

Architecture Overview

The architecture of the **Mini Text Editor** is built on a layered model, with clear separation between the frontend, REST API, and backend. The frontend handles user interaction and communicates with the backend through the REST API. The backend, written in Java, handles the core logic and state management, while the REST API serves as the interface for communication between the frontend and backend.

This section explains the overall architectural structure of the application, explaining the key components, their interactions, and the design pattern implementations used to ensure maintainability, scalability, and performance.

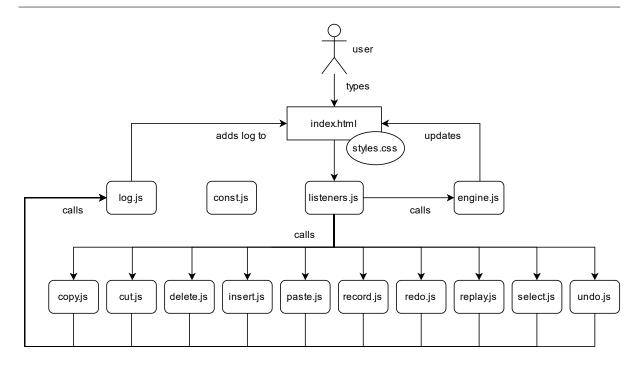
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Frontend



HTML and CSS components

The index.html contains the graphical user interface (GUI) exposed to the user via the browser. The GUI consists of a text area to edit text, a log area to log changes of the engine state, and buttons to record and replay actions.

The styles.css contains all the style elements that create the visual design of the text editor frontend.

Engine components

const.js contains all objects that are initialized once during runtime, e.g. the editor, the engine state object, and the buttons.

Each input by the user is centrally tracked by the listeners.js. After each action by the user, may it be an input or a command, it calls the corresponding command function.

After successfully calling and executing a command function, engine.js is called to fetch the latest engine state from the server, and overwrite the local engine state object to match the editor text area with the newest engine state in the backend.

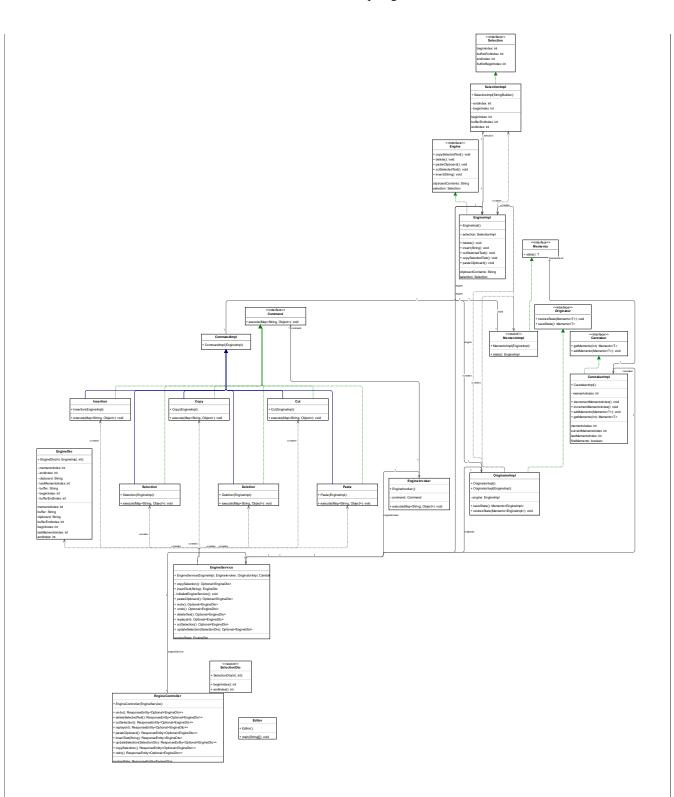
Command components

Each command, e.g. copy.js , interacts with the REST API by preparing and executing the call, awaiting and returning a response or handling an error.

Logging

After a command is successfully executed, a log is created using log.js, which is appended to the log area in the GUI.

Backend



Components

The following components form the backend of the application and handle essential functionalities like text manipulation, clipboard management, selection handling, and undo/redo operations.

Engine

The **Engine** is responsible for managing the text buffer, selection, and clipboard operations. It is the heart of the text editor, handling the core logic for editing text.

- Interface: Engine
 - Defines the methods needed for the engine of a simple text editor.
- Class: EngineImpl
 - Implements the Engine interface to interact with the engine state.
 - Manages the text buffer, where the main text is stored.
 - Handles clipboard operations, such as copy, cut, and paste.
 - Maintains an instance of Selection, the currently selected portion of the text in the buffer.
 - Supports operations like insert, delete, copySelectedText, cutSelectedText, and pasteClipboard.
- Class: EngineInvoker
 - Responsible for invoking commands, decoupling the actual execution of commands from the application logic.
- Class: EngineDto
 - Defines a class consisting only of primitive types and Strings to easily parse the engine state to JSON in the frontend.

Selection

The **Selection** component is responsible for managing the currently selected portion of text in the buffer. It helps tracking the start and end of the selection and interacts with the EngineImpl to update and use the selection.

- Interface: Selection
 - Abstracts the concept of selecting text with methods to get and set selection indices.
- Class: SelectionImpl
 - Implements the Selection interface to manage the start (beginIndex) and end (endIndex) of the selection.
- Class: SelectionDto
 - Defines a class consisting of primitive types for parsing the beginIndex and the endIndex when updating the selection via the API.

Command

The **Command** pattern is implemented to encapsulate text editing actions, such as copy, cut, paste, and undo, into individual command objects. This decouples the request for an operation from its actual execution.

- Interface: Command
 - Defines a common interface for all commands with a method execute().
- Class: CommandImpl
 - Defines a common constructor for concrete commands'.
- Concrete Command Classes:
 - **Copy**: Copies the selected text to the clipboard.
 - cut: Copies the selected text to the clipboard and removes it from the text buffer.
 - Paste: Pastes the clipboard content at the current selection.
 - **Insertion**: Inserts new text at the current selection.
 - Deletion: Removes the selected text from the buffer.
 - **Selection**: Updates the selection indices based on user input.

Memento

The **Memento** pattern enables undo and redo functionality by capturing and storing snapshots of the application's state.

- Interface: Memento<T>
 - o Defines the state of an object at a given point in time.
- Class: MementoImpl
 - Stores snapshots of the state of EngineImpl . These snapshots include:
 - The current content of the text buffer.
 - The selection indices (start and end).
 - The clipboard contents are **not** saved.
- Interface: Originator<T>
 - Defines the methods required to save and restore a memento.
- Originator: OriginatorImpl
 - Responsible for creating new mementos based on the current state of the EngineImpl, and restoring the engine's state from a given memento.

- Caretaker: Caretaker<T>
 - Defines the essential methods for managing the history of a memento.
- Caretaker: CaretakerImpl
 - Manages a list of Memento objects. It tracks the current position in the undo/redo history and provides methods to navigate backward (undo) or forward (redo) through the history of mementos.

Service and Controller Layers

The **Service** and **Controller** layers act as the intermediary between the core engine and the frontend, providing a structured way to interact with the backend.

EngineService

The **EngineService** handles the execution of commands and manages undo/redo functionality by receiving requests from the **Controller** and interacting the **Engine** accordingly.

- Class: EngineService
 - Executes commands using the EngineInvoker.
 - Manages the undo/redo history using the CaretakerImpl and OriginatorImpl.
 - Provides higher-level operations such as managing the clipboard, updating selections, and replaying commands.

EngineController

The **EngineController** is responsible for exposing the core functionality of the text editor as a RESTful API. It receives HTTP requests, delegates them to the service layer, and returns the results.

- Class: EngineController
 - Exposes various endpoints like /copy , /undo , and /redo .
 - Routes incoming requests to the appropriate methods in EngineService.

Component relationships

- Engine and Selection:
 - The EngineImpl depends on SelectionImpl to manage the selection within the text buffer, ensuring that the correct portion of the text is

selected during operations like copy, cut, and paste.

• Commands and Engine:

 Each command (e.g., Copy , Cut) interacts with EngineImpl to execute its specific task. Commands are executed through EngineInvoker , allowing for decoupled execution.

Undo/Redo Management:

- CaretakerImpl manages the history of Memento objects, allowing the application to navigate through previous states for undo and redo operations.
- OriginatorImpl creates and restores mementos based on the current state of EngineImpl.

• REST API:

 EngineController communicates with EngineService, which in turn interacts with the EngineInvoker to execute commands. The current state is managed by the CaretakerImpl and OriginatorImpl.