

Approach

consider $\text{nums}=[4,6,1,2]$ and $k=2$

for all i in nums array $\text{nums}[i]-k$ gives $=[2,4,-1,0]$

for all i in nums array $\text{nums}[i]+k$ gives $=[6,8,3,4]$

from the above data what is the info we can get that

-at $i=0$ it is possible to get any one of $2,3,4,5,6$ $[2,6]$ inclusive in nums

-at $i=1$ it is possible to get any one of $4,5,6,7,8$ $[4,8]$ inclusive in nums

-at $i=2$ it is possible to get any one of $-1,0,1,2,3$ $[-1,3]$ inclusive in nums

-at $i=3$ it is possible to get any one of $0,1,2,3,4$ $[0-4]$ inclusive in nums

Now what are the number which are repeated maximum number of times in the above data