EFFECTIVE PLATFORM BUILDING WITH KUBERNETES.

Wojciech Barczyński - SMACC.io | Hypatos.ai 16 November 2018

WOJCIECH BARCZYŃSKI

- Lead Software Developer
 & System Engineer
- K8S:
 - 2.5 years @ startups
- Before:
 - Openstack, SAP R&D
- + Visiting lecturer and Trainer



Github: wojciech12 | Linked: IN | HP: wbarczynski.pl | T: @wbarczynski

STORY

- Lyke [12.2016 07.2017]
- SMACC [10.2017 present]

My Role: Leading the change, implementing it

WHY WE LIKE KUBERNETES?

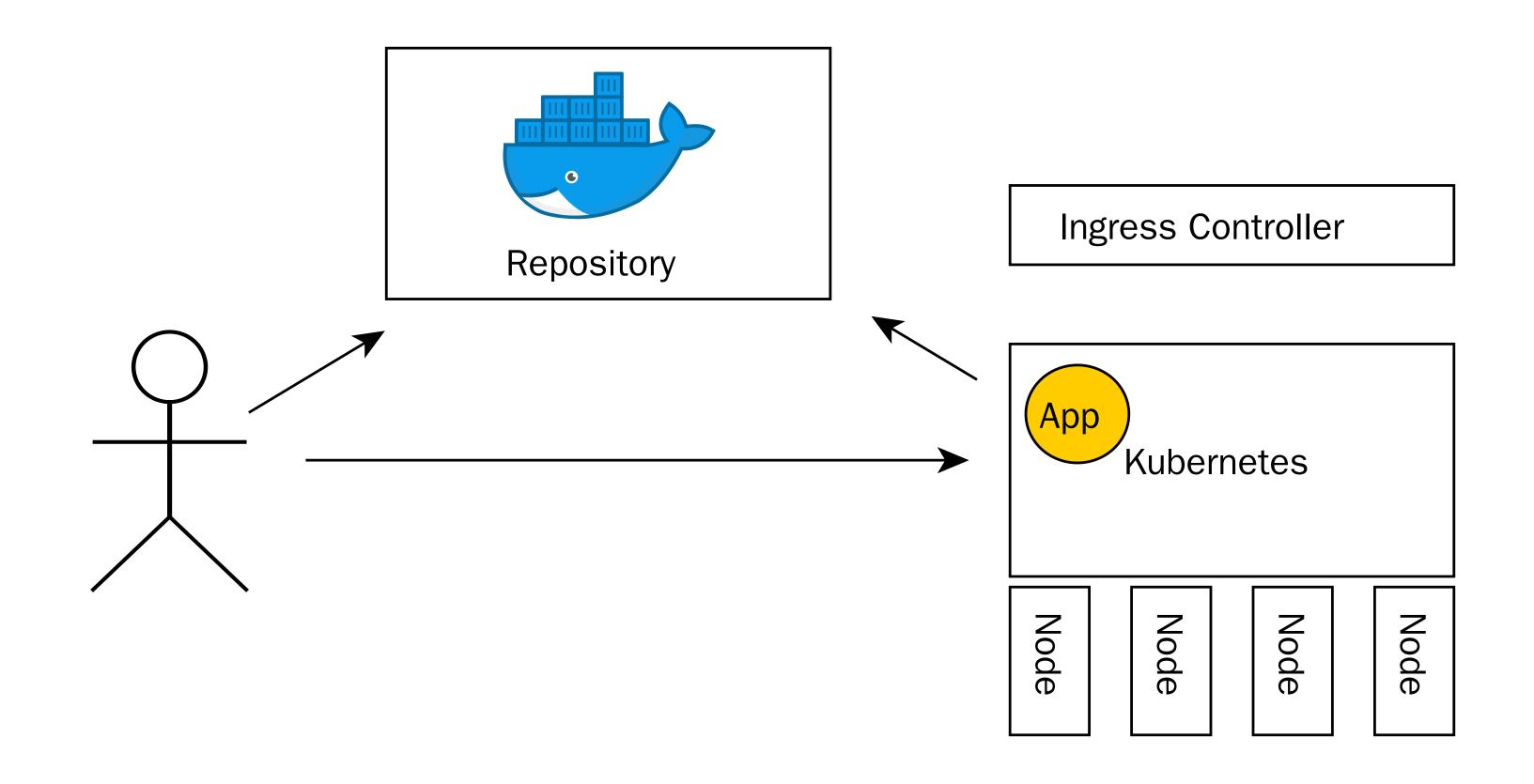


FOR ME

- Data center as a black box
- Lingua Franca
- Batteries included
- Learn-as-you-go experience
- Independent from IaaS provider

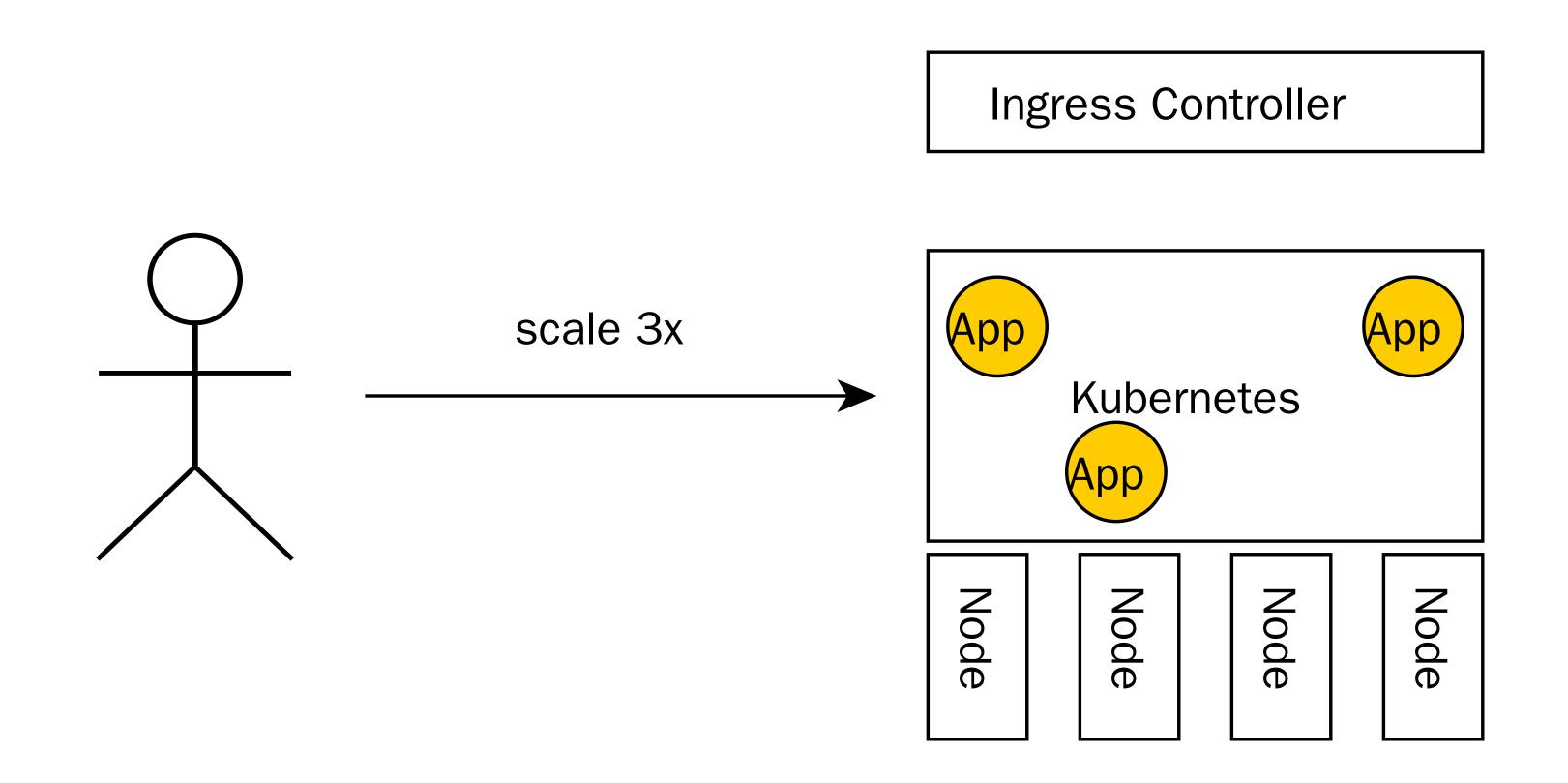
Notice: not a silver bullet

Deploy!



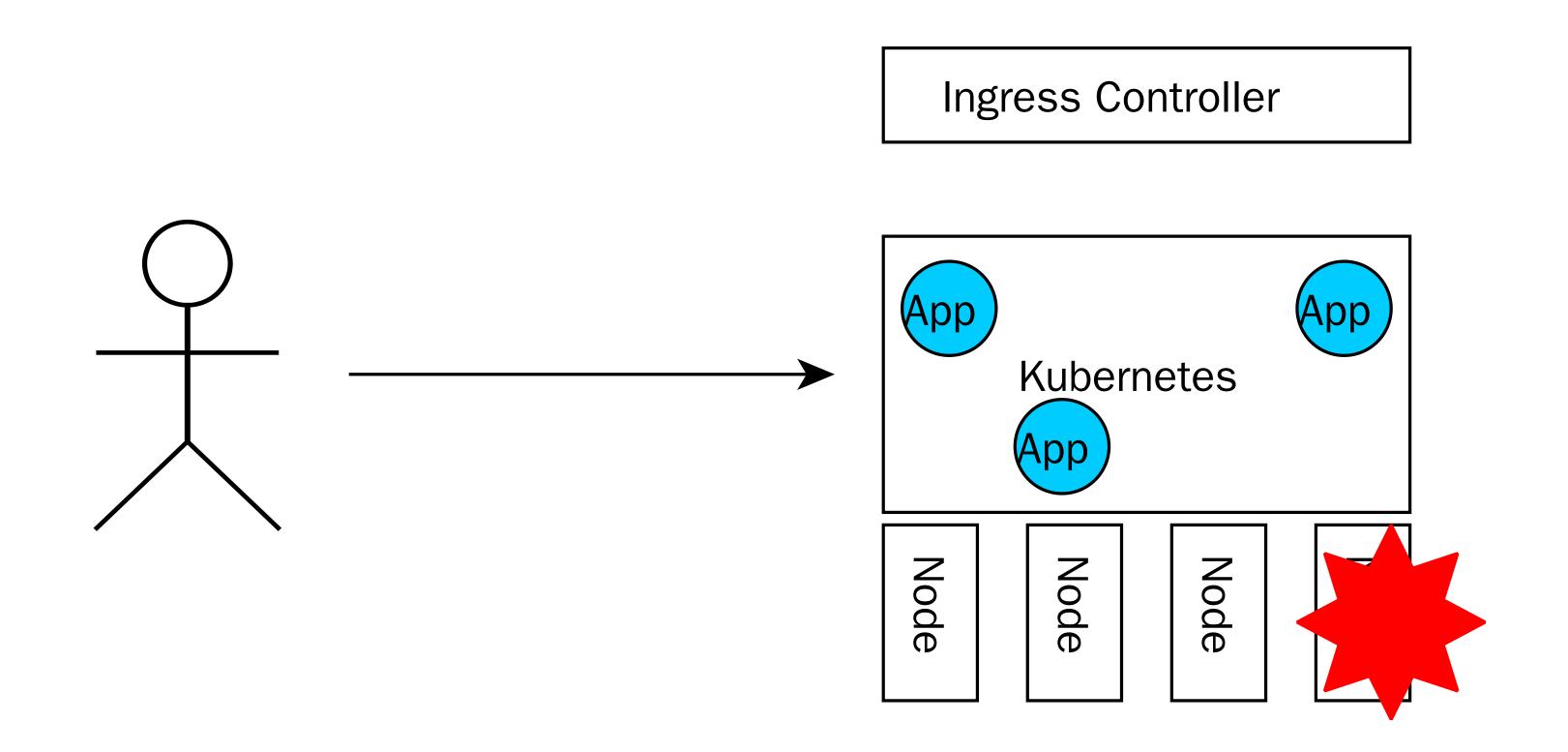
make docker_push; kubectl create -f app-srv-dpl.yaml

Scale up! Scale down!

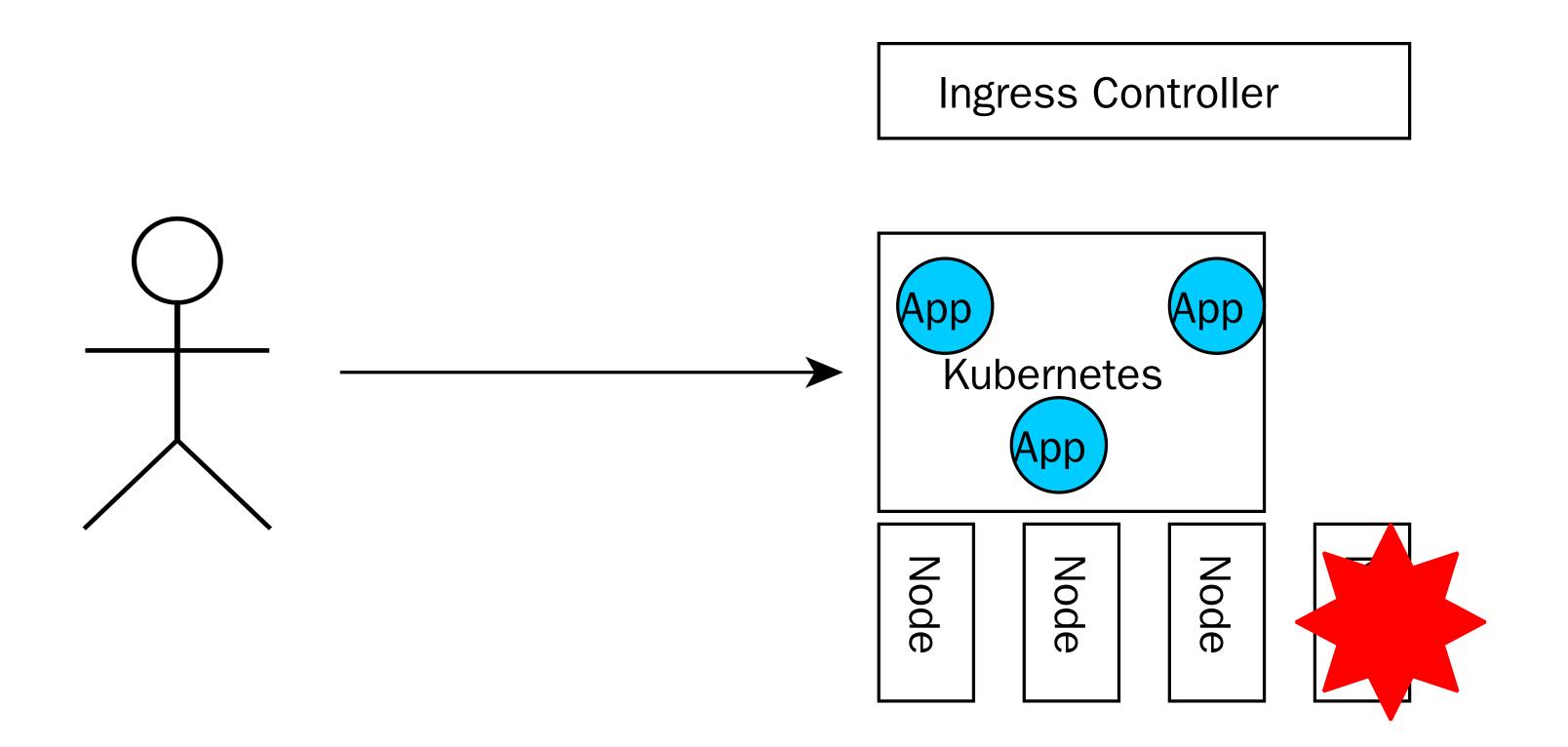


kubectl --replicas=3 -f app-srv-dpl.yaml

Resistance and Migrations

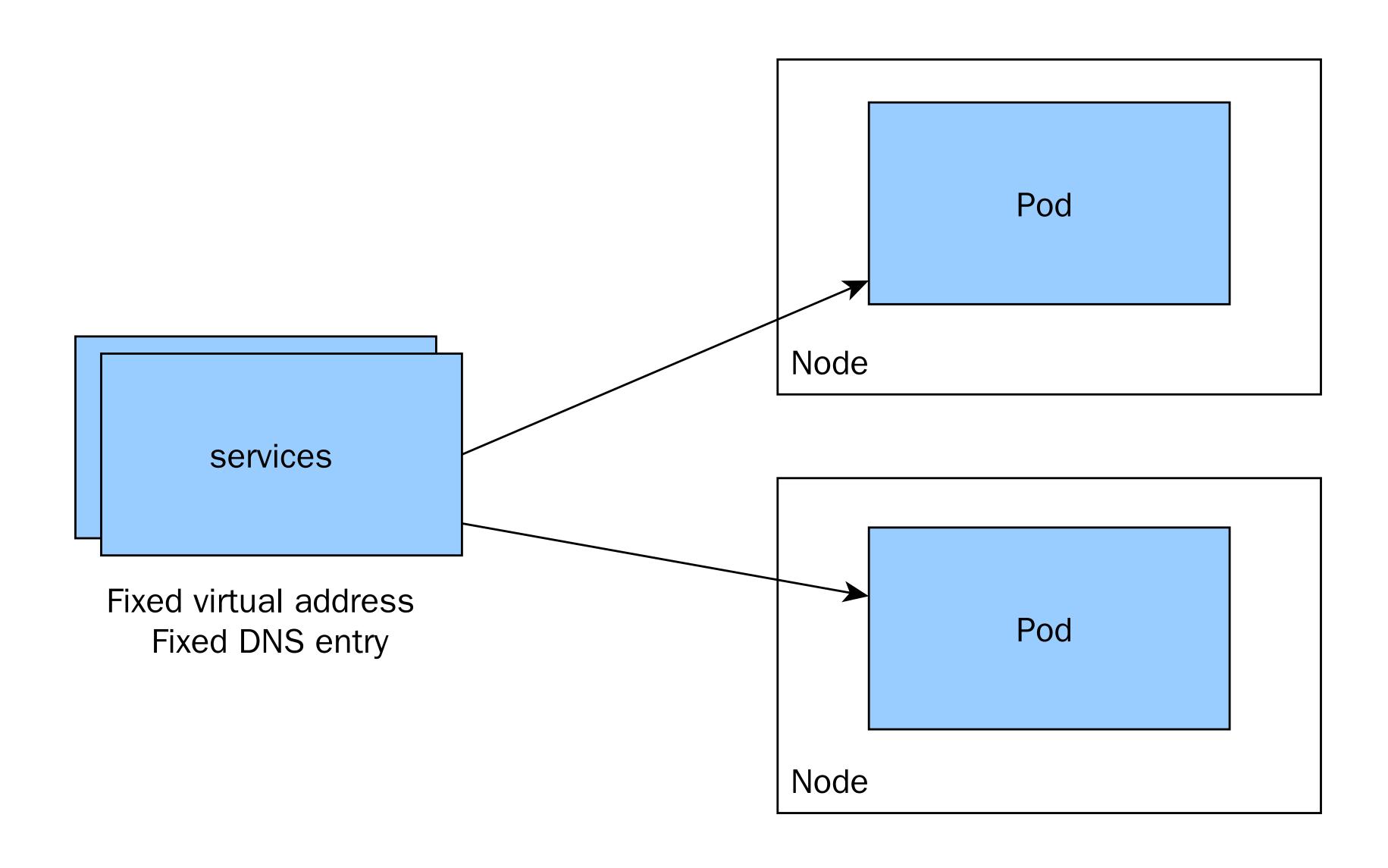


Resistance and Migrations

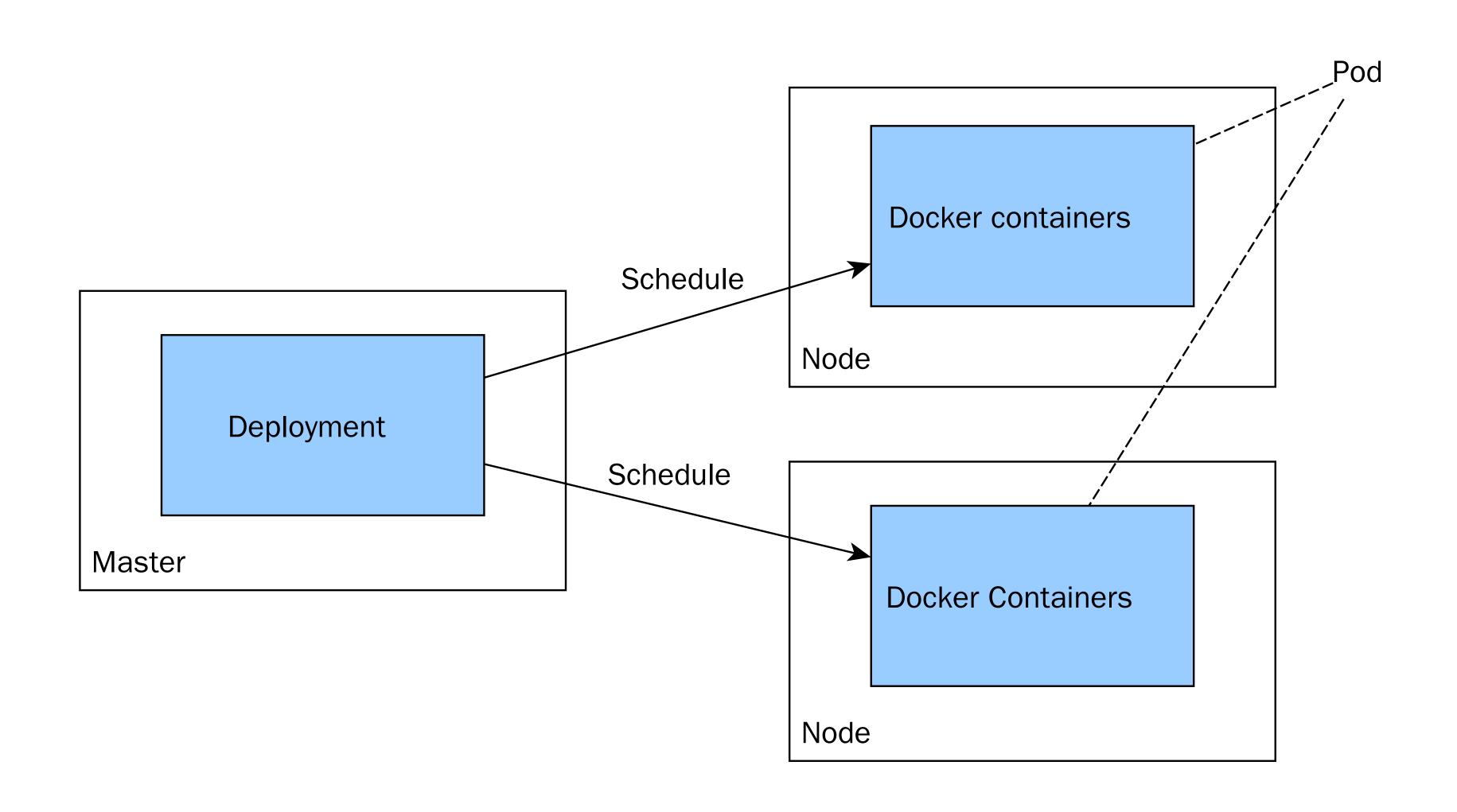


and much more: load balancing

LINGUA FRANCA



LINGUA FRANCA

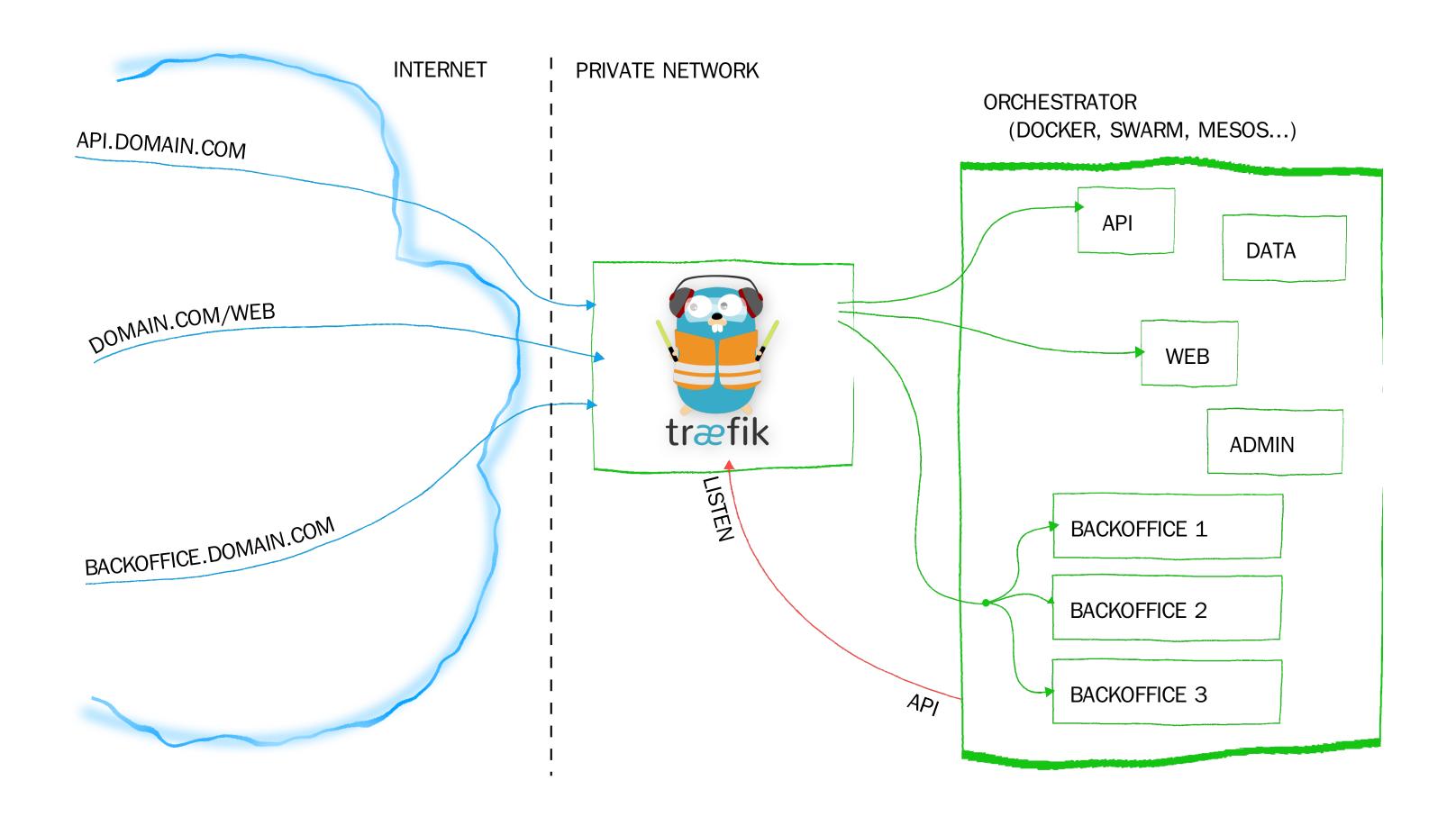


LIGUA FRANCA

Pattern	Target App Service
api.smacc.io/v1/users	users-v1
api.smacc.io/v2/users	users-v2
smacc.io	web

LINGUA FRANCA

Ingress Controller:



Drop-in: traefik, nginx, haproxy, envoy...

BATTERIES

Service Discovery:

service injected to DNS:

```
curl http://users/list
```

labels:

```
name=value
```

• annotations:

```
prometheus.io/scrape: "true"
```

SERVICE DISCOVERY

- Loosely couple components
- Auto-wiring with logging and monitoring
- Integration

Monitoring? Ingress?

- 1. Drop-in: traefik, nginx, ...
- 2. oooo ruuuuns!
- 3. Make a hell of mistakes
- 4. Get the right one or It is OK for now

Where to start?

→ With service and deployment

memcached in k8s?

⇒ statefulset

My pod takes all memory

resource & limits

My ML-based app has slow start.

Users noticed downtime.

LONG LIVE GIT!

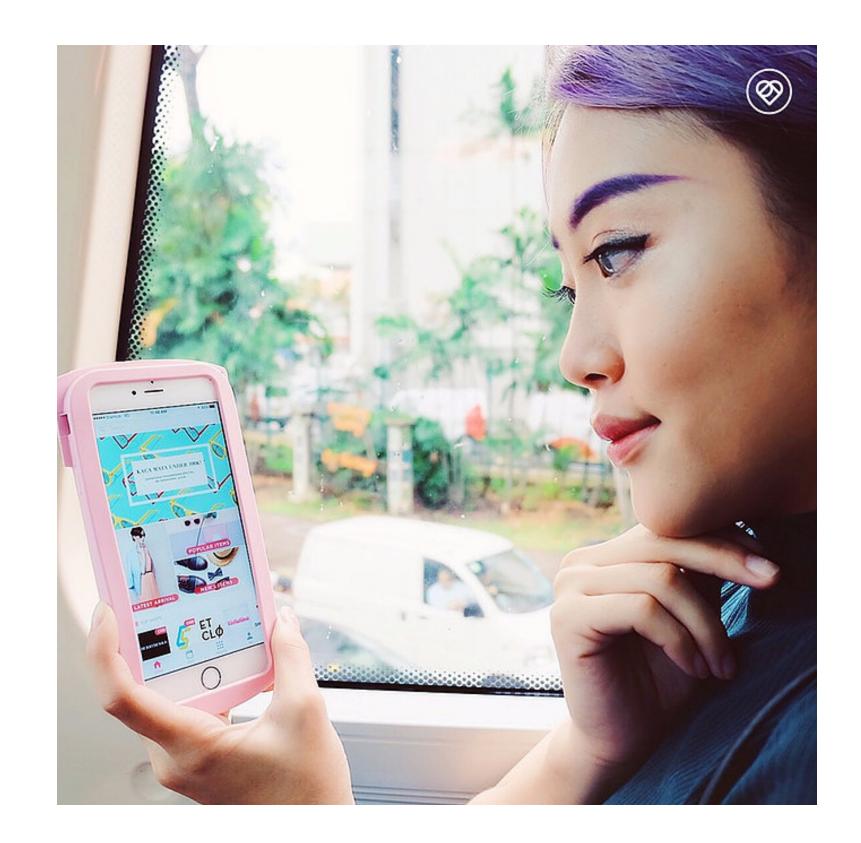
- All yaml in your service git
- Integration with e.g.:
 - monitoring, alarming
 - ingress-controller
- Forget about infrastructure... almost

DevOps Culture Dream!



LYKE

- E-commerce Indonesia
- Mobile-only
- 50k+ users
- 2M downloads
- Top 10 Fashion Apps
 Google Play Store



http://www.news.getlyke.com/singlepost/2016/12/02/Introducing-the-New-Beautiful-LYKE

Now JollyChic Indonesia

GOOD PARTS

- Fast Growth
- A/B Testing
- Data-driven
- Product Manager,
 UI Designer,
 Mobile Dev,
 and tester one body



CHALLENGES

- 50+ VMs in Amazon, 1 VM 1 App
- 65% Idle machine \$\$\$
- Puppet with manual deployment process
- Fear, Forgotten components
- Performance issues

APPROACH

- 1. Simplify Infrastructure
- 2. Change the Development Practices (12factor + kubernetes)
- 3. Change the Work Organization

see: Conway's law

SIMPLIFY

- 1. Kubernetes with Google Kubernetes Engine
- 2. Terraform for all new
- 3. Database-as-a-service

SIMPLIFY

- 1. Prometheus, AlertManager, and Grafana
- 2. Elasticsearch-Fluentd-Kibana
- 3. Google Identity-Aware-Proxy to protect all dev dashboards
- 4. 3rd party SaaS: statuscake and opsgenie

One person efford

CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

- branch-based:
 - master
 - staging
 - production
- repo independent

TRAVISCI

- 1. Tests
- 2. Build docker
- 3. Deploy to Google Container Registry
- 4. Deploy to k8s only new docker
- 5. no config/secrets applied

GIT REPO

Makefile

```
SERVICE_NAME=v-connector
GCP_DOCKER_REGISTRY=eu.gcr.io
test: test_short test_integration
run_local:
docker_build: docker_push
kube_create_config:
kube_apply:
kube_deploy:
```

Copy&Paste from the project to project

1. CLEAN UP

- Single script for repo Makefile [1]
- Resurrect the README

[1] With zsh or bash auto-completion plug-in in your terminal.

2. GET BACK ALL THE KNOWLEDGE

Extract from:

- Puppet, ... → Dockerfile
- Running Instances → Dockerfile, README.rst
- Nagios, ... → README.rst + checks/

3. INTRODUCE RUN_LOCAL

- make run_local
- A nice section on how to run in README.rst
- with docker-compose

The most crucial point.

4. GET TO KUBERNETES

- make kube_create_config
- make kube_apply
- Generate the yaml files if your envs differ

secrets from gopass (password manager)

5. CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

Travis:

• the same Makefile as dev use

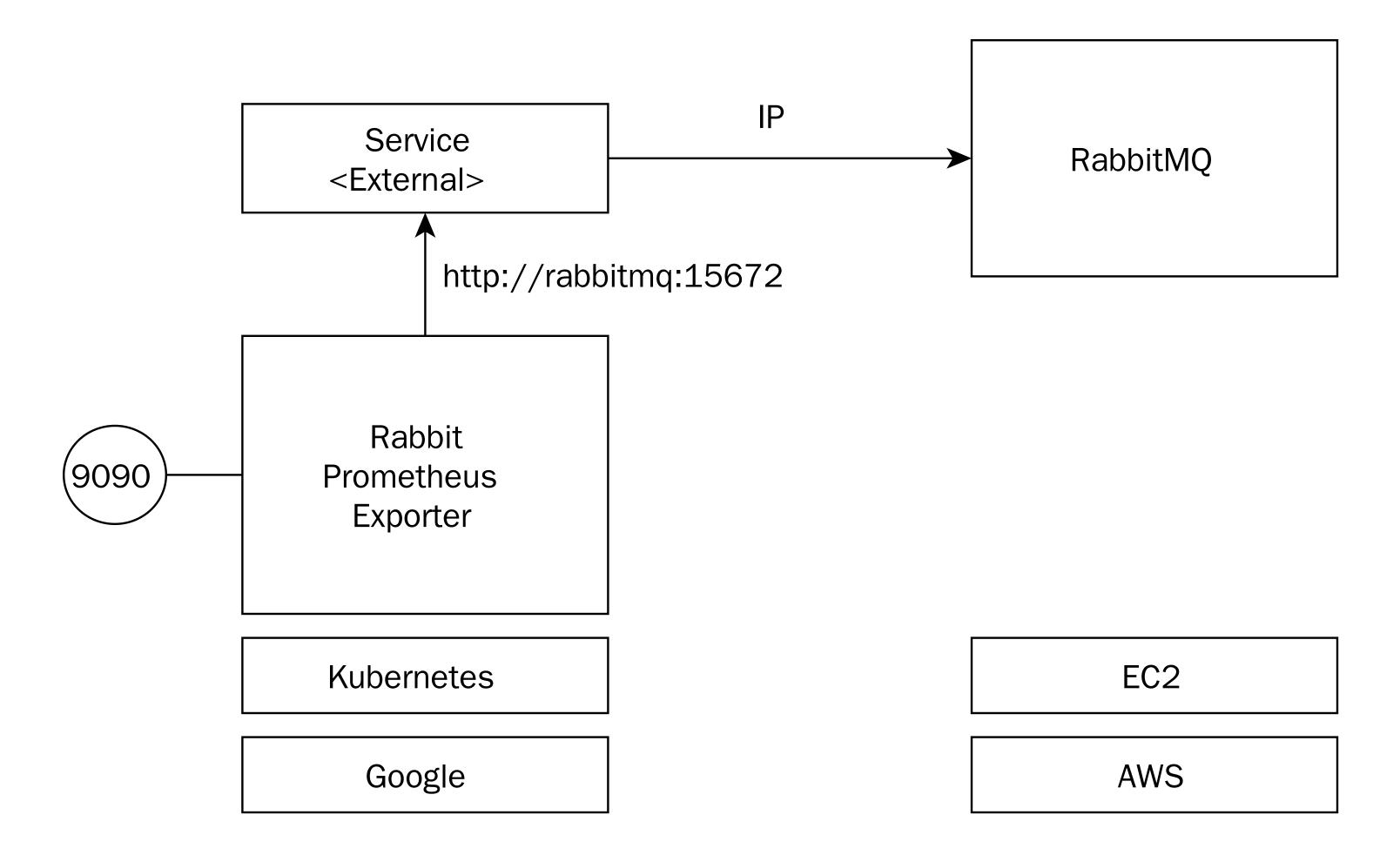
6. KEEP IT RUNNING

Bridge the new with old:

- Use External Services in Kubernetes
- Expose k8s in the Legacy [1]

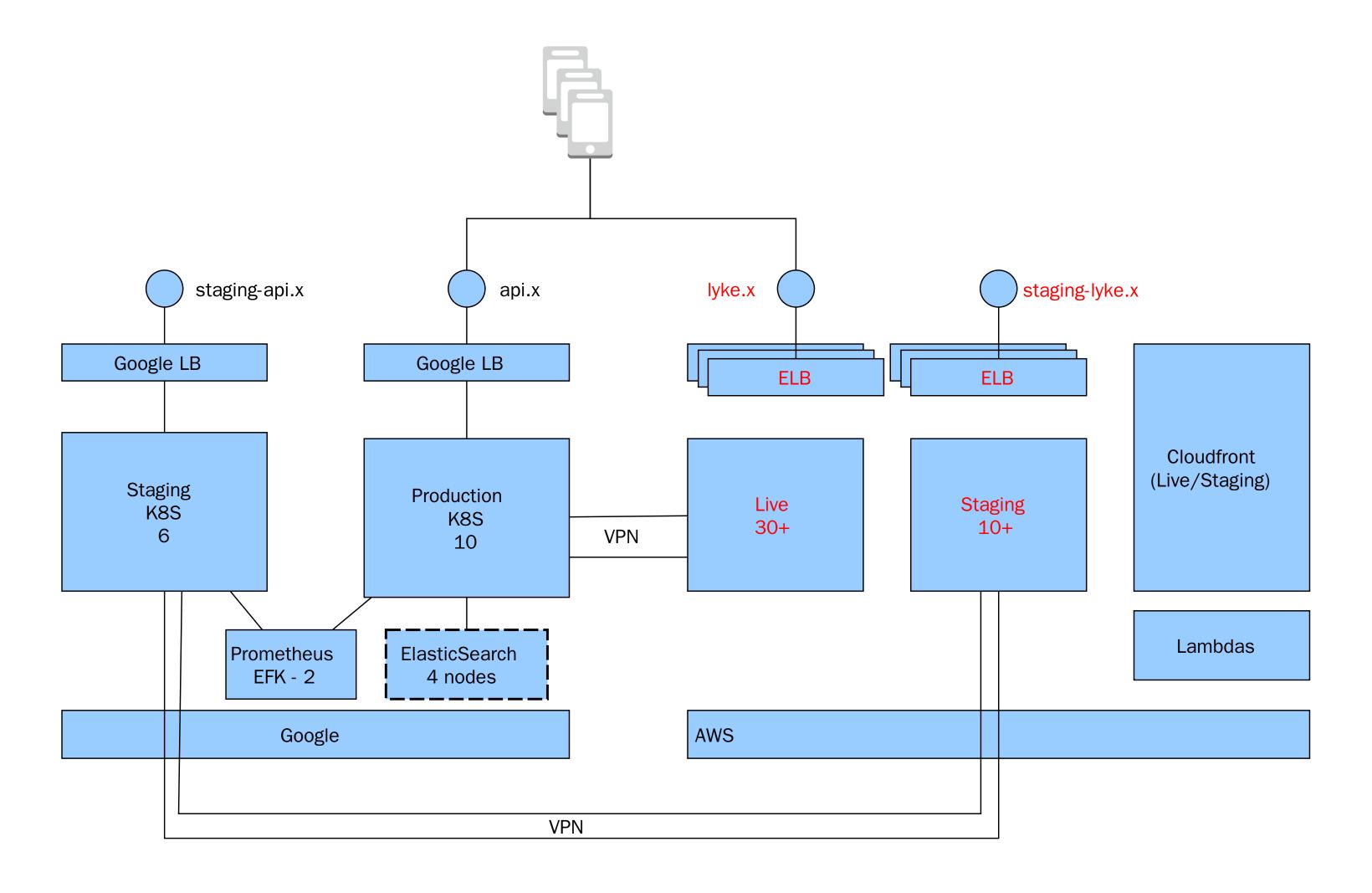
[1] hard coded IP:PORT, considered: K8S events to Consul

Bridge the new with old



Monitor legacy with new stack

Architecture During Migration



7. INTRODUCE SMOKE-TEST

TARGET_URL=127.0.0 make smoke_test
TARGET_URL=api.example.com/users make smoke_test

8. SERVICE SELF-AWARE

Add to old services:

- 1. metrics/
- 2. health/
- 3. info/

9. MOVE TO MICRO-SERVICES

Offload Legacy:

- Keep the lights on
- New functionality to micro-services

WHAT WORKED

- 1. Copy&Paste Makefile and k8s yaml
- 2. Separate deployments a good transition strategy

WHAT DID NOT WORK

- 1. Too many PoC, cut to 2 weeks max
- 2. Doing it with too small steps
- 3. Push back to k8s yaml [*]
- 4. Alert rules too hard to write

[*] With coaching, I thought, it is OK

DO DIFFERENT

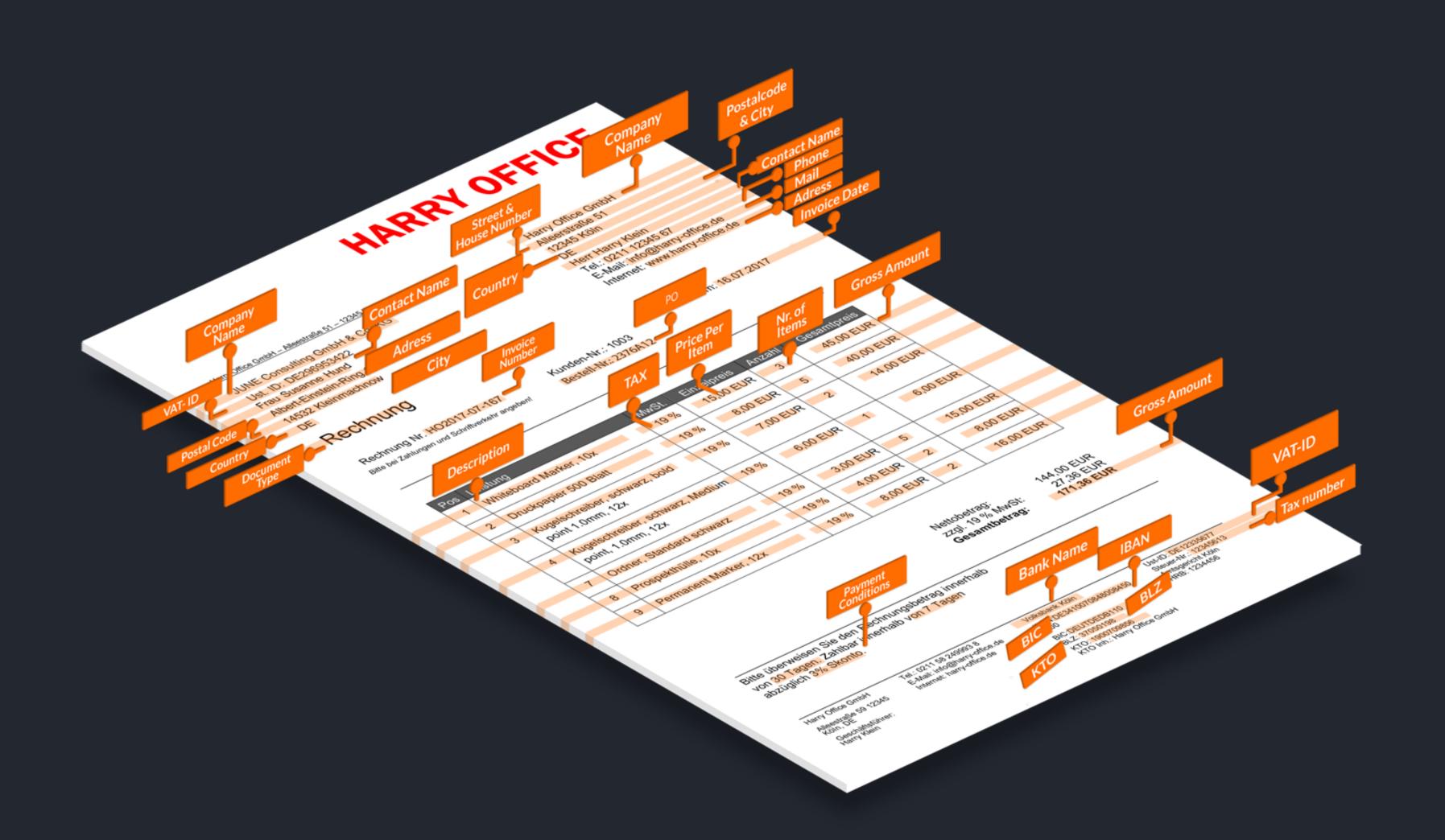
- 1. Move data day one
- 2. Make devs know it is a transition stage
- 3. Teach earlier about resources
- 4. EFK could wait
- 5. All-hands for a paid-XXX% weekend for migration

SMACC

Hypatos

Hypatos

Problem SMACC solves











Global clients







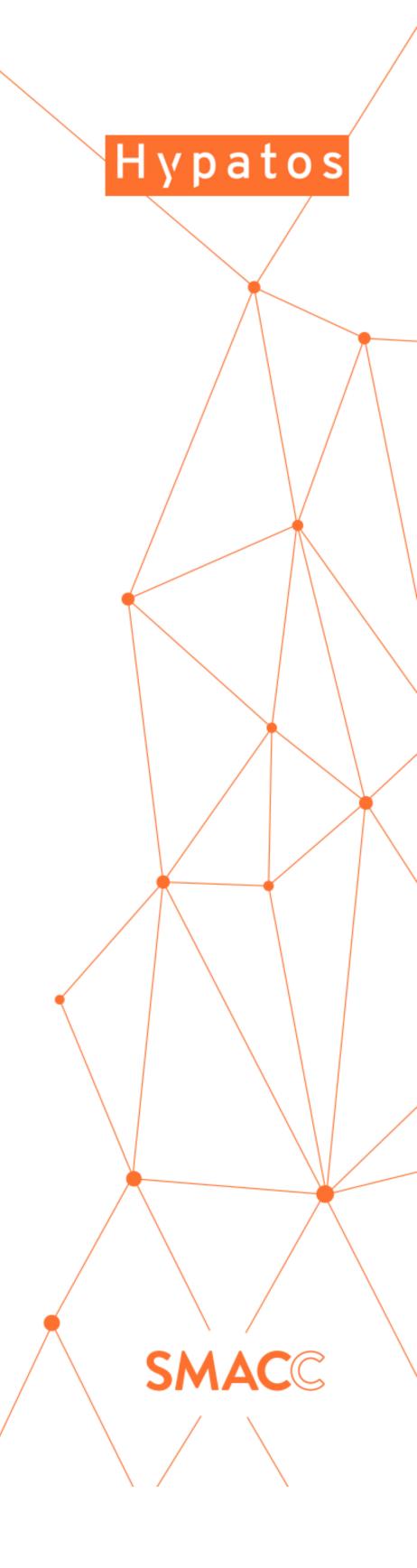






GRUPPE

McKinsey&Company



STORY

- 1. Legacy on AWS and AWS ECS:/
- 2. Self-hosted K8S on ProfitBricks (PB)
- 3. ooo... K8S can use Azure Active Directory:D

STORY

- 4. Get to Microsoft ScaleUp
- 5. Welcome Azure!
- 6. Luckily. AKS
- 7. Easy migration from PB to AKS

AZURE KUBERNETES SERVICE

- Independent from laaS
- Plug and play
- Integration with GPU
- Our OnPrem = Our OnCloud

SIMPLICITY

- az aks CLI for setting k8s README.rst
- Terraform for everything else
- Secrets: 1Password and gopass.pw

Terraform also sets our AWS

DIFFERENCE &

- Two teams in Berlin and Warsaw
- Me in Warsaw

NEW EXPERIENCE

Devs do not:

- like TravisCI, Makefiles, Yamls
- feel it is too much hasle

Transition from PB to AKS was painful

SOLUTION

- make everything ligther
- c&p without modifications
- hide the k8s, remove magic
- deploy on tag

Similar to the Kelsey Hightower approach

Repo.travis.yml

```
language: go
go:
    '1.16'
services:
    - docker
install:
    - curl -sL https://${GITHUB_TOKEN}@raw.githubusercontent.com
    - if [ -f "tools/travis/install.sh" ]; then bash tools/travi
script:
    - dep ensure
    - make lint
    - make test
    - if [ -z "${TRAVIS_TAG}" ]; then make snapshot; fi;
deploy:
```

Makefile

Makefile only tasks for dev

CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

- Github
- TravisCI
- hub.docker.com
- AKS

CONTINUOUS DEPLOYMENT

- 1. git tag and push
- 2. smacc-platform.git
- 3. Deploy to staging
- 4. PR to production

KUBERNETES

- Pure, generated, kubernetes config
- 2x kubernetes operators

WHAT WORKED

- Hiding k8s
- Understandable CD process

WOULD DO DIFFERENT

More sensitive to feedback

NEXT

- Acceptance tests listen on k8s events
- Deployment tool based on missy
- Keeping an eye on Istio

K8S - Linux / App server?

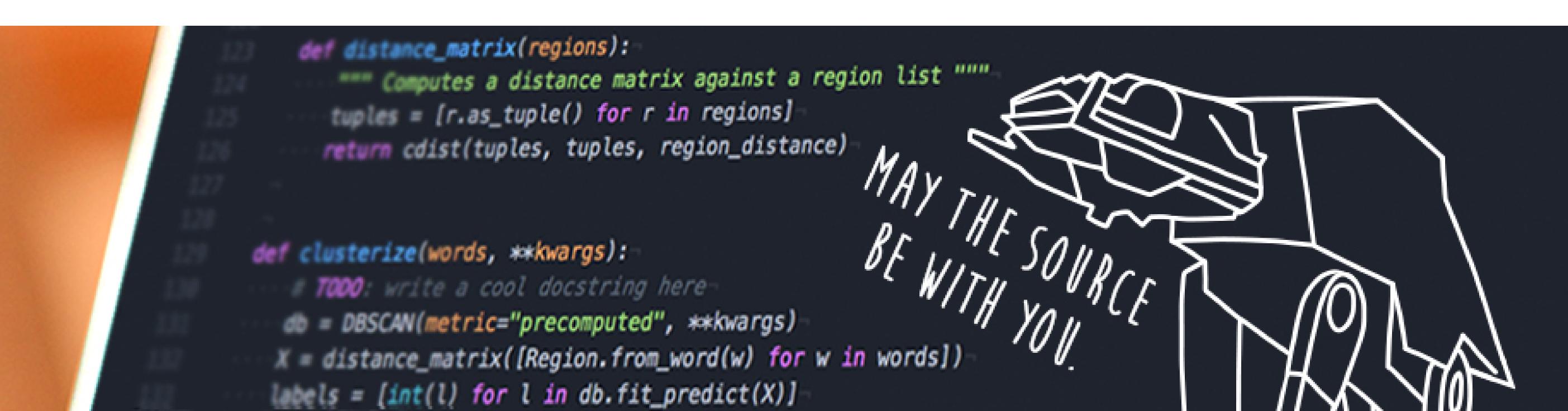
- Out-of-box integration
- Lingua Franca AWS Service Operator
- Learn as you go
- onPremise = onCloud = OnLocal (e.g., kubedesktop)

K8S - Linux / App server?

- Do not terrorize your devs with K8S
- No free lunch... app must be smarter
- On VM vs K8S vs Lambdas?

THANK YOU. QUESTIONS?

ps. We are hiring.



github.com/wojciech12/talk_cloudnative_and_kube rnetes_waw



BACKUP SLIDES



CHANGE THE WORK ORGANIZATION

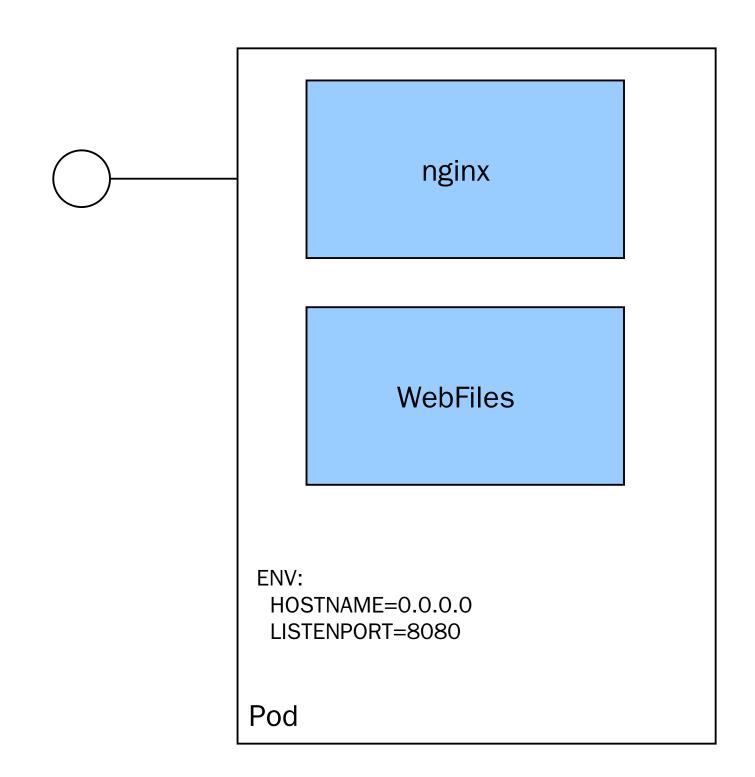
- From Scrum
- To Kanban
- from Kanban to Squads

For the next talk

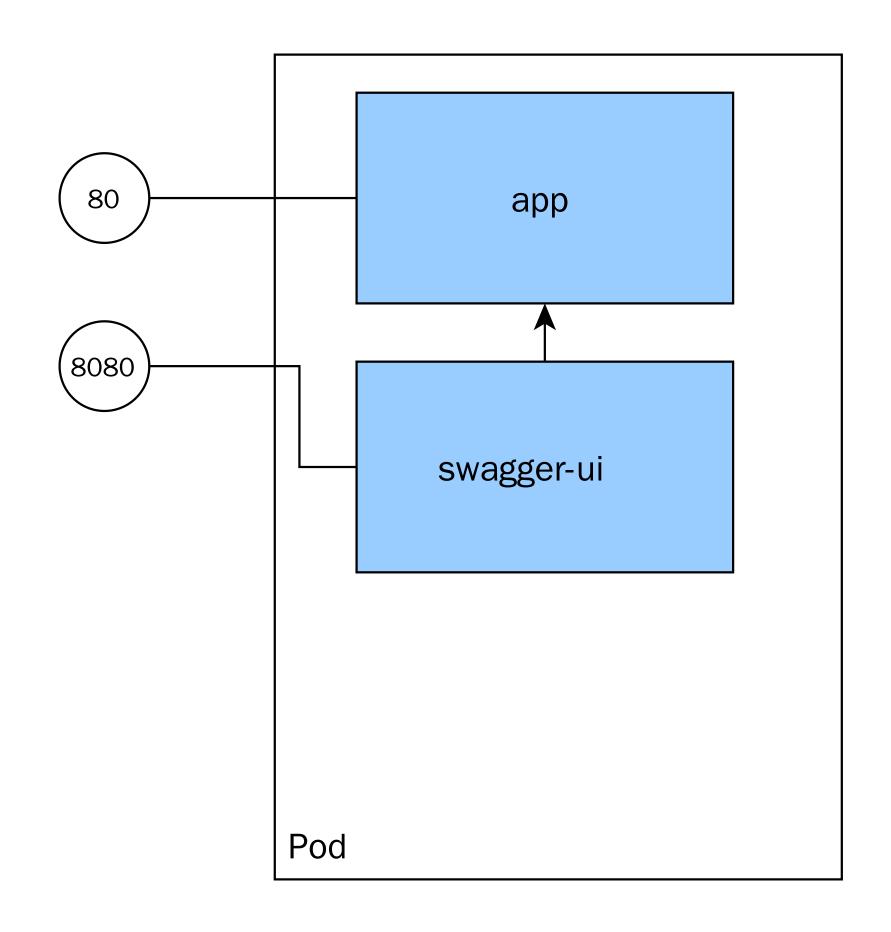
KUBERNETES CONCEPTS

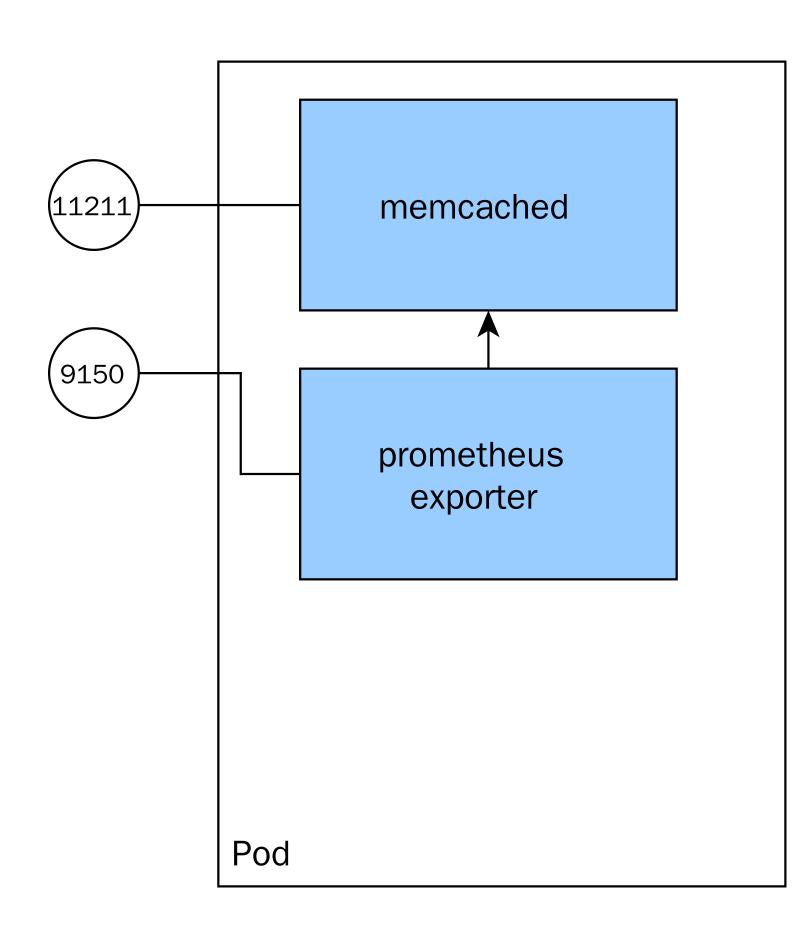
PODS

- See each other on localhost
- Live and die together
- Can expose multiple ports



SIDE-CARS





BASIC CONCEPTS

Name	Purpose	
Service	Interface	Entry point (Service Name)
Deployment	Factory	How many pods, which pods
Pod	Implementation	1+ docker running