Find kth element of spiral matrix

Given a matrix with **n** rows and **m** columns. Your task is to find the **kth** element which is obtained while traversing the matrix spirally. You need to complete the method **findK** which takes four arguments the first argument is the matrix **A** and the next two arguments will be **n** and **m** denoting the size of the matrix A and then the forth argument is an integer **k**. The function will return the kth element obtained while traversing the matrix spirally.

Example 1:

Input:

```
n = 4, m = 4, k = 10
A[][] = \{\{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4\}, \{5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8\}, \{9 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12\}, \{13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16\}\}
```

Output:

13

Explanation:

```
1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4
5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \quad 8
\uparrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow
9 \quad 10 \leftarrow 11 \quad 12
\uparrow \qquad \downarrow
13 \leftarrow 14 \leftarrow 15 \leftarrow 16
```

The spiral order of matrix will look like 1->2->3->4->8->12->16->15->14->13->9->5->6->7->11->10. So the 10th element in this order is 13.

Example 2:

Your Task:

You only need to implement the given function **findK**(). Do not read input, instead use the arguments given in the function. Return the K'th element obtained by traversing matrix spirally.

Expected Time Complexity: O(n*m) **Expected Auxiliary Space:** O(n*m)

Constraints:

1<=n,m<=10³ 1<=k<=n*m