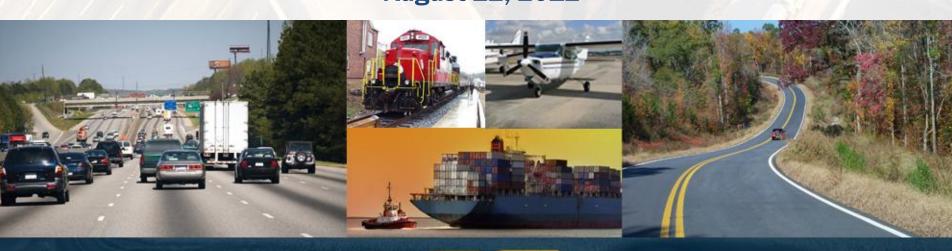
# River Valley TIA Program

August 22, 2012





### **Overview**

Introduction - Todd Long, Deputy Commissioner

TIA reminders - Russell McMurry, Director of Engineering

GSFIC overview – Susan Hart Ridley, Director of Finance & Investment

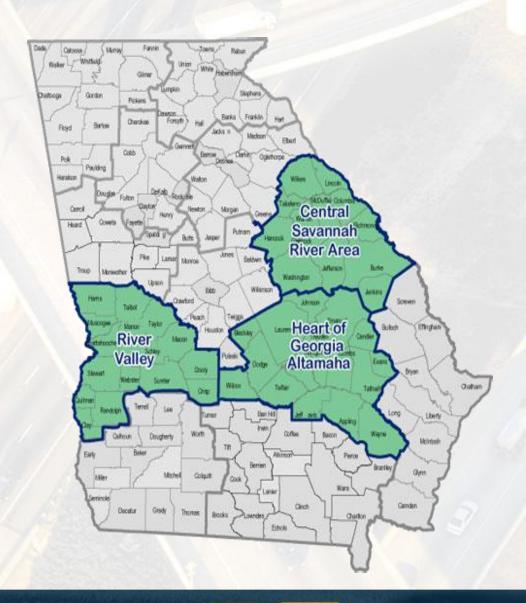
TIA program delivery - Mike Dover, TIA Administrator

LMIG update- Todd Long

Questions



## Success!



## **TIA Proceeds**



75%
Approved Investment list



Local discretionary

No GDOT involvement
GSFIC to each County &
City



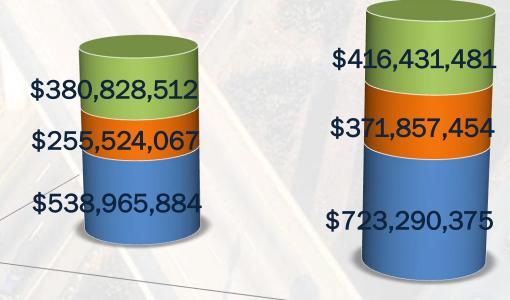
### **Use of Funds**

Code 48-8-42(10) 'Project' means, without limitation, any new or existing airports, bike lanes, bridges, bus and rail mass transit systems, freight and passenger rail, pedestrian facilities, ports, roads, terminals, and all activities and structures useful and incident to providing, operating, and maintaining the same. The term shall also include direct appropriations to a local government for the purpose of serving as a local match for state or federal funding.



## Regional Project Funds

- Central Savannah River Area
- Heart of Georgia
- River Valley



TIA Amount \*

**Total Cost** 

\*2011 dollars



# Projects to be Delivered 871

84

753 Local

11

River Valley

23

Central Savannah River Area

Heart of Georgia



## **River Valley**

Congressional Districts: 2, 3, 8

GDOT Districts: 3, 4

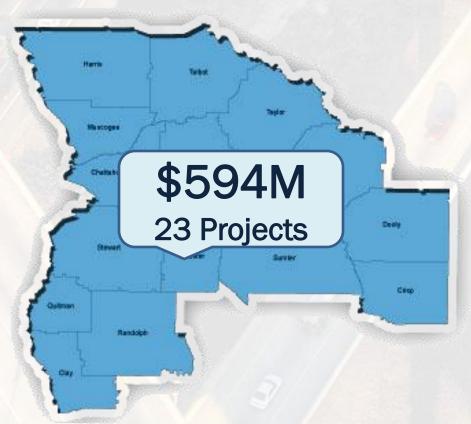
Counties: 16

Population:

• 377,877

**Annual Revenue:** 

• \$50.7M



\* 2011 **DOLLARS** 

# 3 Fundamental Elements of Delivery

- Project budget driven program
- "Pay as you go"
- Design and Construct to available budget

# **Project Delivery**

### 100% TIA

- TIA Manual (Process and Procedures)
  - Project Initiation



**Project Close Out** 

### **Blended**

Follows current Federal Aid Process



### Roles

### **Citizens Review Panel**

**Tax Collection** 

**Financial** 

Program Management

**Project Delivery** 

Regional Commissions

Dept. of Revenue

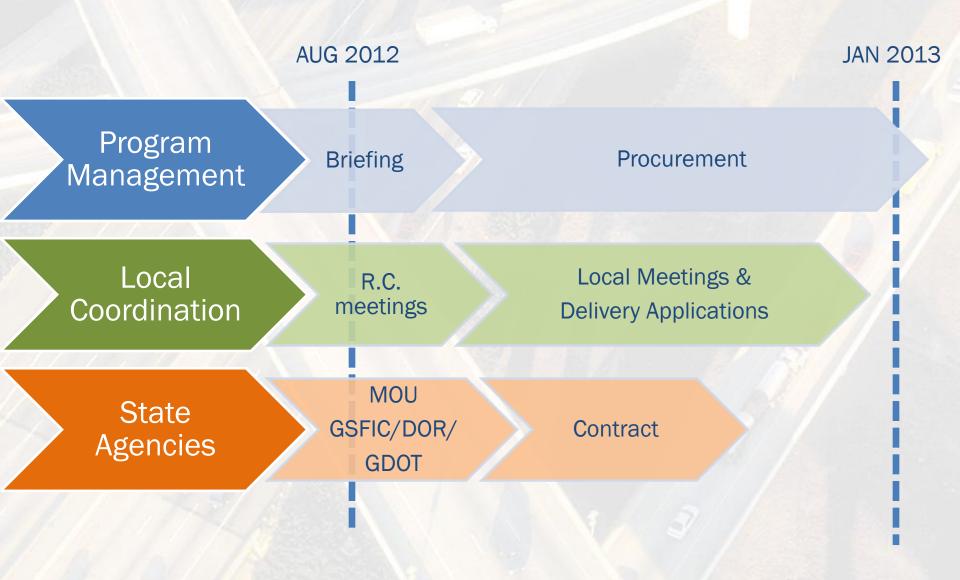
JAN 2013 **GSFIC** 

1st funds available March 2013 **GDOT** 

O.C.G.A 48-8-249 Consultant or Local or GDOT



# **Pre Collections Time Line**





## **Program Management Structure**

### 1 Program Manager for all 3 Regions

Program management funds from approved investment list

- CSRA \$ 10,270,562
- HOG \$ 5,000,000
- River Valley \$ 5,676,751

Total \$ 20,947,313

Uses: Citizens Review Panel per diem, GSFIC Administrative Cost, Program Audits, RC meeting costs, Program Management

Program Manager can have program and project charges



# **Program Manager Role**

### Overall Management of the Program

- Delegated Delivery approach
- Minimal role of GDOT in delivery
- Limited GDOT reviews and approvals
- GDOT reserves rights to audit and QA inspections

# **Program Manager Goals**

- Deliver the Program
- Manage Schedules, budgets & quality
- Transparency
- Accountability
- Establish a Unified Framework
- Consistency in Methods & Procedures
- Provide Progress Reporting for 3 Regions



## **Program Management - Basic Roles**

#### **Financial Controls**

- Budget mgmt
- Forecasting
- Scheduling
- Risk Mgmt
- Audits

#### **Program Controls**

- Schedule management
- Data integration
- Engineering Services
- Reporting
- Document Control
- Project audits

#### **Technical**

- Concept development
- Concept validations(local)
- Environmental approvals & permitting
- ROW approvals
- Utility coordination
- Mgmt of CEI/testing
- QC/QA



## **Program Management - Basic Roles**

#### Administrative

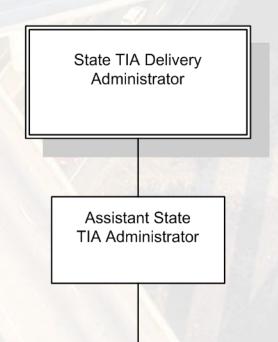
- Accounting
- Invoicing
- IGA coordination
- Procurement support

### Communication

- Public Involvement
- Stakeholder Mgmt
- Dashboard Reporting
- Media Support
- Web/Social media

# **Georgia DOT Role**

Oversight of the Program Manager



Technical /
Administrative
Program Support

Regional Coordinator

Regional Coordinator

Regional Coordinator







Restructured under SB 200 in 2009

Section 32-5-27 (d) dictates that former LARP and State-AID be combined to form LMIG. Must be at least 10% but not more than 20% of State Motor Fuel Tax receipts

Match for LMIG changes per HB 277 in 2010

Section 48-8-244(d) says that match on LMIG will be 10% for those jurisdictions that pass TIA and 30% for those jurisdictions that do not pass TIA

Per Section 32-5-27 (d) Such formula shall include considerations of paved and unpaved lane miles and vehicle miles traveled and may include population, employment, and local funding matches available, as well as other factors as may be determined by the division and the director.



The decision was made to use centerline roads miles and population. Unfortunately, vehicle miles driven at the city level is not reliable. Also, as with LARP in the past, roads within the city limits maintained by the county will count as county roads. Also, state routes and interstates are not included in the mileage calculations.



FY 2013 LMIG Budget = \$110,642,250

(LG POPULATION/STATE POPULATION)(1/3) + (LG MILE/STATE MILE)(2/3) = FACTOR

FACTOR X ANNUAL ALLOCATION = LG FORMULA AMOUNT

Note: This is slightly different than LARP Factor under TIA which is 1/5 and 4/5



- Each jurisdiction will be given a Formula
   Amount of LMIG money in form of check
- A Project List will be required at beginning of year that shows projects that total Formula Amount PLUS match required.
- Each jurisdiction has complete control of expenditures.



- While Local Governments have to actually generate a cash match, they get their full amount of LMIG.
- Per state statute, state motor fuel funds can only be used on improvements for roads and bridges that are within the county, city or state right of way. Therefore, the Local Grants office has developed applicable guidance for the management of all formula distributed funds.

Per 32-5-27(d), "grants of such funds shall include provisions requiring adherence to adequate roadway standards, accounting practices, and applicable transportation plans."

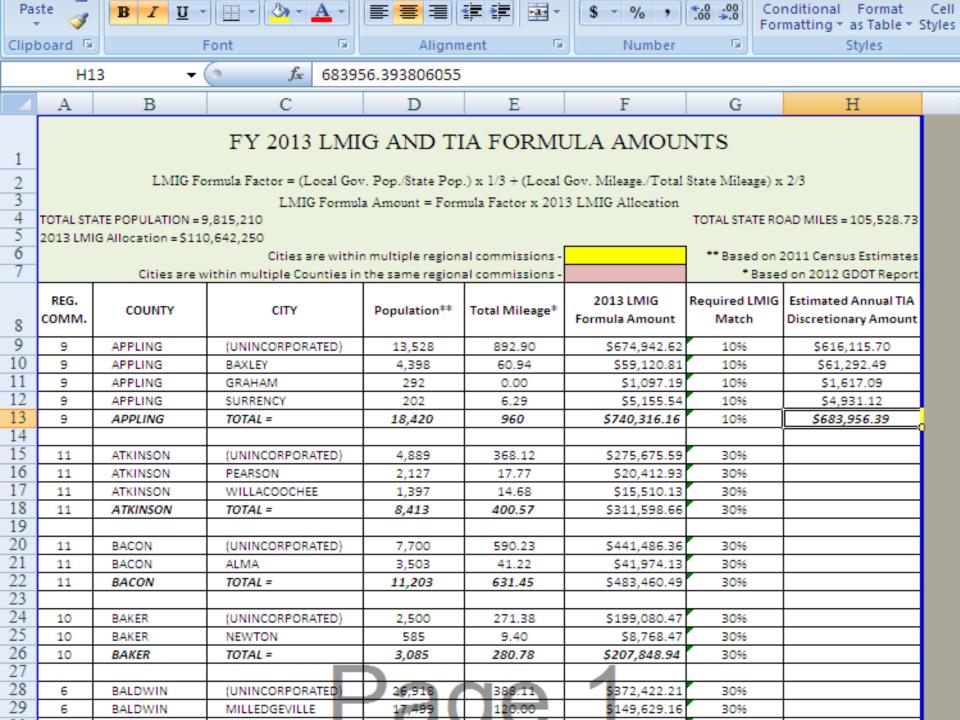
At end of year, the local jurisdiction will be required to show certification of work completed or underway.



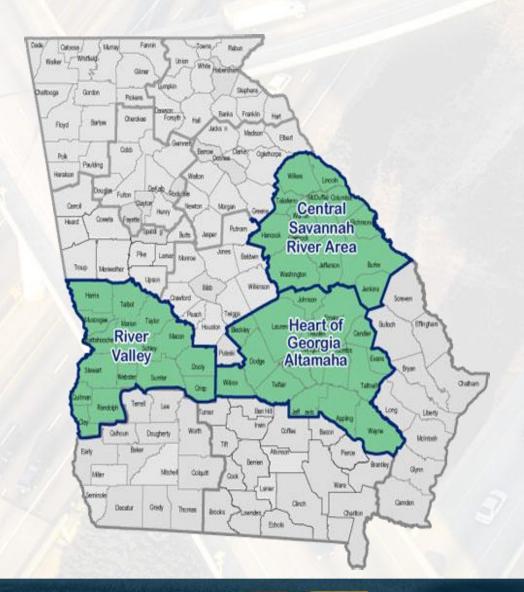
Project types include but are not limited to: patching & resurfacing, new location, widening, turn lanes, rehabilitation, intersections, dirt road upgrades, safety upgrades, culvert/bridge repair or replacement, roadway signing and markings, engineering, construction inspection, etc.

NOTE: Any sidewalk/bike lane improvements must lie within the roadway right of way to be an eligible request.





## **Questions Welcomed**





### TIA@dot.ga.gov



