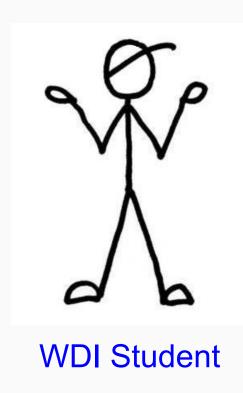
# REST APIs

Ryan Henning

- Application Programming Interface (API)
- What makes a good API?
- REST APIs
- Steps to build a REST API: (one sprint-worth of steps)
  - Gather requirements
  - b. Build and deploy a mock API
  - c. Validate the mock API
  - d. Build and deploy the real API
  - e. Validate & verify the real API
- Demo: Text Sentiment REST API





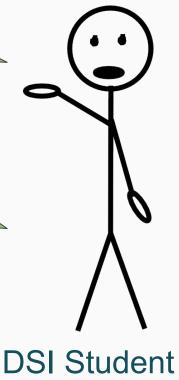
Yo, let's collaborate!

Okay! Do you know Python?

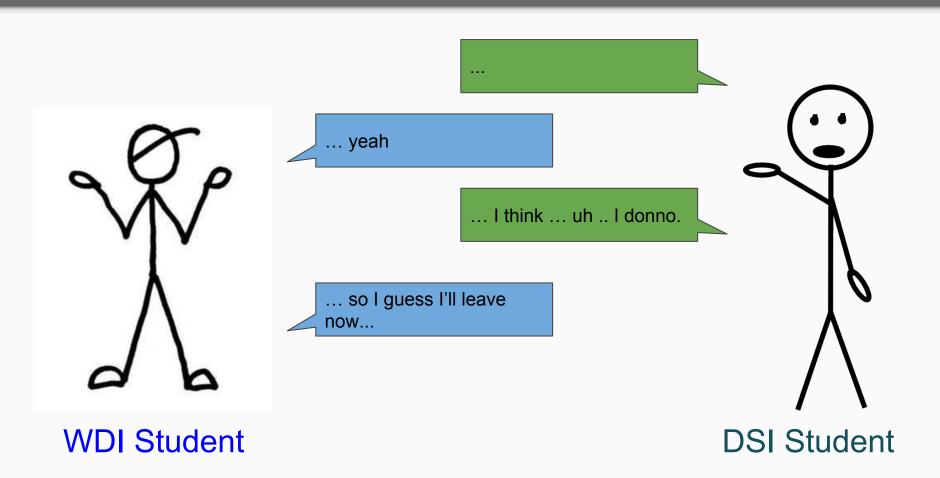
Nope! Do you know JavaScript?

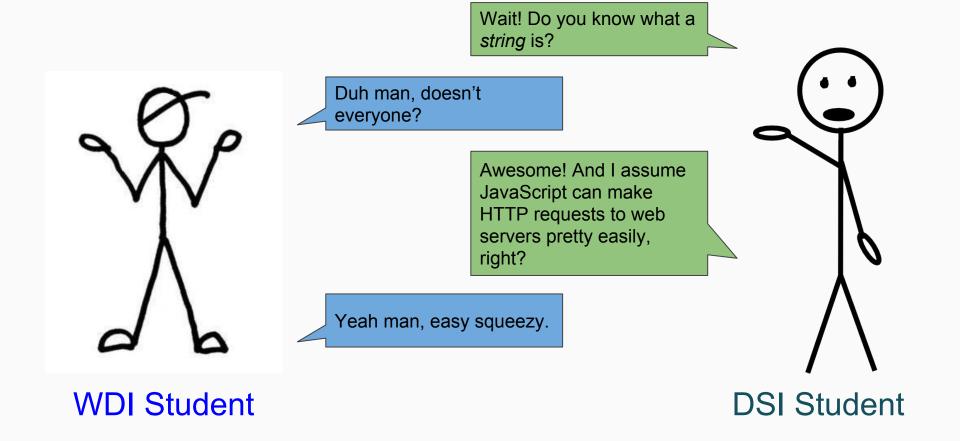
Nope, but all the cool DS stuff is in Python, so we must use Python.

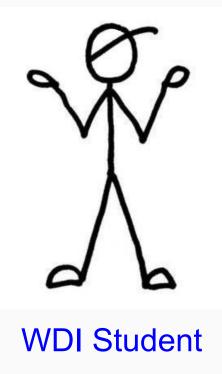
No man, to build front-ends you gotta use JavaScript... so we gotta use JavaScript, man.





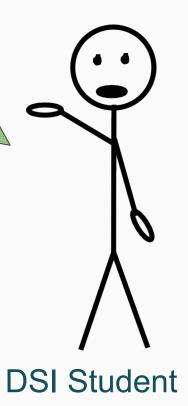


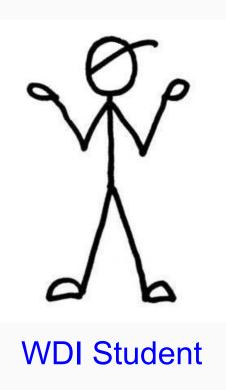




Okay cool. I have an idea. What if your front-end just sends HTTP requests to a web server that I write in Python. You can send me strings and I'll return strings back to you. Our code can talk that way!

Rad. For those strings we pass back-and-forth, we should pick a format to use so that our code can parse them easily. Have you ever heard of JSON? We use that string format a lot...



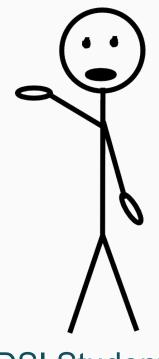


Yeah, there's a json module in Python I've used before.

Sweeeeet.

I bet this will work! Yeah, basically we will have your web app and my python app communicate via JSON strings over HTTP, seems simple enough!

Dude, I think we just invented the REST API.



**DSI Student** 

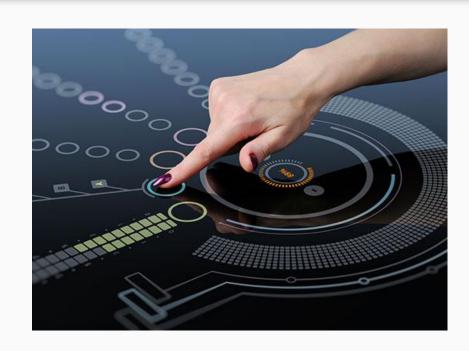
## Define: Interface

"a point where two systems, subjects, organizations, etc., meet and interact"

- Oxford Living Dictionary

"In computing, an <u>interface</u> is a shared boundary across which two separate components of a computer system exchange information"

- Wikipedia



## galvanize

# The *interface* is where *your* pile of code touches *their* pile of code.

**E.g.** You and Wes McKinney (creator of Pandas) both have to understand the *Pandas* interface, like the difference between .loc, .iloc, and .ix, or else it all falls apart.

**But!** You don't need to know how Pandas does its magic, and Wes doesn't need to know how Pandas is used in your script.













# galvanize

# Breaking an Interface, and why it's bad!

Scenario: You are Wes McKinney (creator of Pandas). You decide that 'pd.read\_csv' isn't the best name for that function because it can be used to read SO MANY file formats, not just csv files. So, in the next major release of the library you will change the name of that function to 'pd.read\_file'.

Now what?













# Application Programming Interface (API)

An API is an **interface** between a **programmer** and a **system** (e.g. a piece of computer hardware, an OS, a website, or a database). The **programmer** uses the API as a means for **programming** an **application** atop the **system**.

An API is a **set of subroutines definitions** (e.g. functions and methods) **and data structures definitions** (e.g. structs and classes) which can be used to build **software applications** ("apps").

The API provides the building blocks for an application.

# Application Programming Interface (API)

"Just as a graphical user interface makes it easier for people to use programs, application programming interfaces make it easier for developers to use certain technologies in building applications. By abstracting the underlying implementation and only exposing objects or actions the developer needs, an API reduces the cognitive load on a programmer."

- Wikipedia

# What makes a good API?

#### In general:

- Logical abstractions
   e.g. Pandas DataFrames
- Consistent & strong conventions
   e.g. polymorphic fit() in sklearn
- Clear documentation (with example)
   e.g. sklearn's website; not scipy's website
- Prolific & helpful errors

   (raised errors are your friend!)
   e.g. Pandas & sklearn; not numpy

















# API vs. Library vs. Framework vs. Package vs. Module

Library: A big chunk of code that you can invoke from your own code.

Framework: A library where you must plug in missing pieces.

Module: (Python specific) A collection of variables, functions, classes, etc.

Package: (Python specific) A collection of modules.

**API:** The definition for how to interact with a library, e.g. the names of the functions, the parameters each accepts/requires, what is returned by each, etc. Libraries, frameworks, modules, and packages all define APIs.

#### **REST APIs**



REST: **Re**presentational **S**tate **T**ransfer

A meta-interface for interoperating with servers over a computer network.

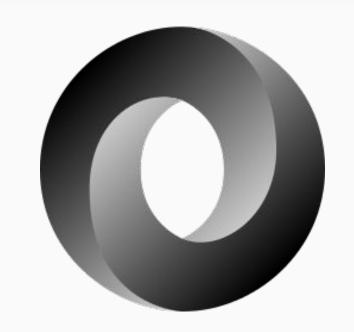
- Client-server (usually HTTP) → Modifiability, Portability
- Stateless → Simplicity, Performant, Scalability, Reliability
- Caches & layers → Performant, Scalability



#### Define: JSON

#### JSON: JavaScript Object Notation

- An open standard
- Human readable
- Language independent (although it's roots are obviously in JavaScript)
- Defines objects in JavaScript (yeah, weird)
- Looks a lot like dictionary literals in Python!





# JSON Pop Quiz

```
>>> x = ' \{ "name": "Ryan", \
           "age": 84, \
           "friends": ["Scott C", "Scott G", "Scott S"] }'
>>> type(x)
3333
```



# JSON Pop Quiz

```
>>> x = '{ "name": "Ryan", \
           "age": 84, \
           "friends": ["Scott C", "Scott G", "Scott S"] }'
>>> type(x)
<type 'str'>
>>>
>>> z = json.loads(x)
>>> type(z)
3333
```

# galvanize

## Define: Mock

#### Mock

"not authentic or real, but without the intention to deceive"

- Oxford Living Dictionary







## Define: Verification & Validation

#### Verification

"The assurance that a product, service, or system meets the needs of the customer and other identified stakeholders. It often involves acceptance and suitability with external customers."

 Project Management Body of Knowledge

#### **Validation**

"The evaluation of whether or not a product, service, or system complies with a regulation, requirement, specification, or imposed condition. It is often an internal process."

- Project Management Body of Knowledge



#### How to build a REST API

(steps tailored for your capstone project)

- 1. Gather requirement: we will hold an API planning session
- 2. Build and deploy a mock API: required to be finished Friday of Week 9
- 3. **Validate the mock API:** hold a validation session with your WDI partner on Monday of Week 10
- 4. Build and deploy the real API: required to be finished by Friday of Week 10
- 5. **Validate & verify the** *real API***:** validate & verify the API with your WDI partner on Monday of Week 11

# Demos

https://github.com/acu192/text-sentiment-api

