Play-to-Earn Financial Betting Application

Individual Coursework for Software Engineering and Product Management (2767 words excluding Appendix)

Product Vision

| Vision: Gain more accura | ate financial insight into ca | pital markets | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Target Group: | Needs: | Product: | Business Goals: |
| Anyone who is directly | Gain more qualitive | A play-to-earn online Get access to insight | |
| involved in the capital | data about market | application that allows | knowledge from some |
| markets. | fluctuations through | users to place | of the most successful |
| e.g. Financial analysts, | successful players | predictions into market | players in the sector. |
| fund managers, traders | within the space. | fluctuations. A betting | |
| Customers could also | Provides a more | application built on top | |
| be investment banks | accurate data stream | of the prediction | |
| wanting to implement | about sentiment within | appliance to hedge | |
| competitive scoring in | financial institutions | your bets against other | |
| house. | about certain stocks | players with public | |
| | and companies | leader boards of who | |
| | | currently has the most | |
| | | accurate predictions of | |
| | | the markets. The | |
| | | betting money can be | |
| | | deposited individually | |
| | | or taken the of next | |
| | | years bonus | |
| Competitors: | Revenue Streams: | Cost Factors: | Channels: |
| Regular trading sites | Application of the data | Play to earn factor, | We will market to |
| i.e. eToro. | provided by the | development and | users as a competitive |
| Any internal products | prediction app for | upkeep of the | app to play against |
| firms may have for | investment into the | application. | peers within the firm |
| competitive prediction. | capital market. | | and industry whilst |
| | Commission taken on | | earning tokens for |
| | the betting app, | | playing. Also give them |
| | | | access to the betting |
| | | | application |

Project Management

The project management of this application has primarily been implemented in Trello. Within Trello, we have created a TODO checklist that can be slowly worked through to achieve the completion of this report. The TODO checklist gives us a more high-level management style for this project with some of the tasks on the checklist being substantial. Considering the time we have on this project our main objective is to deliver a MVP to a user that can be deployed on the cloud, this has lead to restructuring of our priorities to deliver a product that works, albeit skinny on features. For our app implementation, we

have used different lists within Trello to define the different development stages. The most obvious is our backlog, the backlog contains a list of cards that have user stories and Epics within that can allow us to begin implementing the features. When we want to implement a feature we move a card from the backlog into our 'Cards in Sprint' list where we will implement the features all at once in a coding sprint. We have used the MOSCOW technique within Trello using labels to define the importance of a feature, with our 'Must Have's being the features that allow us to have a minimal viable product to launch. We have aimed to complete all must and should 'haves' within our development, however, our designs change over time, especially when taking an agile approach to our development. Furthermore, as we develop our features over time more requirements have arisen that have fractured the initial work plan with our initial time estimations being significantly off the mark. An example of this is the backend development on AWS, seeming as we have very little experience in AWS we have had to adapt our timeline to sufficiently implement the minimal required technological support needed for our app.

Requirements Gathering

As we have no 'client' I will be acting as our client for the requirements gathering. This has its benefits as I can personalise the application to my tastes however getting real time feedback, which is essential for agile software development, has proven a challenge with no client. The following functional and non-functional requirements are required to create a commercial product.

Functional Requirements:

- User shall be able to register and login to the system using email and password credentials
- Users must be able to create a profile containing relevant information
- User must be able to place multiple predictions on financial securities
- Users must be able to view their predictions
- The system must display leader boards of the most successful users predictions score
- System must calculate how well a user predicted a future price of security and add it
- Users can place bets on their predictions for monetary gain
- Users can link their bank accounts to the application for withdrawal and depositing of monies
- User credentials must be stored in secure location

Non-Functional Requirements:

- System should be hosted on the cloud
- User predictions should be securely stored
- Application should run in under 2s
- Application framework should be scalable to add more features
- Application should be accessed from all web devices
- System backend should be capable to handling up to 1000 concurrent users on deployment
- System should be able to handle 10000 concurrent users by the end of the first year of deployment
- Application shouldn't have geolocational restrictions to access

- System should be ready for integration into investment banking frameworks
- System should comply with any and all local laws regarding finance and the relation it has with our product

Our user stories are implemented in Trello as outlined in our project management section. Each card that contains user stories also contains an overview of the feature to be implemented, the business motivation behind the feature, time estimation of how long I think it will take to implement to the system and the MOSCOW importance scale. Here is the link to the Trello Document with all user stories:

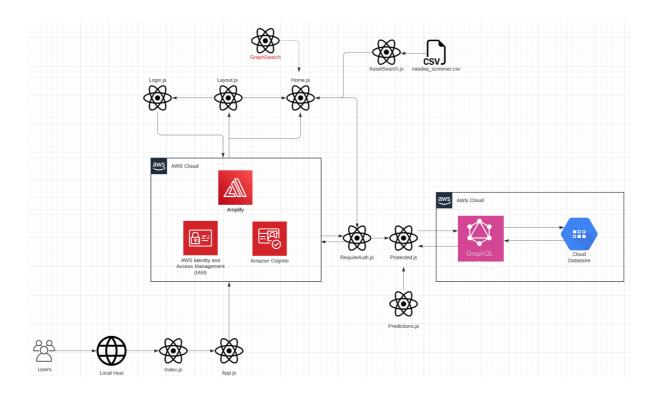
https://trello.com/b/cp17wOrt/product-roadmap-ucl-wm User Stories are also printed in appendix should link not work.

Analysis and Design

The analysis and design section of this report will focus on the data flow of the application. As we have chosen to use AWS as our backend with AWS Amplify as our front end this has allowed more automation within the AWS system and multiple features of AWS have been touched upon. Furthermore we use node and react.js for our front end and import ui-components from our Amplify folder stored locally.

Design Explanation

When we run our application our index.js file routes to the App function in App.js. Our index.js also configures our AWS exports through Amplify. The App.js file has two functions within it, MyRoutes and App. The App function calls the MyRoutes function whilst encapsulated in an Authenticator. The MyRoutes function is our main function that we use for routing to different react pages. To explain more clearly, users who are not logged in still have access to certain pages like the home page. However they don't have access to a protected page which holds the users personal data, in this case their stock predictions. Layout.js defines our nav bar with different buttons that are used to navigate to different pages. If a user tries to select their profile page and they are not logged in they will be redirected to a login authentication page. We use Amplify's Authentication Boilerplate code with some adjustments for our login and register functions. Once a user is logged in they have access to the My Profile page, Protected.js. This page interacts with our AWS server to retrieve information about their predictions they have made, the predictions are stored in a DataStore in AWS that is routed from a GraphQL table. A form is also available to input new predictions and once submitted it interacts with the DataStore to create new information.



Analysis of Framework

The framework we have designed is overkill for our product we have created, however it has been design with further expansion in mind. The AWS cloud framework and IAM management will allow us to have multiple users logging in and out simultaneously as well as accessing the data within the DataStore without a problem. Furthermore it allows each of our users to make predictions and update the DataStore with their own information accessed only by them. In retrospect my page flow and design could be cleaned up and will be in further design iterations however the current framework delivers an MVP to a client and it satisfies the major user requirements.

Design of Front End

The design of the front end was done in Figma, with my designs starting in low fidelity wireframes completed on my iPad then taking one design further into a high fidelity prototype of what I would like my end product to look like. All designs are annotated in the Appendix. My high fidelity design encapsulates what a polished finished product would look like with all my user stories completed which is highly unlikely. With my very limited front end development background there is a good chance I will begin to design the prototype according to one of my low fidelity designs with adaptability and portability in mind to change the design as more stories are developed. Figma links are:

https://www.figma.com/community/file/1192448357652023573 https://www.figma.com/community/file/1192448582236683542

Prototype and Implementation

In this section I am going to dive deeper into the content that is delivered in the prototype code. Our two main pages that we can access are the home page and the profile page, we will also touch upon the login and register forms as well. The home page delivers

available stocks a user can look up with scrolling list of over 8000 stocks, these stocks and their stock symbols are stored within a csv file. When the page loads the prototype parses these stocks into a table within a scrolling view. Furthermore, the user can search for a stock of their choosing, provided it is with the CSV file. This works by using hooks within the prototype and when a user begins to search for a stock the table automatically updates upon change showing only stocks that the user is searching for. The next section of the home page is not fully implemented, this is due to time restriction and primarily my stock API that I was using, the same API that provided the csv file of stocks available, requires that I pay for the subscription and when testing the prototype I ran out of credits. The stock API I was using was https://site.financialmodelingprep.com/developer/docs/stock-api/. This was an unfortunate development however being an agile development project I decided to move on and try different implementations. However, the code is still available in GraphSearch.js. Within the homepage, below the stock search, is an input box that requires the user to input a stock symbol of their choosing. When the user submits their stock symbol via the submit button the prototype redirects to the GraphSearch.js script. This script creates an API request to retrieve stock data about the stock they have inputted. Throughout my development process of this prototype I designed several different ways to implement this functionality, my initial design is to have buttons embedded in the scroll view table that when clicked would retrieve the information about the given stock. This however, I later learned, was not efficient on the client side as it would take time to load in every button and lag occurred. I opted out of this idea and instead chose our search field. My next challenge was to convert this data pulled from the API into a graph using reactgraphs, I was unable to do this and decided it is not of high enough importance and would be implemented in the next iteration.

To access the profile page you must log in. The login forms were provided by Amplify and I used an amplify tutorial to import them into my prototype. The forms are directly liked to Amplify IAM and when logged in the user has access to the profile page. On the backend once a user is created AWS requires them to confirm their email they used and all users can be seen by the root user.

Once logged in the profile page displays a welcome message by pulling the current authenticated users data and placing it inside a hook. This hook then displays the message in the return section. The create prediction form was designed in Amplify console, AWS user interface to help with all things backend. I created a GraphQL table with the prediction information I wanted to store and subsequently linked this to a datastore. I chose to use datastore not a DynamoDB due to datastore allowing me to directly link a UI form with my GraphQL table. Furthermore access to the GraphQL API was through API keys. The ability to link both form and table allowed me to focus more on other aspects of the prototype and not worry about backend development and coding where I have no experience bar the AWS tutorial. I imported the form into my front end and added it to my Protected.js script. Once a user submits a prediction form the data is displayed on the other side of the page. This required me to create a request query to access the users data in the datastore and subsequently create a hook and parse that data into a table component on my UI.

Although this satisfies the minimal requirements there is error handling that needs to be implemented in further development. Currently on the subscription form a user can chose when they make the prediction. This should be the current time not a time of the users choosing. Furthermore there is no scoring system implemented for the predictions. Links:

https://github.com/wmacpherson/amplify-apphttps://main.d1lfplbomztxo6.amplifyapp.com/

Testing

My main testing strategy was to do unit testing as I developed the application. This is primarily due to my lack of experience in front end development and unit testing allowed me to test as I went along to make sure that the prototype had core functionality. This ranged from doing simple console.log commands for making sure variables had been correctly hooked, or data had successfully been retrieved from API's. You will find in my code there are instances where I have left console.log commands in to show developers of the status of a feature, in the Protected.js script I log the message from the authentication. In Graph Search.js I log a 'running' message to confirm the submission of a form. Furthermore for external sources there is error handling within the code, for API's this is especially important as the user may be unaware that the API request has failed or that the application keeps crashing due to failed API requests. In the Predicitons.js script there are try and catch handling for requesting data from the GraphQL API and in the Graph Search.js script there is also an if statement questioning if an error was thrown. I have not coded specific test for all my functions as there are obvious flaws that are due to other features not implemented yet, as an example we can't see the leaderboard as of yet or the scoring system so until that is implemented we cannot amend the issues with the predictions date system outlined in our Implementation section above.

When I have sufficiently programmed the application to a point nearing deployment, I would like to use the AWS provided Cypress tests on my application. As it is an Amplify app the Cypress testing system will allow me to design and run end-to-end tests from the Amplify console. This would allow me to test how the application runs as a whole and not just individual components that you get with unit testing. Cypress tests would allow me to test the login flow as well as the data flow from client to server when regarding predictions.

Future Iterations

Touched upon briefly in this report the future iterations of this project are expansive. Within Trello you can see future ideas to add the product, i.e. blockchain implementation of a play-to-earn scheme, NLP algorithms quantifying user scores and their prediction reasoning. In the short term however, there are key feature implementations that would take this product towards commercial deployment. In the next iteration I would like to add the scoring system to the product that allows users to get rewarded for their predictions, furthermore I would like to add the leaderboard to the main page that displays the public scores of certain users. I believe both the leaderboard and scoring system would provide the competitive aspect to the product that would attract customers to the application as outlined in my product vision. Moreover some basic clean-up of the code is required, i.e. distinction between components and pages, and completing the implementation of the graph search using a credible API. This brings me to the current cost of the application. As it is not deployed commercially AWS is not charging me for their services as of yet furthermore all my research on stock API's has told me to create a commercial product I will need to pay for that data.

Appendix

Trello

https://trello.com/b/cp17wOrt/product-roadmap-ucl-wm

User Stories as Text:

Login and Register Page

###Overview of the feature

Create an initial login and registration page for our application

###Business motivation

We need to give people access to our app and have the first level of security. We also need to identify who is using our app so we can begin to build a database of users and build more features later on

###User stories

As a customer, I want to be able to login so that I can gain access to the app

As a customer, I want to be able to register so that I can create an account personalised to me

As a customer, I want to add my firm, names, and position to my account so that it reflects my position when shown to the public

Time Estimation

4 days

View My Predictions

###Overview of the feature

View all my past and present predictions

###Business motivation

Allowing the users to look at their past predictions helps to gauge their own involvement in the application as well as reminding them of the predictions they have made ###User stories

As a customer, I want to see all my past predicitons so that I can see how well I have historically performed on certain asset classes

As a customer, I want to see the predictions I have made for the future so I can track how successful I think I am going to be.

Time Estimation

3 days

Make A Prediction

###Overview of the feature

Allow the user to make a prediction of the price of a security.

###Business motivation

This prediction mechanic is a core feature of the play to earn design of the application. ###User stories

As a customer, I want to make a prediction on the price of a security so that I can get a higher prediction score

As a customer, I want to give a reason for my prediction of a security price so I get extra credit when my predictions are correct.

Time Estimation

3 days

Create the Dashboard

###Overview of the feature

A dashboard is presented to the user when logged in. This is the home page which all our other features will grow from.

###Business motivation

The dashboard is the most crucial feature of our application. This is the home page and is the core of our application

###User stories

As a customer, I want to see a home page so that I can explore new features and view past actions

As a customer, I want to see financial markets so that I can think of different financial predictions I will make

As a customer, I want to see my prediction score so I know how accurate my predictions have been

Time Estimation

4 days

Update the Prediction Score

###Overview of the feature

Updates the prediction score of a user when a prediction of a future bet has reached maturity

###Business motivation

A feature that shows how well a user is performing can be used for the leaderboard ###User stories

As a user, I want my prediction score best represent my prediction performance so I can move up the public leaderboard

As a user, I want to show off my prediction score to peers so that I can boast about how good I am at predicting financial markets

Time Estimation

1 days

View the Leaderboard

###Overview of the feature

A leaderboard of all the users prediction scores

###Business motivation

A leaderboard adds a competitive aspect to the prediction mechanic motivating people to make predictions

###User stories

As a customer, I want to see who is the best at making market predictions so that I have a benchmark to beat.

Time Estimation

1/2 days

Change Account Details

###Overview of the feature

Allow access to change the account details of a user.

###Business motivation

If a user changes job, name, etc. the application should have the most up to date information about them. It should also allow users to set whether their information is public or private

###User stories

As a customer, I want to change my job title as I have changed jobs recently As a customer, I want to change my viewing status to private so nobody can see my prediction score.

If I change my status to private I cannot make bets on predictions or see other people's prediction scores.

Time Estimation

2 days

Link Bank Account

###Overview of the feature

Linking a bank account to the users account

###Business motivation

Adding a removing money for the betting mechanic

###User stories / Jobs To Be Done

As a user, I want to add a bank account so I can remove money from my account to fund bets and cash out on my bets

Time Estimation

2 days

Place a bet on prediction

###Overview of the feature

Users can place real money bets on predictions they make based on automatically generated odds

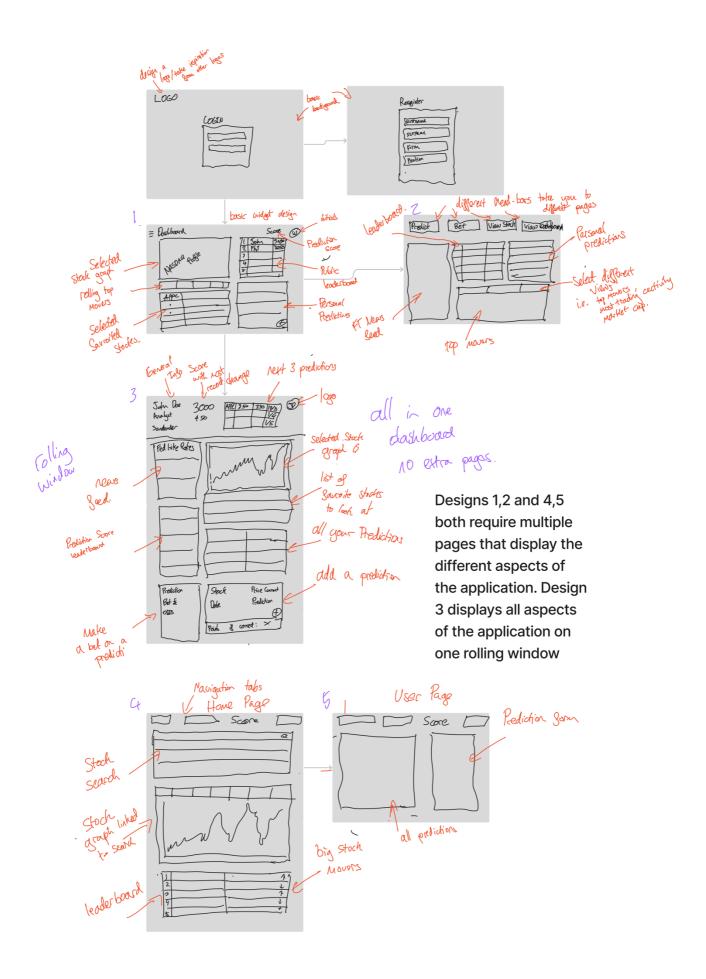
###Business motivation

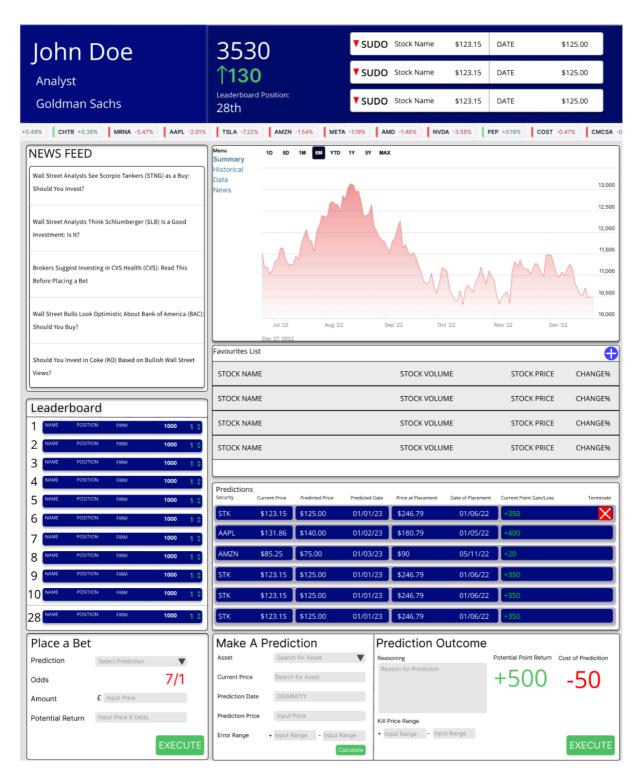
Allowing users to place bets creates a revenue stream for the application ###User stories / Jobs To Be Done

As a user, I want to be able to place a bet on a prediction I have made so that I can make money when my prediction is correct.

Time Estimation

3 days





Code, full code is also available on GitHub

https://github.com/wmacpherson/amplify-app

./components/Asset_Search.js

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { Card, ScrollView, TextField, Table, TableHead, TableCell, TableRow,
TableFoot} from '@aws-amplify/ui-react';
import * as Papa from 'papaparse';
import "../css/Asset_Search.css"
```

```
import { GraphSearch } from './Graph_Search';
function Asset Search(){
    const [items, setItems] = useState([]);
    const [q, setQ] = useState("");
    const [searchParam] = useState(["Name", "Symbol"]);
    useEffect(() => {
        fetch( './nasdaq_screener.csv' )
        .then( response => response.text() )
        .then( responseText => {
            Papa.parse(responseText, {
                    header: true,
                    complete: results => {
                    setItems(results.data)
                },
            });
       });
    }, []);
    function search(items) {
        return items.filter((item) => {
            return searchParam.some((newItem) => {
                    item[newItem]
                        .toString()
                        .toLowerCase()
                        .indexOf(q.toLowerCase()) > -1
                );
            });
        });
        <Card variation="elevated">
                <label htmlFor="search-form">
                    <TextField
                        type="search"
                        name="search-form"
                        id="search-form"
                        className="search-input"
                        placeholder="Search for Stocks..."
                        value={q}
                        onChange={(e) => setQ(e.target.value)}
                    />
                </label>
            </div>
                <ScrollView className="my-scrollview" >
                <Table caption="" highlightOnHover={true} variation="elevated">
                    <TableHead>
                        <TableRow>
```

```
<TableCell as="th">Symbol</TableCell>
                       <TableCell as="th">Name</TableCell>
                        </TableRow>
                   </TableHead>
                    {search(items).map((item)=> (
                        <TableRow>
                            <TableCell width={"100px"}>{item.Symbol}</TableCell>
                            <TableCell>{item.Name}</TableCell>
                        </TableRow>
                   ))}
                   <TableFoot></TableFoot>
               </Table>
               </ScrollView>
           <GraphSearch />
       </Card>
   );
   }
export default Asset_Search
```

./components/Protected.js

```
import { useAuthenticator, Flex, Heading, Grid, Divider, Card } from '@aws-
amplify/ui-react';
import { Auth } from 'aws-amplify';
import React, { useState } from 'react';
import { Predicition} from '../ui-components';
import {ShowPredictions} from './Predictions'
import "../css/Protected.css"
export function Protected() {
 const [currentUser, setUser] = useState("");
 const { route } = useAuthenticator((context) => [context.route]);
  const message =
    route === 'authenticated' ? 'Your Profile' : 'Loading...';
  console.log(message)
  Auth.currentAuthenticatedUser({
    bypassCache: false
    })
      .then((user) => {
        setUser(user.username);
        console.log(user.username);
    })
    <Grid>
      <Heading level={2} row={1}>
       Your Profile
      </Heading>
      <Heading level={3} column={1} row={2}> Welcome {currentUser}/Heading>
      <Heading level={5} column={1} row={3}> View your Predictions Below/Heading>
      <Heading level={5} column={2} row={3}> Make a Prediction</Heading>
```

./components/Predicitions.js

```
import { Card, Table, TableCell, TableHead, TableRow, TableFoot } from "@aws-
amplify/ui-react";
import { DataStore } from '@aws-amplify/datastore';
import { Prediction } from '../models';
import React, { useState } from 'react';
export function ShowPredictions(){
    const [items, setItems] = useState([]);
    async function GetPredictions(){
            const posts = await DataStore.query(Prediction);
            setItems(posts)
          } catch (error) {
            console.log("Error retrieving posts", error);
    GetPredictions()
        <Card className="prediciton-card">
            <Table variation="elevated">
                <TableHead>
                    <TableRow>
                        <TableCell>Stock Name</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>Stock Symbol</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>Initial Price</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>Initial Date</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>Prediciton Price</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>Prediciton Date/TableCell>
                    </TableRow>
                </TableHead>
                {items.map((data, key) => (
                    <TableRow key={key}>
                        <TableCell>{data.stock} </TableCell>
                        <TableCell>{data.stock_ticker}</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>{data.initial_price}</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>{data.initial_date}</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>{data.prediction_price}</TableCell>
                        <TableCell>{data.prediction_date}</TableCell>
                    </TableRow>
```

```
))}
<TableFoot></TableFoot>
</Table>
</Card>
)
```

./components/Login.js

```
import { useEffect } from "react";
import { Authenticator, useAuthenticator, View } from '@aws-amplify/ui-react';
import '@aws-amplify/ui-react/styles.css';
import { useNavigate, useLocation } from 'react-router';
export function Login() {
 const formFields = {
   signUp: {
     username: {
        placeholder: 'Enter Your Username Here',
       isRequired: true,
       label: 'Username:'
     },
     firm: {
        placeholder: 'Enter Your Firm Name',
       isRequired: false,
       label: 'Firm',
     job: {
        placeholder: 'Enter your Position within the Firm',
       isRequired: false,
        lable: 'Job',
      }
   },
 const { route } = useAuthenticator((context) => [context.route]);
 const location = useLocation();
 const navigate = useNavigate();
 let from = location.state?.from?.pathname || '/';
 useEffect(() => {
   if (route === 'authenticated') {
     navigate(from, { replace: true });
 }, [route, navigate, from]);
   <View className="auth-wrapper">
      <Authenticator formFields={formFields}></Authenticator>
   </View>
  );
```

```
import React from 'react';
import { Outlet, useNavigate } from 'react-router-dom';
import { useAuthenticator, Button, View} from '@aws-amplify/ui-react';
import '../css/layout.css';
export function Layout() {
 const { route, signOut } = useAuthenticator((context) => [
   context.route,
   context.signOut,
 const navigate = useNavigate();
  function logOut() {
   signOut();
   navigate('/login');
    <>
        <Button row={1}column={1} onClick={() => navigate(',')}>Home/Button>
       <Button row={1}column={2} onClick={() => navigate('/protected')}>
       Your Profile
       </Button>
        {route !== 'authenticated' ? (
        <Button row={1}column={10} onClick={() =>
navigate('/login')}>Login</Button>
       <Button row={1}column={10} onClick={() => logOut()}>Logout
        <View row={1}column={9}>
        {route === 'authenticated' ? 'You are logged in!' : 'Please Login!'}
     </View>
     </nav>
     <Outlet />
    </>
  );
```

./components/Home.js

```
orientation="horizontal"
    row={2}/>
    <Card row={3}>
        <Heading level={5}>Stock Search</Heading>
        <Asset_Search />
        </Card>
        </Grid>
);
}
```

./components/Graph Search.js:

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
import { TextField, Button, Grid, Card, Tabs, TabItem } from '@aws-amplify/ui-
react';
import "../css/Asset_Search.css"
import axios from 'axios'
export function GraphSearch(){
    var stockData
    const [symbol, setSymbol] = useState("");
    const [error, setError] = useState(null);
    const handleSubmit = (event) => {
        event.preventDefault();
        console.log("running")
        console.log(symbol)
axios('https://query1.finance.yahoo.com/v10/finance/quoteSummary/'+symbol+'?modules
=earningsHistory')
            .then((response) => {
                stockData=(response.data);
                setError(null);
            })
            .then(setSymbol(""))
            .then(console.log(stockData))
            .catch(setError);
        if (error) return An error occurred
        return({stockData})
       <Grid>
        <form onSubmit={handleSubmit} >
            <label>Retrieve Stock Data:</label>
            <TextField variation="elevated"</pre>
                type="text"
                placeholder="Input Stock Symbol as defined above..."
                value={symbol}
                onChange={(e) => setSymbol(e.target.value)}
```

```
/>
    <Button type='submit'>Load Stock Data/Button>
</form>
<Card className='stock-img' variation="elevated">
<Tabs
justifyContent="flex-start">
<TabItem title="Day">
    Display Daily Data
</TabItem>
<TabItem title="Month">
    Display Monthly Data
</TabItem>
<TabItem title="Year">
    Display Yearly Data
</TabItem>
</Tabs>
</Card>
</Grid>
```

./components/Asset Search.js:

```
import React, { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import { Card, ScrollView, TextField, Table, TableHead, TableCell, TableRow,
TableFoot} from '@aws-amplify/ui-react';
import * as Papa from 'papaparse';
import "../css/Asset_Search.css"
import { GraphSearch } from './Graph_Search';
function Asset_Search(){
    const [items, setItems] = useState([]);
    const [q, setQ] = useState("");
    const [searchParam] = useState(["Name", "Symbol"]);
    useEffect(() => {
        fetch( './nasdaq_screener.csv' )
        .then( response => response.text() )
        .then( responseText => {
            Papa.parse(responseText, {
                    header: true,
                    complete: results => {
                    setItems(results.data)
                },
            });
        });
    }, []);
    function search(items) {
        return items.filter((item) => {
            return searchParam.some((newItem) => {
```

```
item[newItem]
                       .toString()
                       toLowerCase()
                       indexOf(q.toLowerCase()) > -1
               );
           });
       });
       <Card variation="elevated">
               <label htmlFor="search-form">
                   <TextField
                       type="search"
                       name="search-form"
                       id="search-form"
                       className="search-input"
                       placeholder="Search for Stocks..."
                       value={q}
                       onChange={(e) => setQ(e.target.value)}
                   />
           </div>
               <ScrollView className="my-scrollview" >
               <Table caption="" highlightOnHover={true} variation="elevated">
                   <TableHead>
                       <TableRow>
                       <TableCell as="th">Symbol</TableCell>
                       <TableCell as="th">Name</TableCell>
                       </TableRow>
                   </TableHead>
                   {search(items).map((item)=> (
                       <TableRow>
                           <TableCell width={"100px"}>{item.Symbol}</TableCell>
                           <TableCell>{item.Name}</TableCell>
                       </TableRow>
                   ))}
                   <TableFoot></TableFoot>
               </Table>
               </ScrollView>
           <GraphSearch />
       </Card>
   );
export default Asset Search
```

Index.js:

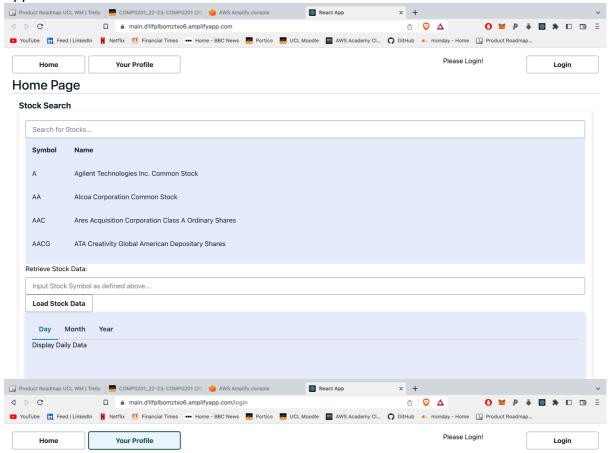
```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom/client';
import './css/index.css';
```

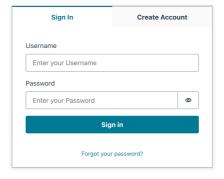
App.js:

```
import { Authenticator } from '@aws-amplify/ui-react';
import { Protected } from './components/Protected';
import { RequireAuth } from './RequireAuth';
import { Login } from './components/Login';
import { Home } from './components/Home';
import { Layout } from './components/Layout';
import { BrowserRouter, Routes, Route } from 'react-router-dom';
import './css/App.css';
function MyRoutes() {
   <BrowserRouter>
      <Routes>
       <Route path="/" element={<Layout />}>
          <Route index element={<Home />} />
          <Route
            path="/protected"
            element={
              <RequireAuth>
                <Protected />
              </RequireAuth>
          />
          <Route path="/login" element={<Login />} />
        </Route>
      </Routes>
    </BrowserRouter>
  );
function App() {
```

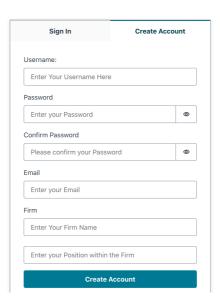
```
<Authenticator.Provider>
     <MyRoutes />
     </Authenticator.Provider>
   );
}
export default App;
```

App views if code doesn't run











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| your Predictions E | elow | | | | | Make a Prediction |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
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| Apple Common Stock | AFLL | 175 | 2022-02-03113.22.00.0002 | | | dd/mm/yyyy,: |
| Test Stock | TEST | 100 | 2023-01-03T22:00:00.000Z | | | Predicition price |
| Test Stock | TEST | 100 | 2023-01-03T22:00:00.000Z | | | |
| Test Stock | TEST | 100 | 2023-01-03T22:00:00.000Z | | | Predicition date |
| Test Stock | TEST | 100 | 2023-01-03T22:00:00.000Z | | | dd/mm/yyyy,: |
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| Test Stock | TEST | 100 | 2023-01-03T22:00:00.000Z | | | |
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| | | | | | | 0 |
| | | | | | | Negative kill error |

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