ICSSgen and ICSScsv: Python programs for 2D-ICSS calculations

Zhe Wang*1 and Runzhao Guo²

1 Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Hiroshima University, Hiroshima 739-8526, Japan 2 Program of Biomedical Science, Graduate School of Integrated Sciences for Life, Hiroshima University, Hiroshima 739-8526, Japan

Statement of need

2D isochemical shielding surface (2D-ICSS) maps, also known as 2D-NICS (nuclear independent chemical shift) maps, are useful tools for investigating the aromaticity of cyclic molecules (Klod & Kleinpeter, 2001; Liu et al., 2019; Miyazawa et al., 2021). A large number of ghost atoms, in addition to the target molecules, must be included in the input file for 2D-ICSS calculations. After completing the calculations, the magnetic shielding tensors of all ghost atoms must be extracted from the output files. This process is a huge and tiresome task; therefore, we present ICSSgen and ICSScsv, two open-source, highly efficient, and user-friendly Python programs, to easily generate 2D-ICSS maps.

Summary

ICSSgen

ICSSgen is a program that generates input files for high-quality 2D-ICSS calculations. Users must provide an original input file that includes the target molecular geometry and calculation method. ICSSgen reads the necessary information from the original input file and user-specified parameters from the command line window (e.g., plane, range, and grid quality) and adds ghost atoms to the new 2D-ICSS input file.

ICSScsv

ICSScsv automatically reads the molecular geometry and necessary parameters from the output file for the 2D-ICSS maps. Most importantly, it can extract the shielding tensor of ghost atoms and save them as a .csv data file. The 2D-ICSS map can be easily plotted with .csv files using data processing software (e.g., Origin, Prism, etc.).

Demonstrations

To illustrate the functions of ICSSgen and ICSScsv, an example of calculating the 2D-ICSS map of benzene is presented in this section.

Before running ICSSgen, the original input file is prepared:

^{*}Corresponding author

#p nmr=giao rb3lyp/6-31g(d)

Benzene_optimized

0 1

... Cartesian coordinates...

ICSSgen will use grid quality of 0.2.

Run ICSSgen and specify the calculation parameters (user-inputted commands are marked in italics):

Please specify the plane for ICSS map (XY, XZ, YZ): XYPlease input the altitude over the plane (in angstrom): 1Please specify the range of X axis (in angstrom, e.g., -10 10): -3.5 3.5
Please specify the range of Y axis (in angstrom, e.g., -8 8): -3.5 3.5
Please specify the grid quality (value smaller than 0.25 is recommended): (press Enter to use default value 0.2) (Enter)

A new input file for the 2D-ICSS calculation was generated in the current dictionary. In this example, ghost atoms were added at the XY plane at an altitude of Z=1, in the range of X[-3.5, 3.5] Y[-3.5, 3.5] in a grid size of 0.2 (Figure 1).

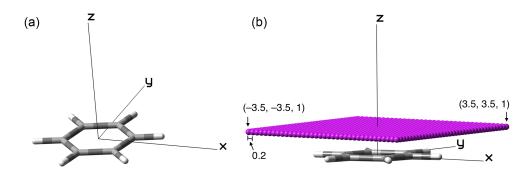


Figure 1: Geometries of (a) benezene from original input file and (b) benezene for 2D-ICSS calculation generated with ICSSgen.

After completing the 2D-ICSS calculation using Gaussian 16 (Revision B.01, M. J. Frisch, et al., Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2016.), the output file (.out or .log) was loaded into ICSScsv, and the component used for the 2D-ICSS map was selected:

Gaussian output read!

ICSS will be mapped on XY plane in $X[-3.5 \ 3.5, \ 0.2]$, $Y[-3.5 \ 3.5, \ 0.2]$.

Choose shielding tensor for ICSS map:

1 - Isoptropic 2 - Anisotropy
3 - XX component 4 - YX component 5 - ZX component
6 - XY component 7 - YY component 8 - ZY component
9 - XZ component 10 - YZ component 11 - ZZ component
Please input the No.:

ICSScsv extracts shielding tensors of ghost atoms from the output file and summarizes them to a .csv data file. In Figure 2, the 2D-ICSS map was visualized using the ZZ component of the shielding tensor with OriginPro 2021 (Figure 2). Aromaticity of benzene has been will produced by 2D-ICSS map.

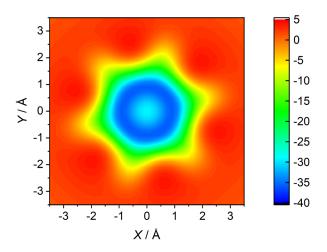


Figure 2: 2D-ICSS map of benzene visualized by OriginPro 2021.

Dependencies

ICSSgen and ICSScsv only support the Gaussian (Gaussian, Inc.) input and output.

Author informations

Zhe Wang (0000-0002-9996-586X) - Corresponding author, E-mail: wongzit@yahoo.co.jp Runzhao Guo (0000-0002-0403-4625) - E-mail: grzsherry3090@gmail.com

References

Klod, S., & Kleinpeter, E. (2001). Ab initio calculation of the anisotropy effect of multiple bonds and the ring current effect of arenes—application in conformational and configurational analysis. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 2*, 1893–1898. https://doi.org/10.1039/b0098090

Liu, C., Ni, Y., Lu, X., Li, G., & Wu, J. (2019). Global Aromaticity in Macrocyclic Polyradicaloids: Hückel's Rule or Baird's Rule? *Acc. Chem. Res.*, *52*, 2309–2321. https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.accounts.9b00257

Miyazawa, Y., Wang, Z., Matsumoto, M., Hatano, S., Antol, I., Kayahara, E., Yamago, S., & Abe, M. (2021). 1,3-Diradicals Embedded in Curved Paraphenylene Units: Singlet versus Triplet State and In-Plane Aromaticity. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.1c01329