

# Run without sync to the local file system

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If we want to provide someone with a container with a set of necessary files (so that they can run a complete process without configuring both the environment and having the necessary files), we can copy necessary files in the *Dockerfile* to the appropriate directory in the image with command `COPY . .` :

A screenshot of a Dockerfile editor window titled "Dockerfile". The content of the file is:

```
#syntax=docker/dockerfile:1

FROM python:3.8-slim-buster

WORKDIR /app

RUN pip install pandas

COPY . .
```

To create an image:

1. go to the folder where you have a set of necessary data
2. run a terminal in it, and in it run the command: `docker build -t bind_app1_app2:v2 .`

You can run the image created in this way in any directory - you do not need to have access to the necessary files in it:

```
docker run -ti bind_app1_app2:v2 python3 run.py .
```

Note that:

1. at the end of the command we added `python3 run.py`. This is because, according to the Dockerfile, our image does not run the `run.py` script.
2. running in a folder that does not have the necessary files does not generate errors
3. subsequent runs do not add any files to the local system.

## Use cases

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In particular, you can use the above mechanism in the following situations:

### Sharing

**I want to share an application that uses a database with others.**

My application uses a database (such as Redis, PostgreSQL or MySQL). I want to share it with people who don't have it installed, nor can they configure or manage it.

I am using docker compose to create a multi-container application, containing both my application and the corresponding database.

**Training.**

I'm a trainer, and want to show someone a solution in jupyter notebook, using various libraries (such as PyCaret). The users do not have any environments installed.

I ask them to install Docker and then run my container.

## Archiving the project

I want to ensure the reproducibility of my solution in the future.

I document and publish the docker image of my solution in the image repository accordingly.

## Deployment

### **I want to simulate a production environment.**

Our image analysis system is running on an NVidia Jetson Nano endpoint device. On my workstation, I want to simulate how the latest version of my model will behave on this device.

To do this, I am running a Docker container with an image of the end device.

### **I want to run multiple services or a sequence of services on the end device.**

To do this, I use docker compose to create the launch of multiple services: in parallel or in the appropriate sequence.

**I want to run my ML project in a scalable environment**, such as Kubernetes, or at a service provider (GCP, MS Azure or Amazon EC2).

I create a separate image for each component of my machine learning process. I use the Kubeflow system to manage the full process in Kubernetes.

## Useful sources

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A very good presentation of the *bind mount* and *volume mount* methods can be found in the official docker documentation available [here](#).