## Master of Science in Technology Innovation University of Washington

TECHIN 513, Winter 2025 Instructor: Dr. Luyao Niu Homework 2 Due Jan. 24 @ 11:59 pm, on Canvas

## Instructions:

- 1. If a problem involves plotting/ sketching a graph, please make sure that the **axes of the graph are labeled clearly**. You will lose points for every graph axis that is not clearly labeled.
- 2. You can discuss the homework assignment with peers in the class. However, your submission must be written in your own words.
- 3. Show your **thought process** and **intermediate steps**. Simply giving the final answer will not earn points. Incorrect final answer with intermediate steps may earn partial credits.
- 4. Submit your results in a pdf file. If you use Python to solve the problem, submit your code in a separate file.

## **Problems**

1. Determine which of the properties: memoryless, linearity, causality, time invariance, and stability hold for the following systems (you need to justify why the property may or may not hold):

(a) 
$$y[n] = n^2x[n-2] - 2x[n-8];$$

(b) 
$$y[n] = x[4n+1] + 1;$$

(c) 
$$y[n+2] = x[n+2] - x[n-1]$$
.

2. Determine y[n] = x[n] \* h[n]. Let  $\alpha > 1$ , and:

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le n \le 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} \alpha^n, & 0 \le n \le 6\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3. **Optional.** Consider a causal LTI system characterized by  $y[n] + \alpha y[n-1] = x[n], \, |\alpha| < 1$ . Determine the impulse response h[n] of the system.

4. **Optional.** Show that for a periodic input to a DT-LTI system with fundamental period  $N_0$ , the output is also periodic with the same fundamental period.

## Answers

1a. Not memoryless, causal, not stable, not time invariant, linear.

1b. Not memoryless, not causal, stable, not time invariant, not linear.

1c. Not memoryless, causal, stable, time invariant, linear.

 $\mathbf{2}.$ 

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 0, & n < 0\\ \frac{1-\alpha^{n+1}}{1-\alpha}, & n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\\ \frac{\alpha^{n-4}-\alpha^{n+1}}{1-\alpha}, & n = 5, 6\\ \frac{\alpha^{n-4}-\alpha^7}{1-\alpha}, & n = 7, 8, 9, 10\\ 0, & n > 10 \end{cases}$$