

WIS2 Global Services testing

# World Meteorological Organization

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# Chapter 1. Abstract

The subject of this Report is the results of testing and experimentation of WIS2 Global Services during the pre-operational phase of WIS2. Global Services testing is coordinated by the WIS2 Architecture and Transition team and provides results and recommendations on testing performance, availability and functionality.

[1] <https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/commission-observation-infrastructures-and-information-systems-infcom/commission-infrastructure-officers/infcom-management-group/standing-committee-information-management-and-technology-sc-imt>

[2] <https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/infcom>

# Chapter 2. Executive Summary

TODO

# Chapter 3. Scope

This report presents the testing framework put forth as part of the pre-operational phase of Global Services testing. This report also discusses the results and presents a set of conclusions and recommendations.

# Chapter 4. Terms and definitions

This document uses the terms defined in [OGC Policy Directive 49](#), which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this Standard and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This document also uses terms defined in the OGC Standard for Modular specifications ([OGC 08-131r3](#)), also known as the 'ModSpec'. The definitions of terms such as standard, specification, requirement, and conformance test are provided in the ModSpec.

## 4.1. Abbreviated terms

### **API**

Application Programming Interface

### **GB**

Global Broker

### **GC**

Global Cache

### **GDC**

Global Discovery Catalogue

### **GIS**

Global Information System Centre GM: Global Monitor

### **HTTP**

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

### **HTTPS**

Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

### **JSON**

JavaScript Object Notation

### **OGC**

Open Geospatial Consortium

### **MQTT**

Message Queuing Telemetry Transport

### **WCMP2**

WMO Core Metadata Profile 2



**WIS**

WMO Information System

**WMO**

World Meteorological Organization

**WNM**

WIS2 Notification Message

**WTH**

WIS2 Topic Hierarchy

# Chapter 5. References

- WMO: WMO Core Metadata Profile (2024) <sup>[1]</sup>
- WMO: WIS2 Notification Message (2024) <sup>[2]</sup>
- WMO: WIS2 Topic Hierarchy (2024) <sup>[3]</sup>
- Draft guidance on technical specifications of WIS2 (2024) <sup>[4]</sup>
- Draft guidance on transition from GTS to WIS2 (2024) <sup>[5]</sup>

[1] <https://wmo-im.github.io/wcmp2>

[2] <https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-notification-message>

[3] <https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-topic-hierarchy>

[4] <https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html>

[5] <https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-transition-guide/transition-guide/wis2-transition-guide-DRAFT.html>

# Chapter 6. High Level Architecture

The focus of testing is to evaluate functionality to ensure all WIS2 components perform as defined by the architecture. Testing is designed to enable core workflows:

- WIS2 Nodes providing data and metadata
- WIS2 Global Brokers subscribing to WIS2 Nodes
- WIS2 Global Caches providing data and metadata for core data and all metadata
- WIS2 Global Discovery Catalogues providing a search API for published discovery metadata
- WIS2 Global Monitors scraping metrics from WIS2 Global Services, and providing metrics/insights on WIS2 performance



Figure 1. High Level Overview of the WIS2 Architecture

The rest of this section describes the components deployed and standards implemented as part of WIS2.

## 6.1. WIS2 Specifications

### 6.1.1. WIS2 Topic Hierarchy (WTH)

WTH defines the structure of the WIS Topic Hierarchy. Topics are utilized by WIS Nodes, Global Broker services, and data/metadata subscribers.

### 6.1.2. WIS2 Notification Message (WNM)

WNM defines the content, structure, and encoding for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. WNM's are provided as MQP payloads by WIS2 nodes, Global Broker services, as well as Replay API services (optional OGC API - Features services for data notifications).

### 6.1.3. WMO Core Metadata Profile (WCMP2)

WCMP2 defines the content, structure, and encoding for WMO resources. WMO resources include, but are not limited to, data (NWP models, observations, forecasts and warnings, etc.), services/APIs, and processes.

## 6.2. WIS2 Components

### 6.2.1. Global Broker

WIS2 incorporates several Global Brokers, ensuring highly resilient distribution of notification messages across the globe.

### 6.2.2. Global Cache

A Global Cache provides a highly available data server from which a Data Consumer can download Core data, as specified in the WMO Unified Data Policy, Resolution 1 (Cg-Ext(2021)).

### 6.2.3. Global Discovery Catalogue

A Global Discovery Catalogue enables a data consumer to search and browse descriptions of data published by each WIS2 Node. The data description (i.e., discovery metadata) provides sufficient information to determine the usefulness of data and how one may access it.

### 6.2.4. Global Monitor

A Global Monitor tracks what data is published by WIS2 Nodes, whether data can be effectively accessed by Data Consumers, and the performance of components in the WIS2 system.

## 6.3. Testing framework

### 6.3.1. Data

Test data and notification messages are generated dynamically within the testing environment. More information can be found in <https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/blob/main/tools/Documentation/Activating%20the%20tests%20on%20the%20fake%20WIS2%20Nodes.adoc>

Test WCMP2 records are found in [https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/tree/main/tests/global\\_discovery\\_catalogue/metadata](https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/tree/main/tests/global_discovery_catalogue/metadata).

## 6.3.2. Environment



Figure 2. WIS2 Development Environment

The WIS2 development environment will be used as the target network for executing tests.

The environment to perform tests is made available on **master.wis2dev.io**. Access is coordinated with the testing team.

### 6.3.2.1. Setup

The following steps are required to setup the initial test environment:

```
cd /data/wis2-testing/  
python3 -m venv env  
. env/bin/activate  
git clone https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing.git  
cd wis2-global-services-testing/tests  
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```

### 6.3.2.2. Environment variables

The testing environment includes two file for environment variables, which are initiated in the following order:

- secrets: **/data/wis2-testing/wis2-global-services-testing/tests/secrets.env**
- default: **/data/wis2-testing/wis2-global-services-testing/tests/default.env**

To set environment variables which should not be managed in Git, use secrets and refer to these environment variables in default.

See each Global Service testing section for any specific updates to environment variables.

#### **6.3.2.3. Execution**

The following steps are required prior to executing a given tests:

```
cd /data/wis2-testing/wis2-global-services-testing/tests  
./data/wis2-testing/env/bin/activate  
git pull origin main
```

From here, test execution is specific to the Global Service.

#### **6.3.2.4. Results**

Test results shall be stored in `/data/wis2-testing/results`, organized by the centre id of the Global Service Implementation Under Test (IUT).

### **6.3.3. Functional testing**

Functional testing ensures WIS2 Global Services operate with one another as expected and meet requirements.

### **6.3.4. Performance testing**

Performance testing ensures that WIS2 Global Services are able to operate under various loads.

# Chapter 7. Tests

## 7.1. Global Broker Service testing

All Global Services, and in particular Global Brokers and Global Caches, are collectively responsible in making the WIS a reliable and efficient mean to exchange data required for the operations of all WIS Centres. The agreed architecture provides a redundant solution where the failure of one component will not impact the overall level of service of WIS. Each Global Service should aim at achieving at least 99.5% availability of the service they propose. This is not a contractual target. It should be considered by the entity providing the Global Service as a guideline when designing and operating the Global Service.

A Global Broker:

- should support a minimum of **200** WIS2 Nodes or Global Services
- should support a minimum of **1000** subscribers.
- should support processing of a minimum of **10000** messages per second

### 7.1.1. Setup and tear down Global Brokers for the tests

It has been decided to rely on *-test* systems to emulate WIS2 Nodes. Two kinds of test WIS2 Nodes have been prepared.

- 10 WIS2 Nodes for functional tests
- 200 WIS2 Nodes for performance tests

#### 7.1.1.1. For the functional tests

Ten WIS2 Nodes are deployed on AWS; The DNS names of the WIS2 nodes will be:

- test-node-1.wis2dev.io
- test-node-2.wis2dev.io

...

- test-node-10.wis2dev.io

The *centre\_id* for these WIS2 Nodes will be **io-wis2dev-11-test** (on test-node-1 host) to **io-wis2dev-20-test** (on test-node-10 host).

They will be used during the functional tests of the Global Broker.

#### 7.1.1.2. For the performance tests

Two hundred WIS2 Nodes, only for WIS2 Notification Messages, will be deployed on 5 of the same VMs. On each VM, the equivalent of 40 WIS2 Nodes will be deployed. They will share the same MQTT Broker, however the *centre\_id* and the subscription topic will be different for each WIS2 Node.

The DNS name of the VM will be:

- test-node-1.wis2dev.io (for centre\_id from 100 to 139)
- test-node-2.wis2dev.io (for centre\_id from 140 to 179)

...

- test-node-5.wis2dev.io (for centre\_id from 260 to 299)

#### 7.1.1.3. MQTT Configuration

The MQTT broker(s) will be reachable using:

```
MQTT_SUB_BROKER=mqtt://test-node-1.wis2dev.io (and also -2, -3,... -10)
MQTT_SUB_USERNAME=everyone
MQTT_SUB_PASSWORD=onlyone
```

1. Default MQTT port will be used (1883)
2. The password is changed to *onlyone*. This allows to prevent the default authentication (everyone/everyone) to be usable, while keeping the authorization (typically using only the username) unchanged

#### 7.1.1.4. Notification Message tests

As no metadata record will be provided, checking the existence of the metadata record by the Global Broker must be disabled.

As the topic used for the test messages will be correct, checking the validity of the Topic Hierarchy must be done.

As the Notification Messages will be syntactically correct, checking the compliance of the Notification Message with the defined schema (schemas.wmo.int) must be done.

#### 7.1.1.5. centre\_id and subscription

The centre\_id will be of the form io-wis2dev-[number]-test with number varying from 11 to 20, and 100 to 299. 100 to 139 on test-node-1.wis2dev.io and so on.

Messages will be published on the topic *origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-x-test/#* (with x varying from 11 to 20 and 100 to 299).

#### 7.1.1.6. Summary

Using the antiloop software used by Brazil and France, as an example, the configuration file *io-wis2dev-100-test.env* will be :

```
MQTT_SUB_BROKER=mqtt://test-node-1.wis2dev.io
MQTT_SUB_USERNAME=everyone
MQTT_SUB_PASSWORD=onlyone
```



```
MQTT_SUB_TOPIC=origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-100-test/#
CENTRE_ID=io-wis2dev-100-test
MSG_CHECK_OPTION=verify
TOPIC_CHECK_OPTION=verify
METADATA_CHECK_OPTION=no
GDC_URL=https://wis2-gdc.weather.gc.ca/collections/wis2-discovery-
metadata/items?lang=en&f=json&q=
SCHEMA_URL=https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-
message/main/schemas/wis2-notification-message-bundled.json
```

The configuration file *io-wis2dev-210-test.env* will be :

```
MQTT_SUB_BROKER=mqtt://test-node-3.wis2dev.io
MQTT_SUB_USERNAME=everyone
MQTT_SUB_PASSWORD=onlyone
MQTT_SUB_TOPIC=origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-210-test/#
CENTRE_ID=io-wis2dev-210-test
MSG_CHECK_OPTION=verify
TOPIC_CHECK_OPTION=verify
METADATA_CHECK_OPTION=no
GDC_URL=https://wis2-gdc.weather.gc.ca/collections/wis2-discovery-
metadata/items?lang=en&f=json&q=
SCHEMA_URL=https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-
message/main/schemas/wis2-notification-message-bundled.json
```

Summary of the correspondance between the MQTT endpoint address and centre\_id:

- WIS2 Node 100 to 139 on test-node-1.wis2dev.io
- WIS2 Node 140 to 179 on test-node-2.wis2dev.io
- WIS2 Node 180 to 219 on test-node-3.wis2dev.io
- WIS2 Node 220 to 259 on test-node-4.wis2dev.io
- WIS2 Node 260 to 299 on test-node-5.wis2dev.io

Ahead of the testing period, each Global Broker operator is invited to prepare the configuration for the 210 (10 + 200) WIS2 Nodes.

### 7.1.2. Setup the Global Broker for the tests

In order to run the tests, the operators of the Global Broker will need to:

1. Remove all the subscriptions to existing and *real* WIS2 Nodes
2. Modify the password of the *everyone* user on the broker of the Global Broker from **everyone** to **onlyone**
3. Delete all existing subscriptions to broker of the Global Broker (Users, other Global Brokers, Global Caches have a subscription to the broker)
4. Enable all configurations to the *test* 210 WIS2 nodes

Depending on the Global Broker and the MQTT broker used, the method of doing the four steps above will be different and is beyond the scope of this document.

When those steps are completed, the Global Broker will be ready to run the functional and performance tests.

### 7.1.3. Tear down the Global Broker to reverse WIS2 operations

After the performance tests, the operators of the Global Broker will need to:

1. Remove all the subscriptions to *-test* WIS2 Nodes
2. Modify the password of the *everyone* user on the broker of the Global Broker from **onlyone** to **everyone**
3. Delete all existing subscriptions to broker of the Global Broker
4. Enable all configurations to the *real* WIS2 nodes

Depending on the Global Broker and the MQTT broker used, the method of doing the four steps above will be different and is beyond the scope of this document.

When those steps are completed, the Global Broker will be back to normal operations.

### 7.1.4. Functional tests

#### 7.1.4.1. Port

##### Purpose

An MQTT client must be able to connect to the local broker of the Global Broker on ports 8883 (MQTTS) or 443 (WSS) using the agreed protocols with Transport Layer Security (TLS) and username/password authentication.

##### Requirements

- Global Broker MQTT details.
- MQTT Test Client

##### Steps

1. Initialise the test MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol, TLS security, and username/password for authentication (connection string).
2. Attempt to connect the MQTT broker of the Global Broker using the connection string.

##### Evaluate

1. Check if the connection is successful.

#### 7.1.4.2. Certificate

## Purpose

The Global Broker service must use a valid certificate. Transport Layer Security (TLS) is an encryption protocol that provides secure connections between servers and applications on the internet.

## Requirements

- Global Broker MQTT connection string
- MQTT Test Client (If used, MQTT Explorer needs to import the Certificate Authority used by the Global Broker to check that the certificate is valid) or a browser like Firefox.

## Steps

From the client and try to connect to a Global Broker using WSS protocol. The Global Broker sends the MQTT client its TLS certificate. The MQTT client then verifies that the certificate is valid and digitally signed by a trusted CA by comparing it with information it stores about trusted CAs. The signed certificate verifies the website server's public key, which confirms that you're communicating with the genuine server of the website you're visiting. The server also authenticates a key exchange, resulting in a one-time session key that is used to send encrypted and authenticated data between the clients and the server. If a browser like Firefox is used, connect WSS endpoint (<https://globalbroker.example.org/mqtt>). In the address bar, a lock is displayed.

## Evaluate

1. Check if the TLS connection is successful
2. Check for certification verification.

If the connection is successful and the certificate are valid, the test passes. If the connection is not successful or the certificate is invalid, the test fails.

### 7.1.4.3. Origin and Cache Read-Access

## Purpose

The Global Broker service must allow only read access to *origin/a/wis2/* and *cache/a/wis2/* using a username and password credential of everyone/everyone

## Requirements

- Global Broker MQTT connection string
- MQTT Test Client

## Steps

1. From a MQTT client, set up a new connection to the Global Broker, with the following configuration settings:
2. Configure 2 subscriptions. First, create separate subscriptions for *origin/a/wis2/* and *cache/a/wis2/* using a username and password credential for "everyone/everyone"

3. Save the configuration and click connect

### Evaluate

Check if the connection is successful, and depending on the flow of messages, messages should appear rapidly. If messages are displayed, the test passes. If the connection is not successful, the test fails.

#### 7.1.4.4. Deny write access to *origin/a/wis2/* and *cache/a/wis2/* for everyone/everyone credentials

### Purpose

The Global Broker service must prevent write access to any topic with everyone/everyone credentials

### Requirements

- Global Broker MQTT connection string
- MQTT Test Client

### Steps

1. Use an MQTT client to connect to Global Broker
2. Try to publish data or metadata to Global Broker

### Evaluate

Check if the connection is successful, and the publication fails or the connection drops, the test is successful. If the connection is successful, and the publication is allowed, the test fails.

#### 7.1.4.5. cluster redundancy

### Purpose

The Global Broker service, should be using a MQTT server deployed in a cluster, then the MQTT Broker must use a redundant load balancing service so that the service is maintained in case of failure of one entity of the cluster

### Requirements

- Global Broker MQTT connection string
- MQTT Test Client

### Steps

1. From a MQTT client, set up a new subscription to either "origin/a/wis2/" and "cache/a/wis2/" using a username and password credential for "everyone/everyone".
2. Fail a member of the cluster and ensure that subscriptions are still being fulfilled

## Evaluate

1. Check if the subscription is successful even after the members of the cluster are failed. If the subscription continues as cluster is altered, the test passes. If the subscription is not fulfilled after cluster alternation, the test fails.

### 7.1.4.6. Discarding of duplicate messages

#### Purpose

The Global Broker service must discard all duplicated messages (identical id) received whatever the originator of the messages

#### Requirements

- The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 10 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
- Global Broker MQTT connection string to 2 WIS2 Nodes (with the following centre\_id: **io-wis2dev-11-test** and **io-wis2dev-12-test**)
- MQTT Test Client subscribed to **origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-11-test/#** and **origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-20-test/**

#### Steps

1. WIS2Node *io-wis2dev-11-test* publish on its local broker **ten** messages with a pre-defined id (using the UUID format) on topic **origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-11-test/core/data/weather/surface-based-observation/synop**
2. WIS2Node *io-wis2dev-12-test* publish **ten** message with the same id (same id as above) on topic **origin/a/io-wis2dev-12-test/core/data/weather/surface-based-observation/synop**

## Evaluate

1. If the Global Broker discards all messages except one, makes it available on one of the two topics depending the WIS2 Node messages that arrived first.
2. The MQTT client received one message
3. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_subscribed\_total** by 10 on both centre\_id
4. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_published\_total** by 1 on centre\_id from the WIS2Node that arrives first (**io-wis2dev-11-test** or **io-wis2dev-12-test**)
5. If both statements are true, the test passes. Otherwise, the test fails.

### 7.1.4.7. Publishing a message using the centre\_id from a different WIS2 Node

#### Purpose

The Global Broker service must ensure that any WIS2 Node is not publishing a message using a centre\_id from another WIS2 Node

## Requirements

- The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 10 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
- Global Broker MQTT connection string to **io-wis2dev-11-test**
- MQTT Test Client

## Steps

1. Have WIS2Node *io-wis2dev-11-test* publish a valid message on topic Eg

## Evaluate

1. The Global Broker ignores (in fact the message will not be received at all) the message published. No metrics is incremented
2. If the message is received by MQTT Client then the test fails.

### 7.1.4.8. Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using valid topics (compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)

## Purpose

The Global Broker service must forward messages when the topic is compliant with the WIS2 Topic Hierarchy

## Requirements

- The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 5 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
- Global Broker MQTT connection string to a WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-11-test**)
- MQTT Test Client

## Steps

1. Have WIS2Node **io-wis2dev-11-test** publish **valid** messages on **valid** topics hierarchy (one message per tested valid topic)

## Evaluate

1. The Global Broker forward all messages
2. The MQTT client receives all messages
3. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_subscribed\_total** by 1 for each message
4. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_published\_total** by 1 for each message
5. If all above statements are true, the test passes. Otherwise, the test fails.

#### 7.1.4.9. Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using invalid topics (not compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)

##### Purpose

The Global Broker service must forward messages when the topic is compliant with the WIS2 Topic Hierarchy

##### Requirements

- The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 5 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
- Global Broker MQTT connection string to a WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-11-test**)
- MQTT Test Client

##### Steps

1. Have WIS2 Node **io-wis2dev-11-test** publish 10 **valid** messages on 10 **different** and **invalid** topics

##### Evaluate

1. The Global Broker discards all messages
2. The MQTT client doesn't receive any message
3. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_subscribed\_total** by 10
4. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_invalid\_topic\_total** by 10
5. If all above statements are true, the test passes. Otherwise, the test fails.

#### 7.1.4.10. Publishes messages from a WIS2 Node on a *valid* topic without corresponding metadata

##### Purpose

The Global Broker service must check that the topic used to publish a message by a WIS2 Node is announcing the availability of data with corresponding metadata.

##### Requirements

- The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 5 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
- Global Broker MQTT connection string to a WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-11-test**)
- MQTT Test Client

##### Steps

1. Have WIS2 Node **io-wis2dev-11-test** publish 10 **valid** messages on 10 **different** topics, and no metadata exists for any topic used.
2. e.g Publish on **origin/a/wis2/io-wis2dev-11-test/core/data/weather/surface-based-**

**observation/synop** and WIS2 Node **io-wis2dev-11-test** has not published a metadata record for the synop.

#### Evaluate

1. The Global Broker discards all messages
2. The MQTT client doesn't receive any message
3. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_subscribed\_total** by 10
4. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_no\_metadata\_total** by 10
5. If all above statements are true, the test passes. Otherwise, the test fails.

#### 7.1.4.11. Verifying the compliance of a WIS2 Notification message

##### Purpose

The Global Broker service must verify the compliance of the WIS2 Notification Message with the agreed standard as specified in the Manual on WIS Vol. 2

##### Requirements

1. The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/fakewis2node> deployed on 5 tests system (**io-wis2dev-11-test** to **io-wis2dev-20-test**)
2. Global Broker MQTT connection string to a WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-11-test**)
3. MQTT Test Client

##### Steps

1. Have WIS2 Node **io-wis2dev-11-test** publish 10 **invalid** messages on 10 **valid** topics
2. All mandatory fields of the WIS2 Notification Messages must be tested

#### Evaluate

1. The Global Broker discards all messages
2. The MQTT client doesn't receive any message
3. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_subscribed\_total** by 10
4. Increments **wmo\_wis2\_gb\_messages\_invalid\_messages\_total** by 10
5. If all above statements are true, the test passes. Otherwise, the test fails.

#### 7.1.5. Performance tests

We must ensure that the Global Broker service performs properly under stress. The following outlined tests will test the Global Broker service prior to transition of WIS2 to an operational state on January 1, 2025



### 7.1.5.1. Minimum number of WIS2 Nodes

#### Purpose

The Global Broker service should support a minimum of **200** WIS2 Nodes

#### Requirements

1. The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/benchmarkwis2gb> deployed on 5 tests system
2. Global Broker subscribing to **200** WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-100-test** to **io-wis2dev-299-test**)
3. MQTT Test Client

#### Steps

1. On each of the 200 WIS2 Nodes, publish 10 **valid** messages, on **valid** topic, without associated metadata, and with different **id** messages
2. On the MQTT test client, subscribe to **origin/a/wis2/#**

#### Evaluate

1. If on the MQTT test client, 10 messages for each of the 200 centre-id are received, the test passes. Otherwise, it fails.

### 7.1.5.2. Minimum number of subscribers

#### Purpose

The Global Broker service should support a minimum of **1000** subscribers.

#### Requirements

- Global Broker
- MQTTX CLI (<https://mqttx.app/docs/cli>) deployed on 5 tests systems

#### Steps

1. Use MQTTX CLI *bench* on each test system to simulate 200 clients by using `mqttx bench conn -c 200 -i 100` and the relevant connection information for the Global Broker being tested.

#### Evaluate

1. If the output of the command on each test system is similar to:

```
mqttx bench conn -c 200 -i 100
□ Starting connect benchmark, connections: 200, req interval: 100ms
✓ [200/200] - Connected
✓ Created 200 connections in 22.355s
```

with 200 connections created, on the 5 tests systems, this test is successful.

### 7.1.5.3. Minimum number of messages per second

#### Purpose

The Global Broker service should support processing of a minimum of **10000** messages per second.

#### Requirements

1. The container <https://hub.docker.com/r/golfvert/benchmarkwis2gb> deployed on 5 tests system (different from above)
2. Global Broker subscribing to **200** WIS2 Nodes (**io-wis2dev-100-test** to **io-wis2dev-299-test**)
3. MQTTX CLI deployed on 5 tests systems.

#### Steps

1. On each of the 200 WIS2 Nodes, publish X **valid** messages per second during Y seconds, on a **valid** topic, without associated metadata or data, and with different **id** messages
2. Use MQTTX CLI *bench* on each test VMs to simulate Z clients by using `mqttx bench sub -c Z -t origin/a/wis2/#` and the relevant connection information for the Global Broker being tested.

Typically with:

1. With X = 5 messages per second on each of the 200 WIS2 Nodes, this will create 1000 messages per second
2. With Z = 2 on each VM, this will create 10 subscriptions.
3. As every subscriber will get all messages will be equivalent to **10000** messages per second.

#### Evaluate

1. Run the test for 30 seconds (Y=30), if MQTTS CLI output shows that 300000 are received, then the test is successful.

## 7.2. Global Cache Service Testing

### 7.2.1. Preparation

#### 7.2.1.1. Setup

Before running the pytest tests, ensure the following setup steps are completed:

**Disconnect the Global Cache from the production environment.**

Ensure that the Global Cache is not connected to the production environment during the testing session. This is to prevent any test messages from being propagated to the production environment.

1. Change the username and password for the GC's local MQTT broker to the dev/test credentials.

This ensures that no test messages will be propagated to the production environment.

- The username and password for the local MQTT broker of the Global Cache should be set to the dev/test credentials.
- The connection string to be used is: `mqtt://everyone-dev:everyone-dev@your-gc-mqtt-broker-host:8883`

## 2. Remove other subscriptions to prod GB's.

- Ensure that the Global Cache is not subscribed to any other Global Broker except the dev/test Global Broker.

### Connect the Global Cache to the dev/test environment.

Ensure that the Global Cache is connected to the dev/test environment during the testing session. This is to allow the test messages to be propagated to the Global Cache for testing.

## 1. GB Subscription to the GC's Local MQTT Broker.

- Ensure the dev/test Global Broker is subscribed to the GC's local MQTT broker. A connection string must be provided prior to the start of the testing session.
- This is the same connection string mentioned above:
  - `mqtt://everyone-dev:everyone-dev@your-gc-mqtt-broker-host:8883`
- This step will be taken care of by the test administrator assuming the connection string is provided.

## 2. GC Subscription to the dev/test Global Broker.

- Ensure the Global Cache is subscribed to the dev/test Global Broker (`gb.wis2dev.io`).
  - the connection string to be used is: `mqtt://everyone-dev:everyone-dev@gb.wis2dev.io:8883`
- The Global Cache should be subscribed to the following topics:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

### Pytest Setup

Prior to executing the tests, update the `global-cache.env` file with the necessary environment variables. This env file is nested in the `tests/global_cache` directory and the values of the following variable must be updated:

- `GC_METRICS_REPORT_BY` - this is the `centre_id` of the global service and matches the `report_by` property in the metrics.

- **TEST\_GC\_MQTT\_BROKER** - this is the MQTT broker host for the Global Cache being tested. This should be the same connection string that was provided to the test administrators to configure the dev/test Global Broker to subscribe to the GC's local MQTT broker.

#### 7.2.1.2. Teardown

To teardown the configuration after the testing session, simply reverse the setup steps:

- Unsubscribe the Global Cache from the dev/test Global Broker.
- Unsubscribe the dev/test Global Broker from the GC's local MQTT broker.
- Reset the metrics so that dev and prod metrics are not mixed.
- Change the username and password for the GC's local MQTT broker back to the production credentials.
- Reconnect the Global Cache to the production environment by re-subscribing to the production Global Brokers.

### 7.2.2. Functional Tests

#### 7.2.2.1. MQTT Broker Connectivity

##### Purpose

An MQTT client must be able to connect to the local broker of the Global Cache on port 8883 using the MQTT protocol version 5 with TLS (i.e., mqttts protocol) and username/password authentication.

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.2: A Global Cache shall operate a message broker.

##### Requirements

- GC MQTT broker connection string
- MQTT Test Client

##### Steps

1. Initialize the test MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication (connection string).
2. Attempt to connect the MQTT broker of the Global Cache using the connection string.

##### Evaluate

1. Check if the connection is successful (rc code). If the connection is successful, the test passes. If the connection is not successful, the test fails.

#### 7.2.2.2. GC MQTT Broker Subscription

## Purpose

A Global Cache must allow connected MQTT clients to subscribe to the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic using a provided connection string.

## Requirements

- GC MQTT broker connection string
- MQTT Test Client

## Steps

1. Initialize a MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication (connection string).
2. Connect the MQTT client to the local broker of the Global Cache.
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic.

## Evaluate

1. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful based on the returned rc code (SUBACK), the test passes. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails.
2. Close the connection to the broker after the test.

### 7.2.2.3. WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing

## Purpose

Test that the GC functions as expected under normal conditions. The Global Cache should process a valid incoming WNM, download the data at the provided canonical link, and publish a new WNM on the proper `cache/` topic using the proper message structure, and update the necessary GC metrics.

This test also evaluates the client data download requirement: An HTTP client (i.e., a Web browser) must be able to connect to the HTTP server of the Global Cache on port 443 using HTTP 1.1 with TLS but without any authentication and be able to resolve the URL provided in a data download link (a link object's `href` property where `rel=canonical`) from a notification message published by the Global Cache within the previous 24 hours; i.e., download a cached data item.

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.5: A Global Cache shall provide highly available access to copies of discovery metadata records and core data it stores; clause 3.7.5.6: A Global Cache shall retain a copy of the discovery metadata records and core data it stores for a duration compatible with the real-time or near-real-time schedule of the data and not less than 24 hours; clause 4.5.2: A Global Cache shall download core data and discovery metadata from [WIS2 Nodes] and other Global [Services] to provide for reliable, low-latency access to those resources via WIS; clause 4.5.6: Data and discovery metadata available for download from a Global Cache shall be accessible via a URL using at least one of the protocols specified [...].

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.4: Based on the notifications it receives, a Global Cache shall download and store a copy of discovery metadata records and core data from

[WIS2 Nodes] and other Global [Services]; clause 3.7.5.7: A Global Cache shall publish notifications via its Message Broker about copies of the discovery metadata records and core data it makes available. A Global Cache shall use a standardized topic structure when publishing notifications; clause 4.5.2: A Global Cache shall download core data and discovery metadata from [WIS2 Nodes] and other Global [Services] to provide for reliable, low-latency access to those resources via WIS; clause 4.5.4: Based on received notifications, a Global Cache shall download core data from [WIS2 Nodes] or other Global [Services] and store them for a minimum duration of 24 hours; clause 4.5.5: Based on its received notifications, a Global Cache shall download discovery metadata records from [WIS2 Nodes] or other Global [Services] and store them for a minimum duration of 24 hours; clause 4.5.7: A Global Cache shall publish notifications to a Message Broker indicating the availability of data and discovery metadata resources from the Global Cache and shall use the format and protocol specified [...].

**Source:** Guide to WIS (WMO No. 1061), Vol II, clause 2.7.4.1. [Global Cache] Technical considerations [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_technical\\_considerations\\_2](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_technical_considerations_2); clause 2.7.4.2. [Global Cache] Practices and procedures [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_practices\\_and\\_procedures\\_2](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_practices_and_procedures_2)

## Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated and connected to the dev/test GB with subscriptions to the following topics:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+metadata/#`
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and associated data objects:
  - A known number **valid** WNM's with:
    - `properties.cache` set to true
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` should be unique to each message. Ensuring a different `data_id` is best here.
  - Accompanying data objects should be accessible via the canonical link provided in the WNM.
    - The canonical link should be accessible per the core requirements and the data object hash should match the hash provided in the WNM if integrity properties are provided.

## Steps

1. Configure the MQTT test client to connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string.
2. Publish a batch of Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages to the dev/test GB on following topics:
  - Send 1 or more messages to origin/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - Send 1 or more messages to cache/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - Send 1 or more messages to origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
  - Send 1 or more messages to cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
3. The test MQTT client should store the messages received on the **cache/a/wis2/#** topic published by the GC and download the data objects from the canonical link provided in the messages using HTTP 1.1 with TLS.
  - The original data object and the downloaded>>cached data objects can then be compared to ensure they are identical.

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - The total number of cache notification messages published by the GC on the cache/a/wis2/# topic.
  - All messages should be the same as the source WNM's except for:
    - The canonical link (a link object's href property where **rel=canonical**), this should point to the GC's cached object.
    - the unique identifier of the message (id)
    - The topic, always on the **cache** channel. Note the incoming message may be unchanged if it was originally published on the **cache** channel.
- Data Objects
  - The total number of data objects cached by the GC. This should match the number of cache notification messages published.
  - The data objects cached by the GC should be identical to the source data objects.
    - The diff or hashes of the data objects should be identical.
- GC Metrics
  - **wmo\_wis2\_gc\_download\_total** (matches total messages)
  - **wmo\_wis2\_gc\_dataserver\_status\_flag** (set to 1 for each)
  - **wmo\_wis2\_gc\_dataserver\_last\_download\_timestamp\_seconds** (set for each and within expected time range)

### 7.2.2.4. Cache False Directive

## Purpose

Where a Global Cache receives a notification message with *properties.cache* set to false, the Global Cache should publish a notification message where the data download link (a link object's *href* property where *rel=canonical*) refers to the source data server.

## Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the *origin/a/wis2/* and *cache/a/wis2/* topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the *cache/a/wis2/* topic and *origin/a/wis2/* topic of the dev/test GB.
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to both the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects:
  - A known number **valid** WNM's with:
    - *properties.cache* set to **false**
    - *properties.data\_id* + *properties.pubtime* should be unique to each message.
  - Accompanying data objects are not required for this test.

## Steps

1. Configure the MQTT test client to connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string.
2. Publish the prepared WIS2 Notification Messages to the dev/test GB the following topics:
  - Send 1 or more messages to *origin/a/wis2/+/data/#*
  - Send 1 or more messages to *cache/a/wis2/+/data/#*
  - Send 1 or more messages to *origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#*
  - Send 1 or more messages to *cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#*

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - The total number of cache notification messages published by the GC on the *cache/a/wis2/#* topic
  - all messages should be the same as the source WNM's except for:
    - the unique identifier of the message (id)
    - the topic (*cache/a/wis2/...*) (note the incoming message may be on the same *cache/#* topic if it is from another GC)



- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_no_cache_total` (+1 for each WNM)

#### 7.2.2.5. Source Download Failure

##### Purpose

Where a Global Cache receives a valid WNM, but is unable to download a data item from the location specified in a notification message (i.e., the source data server), the `metric wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` for the source data server should be set to 0 (zero).

##### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the `cache/a/wis2/` topic and `origin/a/wis2/` topic of the dev/test GB.
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects
  - A known number `valid` WNM's with:
    - `invalid` data download links (a link object's `href` property where `rel=canonical`)
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` should be unique to each message.
  - Accompanying data objects are not required for this test.

##### Steps

1. Configure the MQTT test client to connect to the dev/test MQTT broker using the provided connection string.
2. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB on one or more of the following topics:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - No messages should be published on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic as received by the test MQTT client.
- Data Objects
  - No data objects should be cached by the GC.
- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 0 for each)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (+1 for each WNM)

### 7.2.2.6. Data Integrity Check Failure

#### Purpose

A Global Cache should validate the integrity of the resources it caches and only accept data which matches the integrity value from the WIS Notification Message. If the WIS Notification Message does not contain an integrity value, a Global Cache should accept the data as valid. In this case a Global Cache *may* add an integrity value to the message it republishes.

**Source:** Guide to WIS (WMO No. 1061), Vol II, clause 2.7.4.1. [Global Cache] Technical considerations [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_technical\\_considerations\\_2](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_technical_considerations_2); clause 2.7.4.2. [Global Cache] Practices and procedures [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_practices\\_and\\_procedures\\_2](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_practices_and_procedures_2) **Source:** [https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-message/blob/main/standard/recommendations/core/REC\\_integrity.adoc](https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-message/blob/main/standard/recommendations/core/REC_integrity.adoc)

#### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the `cache/a/wis2/` topic and `origin/a/wis2/` topic of the dev/test GB.
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects
  - A known number **valid** WNM's with:
    - **invalid** data integrity value (accessed via `properties.integrity.value` and the method

specified in `properties.integrity.method`)

- `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` should be unique to each message.
- Accompanying data objects that are accessible via the canonical link provided in the WNM

### Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB on one or more of the following topics:

- `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
- `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
- `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
- `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

### Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - No messages should be published on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic as received by the test MQTT client.
- Data Objects
  - No data objects should be cached by the GC.
- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 0 for each)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (+1 for each WNM)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_integrity_failed_total` (+1 for each WNM)

#### 7.2.2.7. WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication

##### Purpose

A Global Cache must ensure that only one instance of a notification message with a given unique identifier (id) is successfully processed.

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.3: A Global Cache shall subscribe to notifications about the availability of discovery metadata records and core data for real-time or near-real-time exchange. Duplicate notifications are discarded.

##### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the `cache/a/wis2/` topic and `origin/a/wis2/` topic of

the dev/test GB.

- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects
  - A known number **valid** WNM's where:
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` are **NOT** unique to each message, but shared by 2 or more messages.
  - Accompanying data objects that are accessible via the canonical link provided in the WNM,

### Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB on one or more of the following topics:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

### Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - Only one message should be published by the GC on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic per unique identifier which is defined as `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime`.
    - Note that due to the update directive related to 8.2, prepared messages should use unique `data_id`'s to ensure uniqueness.
- Data Objects
  - Only one data object should be cached per unique identifier which is defined as `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime`.
- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (+1 for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 1 for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (set to current for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_integrity_failed_total` (unchanged)

#### 7.2.2.8. WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)

## Purpose

Where a Global Cache fails to process a notification message relating to a given unique data object (`properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime`), a Global Cache should successfully process a valid, subsequently received notification message with the same unique data identifier.

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.3: A Global Cache shall subscribe to notifications about the availability of discovery metadata records and core data for real-time or near-real-time exchange. Duplicate notifications are discarded.

## Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the `cache/a/wis2/` topic and `origin/a/wis2/` topic of the dev/test GB.
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects
  - A known number **valid** WNM's where:
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` are **NOT** unique to each message, but shared by 2 or more messages.
    - This defines a unique identifier message set.
    - For each unique identifier message set, the first published message should be invalid, or the data object inaccessible, and the second message/data object should be valid.
  - Accompanying data objects that are accessible (or not) via the canonical link provided in the WNM.

## Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB such that the invalid WNM for each unique data identifier is published first. One or more of the following topics can be used:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - Only one message should be received on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic per unique identifier

which is defined as `properties.data_id + properties.pubtime`.

- Data Objects
  - Only one data object should be cached per unique identifier which is defined as `properties.data_id + properties.pubtime`.
- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (+1 for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 1 for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (set to current for each unique identifier)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (+1 for each unique identifier WNM message set)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_integrity_failed_total` (unchanged)

#### 7.2.2.9. WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)

##### Purpose

Related to the two previous tests, a GC should not process and cache a data item if it has already processed and cached a data item with the same `properties.data_id` and a `properties.pubtime` that is equal to or less than the `properties.pubtime` of the new data item. This test is an extension of the previous tests and can be conducted in conjunction with them.

##### Requirements

See above.

##### Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB such for each unique identifier message set, the first published message has a pubtime that is **greater than or equal to** the subsequent message/s. One or more of the following topics can be used:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

##### Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - For each message set with a shared `data_id`, each message should be processed by the GC and received on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic assuming that the `properties.pubtime` as been correctly set (decreasing or equal) for each message sent in chronological order.
- Data Objects
  - For each message set with a shared `data_id`, each data object should be cached by the GC and assuming that the `properties.pubtime` as been correctly set (decreasing or equal) for each

message sent in chronological order.

- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (+1 for each set of messages sharing the same `data_id`)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 1)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (set to current)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_integrity_failed_total` (unchanged)

### 7.2.2.10. Data Update

#### Purpose

A Global Cache should treat notification messages with the same data item identifier (`properties.data_id`), but different publication times (`properties.pubtime`) as unique data items. Data items with the same `properties.data_id` but a greater/later publication time AND a `update` link (`links[rel]='update'`), should be processed (see test Notification processing). Data items with the same `properties.data_id` but earlier or identical publication times should be ignored (see deduplication test 8).

**Source:** Guide to WIS (WMO No. 1061), Vol II, clause 2.7.4.2. [Global Cache] Practices and procedures: “Verify if the message points to new or updated data by comparing the `pubtime` value of the notification message with the list of `data_ids`”. [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_practices\\_and\\_procedures\\_2](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_practices_and_procedures_2)

#### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated with subscription to the `cache/a/wis2/` topic and `origin/a/wis2/` topic of the dev/test GB.
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- Prepared WIS2 Notification Messages and data objects
  - A known number **valid** WNM's where:
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` are unique to each message, but the `properties.data_id` is shared by 2 or more messages and the `pubtimes` are different.
    - Ensure that for a given shared `data_id`, the message with the latest `pubtime` has link with `rel=update`.
    - This defines a unique identifier message set.

- Accompanying data objects that are accessible via the canonical link provided in the WNM.

## Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM's to the dev/test GB such for each unique identifier message set, the first published message has a pubtime that is less than the subsequent message/s and subsequent messages have a valid update link. One or more of the following topics can be used:
  - origin/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - For each message set with a shared data\_id, each message should be processed by the GC and received on the `cache/a/wis2/#` topic assuming that the `properties.pubtime` as been correctly set (increasing) for each message sent in chronological order.
- Data Objects
  - For each message set with a shared data\_id, each data object should be cached by the GC and assuming that the `properties.pubtime` as been correctly set (increasing) for each message sent in chronological order.
- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` (+1 for each message)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_status_flag` (set to 1)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_dataserver_last_download_timestamp_seconds` (set to current)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_downloaded_errors_total` (unchanged)
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_integrity_failed_total` (unchanged)

## 7.2.3. Performance tests

### 7.2.3.1. WIS2 Notification Processing Rate

#### Purpose

A Global Cache shall be able to successfully process, on average, 2000 unique WNM's per minute with an average message size of 85kb. This test represents the average message size of the current WNM's. The noted WNM's/minute rate can be used as a performance indicator for the GC being tested.

#### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/`



topics.

- Dev/test GC is initiated and connected to the dev/test GB with subscriptions to the following topics:
  - origin/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- GC metrics scraper
- WIS2 Notification Messages and associated data objects:
  - A known number **valid** WNM's with:
    - **properties.cache** set to true
    - **properties.data\_id** + **properties.pubtime** should be unique to each message. The ensure consistency, data\_id alone should be used to determine uniqueness.
  - Accompanying data objects should be accessible via the canonical link provided in the WNM.
    - The canonical link should be accessible per the core requirements and the data object hash should match the hash provided in the WNM if integrity properties are provided.
    - Average message size should be 85kb.

## Steps

- Initialize the trigger client and publish the WNM dataset configuration to the dev/test GB on the topic **config/a/wis2/gc\_performance\_test**.
- Collect for the origin and cache messages.
- Assert that the number of origin and cache messages received is greater than 0.
- Calculate and print the following processing metrics:— Total processing time from the first origin message to the last cache message.
  - a. Average processing time per message.
  - b. Throughput in messages per second.
  - c. Cache processing time excluding initial lag.
  - d. Average cache message size.

## Evaluate

- WNM Messages
  - The total number of cache notification messages published by the GC on the cache/a/wis2/# topic should match what was published (2000).

- GC Metrics
  - `wmo_wis2_gc_download_total` matches total expected messages.
- The time taken to process the messages should not exceed 60 seconds (plus time taken to publish the WNM's) in order to pass the test.
  - The results can be used as a baseline for the GC's performance.

### 7.2.3.2. Concurrent client downloads

#### Purpose

A Global Cache should support a minimum of 1000 simultaneous downloads.

**Source:** Manual on WIS (WMO No. 1060), Vol II, clause 3.7.5.5: A Global Cache shall provide highly available access to copies of discovery metadata records and core data it stores; clause 4.5.1: A Global Cache shall operate a highly available storage and download service; clause 4.5.2: A Global Cache shall download core data and discovery metadata from [WIS2 Nodes] and other Global [Services] to provide for reliable, low-latency access to those resources via WIS. **Source:** Guide to WIS (WMO No. 1061), Vol II, clause 2.7.2.2. Service levels, performance indicators and fair-usage policies: [https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#\\_procedure\\_for\\_registration\\_of\\_a\\_new\\_global\\_service](https://wmo-im.github.io/wis2-guide/guide/wis2-guide-DRAFT.html#_procedure_for_registration_of_a_new_global_service)

#### Requirements

- Dev/test GB MQTT broker connection string
  - MQTT user is able to read and write messages on the `origin/a/wis2/` and `cache/a/wis2/` topics.
- Dev/test GC is initiated and connected to the dev/test GB with subscriptions to the following topics:
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/data/#`
  - `origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
- MQTT test client
  - Client should connect to the dev/test GB MQTT broker using the provided connection string to control the input and monitor the output.
- WIS2 Notification Messages and associated data objects:
  - A known number (1) **valid** WNM with:
    - `properties.cache` set to true
    - `properties.data_id` + `properties.pubtime` should be unique to each message. Ensuring a different `data_id` is best here.
  - Valid data objects to be cached
    - A larger than average data object should be generated/used in order to ensure that the

clients downloading the data object concurrently do not finish before the test is complete. A 200MB data object will be used.

- ApacheBench (ab) to manage the concurrent downloads.

### Steps

1. Publish the prepared WNM to the dev/test GB on one of the following topics:
  - origin/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/data/#
  - origin/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
  - cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#
2. For the WNM:
  - Receive the *cache* notification message from the dev/test GC.
  - Extract the canonical link from the cached messages.
  - Prepare and publish an 'ab' scenario configuration using the canonical link.
  - Start 1000 concurrent downloads of the data object from the canonical link, distributed across 10 test nodes.
  - Record the number of successful downloads and the time taken to complete each download.

### Evaluate

The test is considered successful if the following conditions are met:

- The total number of successful downloads is 1000.
- While the download time can be used to establish a baseline, it is highly dependent on the network and server conditions of the test environment and should not be used as a pass/fail criteria.

#### 7.2.3.3. Implicit tests

These are tests that are to be verified by the individual implementations as they represent critical requirements but would be difficult to test in a generic way.

#### Valid TLS/SSL certificate

- A Global Cache must have a valid TLS/SSL certificate to ensure secure communication with other WIS2 components.

#### Available Storage Space

- A Global Cache shall be able to store at least 100GB of Core data items.

**Source:** Guide to WIS (WMO No. 1061), Vol II, clause 2.7.2.2. Service levels, performance indicators and fair-usage policies: “A Global Cache should support a minimum of 100 GB of data in the cache”

## 7.3. Global Discovery Catalogue Service testing

### 7.3.1. Preparations for the test

- backup metadata repository
- metrics can be backed up, but as they are also rebuilt after a service restart, no backup is necessary here
- the GDC broker shall be made accessible to the WIS2 test Global Broker, with access via the credentials `everyone-dev/everyone-dev` for the purpose of testing

### 7.3.2. Entering the test environment

The GDC implementation under test (IUT) is required to enter the test environment with the following state:

- empty metadata repository (0 records)
- empty / non-existent metadata archive zipfile

### 7.3.3. Test setup

The GDC test setup consists of the following:

- A test data bundle to consist of:
  - 6 valid WCMP2 records
  - 4 broken JSON WCMP2 records
  - 1 invalid WCMP2 record
  - 20 WNM documents, each of which pointing to the related WCMP2 records
  - 1 WNM document specifying a WCMP2 record deletion
- all WCMP2 records stored on an HTTP server (GitHub)
  - documents available at the following location: [https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/tree/main/tests/global\\_discovery\\_catalogue/metadata](https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/tree/main/tests/global_discovery_catalogue/metadata)
  - all WNM documents updated to point to the correct HTTP server for proper HTTP dereferencing (raw GitHub) (example: `<a href="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/gdc-tests-update/tests/global_discovery_catalogue/metadata/valid/urn&#8212;&#8203;wmo&#8212;&#8203;md&#8212;&#8203;io-wis2dev-11-test&#8212;&#8203;climate.climate-daily.json" class="bare">https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-global-services-testing/gdc-tests-update/tests/global_discovery_catalogue/metadata/valid/urn&#8212;&#8203;wmo&#8212;&#8203;md&#8212;&#8203;io-wis2dev-11-test&#8212;&#8203;climate.climate-daily.json</a>`)

- updating environment variables in `tests/default.env` as follows:
  - `GDC_API`: URL to GDC API (including collection name)
  - `GDC_CENTRE_ID`: the centre identifier of the GDC implementation under test (IUT)
  - `GB_CENTRE_ID`: the centre identifier of the GB used by the GDC implementation under test (IUT)

Note that you can store secret environments in `tests/secrets.env` and refer to them in `tests/default.env` accordingly.

Given the GDC performs various checks on the centre identifier as part of the incoming topic from the Global Broker as well as the the WCMP2 identifier check, GDC tests require a fixed WIS2 Node centre id.

The fixed WIS2 Node centre used for GDC tests is `io-wis2dev-11-test`.

### 7.3.4. Functional tests

#### 7.3.4.1. Global Broker connection and subscription

##### Purpose

A Global Discovery Catalogue must connect to a Global Broker using the MQTT protocol with TLS and username/password authentication (everyone/everyone) and subscribe to the following topic:

- `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`

##### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. Close the connections to the broker after the test

On successful completion, the following metrics should be modified:

- `wmo_wis2_gdc_connected_flag` for the centre-id from which the Global Discovery Catalogue connected to should be set to 1 (one)

#### 7.3.4.2. Notification and metadata processing (success)

##### Purpose

The Global Discovery Catalogue should be able to process valid WCMP2 metadata record of core

data published by a WIS2 Node.

### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication.
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. find the canonical link object in the `links` array
  - b. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value
  - c. parse the HTTP response:
    - i. validate against the WCMP2 Executable Test Suite (ETS)
    - ii. publish the WCMP2 record to the catalogue
    - iii. publish an ETS validation report as a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker
  - d. using the WCMP2 identifier (i.e. `$WCMP2_ID`), construct a path to the record on the GDC (`https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/$WCMP2_ID`)

On successful completion:

- the resulting WCMP2 record should be available on the GDC API and contain an MQTT link / channel (using `cache/a/wis2`) foreach Global Broker
- the following metrics should be modified:
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_passed_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata was published from should be incremented by 1 (one)
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_core_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata (core data policy) was published from should be incremented by 1 (one)
- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.3. Notification and metadata processing (failure; record not found)

### Purpose

The Global Discovery Catalogue should be able to process failing (record not found) WCMP2 metadata published by a WIS2 Node.

### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5,

TLS security, and username/password for authentication

2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. find the canonical link object in the `links` array
  - b. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value
  - c. if the response is an HTTP status code of 404:
    - i. publish an ETS error report as a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker

On successful completion:

- the following metrics should be modified:
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_failed_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata was published from should be incremented by 1 (one)
- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.4. Notification and metadata processing (failure; malformed JSON or invalid WCMP2)

##### Purpose

The Global Discovery Catalogue should be able to process failing (malformed JSON) WCMP2 metadata published by a WIS2 Node.

##### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker.
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. find the canonical link object in the `links` array.
  - b. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value.
  - c. parse the HTTP response:
  - d. if the JSON is malformed, or the WCMP2 is invalid:

- i. publish an ETS error report as a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker.

On successful completion:

- the following metrics should be modified:
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_failed_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata was published from should be incremented by 1 (one).
- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.5. Metadata ingest centre-id mismatch

##### Purpose

A Global Discovery Catalogue should detect a mismatch between an incoming message topic's centre-id and the centre-id as part of a WCMP2 record identifier.

##### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. capture the centre-id from the topic (4th token split on /)
  - b. find the canonical link object in the `links` array
  - c. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value
  - d. parse the HTTP response:
  - e. extract the centre-id from WCMP2 record identifier (`id` property, 3rd token split on :)
  - f. in the WCMP2 record, if a MQTT link exists (`rel=items`, `channel` starts with `origin/a/wis2`), capture the centre-id from the topic (4th token split on /)
6. compare the following values to verify that they are identical:
  - a. centre-id extracted from topic
  - b. centre-id extracted from WCMP2 identifier
  - c. centre-id extracted from MQTT link in WCMP2 record
7. publish an ETS error report as a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker

On successful completion, the following metrics should be modified:

- `wmo_wis2_gdc_failed_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata was published from



should be incremented by 1 (one)

- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.6. Notification and metadata processing (record deletion)

##### Purpose

The Global Discovery Catalogue should be able to process valid WCMP2 metadata record deletion of core data published by a WIS2 Node.

##### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. find the link object in the `links` array where `rel=deletion`.
  - b. capture the `properties.metadata_id` value
  - c. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value.
  - d. parse the HTTP response:
    - i. validate against the WCMP2 Executable Test Suite (ETS)
    - ii. delete the WCMP2 record from the catalogue using the value from `properties.metadata_id` captured earlier in the test
    - iii. publish a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker
  - e. using the WCMP2 identifier (i.e. `$WCMP2_ID`), construct a path to the record on the GDC (`https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/$WCMP2_ID`)

On successful completion:

- the WCMP2 record should be removed from the GDC API
- the following metrics should be modified:
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_passed_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata was published from should be decremented by 1 (one)
  - `wmo_wis2_gdc_core_total` for the centre-id from where the metadata (core data policy) was published from should be decremented by 1 (one)
- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.7. Notification and metadata processing (failure; record deletion message does not contain `properties.metadata_id`)

##### Purpose

The Global Discovery Catalogue should be able to detect a WNM error when `properties.metadata_id` is missing from a WCMP2 deletion request.

##### Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication.
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On an incoming message:
  - a. find the link object in the `links` array where `rel=deletion`
  - b. capture the missing `properties.metadata_id` value
  - c. publish a notification message of the error to the GDC MQTT broker

On successful completion:

- a notification message should arrive from the Global Broker under `monitor/a/wis2/CENTRE_ID_global-discovery-catalogue/centre-id`

#### 7.3.4.8. WCMP2 metadata archive zipfile publication

##### Purpose

Validate that a GDC API publishes a metadata archive zipfile.

Note that this test should only be executed if the GDC IUT has the ability to generate the metadata zipfile during the testing window.

##### Steps

1. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint (`https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata`).
2. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
3. Parse the HTTP response
4. Check that the record includes a `links` array
5. In the `links` array, check that a metadata archive zipfile link is available (where a link object's `rel=archives` and `type=application/zip`)
6. In the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request on the associated `href` value

7. Unzip the content of the HTTP response

On successful completion:

- the resulting HTTP response should be zip encoded data, which, when unzipped, contains a directory of JSON files of WCMP2 metadata

#### 7.3.4.9. WCMP2 cold start initialization from metadata archive zipfile

##### Purpose

Validate that a GDC initializes from a metadata archive zipfile.

Note that this test should only be executed if the GDC IUT has the ability to generate the metadata zipfile during the testing window.

##### Steps

1. Construct a path to an existing, functional GDC endpoint (<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata>)
2. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
3. Parse the HTTP response
4. Check that the record includes a **links** array
5. In the **links** array, check that a metadata archive zipfile link is available (where a link object's **rel=archives** and **type=application/zip**)
6. In the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request on the associated **href** value
7. Unzip the content of the HTTP response
8. Foreach WCMP2 (JSON) record in the zipfile, validate and ingest into the new GDC
9. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint (<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/items>)
10. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
11. Parse the HTTP response
12. Count the number of items in the **numberMatched** property

On successful completion:

- the number of the features in the GDC should match the number of records in the metadata archive zipfile.

#### 7.3.4.10. API functionality

##### Purpose

Validate that a GDC API performs as expected based on the OGC API - Records standard.

##### Steps

1. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint (<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata>).

2. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
3. Parse the HTTP response
4. Check that the record includes a **links** array
5. In the **links** array, check that an items link is available (where a link object's **rel=items** and **type=application/geo+json**)
6. In the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request on the associated **href** value
7. Parse the HTTP response
8. Ensure that a **numberMatched** property exists with an integer value of 6
9. Ensure that a **numberReturned** property exists with an integer value of 6
10. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint with a bounding box query parameter (**<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/items?bbox=-142,42,-53,84>**)
11. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
12. Parse the HTTP response
13. Ensure that a **numberMatched** property exists with an integer value of 2
14. Ensure that a **numberReturned** property exists with an integer value of 2
15. Ensure that a **features** array exists
16. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint with a temporal query parameter (**<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/items?datetime=2000-11-11T12:42:23Z/..>**)
17. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
18. Parse the HTTP response
19. Ensure that a **numberMatched** property exists with an integer value of 6
20. Ensure that a **numberReturned** property exists with an integer value of 6
21. Ensure that a **features** array exists
22. Construct a path to the GDC endpoint with a full text query parameter (**<https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/items?q=observations>**)
23. Issue a HTTP GET request on the path
24. Parse the HTTP response
25. Ensure that a **numberMatched** property exists with an integer value of 4
26. Ensure that a **numberReturned** property exists with an integer value of 4
27. Ensure that a **features** array exists

## 7.3.5. Performance tests

### 7.3.5.1. Processing timeliness

#### Purpose

Validate that a GDC is able to process WCMP2 metadata in a timely manner.

## Steps

1. Initialize the MQTT client with the necessary parameters such as the MQTT protocol version 5, TLS security, and username/password for authentication
2. Connect the MQTT client to the Global Broker
3. Once the connection is successful, attempt to subscribe to the following topics:
  - `cache/a/wis2/+/metadata/#`
4. Check if the subscription is successful. If the subscription is successful, proceed. If the subscription is not successful, the test fails
5. On all incoming messages:
  - a. find the canonical link object in the `links` array
  - b. from the matching link, issue a HTTP GET request against the matching `href` value
  - c. parse the HTTP response:
    - i. validate against the WCMP2 Executable Test Suite (ETS)
    - ii. publish the WCMP2 record to the catalogue
    - iii. publish an ETS validation report as a notification message to the GDC MQTT broker.
  - d. using the WCMP2 identifier (i.e. `$WCMP2_ID`), construct a path to the record on the GDC (`https://HOST/collections/wis2-discovery-metadata/$WCMP2_ID`)

On successful completion:

- all WCMP2 records should be processed and published in 5 minutes or less

### 7.3.6. Executing the test environment

To execute the core GDC functional tests:

```
# ensure that the Python virtual environment is activated
# NOTE: CENTRE_ID is the centre identifier of the IUT
mkdir -p /data/wis2-testing/CENTRE_ID
cd tests
pytest -s global_discovery_catalogue/test_gdc_functional.py -k "not zipfile"
--junitxml=/data/wis2-testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').xml -l
-rA | tee /data/wis2-testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').log
```

To execute the additional GDC functional tests:

```
# ensure that the Python virtual environment is activated which require interactive
steps from the GDC IUT.
cd tests
pytest -s global_discovery_catalogue/test_gdc_functional.py -k "zipfile"
--junitxml=/data/wis2-testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').xml -l
-rA | tee /data/wis2-testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').log #
```

CENTRE\_ID is the centre identifier of the IUT

To execute the GDC performance tests:

```
# ensure that the Python virtual environment is activated which require interactive
steps from the GDC IUT.
cd tests
pytest -s global_discovery_catalogue/test_gdc_performance.py --junitxml=/data/wis2
-testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').xml -l -rA | tee /data/wis2-
testing/results/CENTRE_ID/$(date '+%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%SZ').log # CENTRE_ID is the centre
identifier of the IUT
```

#### 7.3.6.1. Useful flags

- **--sleep-factor**: some tests may require extra time for Pub/Sub workflow to complete. Passing the **--sleep-factor** (integer) option allows to set a multiplier applied to all sleep functions in the test.
- **-o log\_cli=true**: print logging messages to screen (useful for debugging)

#### 7.3.7. Exiting the test environment

The GDC implementation under test (IUT) exits the test environment with the following state:

- restoration of resources at state prior to entry:
- metadata repository
- metrics endpoint
- metadata archive zipfile (create new archive file or restore from backed up file)

# Chapter 8. Results

Pre-testing was performed in September 2024. Final tests were performed in October 2024. Foreach Global Service tested, participants included:

- Global Service operator contact point
- WMO Secretariat
- Testing support/expertise as defined per Global Service

The following tables provide the results of all tests (in alphabetical order, grouped by Global Service type).

## 8.1. Global Broker results

### 8.1.1. cn-cma-global-broker test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

#### 8.1.1.1. Functional tests

Table 1. cn-cma-global-broker functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Port		
Certificate		
Origin and Cache Read-Access		
Deny write access to origin/a/wis2/ and cache/a/wis2/ for everyone/everyone credentials		
cluster redundancy		
Discarding of duplicate messages		
[Publishing a message using the cn-cma-global-broker from a different WIS2 Node]		
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using valid topics (compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)		
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using invalid topics (not compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)		

Test	Pass	Comments
Publishes messages from a WIS2 Node on a <i>valid</i> topic without corresponding metadata		
Verifying the compliance of a WIS2 Notification message		

#### 8.1.1.2. Performance tests

Table 2. *cn-cma-global-broker* test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Minimum number of WIS2 Nodes		
Minimum number of subscribers		
Minimum number of messages per second		

#### 8.1.2. fr-meteofrance-global-broker test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

##### 8.1.2.1. Functional tests

Table 3. *fr-meteofrance-global-broker* functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Port	yes	
Certificate	yes	
Origin and Cache Read-Access	yes	
Deny write access to <i>origin/a/wis2/</i> and <i>cache/a/wis2/</i> for everyone/everyone credentials	yes	
cluster redundancy	yes	
Discarding of duplicate messages	yes	
Publishing a message using the <i>centre_id</i> from a different WIS2 Node	yes	



Test	Pass	Comments
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using valid topics (compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)	yes	
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using invalid topics (not compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)	yes	
Publishes messages from a WIS2 Node on a <i>valid</i> topic without corresponding metadata	yes	
Verifying the compliance of a WIS2 Notification message	yes	

#### 8.1.2.2. Performance tests

Table 4. *fr-meteofrance-global-broker* performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Minimum number of WIS2 Nodes	yes	
Minimum number of subscribers	yes	
Minimum number of messages per second	yes	

#### 8.1.2.3. Recommendation

- To avoid loss of connections a proposal to use everyone/everyone for the public and use specific credentials for partners
- QoS=1 for partners
- Qos=0 for public

### 8.1.3. br-inmet-global-broker test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

#### 8.1.3.1. Functional tests

Table 5. *br-inmet-global-broker* functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Port	yes	

Test	Pass	Comments
Certificate	yes	
Origin and Cache Read-Access	yes	
Deny write access to <i>origin/a/wis2/</i> and <i>cache/a/wis2/</i> for everyone/everyone credentials	yes	
cluster redundancy	yes	
Discarding of duplicate messages	yes	
[Publishing a message using the <i>br-inmet-global-broker</i> from a different WIS2 Node]	yes	
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using valid topics (compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)	yes	
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using invalid topics (not compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)	yes	
Publishes messages from a WIS2 Node on a <i>valid</i> topic without corresponding metadata	yes	
Verifying the compliance of a WIS2 Notification message	yes	

### 8.1.3.2. Performance tests

Table 6. *br-inmet-global-broker* test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Minimum number of WIS2 Nodes	yes	1
Minimum number of subscribers	yes	1
Minimum number of messages per second	yes	1

(1) The performance tests wer carried out in three scenarios as follows

Test	Scenario	Comments
------	----------	----------

Low Performance	concur:8,tmout:20,msg_count:2, msg_delay:500 concur:8,tmout:20,msg_count:4, msg_delay:500 concur:8,tmout:20,msg_count:6, msg_delay:500 concur:8,tmout:40,msg_count:8, msg_delay:500 concur:8,tmout:40,msg_count:1 0,msg_delay:500 concur:8,tmout:40,msg_count:1 2,msg_delay:500	Expected:3200, Received:3200 Expected:6400, Received:6400 Expected:9600, Received:9600 Expected:12800, Received:12800 Expected:16000, Received:16000 Expected:19200, Received:19200
Medium Performance	concur:4,tmout:20,msg_count:4, msg_delay:100 concur:8,tmout:20,msg_count:8, msg_delay:100 concur:16,tmout:40,msg_count: 16,msg_delay:100 concur:32,tmout:40,msg_count: 32,msg_delay:100	Expected:3200, Received:3200 Expected:12800, Received:12800 Expected:51200, Received:51200 Expected:204800, Received:204800
High Performance	concur:8,tmout:30,msg_count:8, msg_delay:50 concur:16,tmout:30,msg_count: 16,msg_delay:50 concur:32,tmout:60,msg_count: 32,msg_delay:50 concur:64,tmout:90,msg_count: 64,msg_delay:50	Expected:12800, Received:12800 Expected:51200, Received:51200 Expected:204800, Received:204800 Expected:204800, Received: lost of messages

### 8.1.3.3. Decision

- Analysis of the results to adjust the parameters
- Only the low tests are taken into account for acceptance purposes
- Medium and high tests are just for performance information

### 8.1.4. CENTRE\_ID test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

#### 8.1.4.1. Functional tests

Table 7. CENTRE\_ID functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Port		
Certificate		

Test	Pass	Comments
Origin and Cache Read-Access		
Deny write access to <i>origin/a/wis2/</i> and <i>cache/a/wis2/</i> for everyone/everyone credentials		
cluster redundancy		
Discarding of duplicate messages		
Publishing a message using the <i>centre_id</i> from a different WIS2 Node		
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using valid topics (compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)		
Publishing messages from a WIS2 Node using invalid topics (not compliant with WIS2 Topic Hierarchy)		
Publishes messages from a WIS2 Node on a <i>valid</i> topic without corresponding metadata		
Verifying the compliance of a WIS2 Notification message		

#### 8.1.4.2. Performance tests

Table 8. *CENTRE\_ID* test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Minimum number of WIS2 Nodes		
Minimum number of subscribers		
Minimum number of messages per second		

## 8.2. Global Cache results

8.2.1. data-metoffice-noaa-global-cache-results test results

Date: 2024-10-07

8.2.1.1. Functional tests

Table 9. data-metoffice-noaa-global-cache-results functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

8.2.1.2. Performance tests

Table 10. data-metoffice-noaa-global-cache-results performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

8.2.2. de-dwd-global-cache test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

8.2.2.1. Functional tests

Table 11. de-dwd-global-cache functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

#### 8.2.2.2. Performance tests

Table 12. de-dwd-global-cache performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

#### 8.2.3. cn-cma-global-cache test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

##### 8.2.3.1. Functional tests

Table 13. cn-cma-global-cache functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		

Test	Pass	Comments
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

#### 8.2.3.2. Performance tests

Table 14. cn-cma-global-cache performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

#### 8.2.4. sa-ncm-global-cache test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

##### 8.2.4.1. Functional tests

Table 15. sa-ncm-global-cache functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

#### 8.2.4.2. Performance tests

Table 16. sa-ncm-global-cache performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

#### 8.2.5. jp-jma-global-cache test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

##### 8.2.5.1. Functional tests

Table 17. jp-jma-global-cache functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		



Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

#### 8.2.5.2. Performance tests

Table 18. *jp-jma-global-cache* performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

#### 8.2.6. kr-kma-global-cache test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

##### 8.2.6.1. Functional tests

Table 19. *kr-kma-global-cache* functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
MQTT Broker Connectivity		
GC MQTT Broker Subscription		
WIS2 Notification Message (WNM) Processing		
Cache False Directive		
Source Download Failure		
[Cache Override (Optional)]		
[Data Integrity Check Failure (Recommended)]		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 1)		
WIS2 Notification Message Deduplication (Alternative 2)		
Data Update		

### 8.2.6.2. Performance tests

Table 20. *kr-kma-global-cache performance test results*

Test	Pass	Comments
WIS2 Notification Processing Rate		
Concurrent client downloads		
Implicit tests		

## 8.3. Global Discovery Catalogue results

### 8.3.1. ca-eccc-msc-global-discovery-catalogue test results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

#### 8.3.1.1. Functional tests

Table 21. *ca-eccc-msc-global-discovery-catalogue functional test results*

Test	Pass	Comments
Global Broker connection and subscription		
Notification and metadata processing (success)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record not found)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; malformed JSON or invalid WCMP2)		
Metadata ingest centre-id mismatch		
Notification and metadata processing (record deletion)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record deletion message does not contain <code>properties.metadata_id</code> )		
WCMP2 metadata archive zipfile publication		
WCMP2 cold start initialization from metadata archive zipfile		
API functionality		

### 8.3.1.2. Performance tests

Table 22. *ca-eccc-msc-global-discovery-catalogue* performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Processing timeliness		

## 8.3.2. cn-cma-global-discovery-catalogue results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

### 8.3.2.1. Functional tests

Table 23. *cn-cma-global-discovery-catalogue* functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Global Broker connection and subscription		
Notification and metadata processing (success)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record not found)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; malformed JSON or invalid WCMP2)		
Metadata ingest centre-id mismatch		
Notification and metadata processing (record deletion)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record deletion message does not contain <code>properties.metadata_id</code> )		
WCMP2 metadata archive zipfile publication		
WCMP2 cold start initialization from metadata archive zipfile		
API functionality		

### 8.3.2.2. Performance tests

Table 24. *cn-cma-global-discovery-catalogue* performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Processing timeliness		

### 8.3.3. de-dwd-global-discovery-catalogue results

Date: YYYY-MM-DD

#### 8.3.3.1. Functional tests

Table 25. de-dwd-global-discovery-catalogue functional test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Global Broker connection and subscription		
Notification and metadata processing (success)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record not found)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; malformed JSON or invalid WCMP2)		
Metadata ingest centre-id mismatch		
Notification and metadata processing (record deletion)		
Notification and metadata processing (failure; record deletion message does not contain <code>properties.metadata_id</code> )		
WCMP2 metadata archive zipfile publication		
WCMP2 cold start initialization from metadata archive zipfile		
API functionality		

#### 8.3.3.2. Performance tests

Table 26. de-dwd-global-discovery-catalogue performance test results

Test	Pass	Comments
Processing timeliness		

# Chapter 9. Discussion

TODO

# Chapter 10. Conclusions

TODO

# Chapter 11. Future work

TODO

# Appendix A: Revision History

Date	Release	Author	Primary clauses modified	Description
2024-03-30	0.1	Kralidis	all	initial version



# Bibliography

- ab - Apache HTTP server benchmarking tool (2024) <sup>[1]</sup>

[1] <https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/programs/ab.html>