

## Minimum Time to Complete Trips

### (Using Range Based Binary Search)

You are given an array `time` where `time[i]` denotes the time taken by the  $i^{\text{th}}$  bus to complete **one trip**.

Each bus can make multiple trips **successively**; that is, the next trip can start **immediately after** completing the current trip. Also, each bus operates **independently**; that is, the trips of one bus do not influence the trips of any other bus.

You are also given an integer `totalTrips`, which denotes the number of trips all buses should make **in total**. Return *the **minimum time** required for all buses to complete **at least** `totalTrips` trips*.

#### Example 1:

**Input:** `time = [1,2,3]`, `totalTrips = 5`

**Output:** 3

#### Explanation:

- At time  $t = 1$ , the number of trips completed by each bus are `[1,0,0]`.

The total number of trips completed is  $1 + 0 + 0 = 1$ .

- At time  $t = 2$ , the number of trips completed by each bus are `[2,1,0]`.

The total number of trips completed is  $2 + 1 + 0 = 3$ .

- At time  $t = 3$ , the number of trips completed by each bus are `[3,1,1]`.

The total number of trips completed is  $3 + 1 + 1 = 5$ .

So the minimum time needed for all buses to complete at least 5 trips is 3.

#### Example 2:

**Input:** `time = [2]`, `totalTrips = 1`

**Output:** 2

#### Explanation:

There is only one bus, and it will complete its first trip at  $t = 2$ .

So the minimum time needed to complete 1 trip is 2.

#### Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{time.length} \leq 10^5$

- $1 \leq \text{time}[i], \text{totalTrips} \leq 10^7$