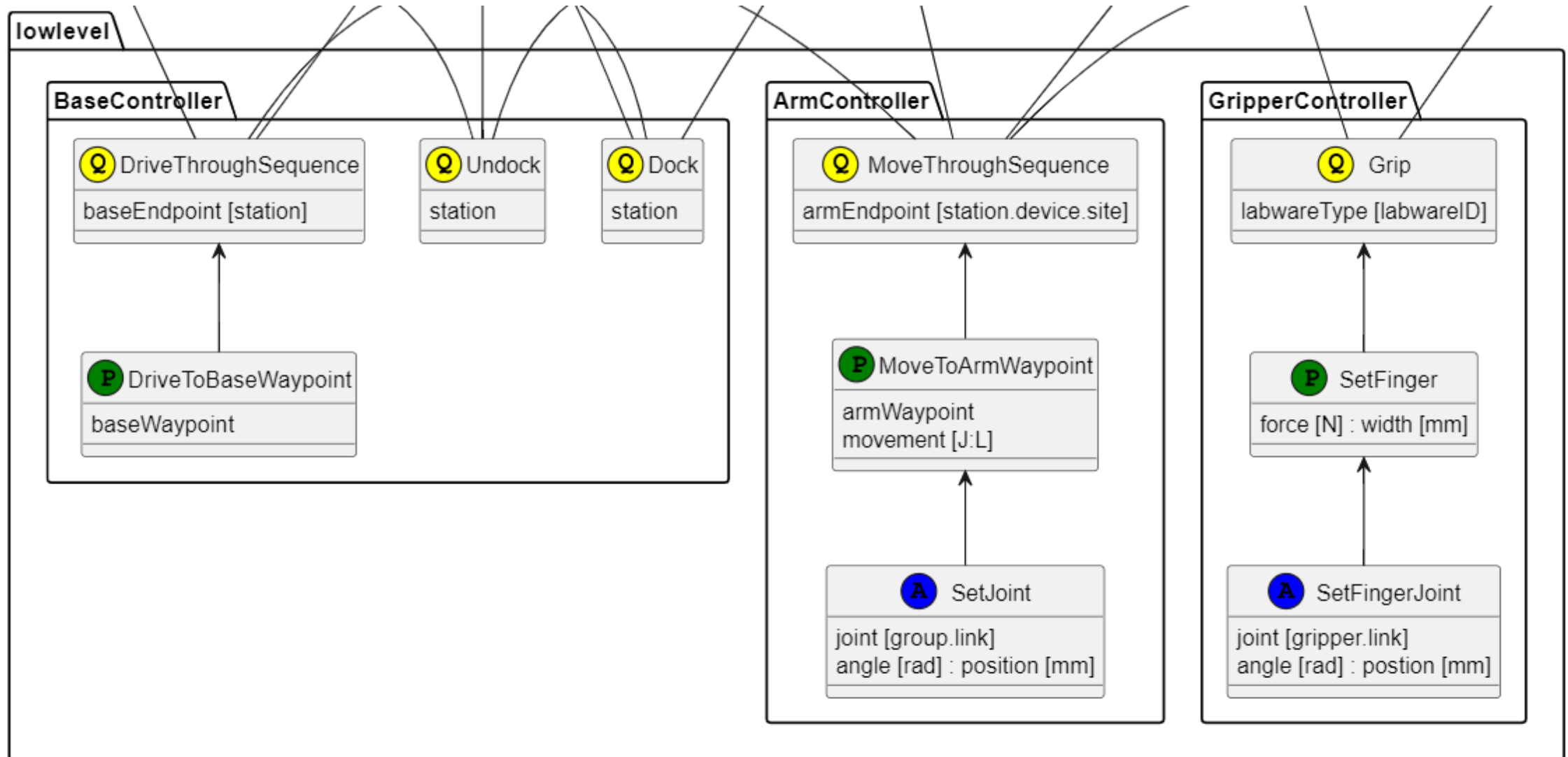
MotionSequence

MotionPrimitive

ActuatorPrimitive

* Starred activities are specific for mobile manipulators

Pick & place labware transfer – Low-level activities





Hierarchical decomposition

Pick & place labware transfer activity

Pick & place labware transfer – Pseudocode



Indentation levels

T Task
S Subtask
Q MotionSequence
P MotionPrimitive
A ActuatorPrimitive

* Starred activities are specific for mobile manipulators

```
# Decomposition of a pick-and-place labware transfer task of a mobile manipulator robot
LabwareTransfer (station_1.device_1.site_1, station_2.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
    PrepareForPick (self.site_1, DEEP96)
        *Undock (charger_1)
        *DriveThroughSequence (station_1)
            *DriveToBaseWaypoint (station_1.baseWaypoint_1)
            (...)
            *DriveToBaseWaypoint (station_1.baseWaypoint_n) # Final baseWaypoint = station_1
        *Dock (station_1)
        MoveThroughSequence (station_1.device_1.site_1 safe) # Safe position
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_1.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_1, J)
            SetJoint (joint_1, <angle>)
            (...)
            SetJoint (joint_n, <angle>)
            (...)
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_1.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_n-1, J) # Safe position, aka. site_approach
    Pick (station_1.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
        MoveThroughSequence (station_1.device_1.site_1) # Handover position
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_1.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_n, L) # Final armWaypoint = site_1
        Grip ()
            SetFingers (<force>)
        MoveThroughSequence (manipulation-ready)
            MoveL (device_1.site-approach_1)
            MoveL (device_1.device-approach)
            MoveL (manipulation-ready)
        *Place (self.hotel.site_1, DEEP96)
    PrepareForPlace (self.site_1, DEEP96)
        *Undock (station_1)
        *DriveThroughSequence (station_2)
            *DriveToBaseWaypoint (station_1.baseWaypoint_1)
            (...)
            *DriveToBaseWaypoint (station_1.baseWaypoint_n) # Final baseWaypoint = station_2
        *Dock (station_2)
        *Pick (self.hotel.site_1, DEEP96)
        MoveThroughSequence (station_2.device_1.site_1 safe) # Safe position
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_2.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_1, J)
            (...)
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_1.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_n-1, J) # Safe position, aka. site_approach
    Place (station_2.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
        MoveThroughSequence (station_2.device_1.site_1) # Handover position
            MoveToArmWaypoint (station_2.device_1.site_1.armWaypoint_n, L) # Final armWaypoint = site_1
        Release ()
        MoveThroughSequence (manipulation-ready)
            MoveL (device_1.site-approach_1)
            MoveL (device_1.device-approach)
            MoveL (manipulation-ready)
```



Ontologies

Pick & place labware transfer

Labware ontologies



Motivation

- Represent robot-relevant information about the lab entities

The endeavor

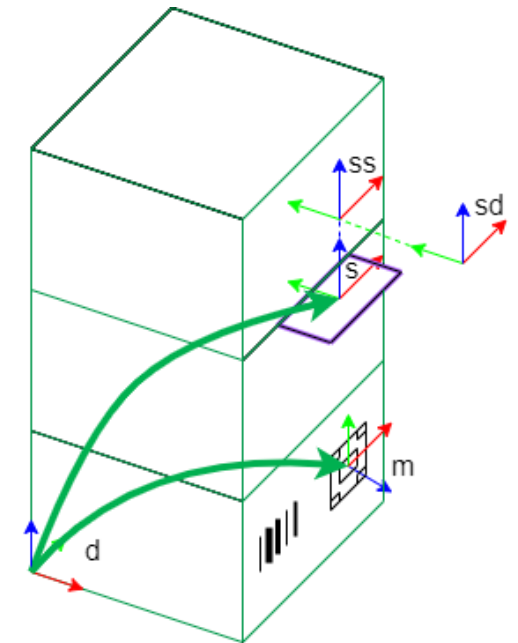
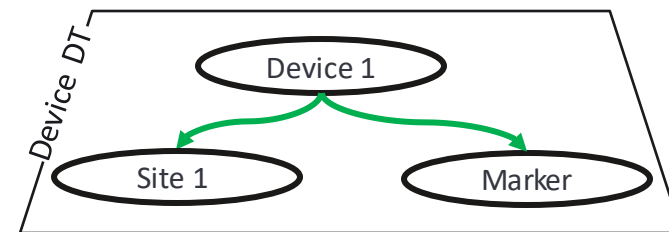
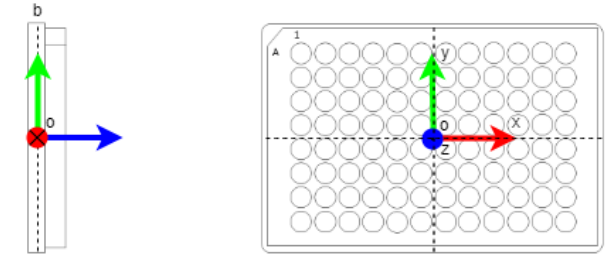
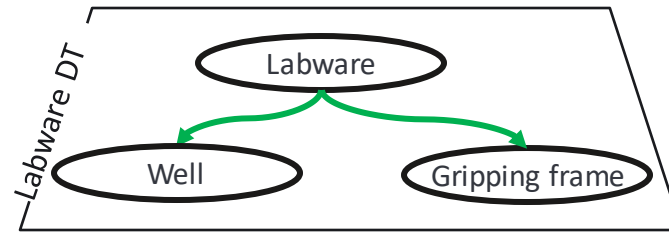
- Lead by Mark Dörr, Uni Greifswald
- Part of the Bits in Bio / Bioprotocols / LAB-OP group
- An SRWG subgroup to focus on the robot-related aspects

Stack

- OWL / Python classes
- EMMO base ontology + extensions
- SiLA server for queries
- Dockerized

Next step

- Adapt to the concept and stack to device ontologies
- With that, implement the LAPP Digital Twin
- Encode site and marker positions







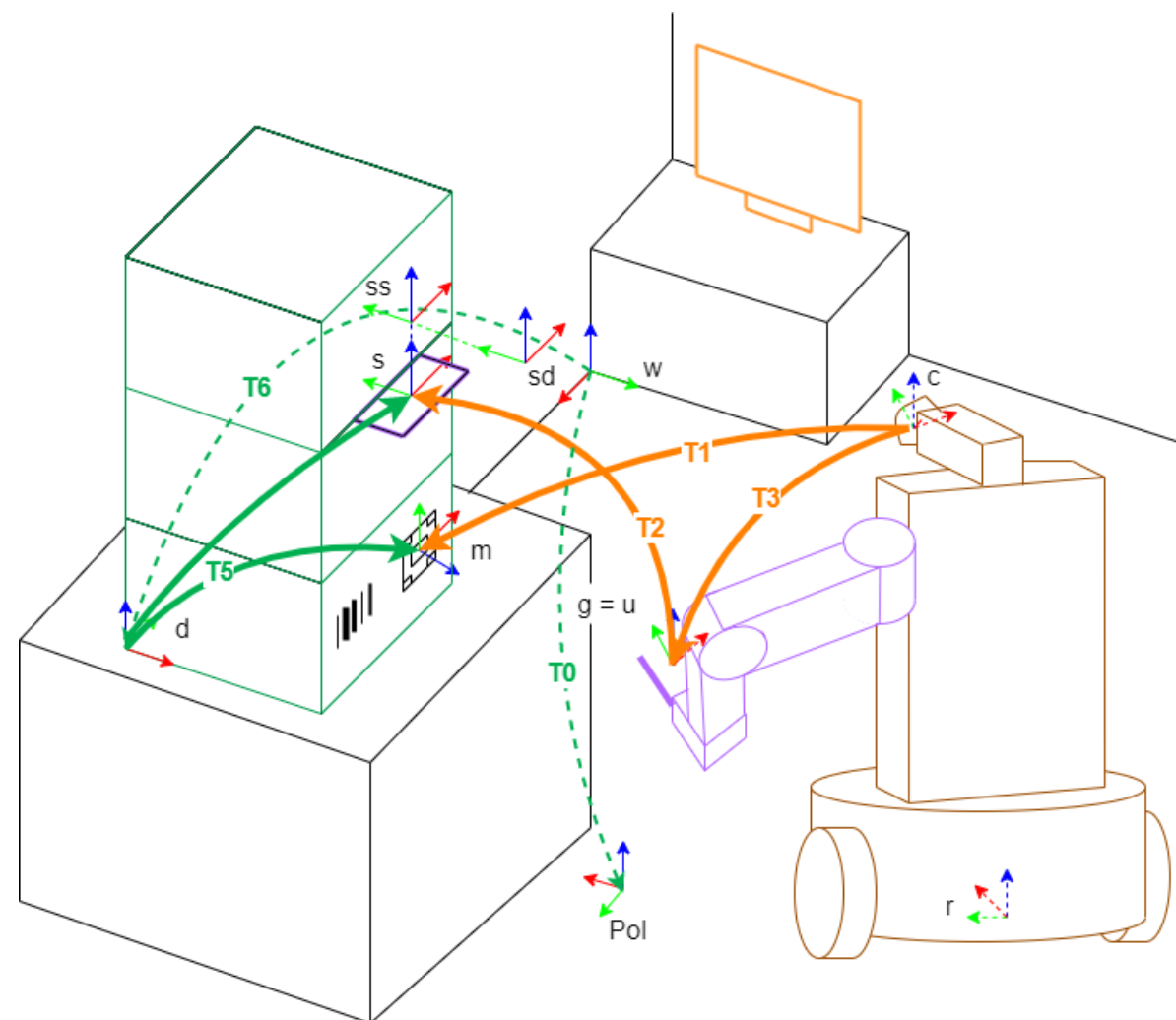
Position representations for mobile robots

with the LAPP Digital Twin

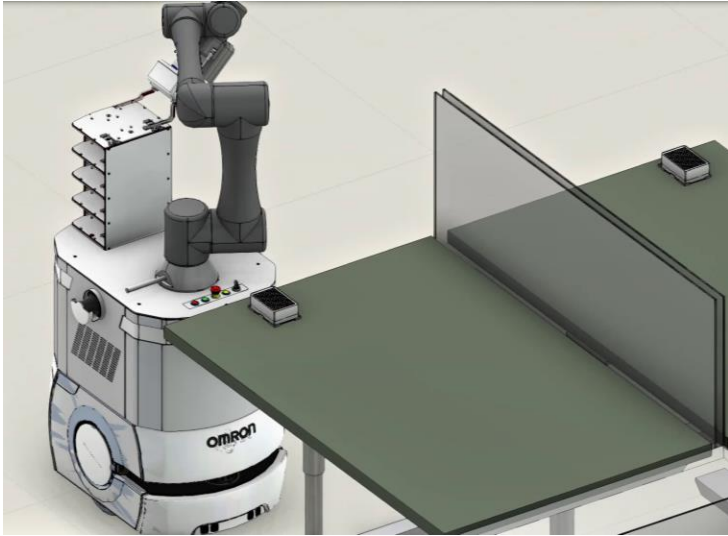
Position representations for mobile robots with the LAPP DT

- Top-down position definitions
- Stored in parent

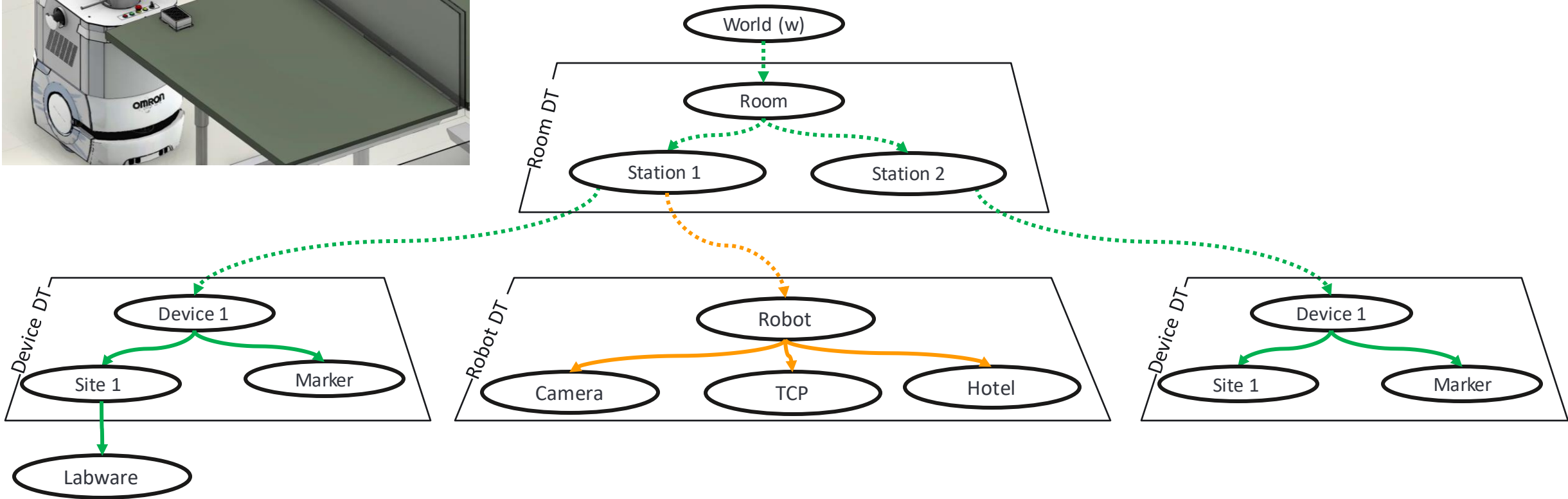
Legend	
	Live, robot-level, not exposed towards SiLA
	Stored in the LAPP DT Represented as high-level SiLA properties (references)
.....	Transformation originates from inaccurate base odometry
—	Transformation originates from accurate sources <ul style="list-style-type: none">• robot kinematics• marker detection• positions stored in the digital twin



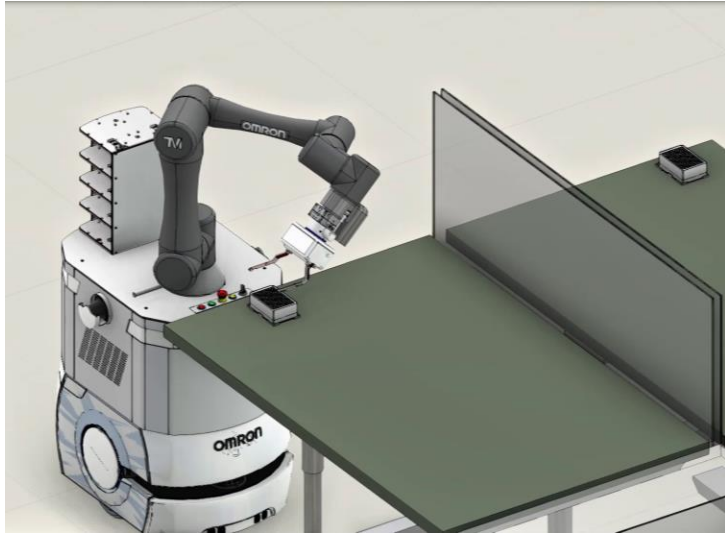
Robot docked to station 1



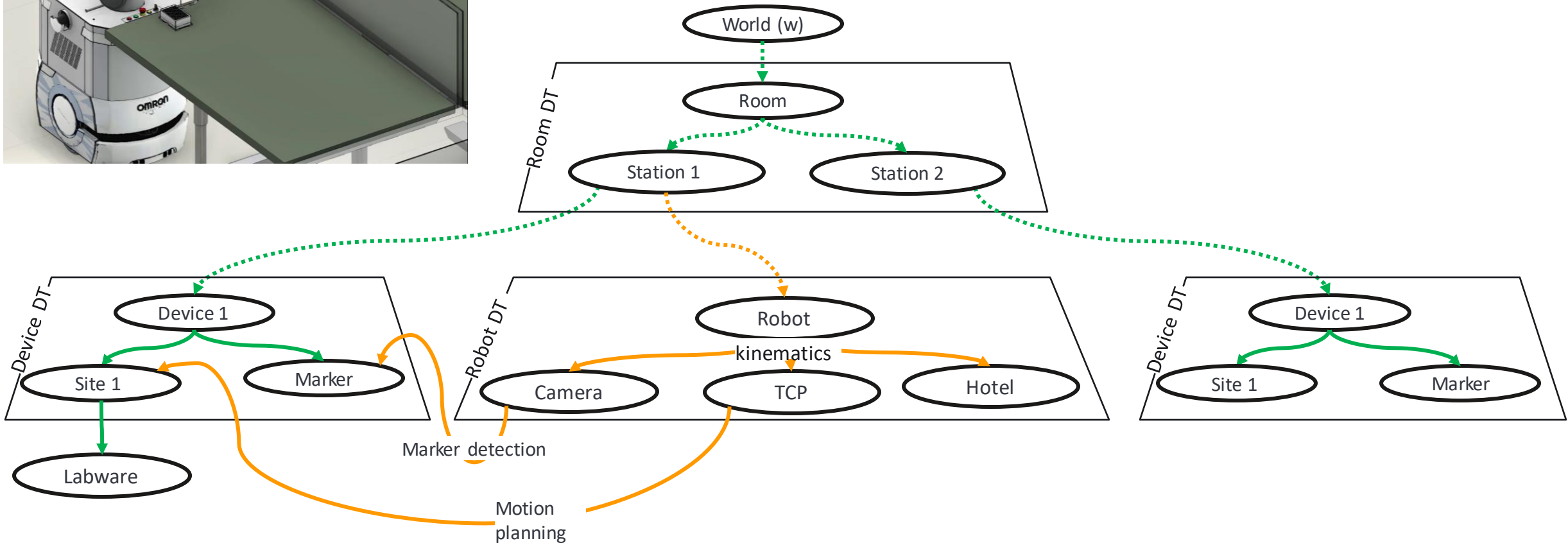
```
Ⓣ LabwareTransfer (station_1.device_1.site_1, station_2.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
Ⓢ PrepareForPick (self.site_1, DEEP96)
Ⓚ Undock (charger_1)
Ⓚ DriveThroughSequence (station_1)
Ⓚ Dock (station_1)
```



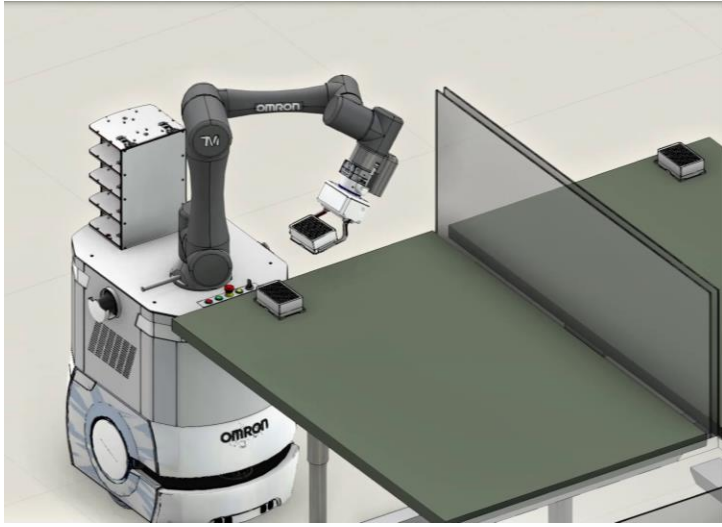
Pick from station_1.device_1.site_1



```
Q MoveThroughSequence(station_1.device_1.site_1_safe) # Safe position
S Pick (station_1.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
Q MoveThroughSequence(station_1.device_1.site_1) # Handover position
Q
```

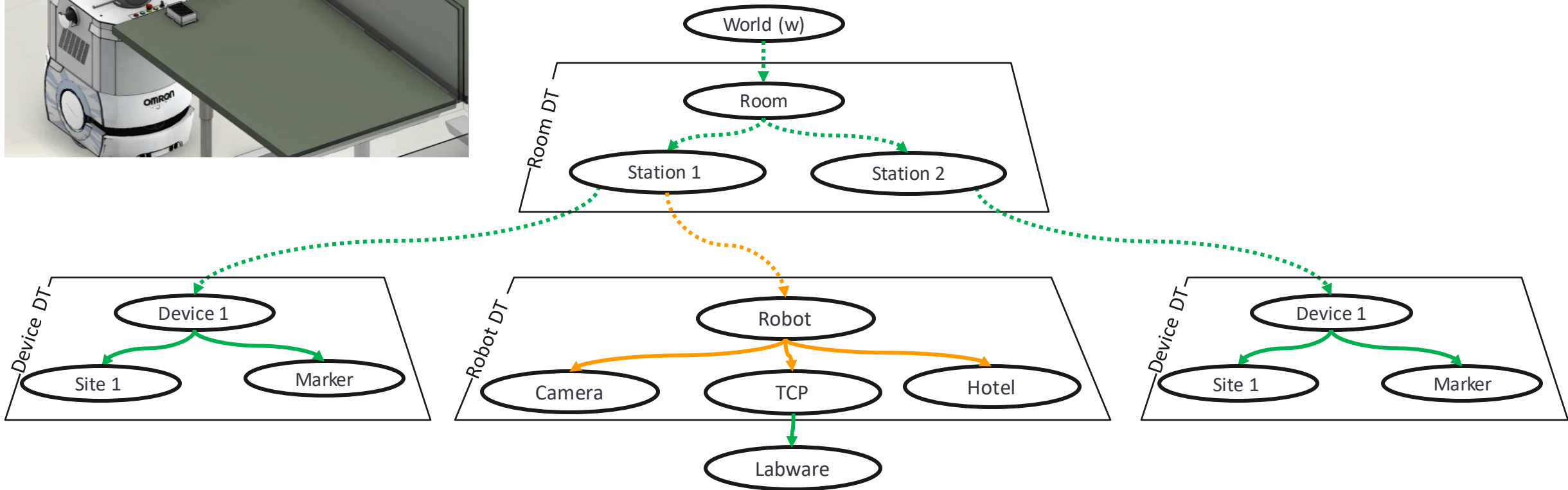


Pick from station_1.device_1.site_1 → Labware in gripper

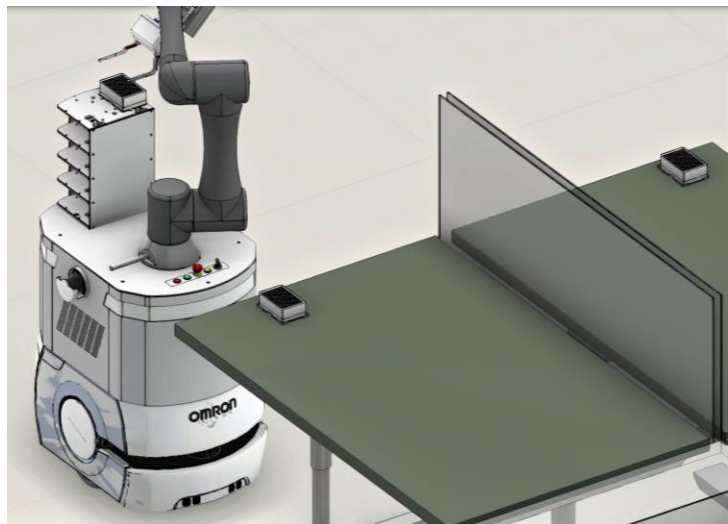


Q
Q

```
Grip ()  
MoveThroughSequence (manipulation-ready)
```

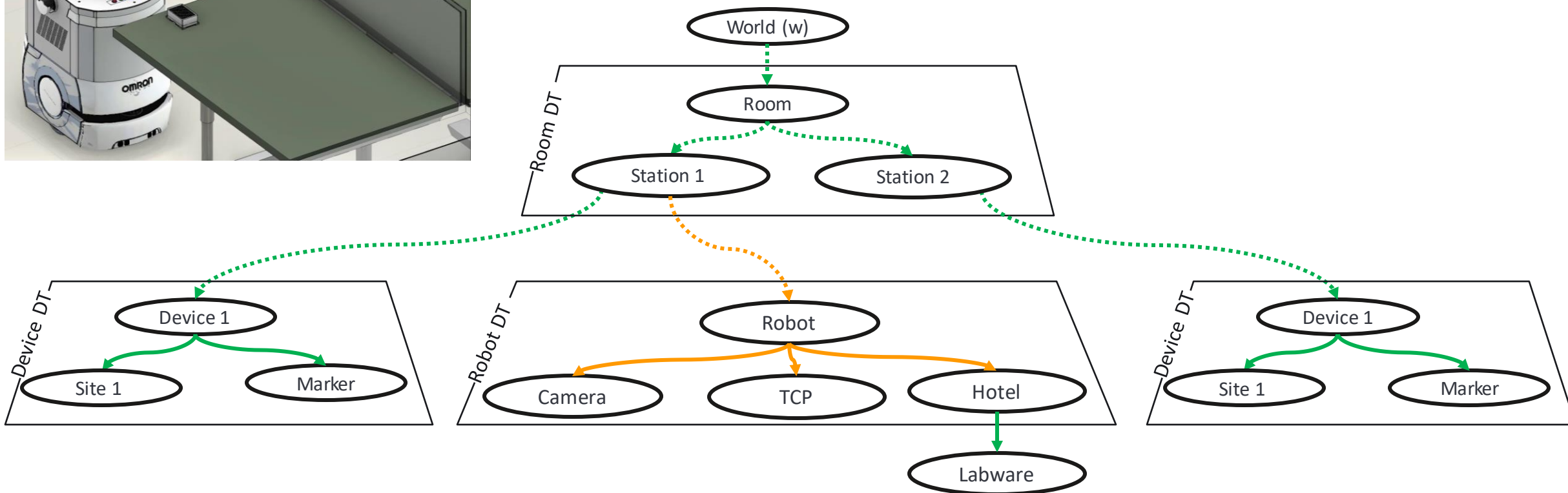


Place on on-board hotel



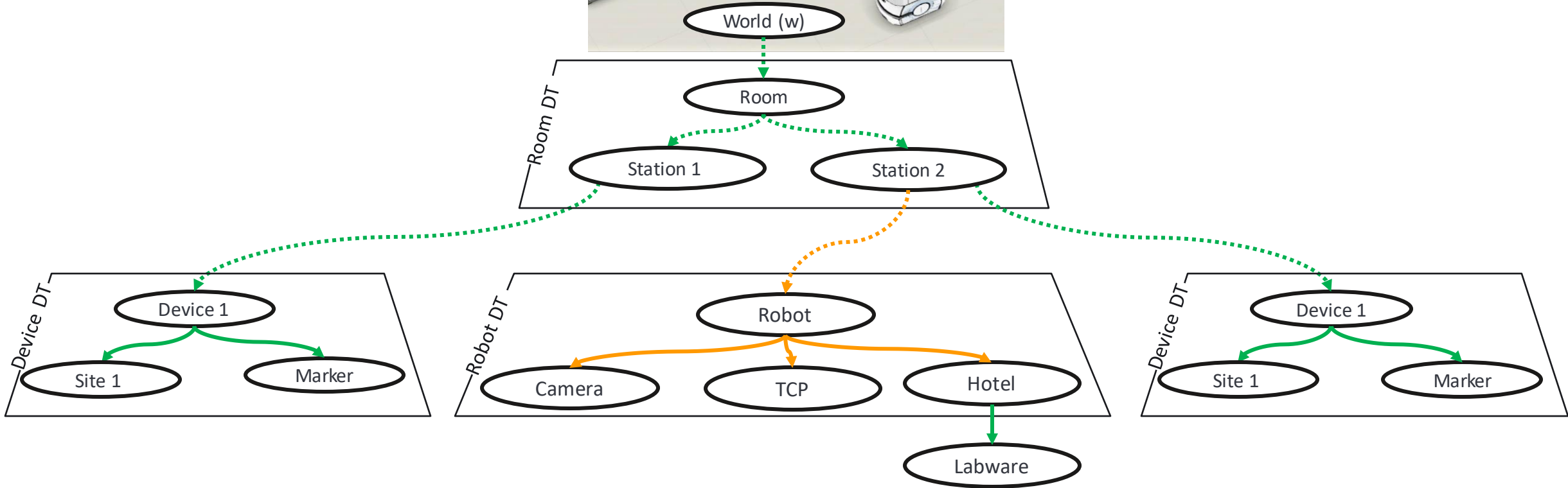
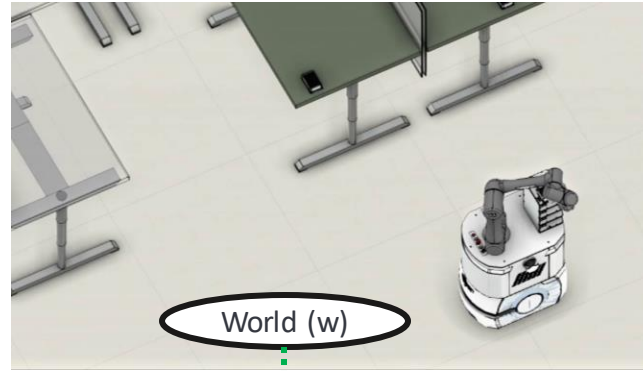
Q S

```
Place (self.hotel.site_1, DEEP96)
```



Switch to Station 2 → Undock, navigate and dock

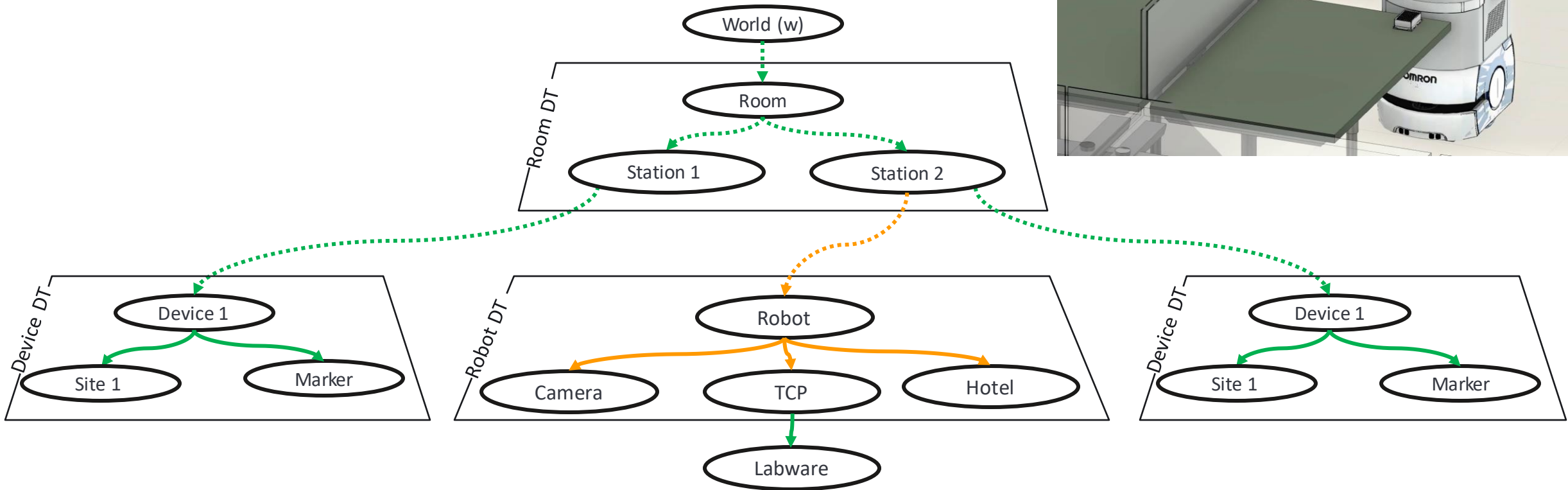
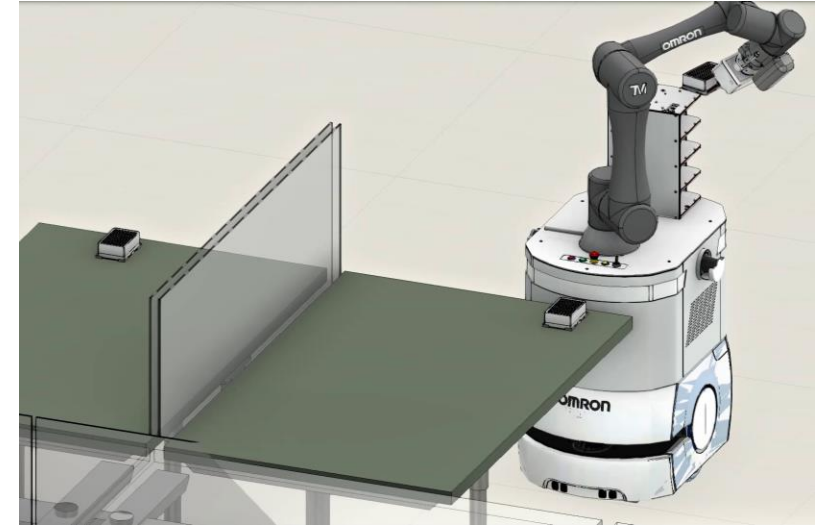
```
PrepareForPlace (self.site_1, DEEP96)
Undock (station_1)
DriveThroughSequence (station_2)
Dock (station_2)
```



Pick from on-board hotel → Labware in gripper



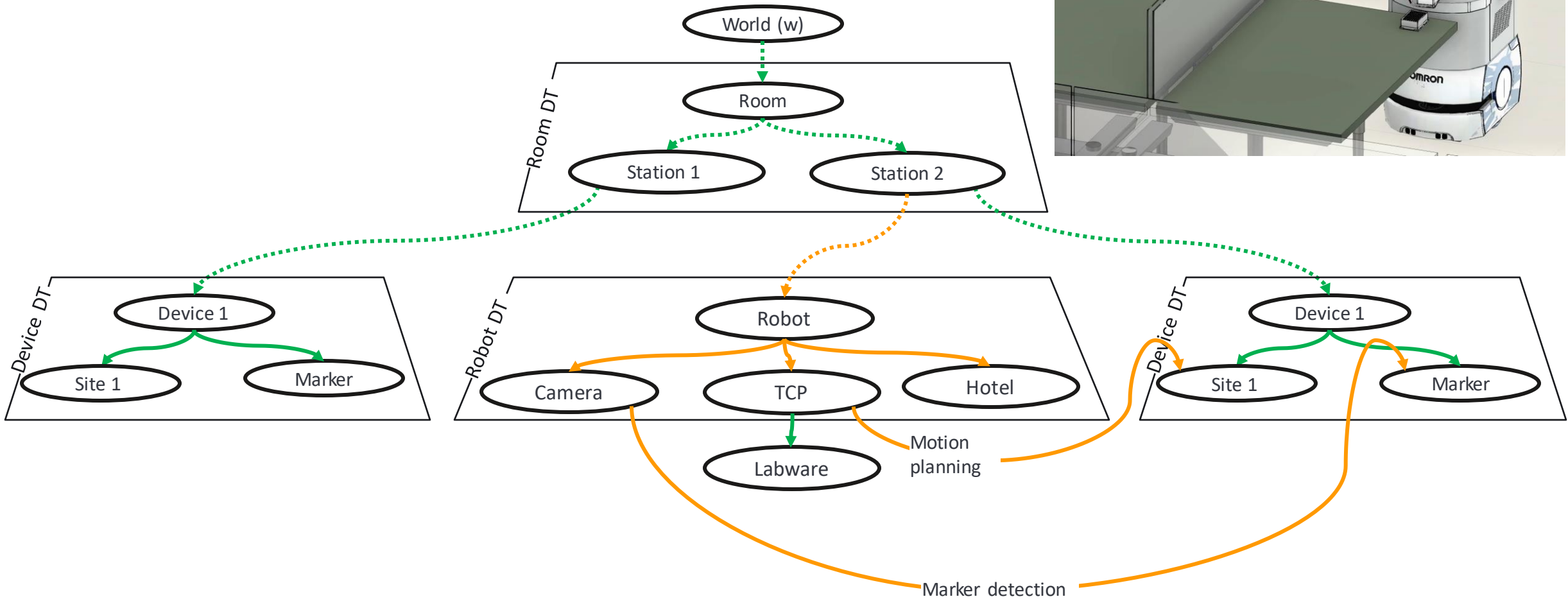
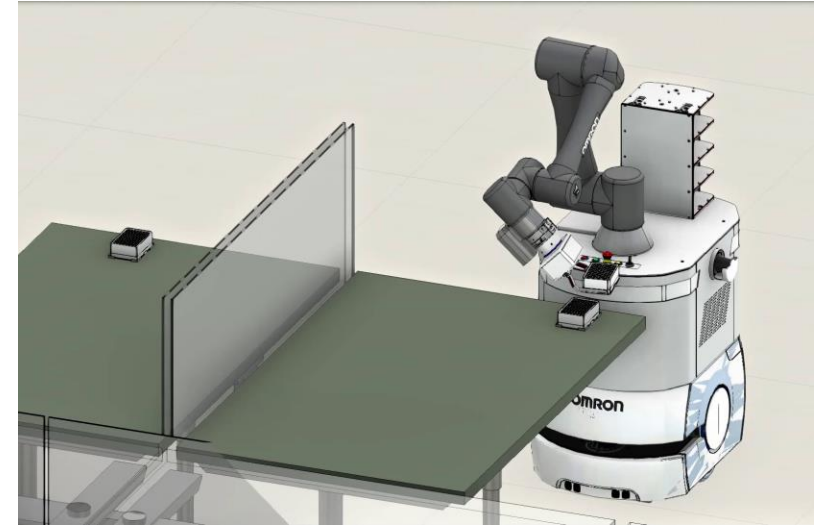
```
Pick (self.hotel.site_1, DEEP96)
```



Place to station_2.device_1.site_1

S

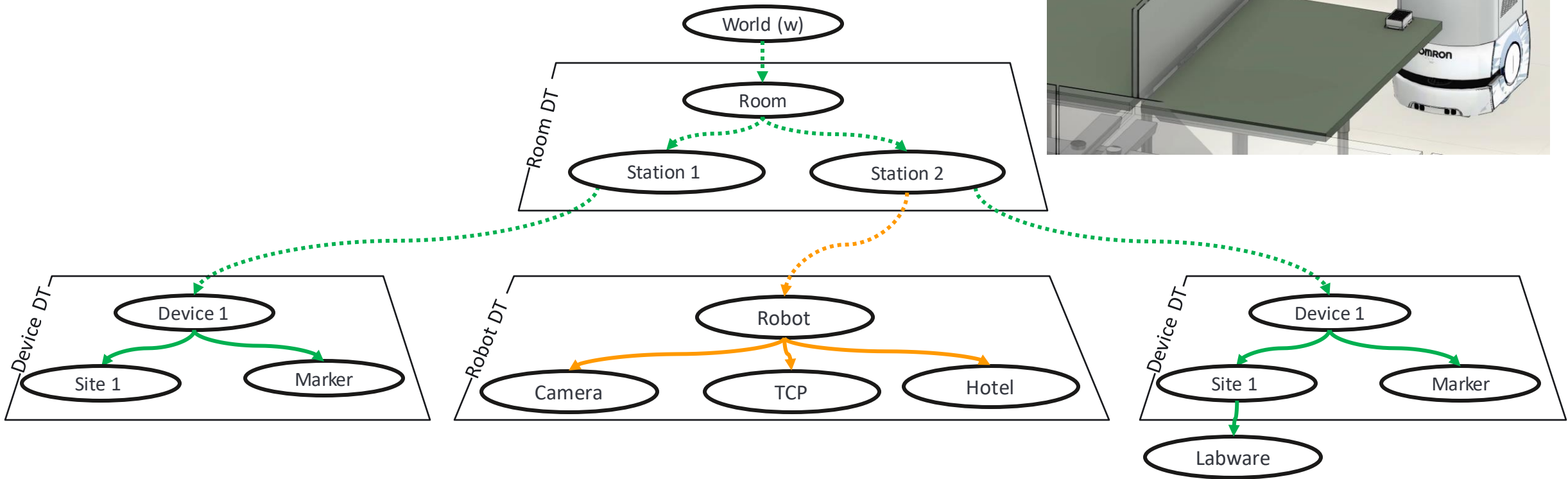
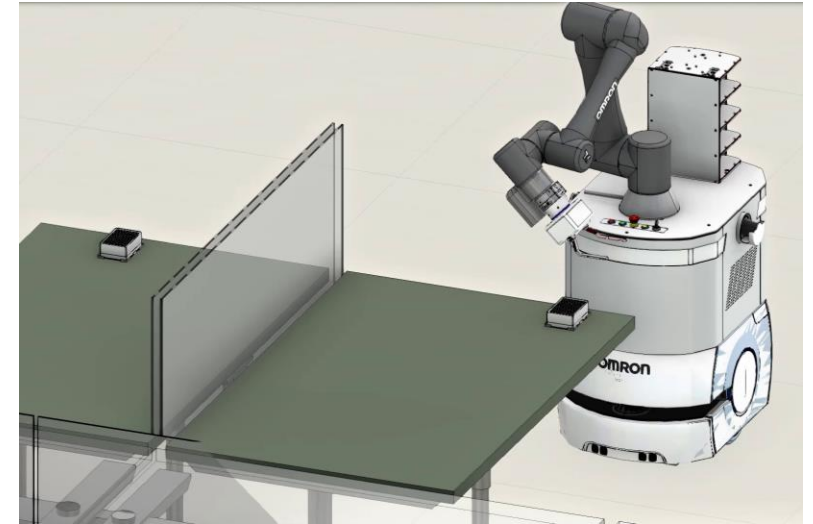
```
Place (station_2.device_1.site_1, DEEP96)
```



Placed to station_2.device_1.site_1



```
Release ()  
MoveThroughSequence (manipulation-ready)
```





Control pyramid

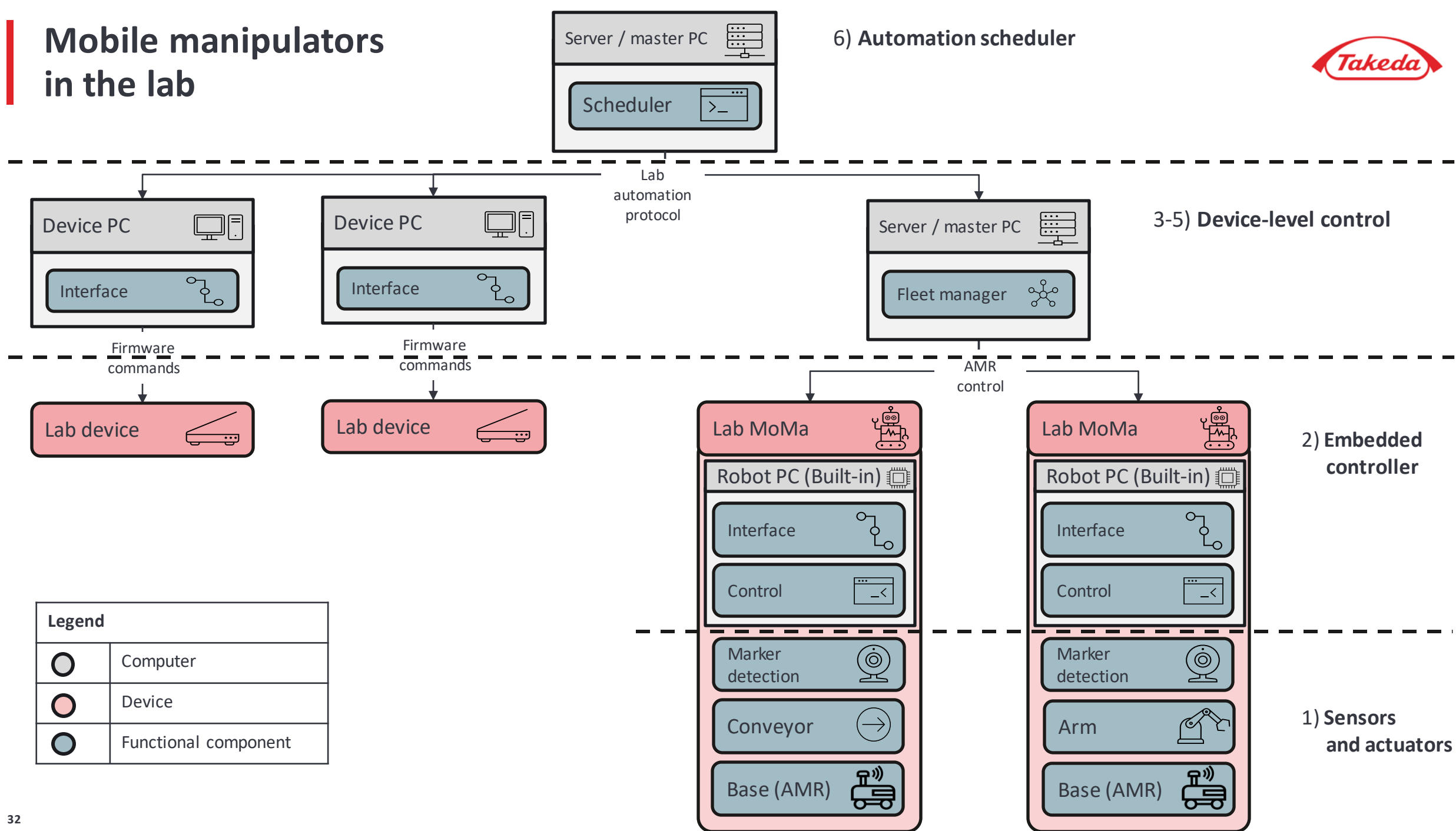
Reference architecture model

Layers and elements of the control architecture



Level nr	Level name	Layers of the control architecture
7	Service	Lab management Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS), Electronic Lab Notebook (ELN)
6	Procedure (Experiment / assay)	Automation scheduler Laboratory Execution System (LES)
5	Task	Device-level control Dedicated PC
4	Subtask	
3	Motion sequence	
2	Motion primitive	Embedded controller Microcontroller or Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)
1	Actuator primitive	

Mobile manipulators in the lab

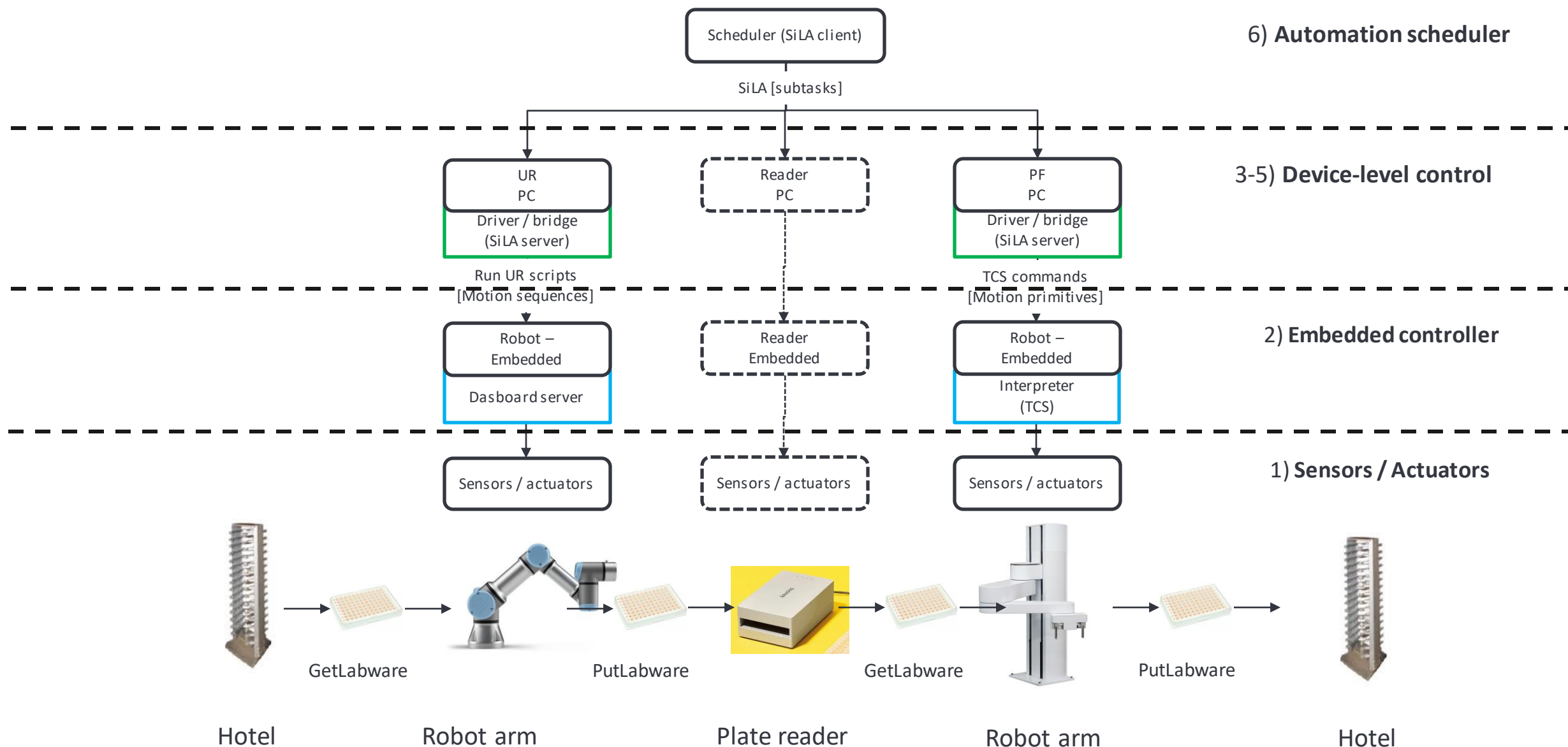




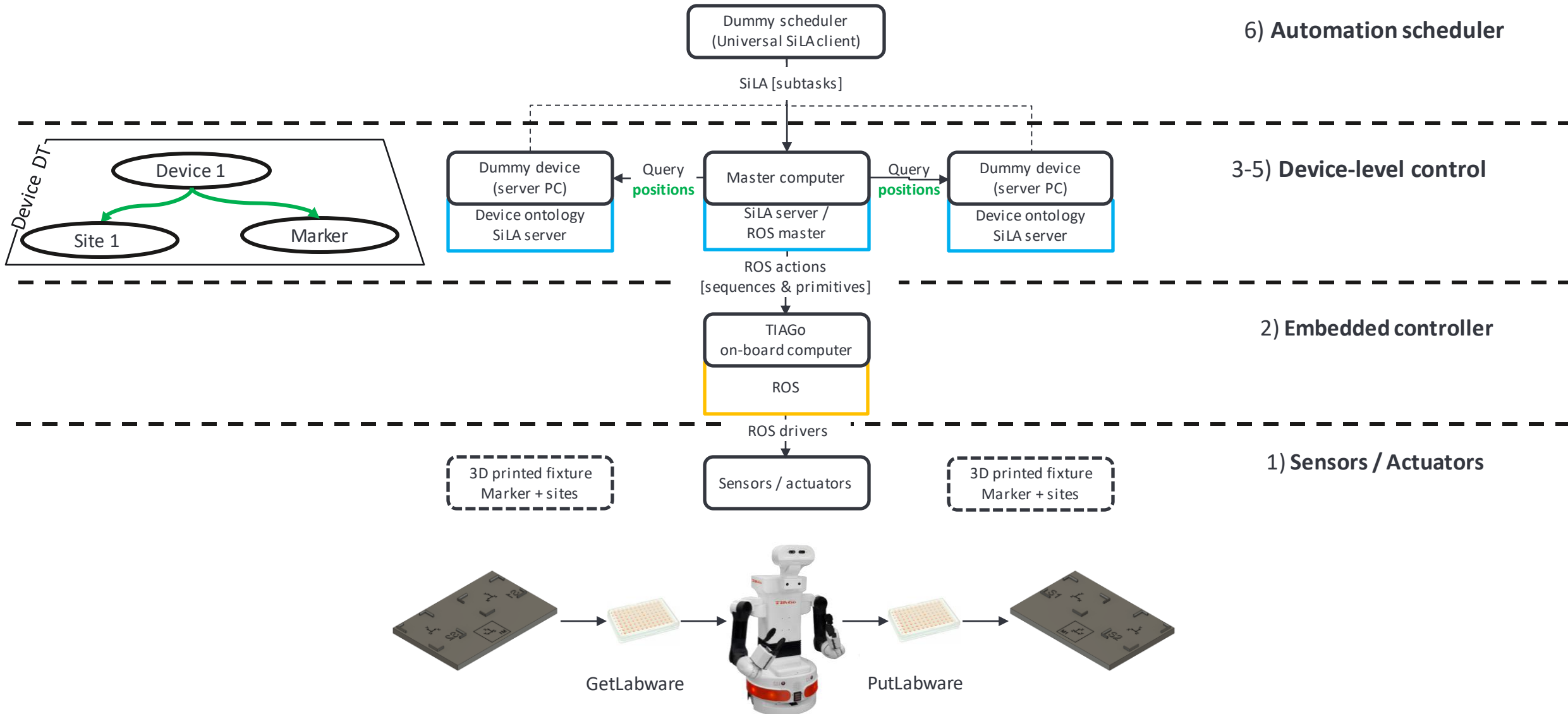
Proof-of-concept studies

Consortia & academia

Reference implementations – SiLA Hackathon



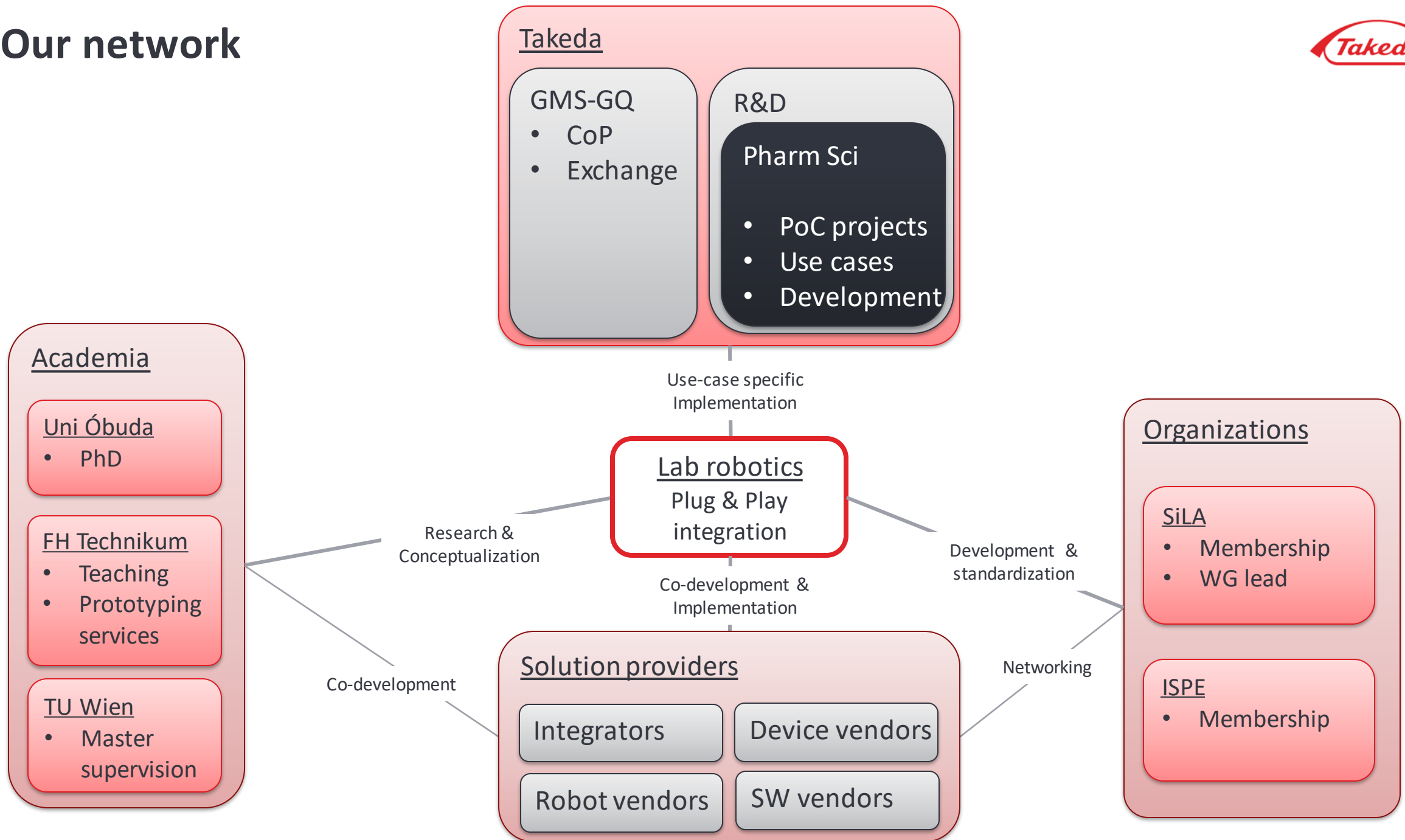
Reference implementations – TIAGo, Uni Óbuda, Panna Zsoldos



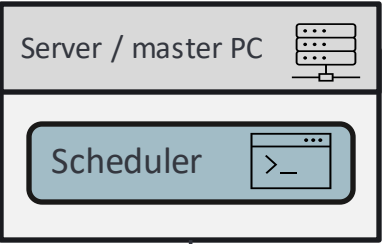


How we approach this at Takeda

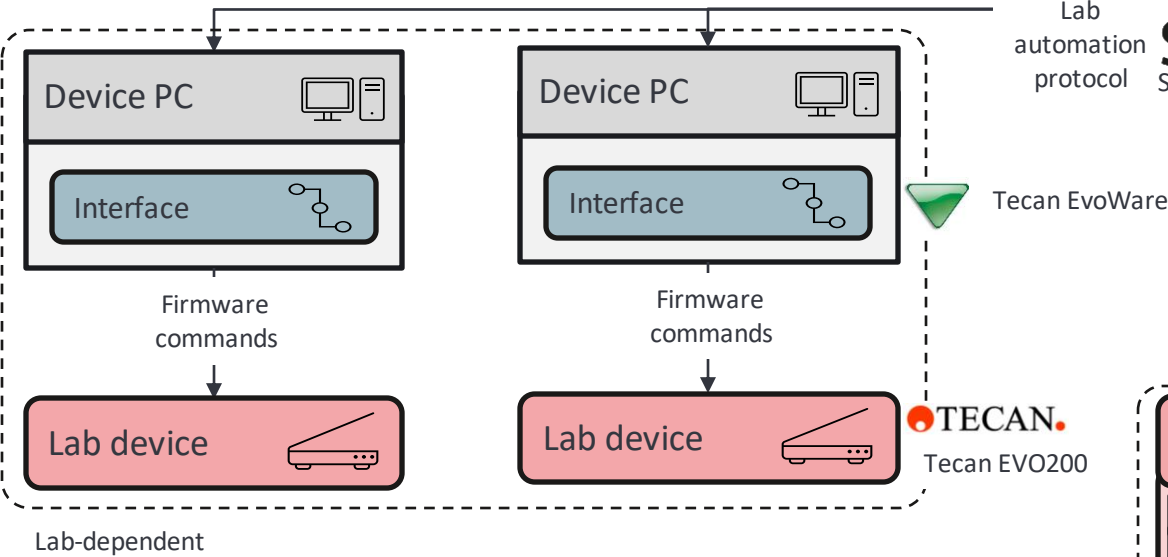
Our network



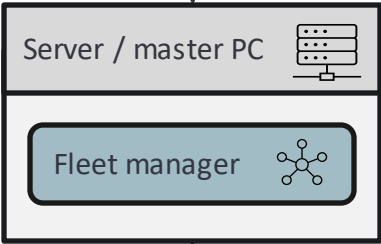
Takeda's global MoMa PoC



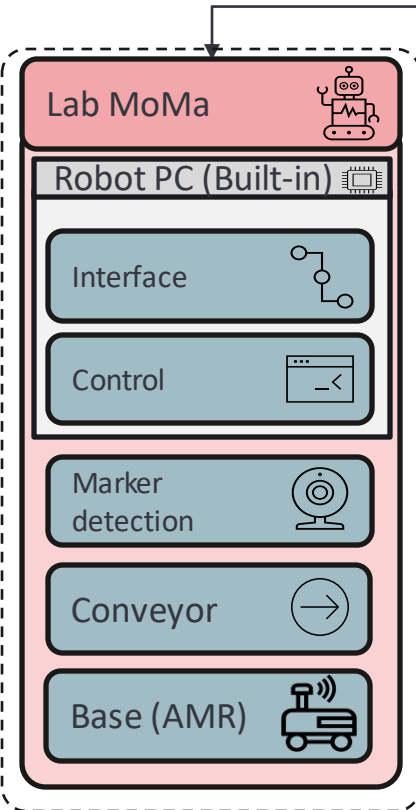
Biosero GBG



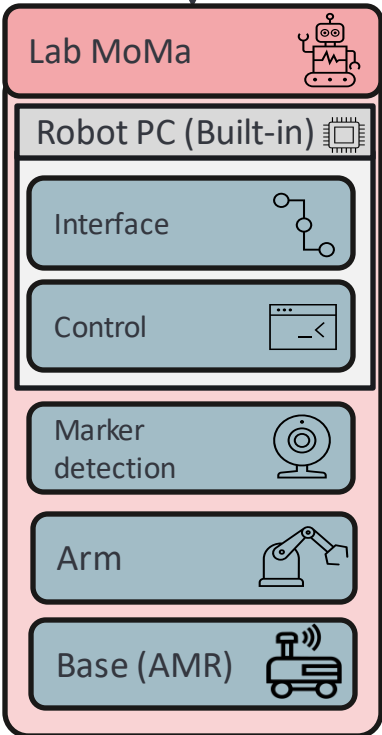
Lab automation protocol
SiLA
SiLA standard



EngRoTec ERTmiral



AMR control



EngRoTec mobERT mini

Legend	
	Computer
	Device
	Functional component

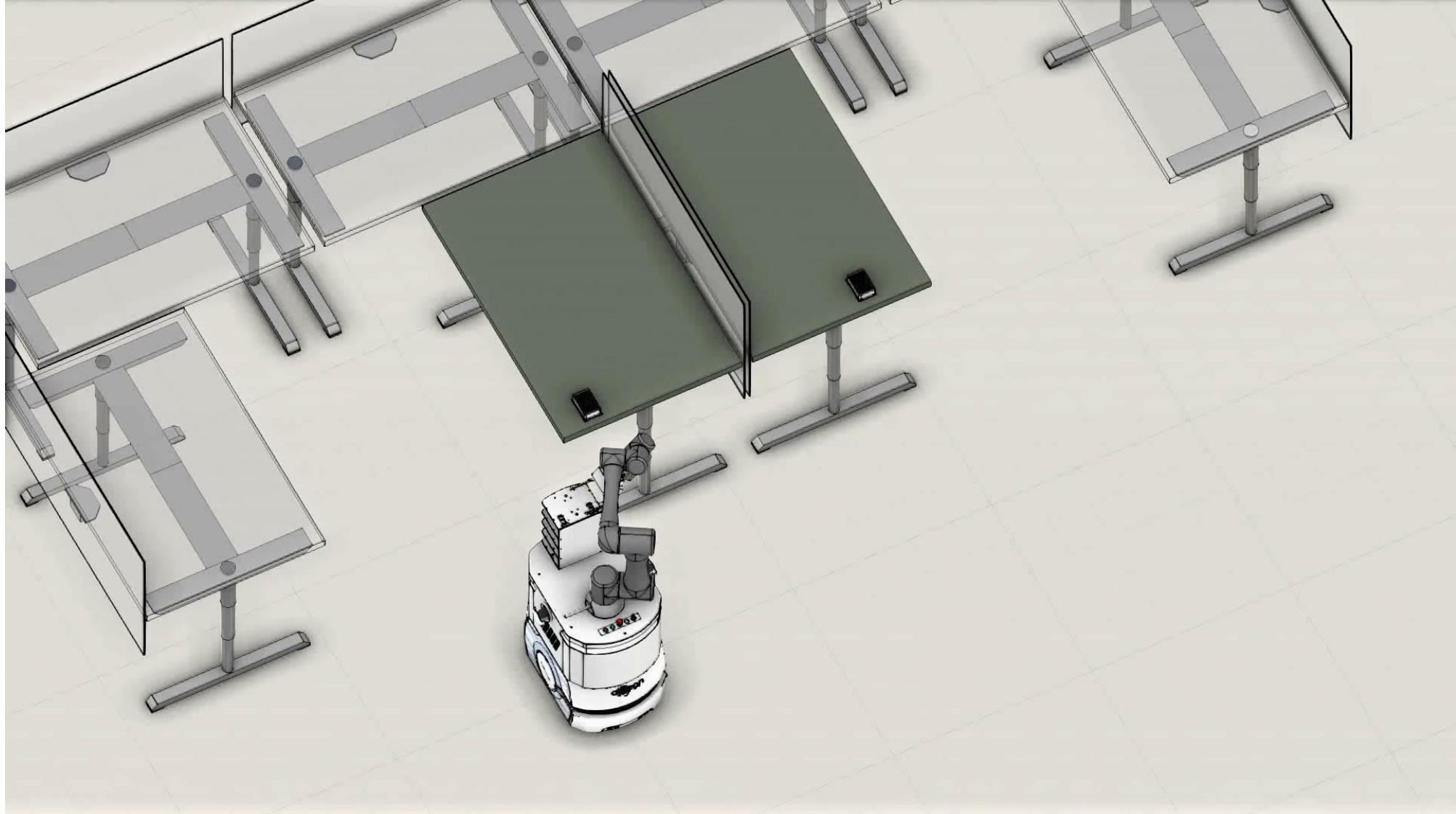


TM5M-900



LD-90

Takeda's global MoMa PoC – Simulation



Acknowledgements



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SiLA

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Mark Dörr

Lukas Bromig

Georg Hinkel

SiLA Robotics Working Group

SiLA Board

EngRoTec

Omron

Biosero

PAL Robotics

Public LAPP project website



<https://wlfdm.github.io/LAPP/>

Thank you for your attention.



Better Health, Brighter Future

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