

Routing & Controllers

Routing component

Transform Request object to array with routing information

```
switch ($path) {  
    case '/':  
        return $controller->renderHomepage();  
    case '/about':  
        return $controller->renderAbout();  
    default:  
        return $controller->render404();  
}
```

Routing formats

- Yaml
- Annotation
- PHP
- XML

All formats are compiled to PHP code

Routing configuration

- Route Annotation
 - Usage
 - Loading
- Loading priority is important

Symfony Router

- RouteCollection
- UrlMatcherInterface
- UrlGeneratorInterface
- RouterInterface
- Router

Optimization

- Compile routes to PHP
- Dump cached matcher, single class
- Group similar routes
- Prefer strpos, use regex only when needed
- Possessive quantifiers in regex
- RouteCollection performance issue

Controller

Handle Request to return the Response

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request;
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response;

$request = Request::createFromGlobals();
$path = $request->getPathInfo();

if (in_array($path, array('', '/'))) {
    $response = new Response('Home page. ');
} elseif ('/about' === $path) {
    $response = new Response('About me');
} else {
    $response = new Response('Page not found.', Response::HTTP_NOT_FOUND);
}
$response->send();
```

Controller arguments

Resolved using Reflection

- Request object
- Route placeholder name match argument name
- ParamConverter and match by type
- Autowiring bindings
- Optional parameters from query params

Controller Dependencies

- type-hint an argument

```
/**  
 * @Route("/lucky/number/{max}")  
 */  
public function numberAction($max, LoggerInterface $logger) {  
}
```

- bind the argument by its name

```
# explicitly configure the service  
AppBundle\Controller\LuckyController:  
    public: true  
    bind:  
        # for any $logger argument, pass this specific service  
        $logger: '@monolog.logger.doctrine'
```

Controller Dependencies

- Extend Controller
- Extend AbstractController
- ControllerTrait
- Dependency Injection without Extend

Override Controller

- Don't load the original routing
- Bundle inheritance
- Register route before the original one with the new controller
- Override service if controller defined as a service

Best Practice

Symfony follows the philosophy of "thin controllers and fat models".

- **>= 5 constants**
- **>= 10 actions**
- **>= 20 lines of code in each action**

If you have more - think about services.

Debugging

- `debug:router category_show`
- `router:match /category/403`
- Symfony profiler tab
- `debug:autowiring`