

YASCL's Grammar

Basic grammar concepts

Word order*[1]

The word order of YASCL is OSV (object^[2], subject^[3], verb).

Let's take the sentence *The big dog bit the small man* as an example. YASCL doesn't have articles, so we will drop them here. *Big dog bit small man*. Now, let's change the word order to OSV. *Big dog* is the subject, *small man* is the object, and *bit* is the verb. So, the final sentence would look like this: *Small man big dog bit*.

What doesn't YASCL have?*

- Grammatical gender^[4]
- Articles (like English the, a[n], German der, die, das, French le, la)
- Cases. [5]
- · Tenses.
- There are no tenses in YASCL. Instead, the tense is simply stated as a word in the sentence (e.g.: [WORD FOR EARLIER] earlier, [WORD FOR YESTERDAY] yesterday, [WORD FOR LATER] later, [WORD FOR TOMORROW] tomorrow). Because of this system, there are no verb tenses and the tense can be stated very easily without having to create a verb tense system.
- 1 The asterisk means that this feature is not yet finished/set in stone. ^
- 2 Grammatical object on Wikipedia ^
- 3 Grammatical subject on Wikipedia ^

- 4 Grammatical gender on Wikipedia. ^
- **5** Grammatical case on Wikipedia. **^**