Spring Data JPA Query, Spring Boot, NamedQuery 실습

[예제]

STS -> Spring Stater Project ,name : **jpamethodquery**, Type : MAVEN 다음화면에서 Core -> Lombok, SQL -> JPA, MySQL 선택

롬복(Lombok)설치는 다음 URL 참조

http://ojc.asia/bbs/board.php?bo_table=LecSpring&wr_id=561

마리아 DB 설치는 다음 URL 참조

http://ojc.asia/bbs/board.php?bo_table=LecSpring&wr_id=524

src/main/resources/application.properties

spring.datasource.platform=mysql

spring.datasource.sql-script-encoding=UTF-8

spring. data source. url=jdbc: mysql://localhost/jpamethodquery? create Database If Not Exist=true

spring.datasource.username=root

spring.datasource.password=1111

spring. datas our ce. driver-class-name = com. my sql. jdbc. Driver

spring.jpa.show-sql=true

spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=create

logging.level.jpa=DEBUG

jpa.model.Emp.java

package jpa.model;

import java.io.Serializable;

import javax.persistence.Entity;

import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;

import javax.persistence.Id;

import javax.persistence.NamedQuery;

import lombok.Getter;

import lombok.Setter;

jpa.repository. EmpRepository. java

```
package jpa.repository;
import java.util.List;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repositoryJpaRepository;
import jpa.model.Emp;

public interface EmpRepository extends JpaRepository<Emp, Long> {
    Emp findByEmpno(Long empno);

    //Emp엔티티에서 정의된 NameQuery지정
    List<Emp> findBySalAndJob(Long sal, String job);

    //직무(job)를 조건으로 이름(ename) 내림차순검색
    List<Emp> findByJobOrderByEnameDesc(String job);

    //이름(ename) like 조건으로 이름(ename) 오름차순검색
    List<Emp> findByJobLikeOrderByEnameAsc(String job);

    //급여(sal)가 sal1 ~ sal2 사이인 사원 추출
    List<Emp> findBySalBetween(Long sal1, Long sal2);
```

//직무가 job 이거나 급여가 sal 보다 크거나 같은 사원 추출

List<Emp> findByJobOrSalGreaterThanEqual(String job, Long sal);

}

jpa.JpamethodqueryApplication.java

```
package jpa;
import java.util.List;
import javax.persistence.Tuple;
import javax.transaction.Transactional;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.boot.CommandLineRunner;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import jpa.model.Emp;
import jpa.repository.EmpRepository;
@SpringBootApplication
public class JpamethodqueryApplication implements CommandLineRunner {
                          static
                                           final
        private
                                                           Logger
                                                                             logger
LoggerFactory.getLogger(JpamethodqueryApplication.class);
        @Autowired
        private EmpRepository empRepository;
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                 SpringApplication.run(JpamethodqueryApplication.class, args);
        }
        @Override
        @Transactional
        public void run(String...strings) throws Exception {
                 Emp e1 = new Emp();
```

```
e1.setEname("1길동"); e1.setJob("연구원");
                                       e1.setSal(1111L);
empRepository.save(e1);
Emp e2 = new Emp();
e2.setEname("2길동"); e2.setJob("연구원"); e2.setSal(2222L);
empRepository.save(e2);
Emp e3 = new Emp();
e3.setEname("3길동"); e3.setJob("교사");
                                      e3.setSal(3333L);
empRepository.save(e3);
Emp e4 = new Emp();
e4.setEname("4길동"); e4.setJob("연구원"); e4.setSal(4444L);
empRepository.save(e4);
Emp e5 = new Emp();
e5.setEname("5길동"); e5.setJob("교사");
                                       e5.setSal(5555L);
empRepository.save(e5);
Emp e = empRepository.findByEmpno(1L);
System.out.println(e);
//Sal가 1111보다 크고 job이 "연구원" SELECT
List<Emp> emps1 = empRepository.findBySalAndJob(1111L, "연구원");
emps1.forEach(System.out::println);
//job이 "연구원" SELECT, 이름 내림차순 정렬
List<Emp> emps2 = empRepository.findByJobOrderByEnameDesc("연구원");
emps2.forEach(System.out::println);
//job "교"로 시작하는 사원 SELECT, 이름 오름차순 정렬
List<Emp> emps3 = empRepository.findByJobLikeOrderByEnameAsc("교%");
emps3.forEach(System.out::println);
//job "교"로 시작하는 사원 SELECT, 이름 오름차순 정렬
List < Emp > emps4 = empRepository.findBySalBetween(2000L, 5000L);
emps4.forEach(System.out::println);
//job이 "연구원" 이거나 sal 값이 3333보다 크거나 같은 사원 추출
```

```
List<Emp> emps5 = empRepository.findByJobOrSalGreaterThanEqual("연구원", 3333L);
emps5.forEach(System.out::println);
}
```

실행 결과

```
Hibernate: insert into emp (ename, job, sal) values (?, ?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into emp (ename, job, sal) values (?, ?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into emp (ename, job, sal) values (?, ?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into emp (ename, job, sal) values (?, ?, ?)
Hibernate: insert into emp (ename, job, sal) values (?, ?, ?)
select emp0_.empno as empno1_0_, emp0_.ename as ename2_0_, emp0_.job as job3_0_, emp0_.sal
as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_.empno=?
Emp(empno=1, ename=1길동, job=연구원, sal=1111)
select emp0_empno as empno1_0_ emp0_ename as ename2_0_, emp0_job as job3_0_, emp0_sal
as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_.sal>? and emp0_.job=?
Emp(empno=2, ename=2길동, job=연구원, sal=2222)
Emp(empno=4, ename=4길동, job=연구원, sal=4444)
select emp0_empno as empno1_0_, emp0_ename as ename2_0_, emp0_.job as job3_0_, emp0_.sal
as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_iob=? order by emp0_ename desc
Emp(empno=4, ename=4길동, job=연구원, sal=4444)
Emp(empno=2, ename=2길동, job=연구원, sal=2222)
Emp(empno=1, ename=1길동, job=연구원, sal=1111)
select emp0_.empno as empno1_0_, emp0_.ename as ename2_0_, emp0_.job as job3_0_, emp0_.sal
as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_job like? order by emp0_ename asc
Emp(empno=3, ename=3길동, job=교사, sal=3333)
Emp(empno=5, ename=5길동, job=교사, sal=5555)
select emp0 .empno as empno1 0 , emp0 .ename as ename2 0 , emp0 .job as job3 0 , emp0 .sal
as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_.sal between ? and ?
Emp(empno=2, ename=2길동, job=연구원, sal=2222)
Emp(empno=3, ename=3길동, job=교사, sal=3333)
Emp(empno=4, ename=4길동, job=연구원, sal=4444)
```

select emp0_.empno as empno1_0_, emp0_.ename as ename2_0_, emp0_.job as job3_0_, emp0_.sal as sal4_0_ from emp emp0_ where emp0_.job=? or emp0_.sal>=?

Emp(empno=1, ename=1길동, job=연구원, sal=1111)

Emp(empno=2, ename=2길동, job=연구원, sal=2222)

Emp(empno=3, ename=3길동, job=교사, sal=3333)

Emp(empno=4, ename=4길동, job=연구원, sal=4444)

Emp(empno=5, ename=5길동, job=교사, sal=5555)