

Single Element in a Sorted Array

You are given a sorted array consisting of only integers where every element appears exactly twice, except for one element which appears exactly once.

Return *the single element that appears only once*.

Your solution must run in $O(\log n)$ time and $O(1)$ space.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,1,2,3,3,4,4,8,8]`

Output: 2

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [3,3,7,7,10,11,11]`

Output: 10

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 10^5$
- $0 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^5$