

Minimum Operations to Reduce X to Zero

You are given an integer array `nums` and an integer `x`. In one operation, you can either remove the leftmost or the rightmost element from the array `nums` and subtract its value from `x`. Note that this **modifies** the array for future operations.

Return the **minimum number** of operations to reduce `x` to **exactly** 0 if it is possible, otherwise, return -1.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,1,4,2,3]`, `x = 5`

Output: 2

Explanation: The optimal solution is to remove the last two elements to reduce `x` to zero.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [5,6,7,8,9]`, `x = 4`

Output: -1

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,2,20,1,1,3]`, `x = 10`

Output: 5

Explanation: The optimal solution is to remove the last three elements and the first two elements (5 operations in total) to reduce `x` to zero.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^4$
- $1 \leq x \leq 10^9$