REPORT

Zajęcia: Analog and digital electronic circuits Teacher: prof. dr hab. Vasyl Martsenyuk

Lab 8 12.04.2024

Topic: "FIR filtering"

Variant 2

Wiktor Merta Informatyka II stopień, stacjonarne, 1 semestr, Gr.2 **1. Problem statement:** The objective is to investigate FIR filtering technique for different parameters of filtering

2. Input data:

```
M = 2
```

$$b_0 = 1$$

$$b_1 = 1$$

$$b_2 = 2$$

3. Commands used (or GUI):

a) source code

Bode plot definition

```
def bode plot(b, N=2**10, fig=None): # we use this here for FIRs only
  if fig is None:
     fig = plt.figure()
  a = np.zeros(len(b)) # some scipy packages need len(a) == len(b)
  a[0] = 1
  z, p, gain = signal.tf2zpk(b, a)
  W, Hd = signal.freqz(b, a, N, whole=True)
  print('number of poles:', len(p), '\npole(s) at:', p,
      '\nnumber of zeros:', len(z), '\nzero(s) at:', z)
  gs = fig.add gridspec(2, 2)
  # magnitude
  ax1 = fig.add subplot(gs[0, 0])
  ax1.plot(W/np.pi, np.abs(Hd), "C0",
        label=r'\H(\Omega)',
        linewidth=2)
  ax1.set xlim(0, 2)
  ax1.set xticks(np.arange(0, 9)/4)
  ax1.set xlabel(r'$\Omega \,\/, \pi$', color='k')
```

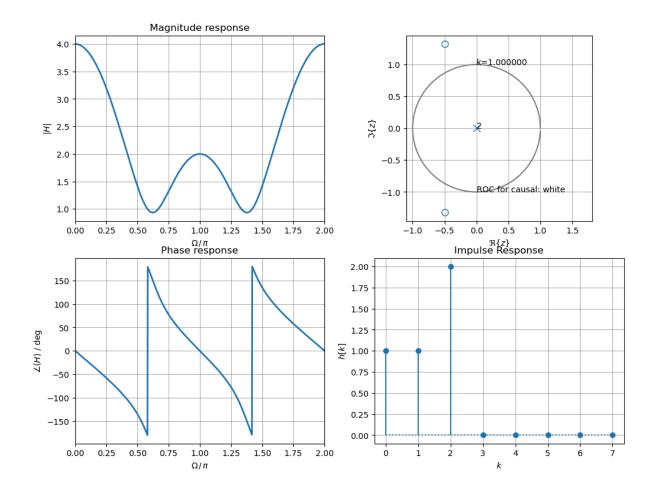
```
ax1.set ylabel(r'$|H|$', color='k')
ax1.set title("Magnitude response", color='k')
ax1.grid(True, which="both", axis="both",
     linestyle="-", linewidth=0.5, color='C7')
# phase
ax2 = fig.add subplot(gs[1, 0])
ax2.plot(W/np.pi, (np.angle(Hd)*180/np.pi), "C0",
     label=r'$\mathrm{angle}(H('r'\omega))$',
     linewidth=2)
ax2.set xlim(0, 2)
ax2.set xticks(np.arange(0, 9)/4)
ax2.set xlabel(r'$\Omega \,\\,\pi$', color='k')
ax2.set ylabel(r'$\angle(H)$ / deg', color='k')
ax2.set title("Phase response", color='k')
ax2.grid(True, which="both", axis="both",
     linestyle="-", linewidth=0.5, color='C7')
#zplane
ax3 = fig.add subplot(gs[0, 1])
zplane plot(ax3, z, p, gain)
# impulse response
N = 2**3 # here specially chosen for the examples below
k = np.arange(N)
x = np.zeros(N)
x[0] = 1 # create a Dirac
h = signal.lfilter(b, a, x)
ax4 = fig.add subplot(gs[1, 1])
ax4.stem(k, h, linefmt='C0', markerfmt='C0o',
     basefmt='C0:', use line collection=True)
ax4.set xlabel(r'$k$')
ax4.set ylabel(r'$h[k]$')
ax4.set title('Impulse Response')
ax4.grid(True, which="both", axis="both", linestyle="-",
     linewidth=0.5, color='C7')
```

Plotting result for given input parameters

b = [1, 1, 2] # linear phase FIR Type I, the zero in between counts as coeff bode_plot(b, fig=plt.figure(figsize=figsize))

https://github.com/wm64167/AADEC

4. Outcomes:



5. Conclusions:

In this FIR filtering lab, we investigated the impact of different filter parameters on the filter's response. By analyzing the magnitude response, poles, phase response, and impulse response for filters with parameters determined by our variants, we gained knowledge of the filter's behavior. This allows us to select appropriate FIR filters for specific signal processing applications.