WMO WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

2023-03-09

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**i. Abstract**

WIS2 real-time data sharing is based on a message queuing protocol (MQP) supporting a publication/subscription (PubSub) mechanism. A user can subscribe to an MQP broker to receive real-time notifications of the existence of new data. The notification message received from the MQP broker contains a URL to download the data. In addition, the MQP broker offers a range of topics organised in a hierarchy. The users can select their topics of interest and subscribe to them to receive notifications and download data relevant to their work.

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified exchange platform for weather, climate, and water data.

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. This standard is an extension of the OGC API - Features standard [[3]](#footnote-24). WIS2 Notification Message documents are provided as MQP payloads by WIS2 nodes, Global Broker services, as well as Replay API services (optional OGC API - Features services for data notifications).

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded in GeoJSON (RFC7946 [[4]](#footnote-26)) as defined in this specification and shall be made available as MQP payloads. Additionally, they can be provisioned as defined by OGC API - Features.

Weather/climate/water data is by nature geospatial and temporal. The W3C Data on the Web Best Practices [[5]](#footnote-28) and Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices [[6]](#footnote-30) publications provide guidelines on how to best enable spatiotemporal data to lower the barrier for users, search engine optimization, and linked data. This also aligns with the FAIR data principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable) [[7]](#footnote-32).

**ii. Keywords**

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

wmo, wis 2.0, weather, climate, water, metadata, pubsub, mqp, message queuing protocol, GeoJSON

**iii. Security Considerations**

Based on the WMO Unified Data Policy for the International Exchange of Earth System Data (Resolution 1 (Cg-Ext(2021) [[8]](#footnote-34), exchanged data are classified as core or recommended. Core data is considered fully open and unrestricted with no security considerations. Recommended data may have access control defined.

No security considerations have been made for this standard.

# Scope

This document defines the content, structure, and encoding of a notification message published as part of a WIS2 Global Broker or a Replay API service.

The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding standard defined herein is an extension of the International Standard *GeoJSON*.

WIS2 Notification Message documents shall be encoded as GeoJSON as defined in *OGC API - Features - Part 1: Core*.

The primary purpose of WIS2 Notification Messages are to notify subscribers or clients of new data being published.

This specification defines the conformance requirements for the WIS2 Notification Message Encoding. Annex A defines the abstract test suite.

# Conformance

Conformance with this standard shall be checked using the tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document.

*GeoJSON* provides an encoding for encoding geographic features (geometry, attributes). This standard is an extension of *GeoJSON*.

Data providers are required to comply with all conformance classes of this specification in support of providing MQP services.

WMO shall publish guidance material to assist data providers in constructing WIS2 Notification Messages.

This standard identifies one Conformance Class which defines the functional requirements.

The mandatory Conformance Class for this specification is:

* "WIS2 Notification Message Encoding Core"

# References

* OGC: OGC 17-069r, OGC API - Features - Part 1: Core 1.0 (2022) [[9]](#footnote-39)
* IETF: RFC-7946 The GeoJSON Format (2016) [[10]](#footnote-41)
* IETF: RFC-8259 The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Formathe GeoJSON Format (2016) [[11]](#footnote-42)
* W3C/OGC: Spatial Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Working Group Note (2017) [[12]](#footnote-44)
* W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation (2017) [[13]](#footnote-45)
* W3C: Data Catalog Vocabulary, W3C Recommendation (2014) [[14]](#footnote-46)
* IANA: Link Relation Types (2020) [[15]](#footnote-48)
* IETF: JSON Schema (2022) [[16]](#footnote-50)
* WMO: WIS2 Topic Hierarchy (2022) [[17]](#footnote-52)

# Terms and definitions

This document uses the terms defined in [OGC Policy Directive 49](https://portal.ogc.org/public_ogc/directives/directives.php), which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this Standard and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This document also uses terms defined in the OGC Standard for Modular specifications ([OGC 08-131r3](https://portal.opengeospatial.org/files/?artifact_id=34762)), also known as the 'ModSpec'. The definitions of terms such as standard, specification, requirement, and conformance test are provided in the ModSpec.

The following additional terms and definitions also apply.

## Abbreviated terms

Symbols and abbreviated terms

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Abbreviation | Term |
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| DCPC | Data Collection and Production Centres |
| GDC | Global Discovery Catalogue |
| GIS | Geographic Information System |
| GISC | Global Information System Centre |
| HTML | Hypertext Markup Language |
| HTTP | Hypertext Transfer Protocol |
| HTTPS | Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure |
| IANA | Internet Assigned Numbers Authority |
| IETF | Internet Engineering Task Force |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardization |
| JSON | JavaScript Object Notation |
| MQP | Message Queuing Protocol |
| MQTT | Message Queuing Telemetry Transport |
| NC | National Centre |
| NWP | Numerical Weather Prediction |
| OGC | Open Geospatial Consortium |
| PubSub | Publish / Subscribe |
| URI | Uniform Resource Identifier |
| URL | Uniform Resource Locator |
| UUID | Universally Unique Identifier |
| W3C | World Wide Web Consortium |
| WCMP | WMO Core Metadata Profile |
| WIS | WMO Information System |
| WMO | World Meteorological Organization |
| WNM | WIS2 notification message |

# Conventions

This section provides details and examples for any conventions used in the document. Examples of conventions are symbols, abbreviations, use of JSON schema, or special notes regarding how to read the document.

## Identifiers

The normative provisions in this Standard are denoted by the URI:

<http://wis.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1.0>

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs which are relative to this base.

## Examples

Examples provided in this specification are encoded as GeoJSON.

Complete examples can be found at <https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/examples>

## Schemas

The WIS2 Notification Message schema can be found at <https://schemas.wmo.int/wnm/1.0/notificationMessageGeoJSON.yaml>

## Schema representation

JSON Schema [[18]](#footnote-66) objects are used throughout this standard to define the structure of metadata records. These schema objects are also typically represented using YAML [[19]](#footnote-67). YAML is a superset of JSON, and in this standard are regarded as equivalent.

Metadata record instances are always defined as JSON.

### Properties

A JSON **property** represents a key-value pair, where the key is the name of the property and the value is a standard JSON data type.

"myPropertyName": "test123"

# Introduction

## Motivation

MQP brokers provide "push" based services, supporting event-driven workflows, maximizing efficient use of network, bandwidth, and rapid response to time-sensitive events (e.g. severe weather events). However, MQP brokers do not specify a payload encoding. Using GeoJSON as a baseline for this specification provides broad interoperability, lowering the barrier and extending the reach of data in the WIS2 ecosystem and beyond.

## Scenarios

The following scenarios are useful in understanding the drivers and principles that were used in the development of this specification:

### Publish, Subscribe, Download

Event driven (PubSub) workflow involves a client connecting to a MQP broker, subscribing to one or more topics and receiving relevant notifications. Notifications provide information to ensure data integrity and spatiotemporal extents of a data granule.

### Replay API workflow

API workflow involves a client connecting to an OGC API - Features services in order to query for messages in the past using spatial, temporal, or attribute predicates. A Replay API workflow is valuable in situations where connections to MQP brokers may drop, thereby allowing a given subscriber to gather past messages.

# The WIS2 Notification Message Encoding

A WIS2 Notification Message provides descriptive information about a data made available through WIS 2.0.

## Conformance Class Core

### Overview

This Core Conformance Class provides requirements to articulate the required elements of a WIS2 Notification Message.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Requirements Class** |  |
| <http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1.0/req/core> |  |
| Target type | Notification Metadata |
| Dependency | [IETF RFC8259: The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format](#rfc8259) |
| Dependency | [JSON Schema](#json-schema) |
| Dependency | [GeoJSON](#rfc7946) |
| Pre-conditions | The record conforms to GeoJSON (RFC7946) |

The standard notification message format ensures that the WIS2 ecosystem (data publisher, data user, and global services) is a robust, effective, and unified data exchange platform for weather, climate, and water.

### GeoJSON compliance

The WIS2 Notification Message schema is based on *GeoJSON* (RFC7946) and its associated information model. Compliant messages are therefore compliant with *GeoJSON*.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Requirement 1** | **/req/core/validation** |
| A | Each WNM SHALL validate without error against the WNM schema. |
| B | Each WNM SHALL provide id, version, type, geometry and properties properties for GeoJSON compliance. |
| C | Each WNM record type property SHALL be set to a fixed value of Feature for GeoJSON compliance. |

### Identifier

A universally unique identifier of the message using the UUID standard (RFC4122). The identifier is generated by the originator of the message. It provides the anti-loop feature that is needed to ensure that the message will be seen once by all Global Brokers. It remains the same throughout the lifetime of the message in the WIS2 ecosystem.

The message identifier is set to a new value by Global Cache services when they publish their modified message for accessing the original core data from the cache. The [data\_id](#data_id) is retained to ensure traceability and consistency of the same resource.

"id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be"

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Requirement 2** | **/req/core/identifier** |
| A | A WNM SHALL have an identifier via the id property. |
| B | A WNM identifier SHALL be provided as a Universally Unique Identifier (UUID). |

### Version

The version property provides the version of WNM that the message conforms to.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Requirement 3** | **/req/core/version** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide information on version conformance via the version property. |
| B | A WNM’s version property SHALL be fixed to v04 for this version of the specification. |

### Type

The type property is a fixed value denoting the record as a GeoJSON Feature.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Requirement 4** | **/req/core/type** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide a type property. |
| B | A WNM’s type property SHALL provide a fixed value of Feature. |

### Geometry

RFC7946 defines 7 types of geometry: Point, MultiPoint, LineString, MultiLineString, Polygon, MultiPolygon, and GeometryCollection. It has been decided to restrict those types to only two: Point and Polygon. It must be noted that the geometry key is mandatory in GeoJSON but can be of type null.

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| **Requirement 5** | **/req/core/geometry** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide a geometry property. |
| B | A WNM’s geometry property SHALL only provide one of a Point or Polygon geometry, or a null value when a geometry value is unknown or cannot be determined. |

**Example: Point.**

{  
 ...  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Point",  
 "coordinates": [  
 6.146255135536194,  
 46.223296618227444  
 ]  
 }  
 ...  
}

**Example: Point with elevation.**

{  
 ...  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Point",  
 "coordinates": [  
 6.146255135536194,  
 46.223296618227444,  
 392  
 ]  
 }  
 ...  
}

**Example: Polygon.**

{  
 ...  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Polygon",  
 "coordinates": [[  
 [-7.75,40.43],  
 [-7.75,78.46],  
 [71.91,78.46],  
 [71.91,40.43],  
 [-7.75,40.43]  
 ]]  
 }  
 ...  
}

**Example: null.**

{  
 ...  
 "geometry": null  
 ...  
}

### Properties

#### pubtime

The pubtime property identifies the date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z). The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message loss in providing awareness of how far behind the publisher they may be).

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z"  
 ...  
}

|  |  |
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| **Requirement 6** | **/req/core/pubtime** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide a properties.pubtime property. |
| B | A WNM’s properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format. |
| C | A WNM’s properties.pubtime property SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone. |

#### data\_id

The data\_id property uniquely identifies the data. It is comprised of two parts:

1. the topic where the message will be published as defined in <https://community.wmo.int/wis2-topic-hierarchy>, removing both the channel (origin or cache) and the version of the topic hierarchy.
2. a unique identifier of the data. It can be the filename used by the originating center or a unique UUID (RFC4122) or a value chosen by the originating center as long as it is unique over a 1 week period

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| **Requirement 7** | **/req/core/data\_id** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide a properties.data\_id property. |
| B | A WNM’s properties.data\_id property SHALL be unique. |
| C | A WNM’s properties.data\_id property SHALL contain a valid WIS2 topic, without the channel and version. |

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "data\_id": "wis2/can/eccc-msc/data/core/weather/surface-based-obs/landFixed/UANT01\_CWAO\_200445\_\_\_15103.bufr4"  
 ...  
}

#### metadata\_id

The metadata\_id property uniquely identifies the associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to. This element is an important linkage between a dataset discovery metadata record and its data notifications, allowing a subscriber to consult additional documentation of the dataset.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Recommendation 1** | **/rec/core/metadata\_id** |
| A | A WNM SHOULD provide a properties.metadata\_id property, identifying the associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to. |

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "metadata\_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob"  
  
 ...  
}

#### Temporal description (datetime, start\_datetime, end\_datetime)

The datetime property identifies the date and time of the data being published (e.g. date of measurement, for observation data), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z).

The start\_datetime and end\_datetime properties identify a temporal extent (e.g. start/end times for an NWP forecasting period), in RFC3339 format, in the UTC timezone (Z).

|  |  |
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| **Requirement 8** | **/req/core/temporal** |
| A | A WNM SHALL provide a temporal description by either a properties.datetime property or both the properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime properties. |
| B | A WNM’s temporal description SHALL be provided in RFC3339 format. |
| C | A WNM’s temporal description SHALL be provided in the UTC timezone. |

**Example: Temporal instant.**

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z"  
 ...  
}

**Example: Temporal extent.**

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "start\_datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",  
 "end\_datetime": "2022-03-22T04:45:00Z"  
 ...  
}

#### Integrity

For data verification, it is suggested (but not mandatory) to include data integrity information via the integrity property. Providing this information will allow data consumers to ensure that a given data granule has not been corrupted during download.

The method property provides a format of the hashing method used to enable integrity check of the data. Acceptable values are md5, sha256 and sha512. sha512 is preferred.

The value property provides the result of the hashing method.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Recommendation 2** | **/rec/core/integrity** |
| A | A WNM SHOULD provide a properties.integrity property, consisting of a method property identifying the hashing method (md5, sha256, sha512) and a value property of the hashing result, when it can be easily derived. |

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "integrity": {  
 "method": "sha512",  
 "value": "3bb12eda3c298db5de25597f54d924f2e17e78a26ad89...b0124ecb8a"  
 }  
 ...  
}

#### Content

For data granules with sizes smaller than 2048 bytes, the content property allows for including the data in the message. The content property provides an additional inline data access capability, in addition to a canonical link of the message.

The encoding property provides the character encoding of the data (fixed to UTF-8 or Base64).

The value property provides the data in the in accordance to the encoding property.

The size property provides the size of the data in accordance to the encoding property. The value must be below 2048. Global Brokers may discard messages for where inline data sizes are greater than 2048 bytes.

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| **Recommendation 3** | **/rec/core/content** |
| A | A WNM SHOULD provide a content property, consisting of an encoding property (fixed to either utf-8, base64, or gzip), a value property (of less than 2048 bytes) of the data, as well as a size property with the length of the data. |

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "content": {  
 "encoding": "utf-8",  
 "value": "encoded bytes from the file",  
 "size": 457  
 }  
 ...  
}

#### Additional properties

A WIS2 Notification Message can be extended as required for organizational purposes by adding properties (of any type) in the message. Additional properties do not break compliance to this specification.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Permission 1** | **/per/core/additional\_properties** |
| A | A WNM MAY provide additional properties of any type in any part of the document as needed. |

"properties": {  
 ...  
 "\_comment": {  
 "validationErrors": [  
 "error 1",  
 "error 2"  
 ]  
 }  
 ...  
}

### Links

The links array consists of one or more objects providing URLs to access data.

Each link object provides:

* an href property with a fully qualified link to access the data in a secure manner
* a rel property providing an IANA link relation [[20]](#footnote-94) describing the relationship between the link and the message
* a type property providing the media type of the data
* a length property providing the length (in bytes) indicating the size of the data in the response when downloading the link.

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| **Requirement 9** | **/req/core/links** |
| A | A WNM SHALL define a links array property. |
| B | A WNM’s links array property SHALL contain at least one link with at least the required href and rel properties. |
| C | A WNM’s link object’s rel property SHALL use one of valid IANA link relations [[21]](#footnote-96). |
| D | A WNM’s links array property SHALL contain exactly one link with a link relation of canonical to clearly identify the preferred link from which to access data. |
| E | A WNM’s links array property SHALL contain links which, for core data, require no further action in order to download a given data granule. |
| F | A WNM SHALL provide links using HTTP, HTTPS, FTP or SFTP. |

|  |  |
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| **Recommendation 4** | **/rec/core/links** |
| A | A WNM SHOULD provide links using secure protocols such as HTTPS and SFTP, with HTTPS being the preferred option. |
| B | A WNM link SHOULD provide the length property to communicate the size of a given data download in advance of a data download workflow, when the size of the data is known or can be easily derived. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Permission 2** | **/per/core/links** |
| A | A WNM links array property MAY provide link objects which reference APIs or Web Accessible Folders (WAF). |

**Example: Canonical link.**

"links": [{  
 "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",  
 "rel": "canonical",  
 "type": "application/x-bufr"  
}]

**Example: Multiple links.**

"links": [{  
 "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",  
 "rel": "canonical",  
 "type": "application/x-bufr"  
}, {  
 "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",  
 "rel": "item",  
 "type": "application/json"  
}]

# Conformance Class Abstract Test Suite (Normative)

## Conformance Class: Core

label

<http://www.wmo.int/spec/wnm/1.0/conf/core>

subject

Requirements Class "core"

classification

Target Type:Notification Metadata

### Validation

label

/conf/core/validation

subject

/req/core/validation

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM is valid to the authoritative WNM schema.

Run JSON Schema validation on the WNM against the WNM authoritative schema.

### Identifier

label

/conf/core/identifier

subject

/req/core/identifier

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid identifier.

Check for the existence of an id property in the WNM.

### Version

label

/conf/core/identifier

subject

/req/core/identifier

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid version.

Check for the existence of an version property in the WNM.

Check that the id property is equal to v04.

### Type

label

/conf/core/type

subject

/req/core/type

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid type.

Check for the existence of a type property in the WNM

Check that the type property is equal to Feature.

### Geometry

label

/conf/core/geometry

subject

/req/core/geometry

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid geometry property.

Check for the existence of one geometry property in the WNM.

Check that all geometry.coordinates value data types are integers or floats.

Check that geometry.coordinates longitudinal values are between -180 and 180.

Check that geometry.coordinates latitudinal values are between -90 and 90.

Check that geometry property is a valid GeoJSON geometry.

### Properties / Publication Time

label

/conf/core/pubtime

subject

/req/core/pubtime

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid pubtime.

Check for the existence of an properties.pubtime property.

Check that the properties.pubtime property is in RFC3339 format.

Check that the properties.pubtime property is in the UTC timezone.

### Properties / Data Identification

label

/conf/core/data\_id

subject

/req/core/data\_id

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM has a valid data\_id.

Check for the existence of an data\_id property.

Check that the data\_id property starts with a valid WIS2 topic with the channel and version removed.

### Properties / Temporal description

label

/conf/core/temporal

subject

/req/core/temporal

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a valid temporal description.

Check for the existence of one properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime.

Check that the any of the properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime properties are in RFC3339 format.

Check that the any of the properties.datetime or both properties.start\_datetime and properties.end\_datetime properties are in the UTC timezone.

### Links

label

/conf/core/links

subject

/req/core/links

test-purpose

Validate that a WNM provides a link array property.

Check for the existence of a single links array property in the WNM.

Check that the links array property provides a minimum of one link object.

For each link object, check that the rel property contains a valid IANA link relation [[22]](#footnote-109).

Check that the links array property contains one link object with a rel property with value canonical as well as an href property.

# Schemas (Normative)

The schema document will only be published on schemas.wmo.int once the standard has been approved.

## WIS2 Notification Message Schema

$schema: https://json-schema.org/draft/2020-12/schema  
$id: https://schemas.wmo.int/wis2/broker/message/0.9.0/schema.yml  
title: WMO WIS 2.0 broker message schema  
description: WMO WIS 2.0 broker message schema  
  
definitions:  
 schemas:  
 link:  
 # from https://github.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/blob/master/core/openapi/schemas/link.yaml  
 type: object  
 required:  
 - href  
 - rel  
 properties:  
 href:  
 type: string  
 example: https://example.com/data/obs/123  
 rel:  
 type: string  
 description: |  
 the link relation describing the relationship between the link and the message.  
 See https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xhtml for the  
 official list of IANA link relations.  
 example: canonical  
 type:  
 type: string  
 example: application/geo+json  
 hreflang:  
 type: string  
 example: en  
 title:  
 type: string  
 example: Trierer Strasse 70, 53115 Bonn  
 length:  
 type: integer  
 description: for file links optional length provides the number of bytes in the file.  
 pointGeoJSON:  
 # from https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/master/core/openapi/schemas/pointGeoJSON.yaml  
 type: object  
 required:  
 - type  
 - coordinates  
 properties:  
 type:  
 type: string  
 enum:  
 - Point  
 coordinates:  
 type: array  
 minItems: 2  
 items:  
 type: number  
 polygonGeoJSON:  
 # from https://raw.githubusercontent.com/opengeospatial/ogcapi-features/master/core/openapi/schemas/polygonGeoJSON.yaml  
 type: object  
 required:  
 - type  
 - coordinates  
 properties:  
 type:  
 type: string  
 enum:  
 - Polygon  
 coordinates:  
 type: array  
 items:  
 type: array  
 minItems: 4  
 items:  
 type: array  
 minItems: 2  
 items:  
 type: number  
  
type: object  
properties:  
 id:   
 type: string  
 format: uuid  
 description: UUID (RFC4122) - Guarantee uniqueness of the message over (at least) a 24h period.  
 version:  
 type: string  
 description: Version of message specification.  
 const: v04  
 type:  
 type: string  
 enum:  
 - Feature  
 geometry:  
 oneOf:  
 - type: 'null'  
 - $ref: '#/definitions/schemas/pointGeoJSON'  
 - $ref: '#/definitions/schemas/polygonGeoJSON'  
 properties:  
 type: object  
 properties:  
 pubtime:  
 type: string  
 format: date-time  
 description: |  
 Identifies the date/time of when the file was posted/published, in RFC3339 format.  
 The publication date/time is critical for subscribers to prevent message loss by knowing  
 their lag (how far behind the publisher they are).  
 data\_id:   
 type: string  
 description: |  
 Uniquely identifies the data. It is formed of two parts:  
 1. MQTT topic hierarchy where this message will be published as defined in https://github.com/wmo-im/wis2-topic-hierarchy without leading channel/version  
 2. a unique identifier of the data. It could be the filename used by the originating center or a unique UUID (RFC4122) or anything chosen   
 by the originating center as long as it is unique over a 1 week period.  
 metadata\_id:  
 type: string  
 description: identifier for associated discovery metadata record to which the notification applies to.  
 datetime:  
 type: string  
 format: date-time  
 description: Identifies the date/time of the data being published, in RFC3339 format.  
 start\_datetime:  
 type: string  
 format: date-time  
 description: Identifies the start date/time date of the data being published, in RFC3339 format.  
 end\_datetime:  
 type: string  
 format: date-time  
 description: Identifies the end date/time date of the data being published, in RFC3339 format.  
 integrity:  
 type: object  
 description: Specifies a checksum to be applied to the data to ensure that the download is accurate.  
 properties:  
 method:  
 type: string  
 description: |  
 A specific set of methods for calculating the checksum algorithms:  
 \* ``sha256``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 256 bits, value is base64 encoded.  
 \* ``sha512``: the Secure Hash Algorithm 512 bits, value is base64 encoded.  
 \* ``arbitrary``: an arbitrary string is used to identify the value.  
 \* ``md5``: the Message Digest 5 hash (obsolete, perhaps will be rejected)  
 enum:  
 - sha256  
 - sha512  
 - arbitrary  
 - md5  
 value:  
 type: string  
 description: checksum value.  
 required:  
 - method  
 - value  
 content:  
 type: object  
 description: Used to embed small products inline within the message.  
 properties:  
 encoding:  
 type: string  
 description: encoding of content  
 enum:  
 - utf-8  
 - base64  
 - gzip  
 size:  
 type: integer  
 description: Number of bytes contained in the file. Together with the ``integrity`` property, it provides additional assurance that file content was accurately received.  
 value:  
 type: string  
 description: the inline content of the file.  
 required:  
 - encoding  
 - size  
 - value  
 required:  
 - pubtime  
 - data\_id  
 oneOf:  
 - allOf:  
 - required:  
 - start\_datetime  
 - end\_datetime  
 - allOf:  
 - required:  
 - datetime  
  
 links:  
 type: array  
 minItems: 1  
 items:  
 $ref: '#/definitions/schemas/link'  
required:  
 - id  
 - version  
 - type  
 - geometry  
 - properties  
 - links  
example:  
 $ref: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/wmo-im/wis2-notification-message/main/examples/example1.json

# Examples (Informative)

## WIS2 Notification Message Examples

**Example: single observation including meaningful geometry, observation datetime and content.**

{  
 "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",  
 "version": "v04",  
 "type": "Feature",  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Point",  
 "coordinates": [  
 6.146255135536194,  
 46.223296618227444  
 ]  
 },  
 "properties": {  
 "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z",  
 "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",  
 "integrity": {  
 "method": "sha512",  
 "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="  
 },  
 "data\_id": "wis2/can/eccc-msc/data/core/weather/surface-based-obs/landFixed/UANT01\_CWAO\_200445\_\_\_15103.bufr4",  
 "metadata\_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob",  
 "content": {  
 "encoding": "utf-8",  
 "value": "encoded bytes from the file",  
 "size": 457  
 }  
 },  
 "links": [  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",  
 "rel": "canonical",  
 "type": "application/x-bufr"  
 },  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",  
 "rel": "item",  
 "type": "application/json"  
 }  
 ]  
}

**Example: NWP product including polygon geometry, start\_datetime and end\_datetime. The polygon is an array with 5 elements. The first (and last) elements are most southwestern point of the rectangle using longitude and latitude and followed by other coordinates in a clockwise direction..**

{  
 "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",  
 "version": "v04",  
 "type": "Feature",  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Point",  
 "coordinates": [  
 6.146255135536194,  
 46.223296618227444  
 ]  
 },  
 "properties": {  
 "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z",  
 "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",  
 "integrity": {  
 "method": "sha512",  
 "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="  
 },  
 "data\_id": "wis2/can/eccc-msc/data/core/weather/surface-based-obs/landFixed/UANT01\_CWAO\_200445\_\_\_15103.bufr4",  
 "metadata\_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob",  
 "content": {  
 "encoding": "utf-8",  
 "value": "encoded bytes from the file",  
 "size": 457  
 }  
 },  
 "links": [  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",  
 "rel": "canonical",  
 "type": "application/x-bufr"  
 },  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",  
 "rel": "item",  
 "type": "application/json"  
 }  
 ]  
}

**Example: minimal viable message compliant to the specification.**

{  
 "id": "31e9d66a-cd83-4174-9429-b932f1abe1be",  
 "version": "v04",  
 "type": "Feature",  
 "geometry": {  
 "type": "Point",  
 "coordinates": [  
 6.146255135536194,  
 46.223296618227444  
 ]  
 },  
 "properties": {  
 "pubtime": "2022-03-20T04:50:18.314854383Z",  
 "datetime": "2022-03-20T04:45:00Z",  
 "integrity": {  
 "method": "sha512",  
 "value": "A2KNxvks...S8qfSCw=="  
 },  
 "data\_id": "wis2/can/eccc-msc/data/core/weather/surface-based-obs/landFixed/UANT01\_CWAO\_200445\_\_\_15103.bufr4",  
 "metadata\_id": "urn:x-wmo:md:can:eccc-msc:observations.swob",  
 "content": {  
 "encoding": "utf-8",  
 "value": "encoded bytes from the file",  
 "size": 457  
 }  
 },  
 "links": [  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/data/4Pubsub/92c557ef-d28e-4713-91af-2e2e7be6f8ab.bufr4",  
 "rel": "canonical",  
 "type": "application/x-bufr"  
 },  
 {  
 "href": "https://example.org/oapi/collections/my-dataset/items/my-data-granule",  
 "rel": "item",  
 "type": "application/json"  
 }  
 ]  
}

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* W3C: Data on the Web Best Practices, W3C Recommendation 31 January 2017, <https://www.w3.org/TR/dwbp>
* IANA: Link Relation Types, <https://www.iana.org/assignments/link-relations/link-relations.xml>

# Revision History

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Date | Release | Editor | Primary clauses modified | Description |
| 2022-12-05 | Template | Tom Kralidis | all | update from TT-Protocols/ET-W2AT |

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2. <https://community.wmo.int/governance/commission-membership/infcom> [↑](#footnote-ref-22)
3. <https://ogcapi.ogc.org/features> [↑](#footnote-ref-24)
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