

How to use Transformer

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Motivation

Transformer?

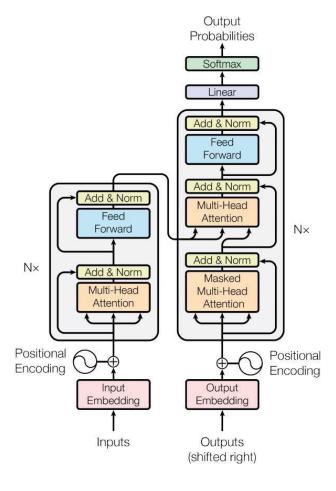


* Img src: https://news.tfw2005.com/2023/04/03/transformers-rise-of-the-beasts-new-promotional-poster-479362



Motivation

Transformer?



Vaswani et. al., "Attention Is All You Need," NeurIPS, 2017



Motivation

Transformer?

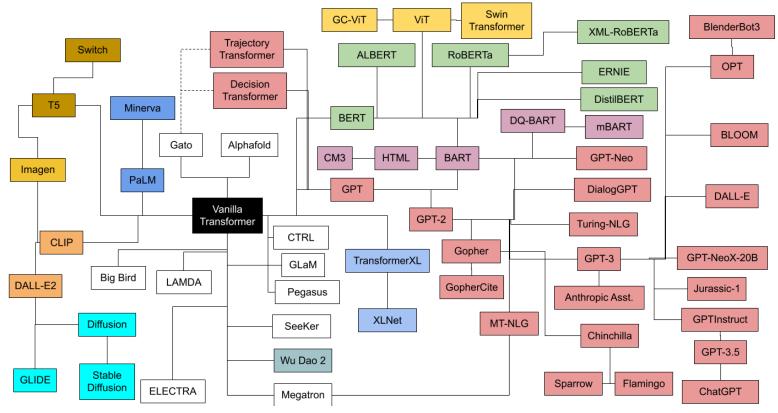


* Img src: https://huggingface.co/brand



Transformer

Model Family



^{*} Img src: https://amatriain.net/blog/transformer-models-an-introduction-and-catalog-2d1e9039f376/



Transformer

Hugging Face

- Supported models
 - A total of 203 pre-trained models are officially available
 - Natural Language Processing
 - Computer Vision
 - Audio
 - Multimodal



Transformer

Hugging Face

- Today we are using one of the pre-trained transformer models "BERT"
- Also, today's task is "Natural Language Inference"
- Skip the details of the model structure
- Focus on how to use the Transformer library



Task

Natural Language Inference

- Does the first sentence imply the second or not?
 - Premise and Hypothesis

101빌딩 근처에 나름 즐길거리가 많습니다. 101빌딩 근처에서 즐길거리 찿기는 어렵습니다.

Contradiction

101빌딩 근처에 나름 즐길거리가 많습니다. 101빌딩 주변에 젊은이들이 즐길거리가 많습니다.

Neutral

101빌딩 근처에 나름 즐길거리가 많습니다. 101빌딩 부근에서는 여러가지를 즐길수 있습니다.

Entailment

Park et. al., "KLUE: Korean Language Understanding Evaluation," arXiv:2105.09680, 2021



Import Library

from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForSequenceClassification from transformers import DataCollatorWithPadding from transformers import TrainingArguments, Trainer from datasets import Dataset, load_dataset import evaluate



Load Dataset

```
train, valid, test = load_dataset("snli", split=["train[:10%]", "validation[:10%]", "test[:10%]"])

Dataset({ features: ['premise', 'hypothesis', 'label'], num_rows: 55015 })

train = train.filter(lambda example: example["label"] in [0, 1, 2])

valid = valid.filter(lambda example: example["label"] in [0, 1, 2])

test = test.filter(lambda example: example["label"] in [0, 1, 2])

Dataset({ features: ['premise', 'hypothesis', 'label'], num_rows: 54958 })

tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained("bert-base-uncased")
```

UCIST

- A person on a horse jumps over a broken down airplane.
- A person is training his horse for a competition.

token													
ID													
type													
attentio	on												



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	ID	101	1037	2711	2006	1037	3586	14523	2058	1037	3714	2091	13297	1012	102	1037	2711	2003	2731	2010	3586	2005	1037	2971	1012	102
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type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
attention																									



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token	[CLS]	а	person	on	a	horse	jumps	over	а	broken	down	airplane		[SEP]	a	person	is	training	his	horse	for	а	competition		[SEP]
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type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
attention	1	1		1		1	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1		1		1		1	1



Load Tokenizer

```
tokenized_train = train.map(tokenize_function, batched=True, num_proc=8) tokenized_valid = valid.map(tokenize_function, batched=True, num_proc=8) tokenized_test = test.map(tokenize_function, batched=True, num_proc=8)
```

Dataset({ features: ['premise', 'hypothesis', 'label', 'input_ids', 'token_type_ids', 'attention_mask'], num_rows: 54958 })



Data Collator

```
data_collator = DataCollatorWithPadding(tokenizer=tokenizer)
```

```
sample_batch = tokenized_train[:16]
sample_batch = {k: v for k, v in sample_batch.items() if k not in ["premise", "hypothesis"]}
[len(x) for x in sample_batch["input_ids"]]
```

[25, 28, 24, 15, 13, 13, 26, 26, 25, **47**, 37, 39, 18, 16, 17, 27]



Data Collator

```
sample_batch = data_collator(sample_batch)
{k: v.shape for k, v in sample_batch.items()}

{'input_ids': torch.Size([16, 47]),
  'token_type_ids': torch.Size([16, 47]),
  'attention_mask': torch.Size([16, 47]),
  'labels': torch.Size([16])}
```

Load Model

model = AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained("bert-base-uncased", num_labels=3)

```
training_args = TrainingArguments(
  output_dir="./snli",
  learning_rate=5e-5,
  per_device_train_batch_size=128,
  per_device_eval_batch_size=128,
  num_train_epochs=4,
  evaluation_strategy="epoch",
  save_strategy="epoch",
  load_best_model_at_end=True,
  fp16=True,
)
```



Evaluation Metric

```
import numpy as np
```

```
accuracy = evaluate.load("accuracy")
```

```
def compute_metrics(eval_pred):
    predictions, labels = eval_pred
    predictions = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
    return accuracy.compute(predictions=predictions, references=labels)
```



Train

```
trainer = Trainer(
   model=model,
   args=training_args,
   train_dataset=tokenized_train,
   eval_dataset=tokenized_valid,
   tokenizer=tokenizer,
   data_collator=data_collator,
   compute_metrics=compute_metrics,
)

trainer.train()

metric = trainer.evaluate(eval_dataset=tokenized_test)
```

UCIST

Inference

inference = tokenizer("Sentence A", "Sentence B", return_tensors="pt").to(device)

outputs = model(**inference)
print(outputs.logits.argmax(dim=-1)[0].tolist())

I love the principles of deep learning I hate the principles of deep learning

What?

I like professor kim I love professor kim

What?

Practice

GLUE

• General Language Understanding Evaluation benchmark (GLUE), a tool for evaluating and analyzing the performance of models across a diverse range of existing NLU tasks

GLUE Benchmark:
10 datasets on text classification

Single Sentence



Pairs of Sentence

- MRPC
- STS-B
- QQP
- MNLI
- QNLI
- RTE
- WNLI

Wang et, al., "GLUE: A Multi-Task Benchmark and Analysis Platform for Natural Language Understanding," ICLR, 2019



Practice

Pipelines

inference = tokenizer("Sentence A", "Sentence B", return_tensors="pt").to(device)

outputs = model(**inference)
print(outputs.logits.argmax(dim=-1)[0].tolist())

from transformers import pipeline

pipe = pipeline("text-classification", model=model, tokenizer=tokenizer)
pipe("Input Sentence")

* Reference: https://huggingface.co/docs/transformers/main_classes/pipelines





THANK YOU