

Frequency of the Most Frequent Element

The **frequency** of an element is the number of times it occurs in an array.

You are given an integer array `nums` and an integer `k`. In one operation, you can choose an index of `nums` and increment the element at that index by 1.

Return the **maximum possible frequency** of an element after performing **at most** `k` operations.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,4]`, `k = 5`

Output: 3

Explanation: Increment the first element three times and the second element two times to make `nums = [4,4,4]`.

4 has a frequency of 3.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,4,8,13]`, `k = 5`

Output: 2

Explanation: There are multiple optimal solutions:

- Increment the first element three times to make `nums = [4,4,8,13]`. 4 has a frequency of 2.
- Increment the second element four times to make `nums = [1,8,8,13]`. 8 has a frequency of 2.
- Increment the third element five times to make `nums = [1,4,13,13]`. 13 has a frequency of 2.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,9,6]`, `k = 2`

Output: 1

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq k \leq 10^5$