

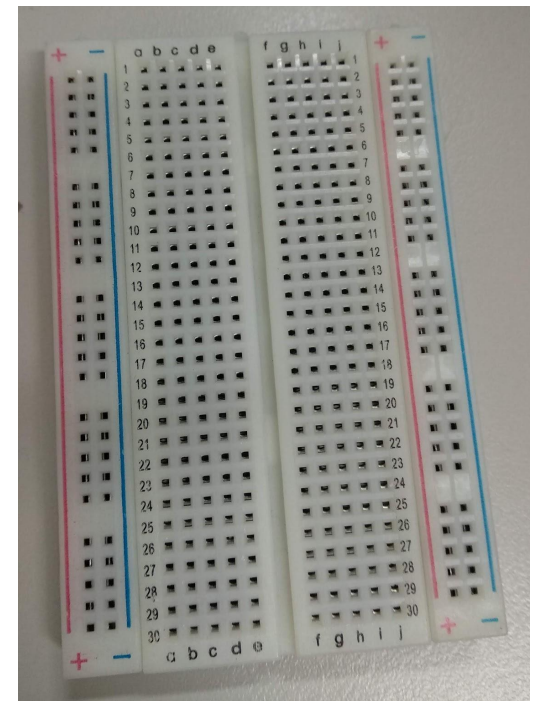
MPSL2018

Lab4-GPIO

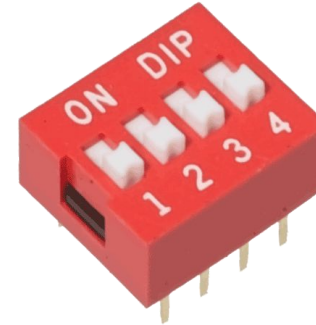
Components of lab

- Breadboard
- 4DIP Switch
- 1K Ω Network Resistor *1
- LED *4
- 220 Ω resistor *4

Breadboard



4 DIP Switch



1k Ω Network resistor



LED * 4



220 Ω resistor *4

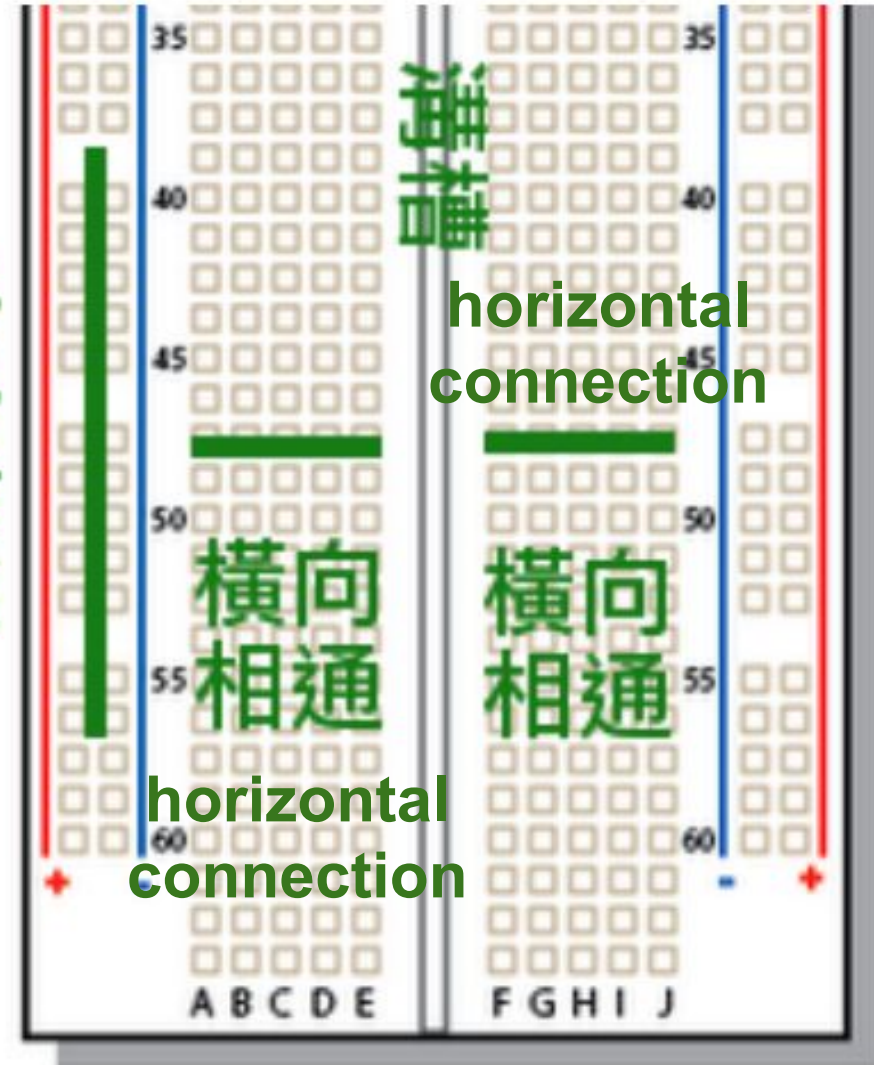


Breadboard

- Easy to connect electronic components
- Please be careful when plugging and unplugging

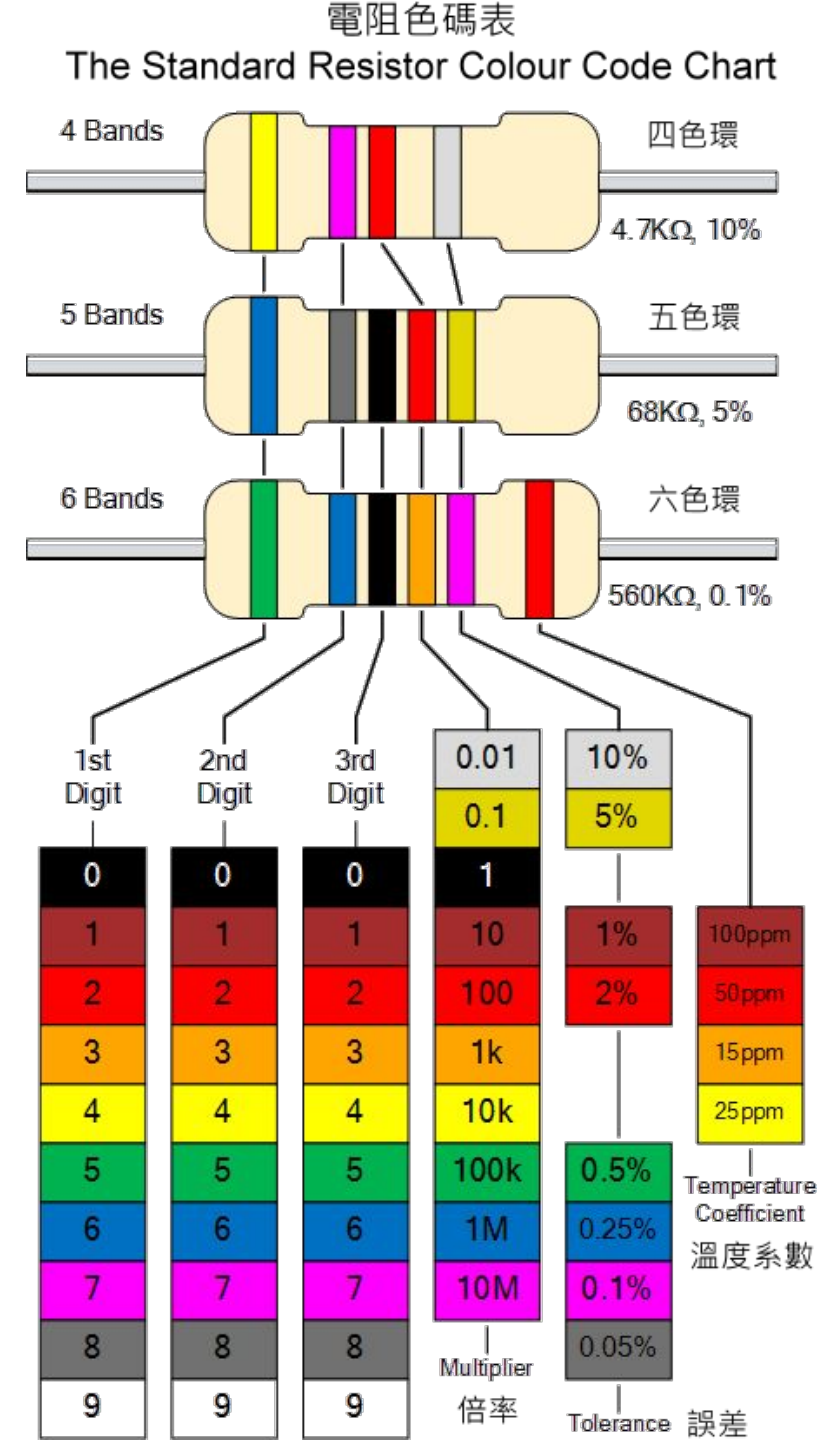
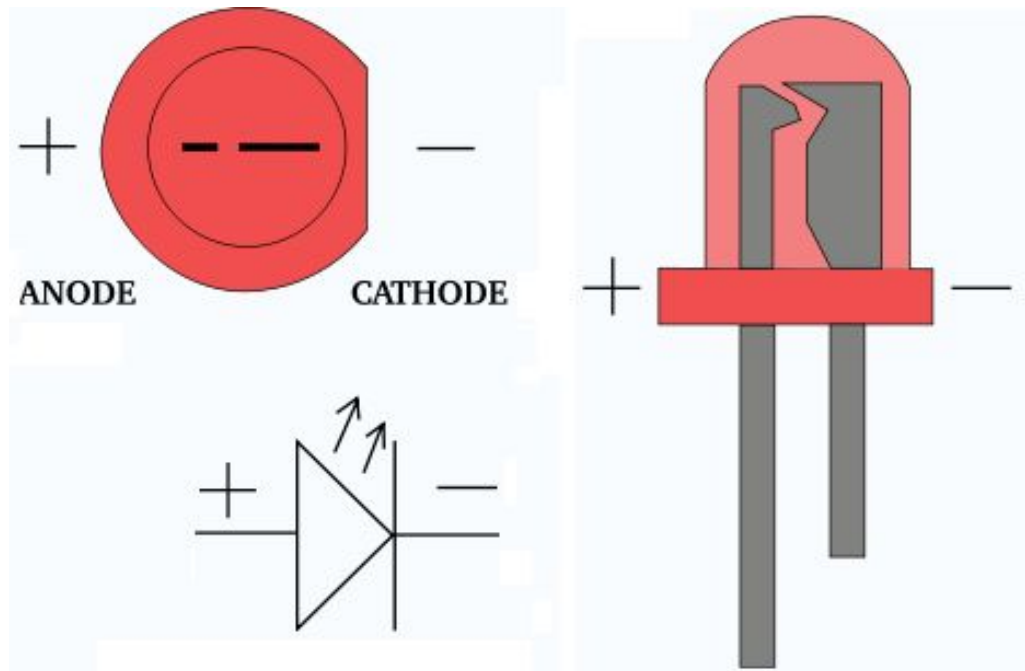
vertical
connec
tion

直向相通



Resistor and LED

- mark resistor value by colour code
- the long pin of LED is positive (+)

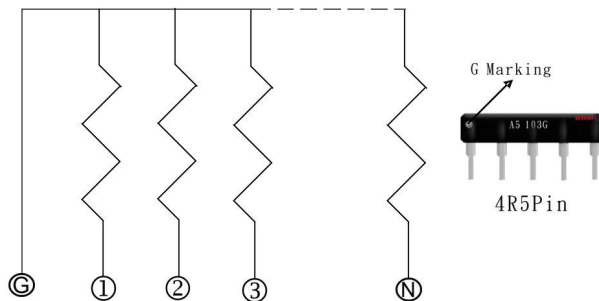


Network resistor 排列電阻

- many resistors in it
- mark resistor value by number, e.g : $102=10*10^2 = 1K \Omega$

network resistor naming			
circuit type	number of pins	resistor value	difference
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A : all resistors share one pin (leftmost)• B : each resistor has its own independent pin• ...	4 ~ 14	three-digital first and second digital are valid number and third digital is number of zero after valid number	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• F : $\pm 1\%$• G : $\pm 2\%$• J : $\pm 5\%$

直立式排列電阻 A 電路
Network Resistor Circuit - A Type

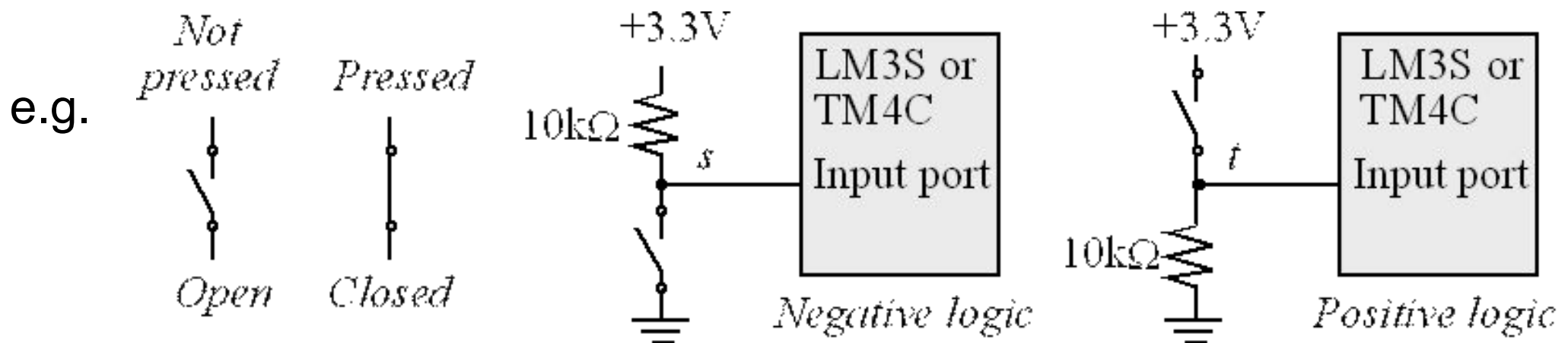


Our network resistor name is "A 102 J" , it is no number of pins.

But we can count it and know number of pins is nine.

Negative logic and Positive logic

- logic can mean to the logical level received by the CPU when a component "action" or "trigger"
- Positive logic or Active High
 - When component actions, CPU receives High level ("1")
- Negative logic or Active Low
 - When component actions, CPU receives Low level ("0")



Hardware Sketch

- <http://fritzing.org/>