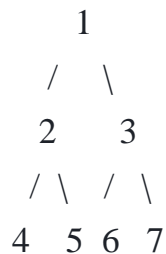


Top View of Binary Tree

Given below is a binary tree. The task is to print the top view of binary tree. Top view of a binary tree is the set of nodes visible when the tree is viewed from the top. For the given below tree



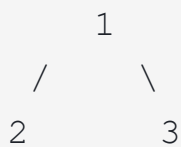
Top view will be: 4 2 1 3 7

Note: Return nodes from **leftmost** node to **rightmost** node. Also if 2 nodes are outside the shadow of the tree and are at same position then consider the extreme ones only(i.e. leftmost and rightmost).

For ex - **1 2 3 N 4 5 N 6 N 7 N 8 N 9 N N N N N** will give **8 2 1 3** as answer. Here 8 and 9 are on the same position but 9 will get shadowed.

Example 1:

Input:



Output: 2 1 3

Example 2:

Input:



Output: 40 20 10 30 100

Your Task:

Since this is a function problem. You don't have to take input. Just complete the function **topView()** that takes **root node** as parameter and returns a list of nodes visible from the top view from left to right.

Expected Time Complexity: $O(N \log N)$

Expected Auxiliary Space: $O(N)$.

Constraints:

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq \text{Node Data} \leq 10^5$$