### Non-Negative Matrix Factorization

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### **NMF** Overview

#### What is NMF

- A group of algorithms that takes a large dimensional matrix and factors into 2 (or more) smaller dimensional matrices
- The matrices are all non-negative
  - Often inherent in the data being considered
  - Makes the resulting matrices easier to inspect and interpret
- This smaller dimension makes the matrices easier to store

### **NMF** Overview

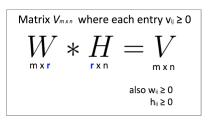
Matrix 
$$V_{m \times n}$$
 where each entry  $v_{ij} \ge 0$ 

$$W * H = V_{m \times n}$$

$$= V_{m \times n}$$

r is set by the user and can be substantially smaller than either (m, n)

#### **NMF** Overview



The columns of V are linear combinations of the columns of W weighted by the corresponding column in H

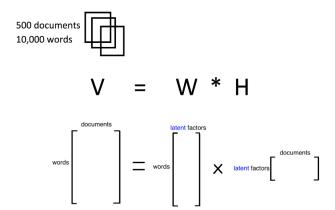
$$v_i = W * h_i$$

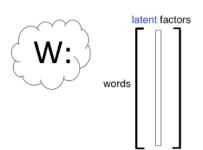
where  $v_i$  and  $h_i$  are the  $i^{th}$  column vectors of V and H respectively



# Text Mining Example

- Let *V* be the input matrix with 10000 rows and 500 columns, where
  - words are rows
  - documents are columns
- Assume we want to find 10 hidden features. Want to generate:
  - W with 10000 rows and 10 columns
  - H with 10 rows and 500 columns





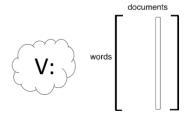
#### Column in W:

- document archetype
- word's cell value establishes it's rank for that latent feature



#### Column in H:

- Original document
- Cell value is document's rank for that latent feature



Recall  $v_i = W * h_i$ , so  $v_i$ :

- is rebuilding a particular document
- linear combination of document archetypes weighted by how important they are

## Algorithm

#### Want to minimize RMSE

$$\label{eq:with respect to $W$ and $H$} \begin{aligned} & \text{Minimize} & ||V-WH||^2 & \text{with respect to $W$ and $H$} \\ & \text{subject to $W$, $H$ $\ge 0$} \end{aligned}$$

- Lee and Seung's multiplicative update rules
  - good compromise between speed and ease of implementation
- Additive update rules such as gradient descent
  - easiest to implement but convergence can be slow
  - convergence is sensitive to choice of step size

# Algorithm

Minimize 
$$||V-WH||^2$$
 with respect to  $\textit{W}$  and  $\textit{H}$  subject to  $\textit{W}$ ,  $\textit{H} \ge \textit{0}$ 

### Multiplicative Update Steps:

- Start with some random W and H
- Repeatedly adjust W and H to make RMSE smaller

$$H_{a\mu} \longleftarrow H_{a\mu} \frac{(W^T V)_{a\mu}}{(W^T W H)_{a\mu}} \qquad W_{ia} \longleftarrow W_{ia} \frac{(V H^T)_{ia}}{(W H H^T)_{ia}}$$

Stop when some threshold is met