## **Find Minimum in Rotated Sorted Array**

Suppose an array of length n sorted in ascending order is **rotated** between 1 and n times. For example, the array nums = [0,1,2,4,5,6,7] might become:

- [4,5,6,7,0,1,2] if it was rotated 4 times.
- [0,1,2,4,5,6,7] if it was rotated 7 times.

Notice that **rotating** an array [a[0], a[1], a[2], ..., a[n-1]] 1 time results in the array [a[n-1], a[0], a[1], a[2], ..., a[n-2]].

Given the sorted rotated array nums of **unique** elements, return the minimum element of this array.

You must write an algorithm that runs in O(log n) time.

## Example 1:

**Input:** nums = [3,4,5,1,2]

Output: 1

**Explanation:** The original array was [1,2,3,4,5] rotated 3 times.

Example 2:

**Input:** nums = [4,5,6,7,0,1,2]

Output: 0

**Explanation:** The original array was [0,1,2,4,5,6,7] and it was rotated 4 times.

Example 3:

**Input:** nums = [11,13,15,17]

Output: 11

**Explanation:** The original array was [11,13,15,17] and it was rotated 4 times.

## **Constraints:**

- n == nums.length
- 1 <= n <= 5000
- -5000 <= nums[i] <= 5000
- All the integers of nums are unique.
- nums is sorted and rotated between 1 and n times.