Assignment 3

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1. The descriptive statistics are given in Table 1

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mean monthly premium	37.00	40.00	35.00	30.00	32.00
sd _premium	12.00	17.00	19.00	5.00	9.00
Mean deductible	92.00	114.00	146.00	253.00	118.00
$\operatorname{sd_deductible}$	115.00	127.00	124.00	101.00	138.00
Fraction enhanced benefit	0.43	0.43	0.58	0.03	0.69
in the U.S.	0.00	0.76	0.98	1.00	0.97
in the same state	0.00	0.76	0.98	1.00	0.97
N Unique Firms	51.00	38.00	16.00	5.00	6.00
N Plans	1429.00	658.00	202.00	68.00	107.00

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics

- 2. Figure 1 shows a RD plot of monthly premium and logged enrollment state in 2006.
- 3. The RD plot using different number of partitions are given in Figure 2. I am not sure if the figures convey different information. They all seem to show sharp discontinuity around the benchmark.
- 4. The RD plot with the optimal number of partition is presented in Figure 3. The optimal numbers of bins were $J_{-}=15$ and $J_{+}=17$.
- 5. The figure of the density of the running variable is displayed in Figure 4. The density of the left limit was higher than the density of the right limit, but the difference was not statistically significant.

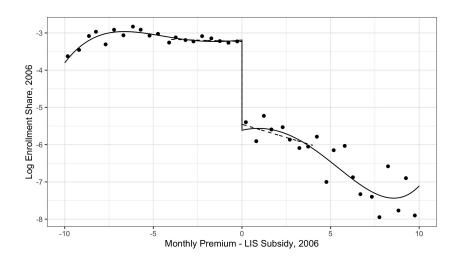


Figure 1: The Effect of 2006 Benchmark Status on 2006 Enrollment

- 6. The regression results are presented in Table 2 and 3. Table 3 shows the result of local quartic regression.
- 7. The regression result using the CE-optimal bandwidth (Calonico et al., 2020) is given in Table 4 and Table 5 The bandwidth in question 6 was uniformly 4. However, the CE-optimal bandwidth was by far smaller than 4. Overall coefficients didn't change much in year 2006, 2007, and 2008, but the coefficients were significantly different in year 2009, 2010.

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	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Below Benchmark, 2006	2.224***	1.332***	0.902***	0.803**	0.677
	(0.283)	(0.267)	(0.248)	(0.362)	(0.481)
Below Benchmark	-0.014	-0.077	-0.073	-0.170	-0.215**
	(0.032)	(0.088)	(0.116)	(0.105)	(0.088)
Above Benchmark	-0.142*	-0.033	0.049	0.074	0.049
	(0.078)	(0.110)	(0.163)	(0.170)	(0.202)
Num.Obs.	306	299	298	246	212
R2	0.576	0.325	0.131	0.141	0.124

^{*} p < 0.1, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 2: Effect of LIS Benchmark Status in 2006 on Plan Enrollment, Panel 1

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Below Benchmark, 2006	2.349*** (0.279)	1.206*** (0.387)	$0.697* \\ (0.394)$	0.238 (0.516)	0.152 (0.633)
Num.Obs. R2	306 0.577	299 0.327	298 0.137	$246 \\ 0.163$	212 0.140

^{*} p < 0.1, ** p < 0.05, *** p < 0.01

Table 3: Effect of LIS Benchmark Status in 2006 on Plan Enrollment, Panel 2

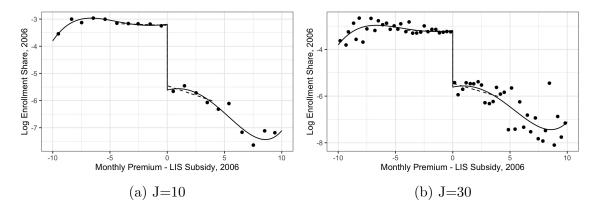


Figure 2: Different bin size

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
coef	2.286	1.595	0.784	0.083	0.390
se	(0.502)	(0.634)	(0.568)	(0.65)	(0.831)
bw	0.748	0.675	0.964	0.770	0.771

Table 4: CE optimal bandwidth, Panel1

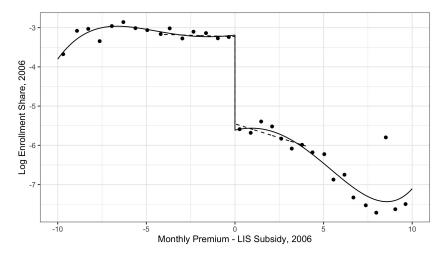


Figure 3: RD plot with the optimal number of partition $(J_{-}=15,\,J_{+}=17)$

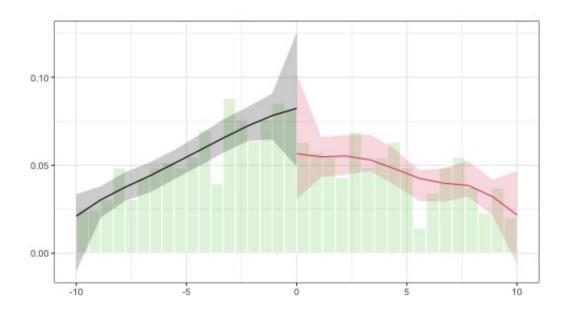


Figure 4: Probability density of the running variable

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
coef	2.576	1.849	1.057	0.015	0.652
se	(0.593)	(0.755)	(0.742)	(0.771)	(1.175)
bw	1.022	0.979	1.188	0.994	0.922

Table 5: CE optimal bandwidth, Panel2 $\,$