## **Minimum Cost Path**

Given a square **grid** of size **N**, each cell of which contains an integer cost that represents a cost to traverse through that cell, we need to find a **path** from the **top left** cell to the **bottom right** cell by which the total cost incurred is **minimum**.

From the cell (i,j) we can go (i,j-1), (i, j+1), (i-1, j), (i+1, j).

## **Examples:**

```
Input: grid = \{\{9,4,9,9\},\{6,7,6,4\},\{8,3,3,7\},\{7,4,9,10\}\}
Output: 43
Explanation: The grid is-
9 4 9 9
6 7 6 4
8 3 3 7
7 4 9 10
The minimum cost is-
9 + 4 + 7 + 3 + 3 + 7 + 10 = 43.
Input: grid = \{\{4,4\},\{3,7\}\}
Output: 14
Explanation: The grid is-
4 4
3 7
The minimum cost is -4+3+7=14.
Expected Time Complexity: O(n<sup>2*</sup>log(n))
Expected Auxiliary Space: O(n<sup>2</sup>)
Constraints:
1 \le n \le 500
1 \le \text{cost of cells} \le 500
```