### 8.3 Empirical Models

# **R Quick Review Questions**

Introduction to Computational Science: Modeling and Simulation for the Sciences, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Angela B. Shiflet and George W. Shiflet Wofford College © 2014 by Princeton University Press Stephen Davies -- University of Mary Washington

This file contains system-dependent Quick Review Questions and answers in R for Module 8.3 on "Empirical Models." Complete all code development in R.

# **Linear Empirical Model**

List the expressions that are linear combinations of u and v. **Ouick Review Ouestion 1** C. F. 5u - 18v-18v + 5uA. 5/u + 3/vD. 15*uv* E. u/5 + v/3

**Ouick Review Ouestion 2** Consider the set of points  $pts = \{(0.2, 0.1), (0.4, 0.3), (0.3,$ 

0.6).

Assign to *xLst* a vector of the *x*-coordinates. a.

- Assign to yLst a vector of the y-coordinates. Combine the two vectors into a data frame h. called data.
- Give the command to return the model for the least-squares line that best fits the set of c.
- Assign to x a sequence of numbers from 0 to 0.6 varying by 0.1, and do not display the d.
- Assign to *lineValues* the corresponding list of y-values for the line of Part c.
- f. Graph the line.

### Non-Linear One-Term Model

**Quick Review Question 3** Suppose pts is a data frame of points, where the first column contains the x-coordinates and the second column contains the corresponding y-coordinates.

- Give the command to obtain the first column of pts and assign it to a variable called xLst.
- b. Give the command to obtain the second column of pts and assign it to a variable called yLst.

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- **c.** Suppose instead of constructing *xLst* and *yLst*, we wish to read the data from *DanWoodEM.dat*, where each line contains an *x* and then a *y*-value. Give the command to read this data and to assign to *pts* the list of data points.
- **d.** Give the name of the function to plot these points.
- e. Give the commands to produce a plot similar to that of Figure 8.3.5, including the labels. (Hint: some of these graphics commands are in the EmpiricalModels.R file.)
- **f.** Give the command to display a line from the first point, (1.309, 2.138), to the last, (1.68, 5.66).

#### Solving for y in a One-Term Model

**Quick Review Question 4** Suppose *xLst* and *yLst* are lists of *x* and *y* values, respectively. Give the command in an appropriate software system to assign to *pts* the list of ordered pairs of corresponding *x* and *y* values but not to display the result.

**Quick Review Question 5** Give the command in an appropriate software system to generate the plot in Figure 8.3.13, where *pts* is the list of ordered pairs for the data and the points are larger.

# **Answers to Quick Review Question**

```
1.
     The following are linear combinations of u and v:
          5u - 18v
                          (5)u + (-18)v
     A.
     В.
          -18v + 5u
                          (-18)v + (5)u
          7u
                          (7)u + (0)v
     C.
                    =
     D.
          u/5 + v/3
                    =
                          (1/5)u + (1/3)v
2.
          xLst = c(0.2, 0.4, 0.3, 0.3)
     a.
          yLst = c(0.1, 0.3, 0.3, 0.6)
     b.
          data = data.frame(xLst=xLst, yLst=yLst)
     c.
          bestline = lm(yLst ~ xLst, data=data)
     d.
          x = seq(0, .6, .1)
          lineValues = bestline$coefficients %*% rbind(1, x)
     e.
     f.
          plot(x, lineValues, type="l")
3.
          xLst = pts[,1]
yLst = pts[,2]
     a.
     b.
          pts = read.table("DanWoodEM.dat")
     c.
     d.
          plot(xLst, yLst, pch=19, color="black", xlab="x", ylab="y")
     e.
          segments(1.309, 2.138, 1.68, 5.66)
4.
     pts = cbind(xLst, yLst)
5.
     plot(pts)
```