### **LABORATORIES 2**

# **Doubly Circular Linked List**

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#### 1. FILES

```
-| include
--- DLR.hpp
-| src
--- main.cpp
--- tests.cpp
```

File DLR.hpp contains Ring class with class Iterator and their methods and operators implementations . In addition,the file contains implementation of function **split**. **Tests.cpp** keeps tests of class methods( declaration and implementation) . **Main.cpp** is using to perform testing methods.

#### 2. RING CLASS

```
template <typename Key>
class Ring {

protected:
    struct Node{
        Key key;
        Node* next;
        Node* prev;
    };
    int count = 0;
    Node* any;
```

Ring class is the most important part of program. It contains the structure called node.

Furthermore, class has number of nodes (int count), pointer to any node (Node\* any). Nodes are dynamically allocated.

Below, we can see the methods, constructors and operators of sequence: Private part of methods:

```
//Adding node with some Key& , after Node* curr
bool pushNode(Node* curr, const Key&);
//Return node with the Key , if valid notes is on ring.
Node* getByKey(const Key&);
```

#### Public part of methods:

```
CONSTRUCTORS
Ring();
Ring(const Ring<Key>&);
~Ring();
  BASIC METHODS
        */
bool isEmpty() const;
int length() const;
void initialize();
//Checking that node with key k exist in the ring
bool foundByKey(const Key& k);
/* += , = operators, method copy otherRing */
void copyRing(const Ring<Key>&);
const Ring& operator=(const Ring<Key>&);
const Ring& operator+=(const Ring<Key>&);
//Insert before any, and any becomes new node
void pushBefore(const Key&);
//Insert after any, and any becomes new node
void pushAfter(const Key&);
//Insert before any, but any is still the same as before operation
void pushBack(const Key&);
//Deleting first node (any)
void popFront();
//Deleting any->prev
void popBack();
//Deleting node with Key k
void popByKey(const Key &k);
//Destroying whole ring
void destroyRing();
void print() const;
    OTHER METHODS
void randNodes(int number);
```

## Description of unusual method:

 void randNodes(int number) – the method is used to test program. It creates number of random Node<int> with value key generated from range 1 to 100 and then it adds its to the ring.

#### 3. Split function

The function is contained in DLR.hpp. It takes three rings as parameters. Additional it takes two boolean variables and two integers.

```
template <typename Key>
void split(const Ring<Key>& src, Ring<Key>& r1, bool dir1, int len1, Ring<Key>& r2, bool dir2, int len2){
    if(!src.isEmpty()){
        typename Ring<Key>::Iterator it1 = src.begin();
        typename Ring<Key>::Iterator it2 = it1+1;
        r1.initialize();
        r2.initialize();
        while(len1>0){
            dir1 ? r1.pushBack(*(it1)) : r2.pushBack(*(it1));
            dir1 ? it1 = it1 + 2 : it1 = it1 - 2;
            len1--;
        }

        while(len2>0){
            dir2 ? r2.pushBack(*(it2)) : r2.pushBack(*(it2));
            dir2 ? it2 = it2 + 2 : it2 = it2 - 2;
            len2--;
        }
    }
}
```

```
src, r1, r2 - ring
dir1,dir2 - direction: clockwise(true) or counter-clockwise(false)
len1, len2 - number of nodes for each sequence
```

Split function builds two rings which are a combination of source ring (src).

#### 4. Tests

```
//Normal and reverse printing list!
void printingTest();
//Adding to front, to back , after any node and randomly
void addingTest();
//Function split test
void splitTest();
//Deleting any, any->prev, and by key
void deletingTest();
//Size testing
void sizeTest();
//Assigment operator test
void assigmentTest();
//Overloading operator test
void overloadingTest();
```

I created few tests to check proper functional of class methods. **Key** is **integer**, and nodes are generating randomly by method **randNodes**.