

# bso2 Monitor Reference

Target: W65C02EDU | Source: SRC/bso2.asm | Generated: 2026-02-18

## 0) Naming

bso2 is the preferred written form in this manual.

It is intentionally dual-meaning and retro-styled:

- b = 6 = Basic
- s = 5 = System
- o = 0 = Operations
- 2 = 2 = /2 (homage to IBM System/36)

That makes 6502 a visual shorthand for bso2.

Expanded meaning: Basic System Operations/2.

## 1) Startup / Prompt Behavior

On reset with valid reset cookie, boot choices are C/W/M:

C = clear RAM (confirm Y/N)

W = warm start

M = enter monitor

Power-on prompt uses C/M with a 6-second wait and > tick markers; timeout defaults to C.

Reset-cookie prompt uses C/W/M with a 6-second wait and < tick markers; LEDs blink every ~333ms while waiting and timeout defaults to M.

Boot-choice and clear-confirm prompts echo keypresses in uppercase.

### C/W/M Decision Truth Table

| Condition                        | Input       | Result  |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Power-on (no valid reset cookie) | C           | Enter clear path.   |
| Power-on (no valid reset cookie) | M           | Enter monitor path.                                       |
| Power-on (no valid reset cookie) | Timeout     | Default to clear path (C).                                |
| Power-on (no valid reset cookie) | Invalid key | Ignored; prompt/countdown continues.                      |
| Reset with valid cookie          | C           | Enter clear confirmation prompt Y/N.                      |
| Clear confirmation               | Y           | Run clear-memory path.                                    |
| Clear confirmation               | N           | Abort clear and continue warm path (W-equivalent branch). |
| Reset with valid cookie          | W           | Warm start path (no clear).                               |
| Reset with valid cookie          | M           | Monitor path.   |
| Reset with valid cookie          | Invalid key | Ignored; prompt/countdown continues.                      |

|                         |         |                              |
|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| Reset with valid cookie | Timeout | Default to monitor path (M). |
|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------|

Note: this is the default behavior for the currently installed vector trampolines/handlers; future trampolines or handlers may implement different startup policy.

A terminal-width prompt follows boot selection: `TERM WIDTH 4=40 8=80 1=132 [8]?`.

Width prompt timeout uses fixed byte `$007B` (`TERM_WIDTH_TIMEOUT`): `00`=wait forever, `01-FF`=seconds, default `08`.

Width persistence policy: `W/M` restore prior width before prompting; `C` starts from default `80` before prompting.

After clear/startup, the sign-on banner (`BS02_INIT`) is printed:

```
**** basic system operations/2 ****
****      b s o / 2  v0 . 9      ****
****      6 5 0 2                ****
```

Monitor prompt is a single `-` character on a new line.

## 2) Command Summary

| Cmd            | Syntax                       | Behavior / Output                                  | Flags / Notes   |
|----------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| <code>?</code> | <code>?</code>               | Short help line.                                   | Quick command list only.  |
| <code>H</code> | <code>H [A P M S]</code>     | Help index or scoped help sections.                | <code>H</code> =index, <code>H</code><br><code>A</code> =all, <code>H</code><br><code>P</code> =protection, <code>H</code><br><code>M</code> =memory/tools, <code>H</code><br><code>S</code> =steering. |
| <code>Z</code> | <code>Z</code>               | Clear RAM after Y/N confirmation.                  | Zeroes<br><code>\$0200-\$7EFF</code> . Does not zero<br><code>\$0000-\$01FF</code> (ZP/stack) or<br><code>\$7F00-\$7FFF</code> (I/O area).  |
| <code>W</code> | <code>W</code>               | Warm start back into monitor.                      | No args.  |
| <code>D</code> | <code>D [START [END]]</code> | Hex+ASCII dump. <code>END</code> is inclusive.     | <code>D</code> alone repeats last span from next address. Hex/ASCII fields show an 8+8 split.   |
| <code>U</code> | <code>U [START END]</code>   | Disassemble as 65C02 mnemonics and operands.       | <code>END</code> is inclusive. Bare <code>U</code> repeats from saved next-instruction address. Emits ADDR: MNM OPERAND.  |
| <code>A</code> | <code>A START [INSN]</code>  | Tiny 65C02 assembler, interactive at next address. | Example: <code>A 1000 LDA #FF</code> then prompt <code>A 1002:.</code><br><code>.</code> exits. No labels/forward refs. Relative  |

|   |                             |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
|   |                             |  | branches accept absolute hex targets and are range-checked. Explicit accumulator form like INC A is supported.   |
| X | X START                     | Execute from absolute address.                                 | Transfers control via RTS trampoline. NMI while running under X breaks back to monitor; target RTS also returns to monitor.  |
| I | I C <RPN...> or IC <RPN...> | Evaluate 16-bit hex RPN expression.                            | Values are 1..4 hex digits (optional \$). Operators: + - * / &   ^ ~ . Prints top-of-stack as I C = \$HHHH .   |
| R | R [A=HH] [X=HH] [Y=HH]      | Resume last debug context.                                     | Restores A/X/Y/P/SP/PC from latest debug snapshot and resumes via RTI . Optional A/X/Y overrides are applied first. Up-arrow repeat is useful for single-step resume loops.                          |
| N | N                           | Run to next sequential instruction.                            | Implements next-stop by patching a temporary BRK at PC+len(opcode) . RAM only; ROM/I/O patch targets are rejected. Debug output restores and displays the original stepped-to instruction in CURR: . |
| M | M [START [B0..B15]]         | Modify/deposit memory. Inline deposit supports up to 16 bytes. | Interactive mode: CR/LF = next , . ends. CRLF pair counts as one next.   |
| F | F START END B0..B15         | Fill inclusive range with repeating 1..16 byte pattern.        | No interactive mode. Verifies each write.  |

|   |                                    |   |   |
|---|------------------------------------|---|---|
| C | C SRC_START SRC_END<br>DST_START   | Copy inclusive source range to destination. | Overlap-safe (forward/backward selection). Verifies each write.   |
| ! | !F ..., !M ..., !C ..., !A ..., !N | Force-prefix for protected commands.        | Allows access to protected low RAM (\$0000-\$03FF).   |
| Q | Q                                  | Enter WAI halt loop.                        | IRQ masked. Resume by NMI (or Reset). NMI latch returns cleanly to monitor.   |
| V | V                                  | Show vector jump chains.                    | Spaced format:<br>RST: FFFC > F818<br>> 8004 > 9F31 > [0080] > 800D.<br>IRQ now appends sub-dispatch lines: BRK: XXXX <name> and HW: YYYY <name>.<br>Bracketed links use [addr16] and indicate a patchable 16-bit RAM trampoline address. |

### 3) Interactive Caveats

- M interactive: two hex digits are required per byte write (00..FF).
- A interactive: type one mnemonic/operand per prompt, . exits assembler mode.
- . exits interactive modify and retains next-address state for subsequent M.
- CR or lone LF advances to next address.
- CRLF pair is consumed as a single next-step.
- F does not support interactive mode.
- At an empty monitor prompt, Up Arrow (ESC [ A) repeats and executes the previous command.
- Special repeat behavior: if the previous command was a D ... or U ... form, up-arrow replays bare D/U; D continues by saved span, U by saved next-instruction address.
- F/M/C/A/N block access to \$0000-\$03FF unless prefixed with !. D is always allowed.
- Direct vector-hook edits with !M are non-atomic and debug-only. Writing live bytes at \$0080-\$0088 (especially \$0083-\$0085) can produce mixed-byte jumps, wrong dispatch, hangs/crashes, or temporary vector-name mismatch while patching.
- Game ask hook (GAME ASK, older text: POST ASK) is one-shot: it is set on Reset and when NMI returns to monitor, then cleared after first use.
- Hook flag is fixed/reserved at \$0078 (GAME\_ASK\_PENDING). Manual control: !M 78 01 sets pending; !M 78 00 clears pending.
- Terminal width byte is fixed/reserved at \$007A (TERM\_COLS): 28/50/84 for 40/80/132 columns.
- Terminal-width prompt timeout byte is fixed/reserved at \$007B (TERM\_WIDTH\_TIMEOUT): 00=wait forever, 01-FF=seconds, default 08.
- User ZP range is reserved at \$0090-\$00FF.
- User-program origin policy: avoid \$0000-\$03FF in normal operation (protected by default for write/execute-adjacent commands).
- Minimum practical user-program origin is \$0800.
- Preferred default user-program origin is \$1000 (recommended for demos and monitor interoperability).

## 4) Verify / Error Outputs

| Operation                    | Message / Behavior  |
|------------------------------|---|
| Modify verify fail           | M VERIFY FAILED AT ADDR + failing address.  |
| Fill verify fail             | F VERIFY FAILED AT ADDR + failing address.  |
| Copy verify fail             | C VERIFY FAILED AT ADDR + failing address.  |
| Dump range error             | D RANGE ERROR .   |
| Unassemble range error       | U RANGE ERROR .   |
| Assembler branch range error | A BRANCH RANGE ERROR .  |
| BRK debug context            | Printed as two lines: CURR: and NEXT: on one line, then STATE: on the next line. For N-generated temporary breaks, CURR: shows the restored original instruction. |
| Bad syntax                   | Per-command usage lines (e.g. USAGE: M [START [B0..B15]] ).   |

## 5) API Reference (Macros and Functions)

Use this section when calling monitor functionality from your own assembly code.

### 5.1) Macro Reference (macros.inc)

| Macro       | Parameters   | Behavior / Notes  |
|-------------|--|---|
| PUSH        | PUSH p1 [,p2] [,p3] [,p4]                            | Pushes listed registers in given order. Supported tokens: A/X/Y/P (case-insensitive).   |
| PULL        | PULL p1 [,p2] [,p3] [,p4]                            | Pops listed registers in given order. Keep ordering compatible with prior PUSH.   |
| REPEAT      | REPEAT Routine, Count                                | Calls JSR Routine repeatedly Count times. Preserves X via push/pull.  |
| PRT_CSTRING | PRT_CSTRING Label                                    | Prints null-terminated string at Label via PRT_C_STRING.  |
| DUMP        | DUMP Start, EndExclusive                             | Convenience wrapper for MEM_DUMP with explicit exclusive end.   |
| FILL        | FILL Start, EndInclusive, B0 [,B1] [,B2] [,B3] [,B4] | Loads pattern bytes (1..5) and calls MEM_FILL_PATTERN. End is inclusive in macro syntax.  |
| COPY        | COPY SrcStart, SrcEndInclusive, DstStart             | Calls overlap-safe MEM_COPY_RANGE. Source end is inclusive in macro syntax.   |
| COPY_BLOCK  | COPY_BLOCK SrcStart, Length, DstStart                | Compatibility wrapper that expands to COPY SrcStart,(SrcStart+Length-1),DstStart.   |
| CMP_CSTRING | CMP_CSTRING AddrA, AddrB                             | Wrapper for project-specific string compare symbols/routine (STRCMP_PTR*, STR_COMPARE). Use only when those symbols are provided by your build. |

### 5.2) Callable Function Reference

Practical entry points for extensions and integration.

| Routine          | Input  | Output   | Flags                                      | ZP / Memory Use   |
|------------------|--|--|--|---|
| INIT_SERIAL      | None   | UART initialized                               | Unchanged                                  | None  |
| WRITE_BYTE       | A =char  | Char sent to UART, LED updated                 | Unchanged                                  | None  |
| READ_BYTE        | None   | A =received char (ROM read)                    | ROM-defined                                | None  |
| CHECK_BYTE       | None   | A =status                                      | C=1 if RX empty                            | None  |
| RBUF_INIT        | None   | Input ring reset                               | Unchanged                                  | Uses generic buffer descriptor core                                   |
| BUF_INIT         | Active descriptor pointers set   | Head/Tail/Count zeroed                         | Unchanged                                  | Uses BUF_*_PTR  |
| BUF_PUT_A        | A =byte  | Byte queued                                    | C=0 stored, C=1 full                       | Uses BUF_*_PTR , BUF_SIZE   |
| BUF_GET_A        | None   | A =byte  | C=0 byte, C=1 empty                        | Uses BUF_*_PTR , BUF_SIZE   |
| CMD_DISPATCH     | A =command letter  | Handler called from table                      | C=0 handled, C=1 unknown                   | Uses CMD_TABLE , CMD_POST_ACTION                                      |
| MEM_DUMP         | PTR_DUMP_CUR =start (inc),<br>PTR_TEMP =end (exc)  | Formatted hex+ASCII dump with 8+8 separator    | Unchanged                                  | Uses PTR_DUMP_CUR , PTR_DUMP_END , PTR_LEG , MEM_DUMP_CNT             |
| MEM_DISASM_65C02 | PTR_DUMP_CUR =start (inc),<br>PTR_TEMP =end (inc)  | 65C02 disassembly output ( ADDR: MNM OPERAND ) | Unchanged                                  | Uses PTR_DUMP_CUR , PTR_DUMP_END , PTR_TEMP , PTR_LEG , DIS_*         |
| MEM_FILL_PATTERN | PTR_DUMP_CUR =start (inc),<br>PTR_DUMP_END =end (exc),<br>F_COUNT =pattern length,<br>F_PATTERN =pattern bytes | Fills range with repeating pattern             | C=0 complete, C=1 aborted (verify/protect) | Uses PTR_DUMP_CUR , PTR_DUMP_END , F_COUNT , F_PATTERN , F_PAT_IDX    |
| MEM_COPY_RANGE   | PTR_LEG =src start (inc),<br>PTR_DUMP_END =src end (exc),<br>PTR_TEMP =dst start                               | Copies source to destination (overlap-safe)    | C=0 complete, C=1 aborted (verify/protect) | Uses PTR_LEG , PTR_DUMP_CUR , PTR_DUMP_END , PTR_TEMP , CMD_PARSE_VAL |

|            |                           |                            |         |   |
|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---|
| CMD_DO_ASM | CMD_LINE = A START [INSN] | Interactive tiny assembler | . exits | Uses<br>CMD_LINE ,<br>PTR_TEMP ,<br>opcode tables,<br>and<br>ASM_* / DIS_*<br>scratch |
|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------|---|

## 6) Parser and Buffer Limits

- CMD\_MAX\_LEN = 31 characters (excluding null terminator).
- RBUF\_SIZE = 32 bytes.
- One-command history is kept for up-arrow repeat (CMD\_LAST\_LINE).
- Hex token parser accepts 1..4 hex digits, optional \$ prefix.
- M and F inline byte lists: max 16 bytes each.
- ! is consumed as a command prefix, then normal parsing continues.

## 7) Memory Usage

### Build Section Usage (current)

| Section | ORG    | Size (hex) | Size (dec) |
|---------|--------|------------|------------|
| PAGE0   | \$0030 | \$60       | 96         |
| CODE    | \$8000 | \$2725     | 10021      |
| KDATA   | \$A725 | \$12A8     | 4776       |
| UDATA   | \$0200 | \$7F       | 127        |
| Total   | -      | \$3AAC     | 15020      |

### RAM Layout Highlights

- PAGE0 starts at \$0030. Includes parser state, dump state, debug snapshot, vector hooks, and active buffer descriptor pointers.
- Guard policy reserves monitor PAGE0 through \$008F; user ZP is reserved at \$0090-\$00FF.
- KDATA floats directly behind CODE (current build start: \$A725).
- Fixed/pinned bytes: GAME\_ASK\_PENDING=\$0078, BRK\_FLAG=\$0079, TERM\_COLS=\$007A, TERM\_WIDTH\_TIMEOUT=\$007B, RST\_HOOK=\$0080, NMI\_HOOK=\$0083, IRQ\_HOOK=\$0086, BRK\_HOOK=\$0089, HW\_HOOK=\$008C.
- Hardware vectors are fixed at the top page: NMI=\$FFFA, RST=\$FFFC, IRQ/BRK=\$FFFE.
- Detailed zero-page map: [ZERO\\_PAGE\\_USAGE.md](#) and [ZERO\\_PAGE\\_USAGE.pdf](#).
- UDATA starts at \$0200:

```

RBUF_DATA    32 bytes
CMD_LINE     32 bytes (31 + NUL)
CMD_LAST_LINE 32 bytes (31 + NUL)
RESET_COOKIE  4 bytes
F_PATTERN    16 bytes
DBG_TAG_BUF   6 bytes

```

## 8) Notes for Integrators

- Command parser uppercases incoming command bytes before parse/dispatch.
- Command execution is table-driven via CMD\_TABLE.
- Input buffering now uses a generic descriptor-based core bound to the ring buffer.
- Q path relies on NMI latch (SYSF\_NMI\_FLAG\_M) and then re-enters monitor cleanly.

## 9) Planned Commands (Appendix, Provisional)

This appendix documents planned command architecture and roadmap intent only.

**Proviso:** change is constant. These plans are not stable API and may change before publish.

### 9.1) Grammar Direction

- Primary model: noun verb [args...] (namespace first, action second).
- Direct-action commands may still exist where practical (for example jump/execute style flow).
- Parser should accept both spaced and fused forms for operator speed.

### 9.2) Canonical Input Compatibility

- Parser policy: token 1 selects namespace and remains locked for that line (no cross-namespace fallback).
- X S and XS should map to the same internal command key.
- X R and XR should map to the same internal command key.
- M D and MD should map to the same internal command key.
- I O V and IOV should map to the same internal command key.
- I C and IC should map to the same internal command key.
- One canonical dispatch representation is preferred to avoid duplicate handlers.
- Aliases are spelling variants only (same meaning); command override behavior is intentionally avoided.

### 9.3) Namespace Plan

| Root    | Planned Role      | Notes   |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| B       | Bank / FLASH      | Reserved for FLASH-related operations (read/program/erase/verify family).                     |
| I       | Info root         | Carries nested subfamilies such as time and I/O.  |
| I T     | Time              | Time moves under Info; top-level T is freed.  |
| I C     | Calculator        | Implemented baseline (I C / IC) with 16-bit hex RPN tokens; future expansion remains planned. |
| T       | Terminal          | Repurposed top-level namespace for terminal-related operations.                               |
| I O P   | PIA               | Top-level P is freed; PIA moves under Info/I/O.   |
| I O V   | VIA               | Top-level V is freed; VIA moves under Info/I/O.   |
| I O V T | VIA timers        | Hardware timers are expected under VIA tree.  |
| J       | Jump / Execute    | Preferred home for execute flow if top-level execute letter changes.                          |
| X       | Transfer / XMODEM | At minimum: send and receive support.   |
| S       | Search            | Text and binary search families.  |
| M       | Memory family     | Supports compact forms such as MD/MM as aliases.  |
| O       | Deferred decision | Candidate: chained execution wrapper; decision postponed.                                     |

### 9.4) Search Family Detail

- Planned base forms: S C START END <text> and S B START END <pattern...>.



- Current hit display format is `<HIT_ADDR>{ |*}<ROW_BASE>: ...`; `HIT_ADDR` is exact match start, and `ROW_BASE = HIT_ADDR & $FFF0`.
- Separator marker: `*` means the match continues into the next 16-byte row (for example `$B8AF*$B8A0` implies continuation at `$B8B0`).
- S C mode: unquoted text stops at first whitespace.
- S C mode: quoted delimiters can include `"`, `'`, and ```.
- S C mode: delimiter escape by doubling delimiter character.
- S C mode wildcards: `?` matches exactly one character, `*` matches zero or more characters.
- S C mode literals: `??` matches literal `?`, and `**` matches literal `*`.
- S B mode tokens: `HH` byte, `HHHH` little-endian word, nibble wildcard (`?A/A?/??`), and `*` byte wildcard.
- Candidate extensions: Pascal strings and high-bit-set text search modes.

## 9.5) XMODEM Requirement

- Before publish, provide both XMODEM receive and send paths.
- Preferred forms: `X R ...` and `X S ...` with fused aliases (`XR`, `XS`).
- Planned loader workflow shortcut: `L G S / LGS` (load Motorola S-record stream, then auto-jump to the `S7/S8/S9` start address).

## 9.6) Vector + Safety Direction (Pre-Publish Requirement)

- Vector updates must support dynamic atomic update behavior.
- Handler-name contract direction: every patchable target exports `<HANDLER>` and `<HANDLER>_NAME` (ASCIIIZ); retarget operations update target address and name pointer together.
- Critical windows include vector commit and FLASH routines.
- During critical windows, all EDU LEDs should flash to signal that NMI should not be pressed.
- NMI path should be guarded/deferred during critical windows instead of normal debug flow.
- Staged-update plus atomic-commit behavior is the intended implementation pattern.
- NMI retargeting direction: patch inactive slot fully, then commit via single-byte active-slot selector flip (no in-place live NMI hook rewrite).
- Direct `!M` edits to live vector hook bytes are allowed for bring-up/debug but are intentionally outside the production-safe retarget path.
- Mandate (non-changing requirement): any operation that mutates FLASH state or vector state must assert critical indication/guard behavior, including module/transient load paths; implementation detail may change, requirement does not.

## 9.7) Deferred Item

- `O` command semantics are intentionally deferred.
- If adopted as an operation chain wrapper, error policy and guard policy must be defined explicitly.

## 9.8) Active TODO (Pressing)

### Now

- TODO: wrap `WDCMONv2` FLASH routine calls behind `bso2` wrapper/trampoline entry points.
- TODO: add a post-link map check that enforces `END_KDATA < $F000`.

### Soon

- TODO: get the ACIA port on the EDU board running.

### Before Publish

- TODO: provide XMODEM receive and send paths before publish (`X R/XR`, `X S/XS`).
- TODO: implement staged vector update plus atomic commit flow for runtime retargeting.
- TODO: enforce critical-window behavior for FLASH/vector mutation paths (LED warning plus NMI guard/defer).

- TODO: enforce dangerous `B` operation policy (`!` required, explicit confirmation, and fail-closed behavior without mutation).
- TODO: add deterministic status reporting for dangerous operations (status code byte plus `OK / ABORTED / VERIFY_FAIL / FLASH_FAIL / DENIED`).
- Deferred (not current TODO): text compression/decompression, tokenization/RLE, and TX ring architecture while 32K FLASH headroom is sufficient.

## 9.9) Flash / Bank Safety Policy (Critical, Non-Negotiable)

- `B` must not execute dangerous operations by default.
- `bso2` plans to use `WDCMONv2` FLASH routines through wrappers/trampolines.
- Integration intent is behavioral/protocol compatibility via wrapper entry points, not direct source-text copy.
- Any dangerous `B` operation requires both force-prefix `!` and explicit user confirmation.
- Dangerous operations include at minimum erase, program/write, monitor self-update, vector commit, and bank activation/commit transitions.
- If `!` is absent, dangerous operations fail closed with no side effects.
- Confirmation must be operation-specific (typed intent token), not an implicit continue.
- During dangerous operations: enter critical guard mode before mutation starts, flash all LEDs, and guard/defer NMI debug flow until critical mode exits.
- On verify/check failure: abort mutation, exit critical mode cleanly, and report explicit status.
- Required output for dangerous operations: status code byte plus textual result (`OK`, `ABORTED`, `VERIFY_FAIL`, `FLASH_FAIL`, `DENIED`).

## 9.10) Board Self-Update Policy

- Board self-update is always dangerous and always requires `!` plus explicit confirmation.
- Before final commit, display target region, byte count, and integrity value (checksum/hash when available).
- Preferred execution shape: preflight validation, stage payload, erase/program, verify, then commit/activate.
- Avoid in-place blind overwrite as the only strategy; preserve a recovery path.
- Self-update is fully covered by the non-changing mandate: any FLASH/vector mutation path (including module/transient load/activation) must assert critical indication and guard behavior.

## 9.11) Host Tooling Direction (Linux GNU C)

- Critical FLASH workflows are expected to have a Linux GNU C host path.
- Python helpers may exist for convenience, but they are not the required path for critical FLASH operations.
- Preferred host model: raw serial protocol wrappers in C with explicit timeout/error handling and deterministic status reporting.

## 10) Legal Notice

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