Welcome!

I am Wojtek Erbetowski. You pronounce my first name like "Voytech". And this talk is about Serverless computing.

I you want to mention me, I am:

- * @erbetowski on Twitter
- * wojtek.erbetowski pretty much everywhere else

Who am I?

Generalist.

#java #machinelearning #scala #groovy #android
#python #microservices #django #spring #gradle
#docker #ecmascript #reactjs

Passionate about the people, then the process.

MSc in mathematics.

Expert Software Engineer at Codility.

What is Serverless?

What is Serverless?

- 1. Abstract from the runtime (server)
- 2. Stateless
- 3. Event driven
- 4. Ephemeral

another name is FaaS or Function as a Service

a nice comparison is that Serverless is to computing what S3 is to file storage

What Serverless is not?

- 1. BaaS (or is it?)
- 2. parallel computing engine

Current options are

- 1. Amazon AWS Lambda
- 2. Google Cloud Functions
- 3. Microsoft Azure Functions
- 4. IBM OpenWhisk
- 5. OpenStack Picasso
- 6. minor frameworks

AWS Lambda

Event driven

- 1. S3
- 2. DynamoDB
- 3. Simple Notification Service
- 4. CloudWatch
- 5. API Gateway
- 6. and many more

Supports variety of languages

- -> Node.js v4.3.2 and 6.10.2
- -> Java Java 8
- -> Python Python 3.6 and 2.7
- -> .NET Core .NET Core 1.0.1 (C#)
- -> (extra) language of your choice

Vendor lock-in

- 1. APIs differ between cloud providers
- 2. API is pretty minimal though

Pricing

Lambdas are priced per:

- 1. number of requests
- 2. 100s of milliseconds (depends on declared memory)

Free tier is very generous.

Pricing

```
$0.20 per 1 million requests.
```

```
1024 MB: 1$ -> 600k units -> 16 hours
```

```
128 MBs: 1$ -> 5M units -> 133 hours
```

Free tier

First 1 million requests per month.

512 MB app can run for 800,000s (~200 hours).

Lambda > Functions > myFunctionName Qualifiers * Actions ▼ Test Configuration Monitoring Code Triggers Edit code inline Code entry type ▾ 1 from __future__ import print_function 2 import json print('Loading function') def lambda_handler(event, context): print("Received event.") 10 operation = event['httpMethod'] 11 12 13 response = { 'statusCode': '200', 14 'body': 'Hello from lambda fun! V2!', 15 16 -'headers': { 17 'Content-Type': 'application/json', 18 }, 19 20 21 return response 22 23

Serverless frameworks

Raising the API level

- 1. Serverless.com
- 2. Apex
- 3. Chalice
- 4. Kappa
- 5. Sparta
- 6. Zappa

Serverless framework

- 1. Deployments
- 2. Declarative (YAML)
- 3. Resource management (S3, DynamoDB, VPC)
- 4. Logs
- 5. Triggers, APIs
- 6. Local execution

set up

```
service: my-service
provider:
  name: aws
  runtime: nodejs6.10
functions:
  hello:
    handler: handler.hello
    events:
      - http:
          path: hello
          method: get
```

handle

```
module.exports.hello = (event, context, callback) => {
  const response = {
    statusCode: 200,
    body: JSON.stringify({
      message: 'Hello Polyconf!',
      input: event,
    }),
  };
  callback(null, response);
};
```

deploy

```
$ serverless deploy
Serverless: Packaging service...
Serverless: Uploading CloudFormation file to S3...
Serverless: Uploading artifacts...
Serverless: Uploading service .zip file to S3 (307 B)...
Serverless: Validating template...
Serverless: Updating Stack...
Serverless: Checking Stack update progress...
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Serverless: Stack update finished...
Service Information
service: my-service
stage: dev
region: us-east-1
api keys:
 None
endpoints:
  GET - https://.../dev/hello
functions:
  hello: my-service-dev-hello
twitter: @erbetowski website: erbetowski.pl
```

partial deploy

\$ serverless deploy function -f hello

Use

```
$ serverless invoke -f hello
or
$ curl "https://.../dev/hello"
output:
 message: "Hello Polyconf!",
 input: {
  resource: "/hello",
  path: "/hello",
  httpMethod: "GET",
  headers: {
```

how to async?

```
export function helloPromise(event, context, callback) {
  console.log('Running hello promise');
  fetch('https://api.github.com/users/github')
    .then(res => res.json())
    .then(json => {
      const location = json['location'];
      callback(null, {
        status: 200,
        body: JSON.stringify({ location }),
      });
    }, err => callback(null, {
      status: 200,
      error: err,
    }));
twitter: @erbetowski website: erbetowski.pl
```

how to async?

```
plugins:
  - serverless-webpack
export async function helloAsync(event, context, callback) {
  const res = await fetch('https://api.github.com/users/github');
  const json = await res.json();
  const location = json['location'];
  callback(null, {
    status: 200,
    body: JSON.stringify({ location }),
  });
```

working with S3

```
fetch('image URL')
   .then(res => {
    return s3.putObject({Bucket, Key, Body: res.body}).promise();
}).then(res => {
    callback(null, res);
}).catch(err => {
    callback(err, null);
});
```

working with S3

```
functions:
  users:
    handler: users.handler
    events:
      - s3:
          bucket: photos
          event: s3:ObjectCreated:*
          rules:
             - prefix: uploads/
             - suffix: .jpg
```

scheduling tasks

```
functions:
  cron:
    handler: handler.run
    events:
      # Invoke Lambda function every minute
      - schedule: rate(1 minute)
  secondCron:
    handler: handler.run
    events:
      # Invoke Lambda function every 2nd minute from Mon-Fri
      - schedule: cron(0/2 * ? * MON-FRI *)
```

Perfect use cases

- 1. S3 images processing
- 2. Chatbots
- 3. Websites
- 4. Inconsistent traffic
- 5. Log analysis on the fly
- 6. Event Sourcing

Tools that are easy to use take over the world

Limitations

- 1. Disk space
- 2. Deployment package size
- 3. Memory
- 4. Time

Pain points

- 1. Monitor usage
- 2. Debugging
- 3. Wall of requests hit AWS
- 4. Cost management

Biggest wins

- 1. Scalability
- 2. Pricing
- 3. NoOps

Bonus 1

Serverlessify regular app

Bonus 2

Project Golem