
[Microprocessor Applications]

Lab 5: Cache Optimization

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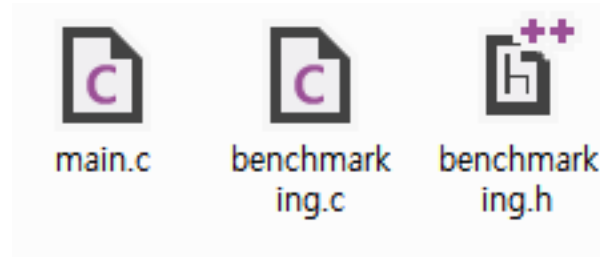
Webpage: <http://soclab.konkuk.ac.kr>

Outline

- ❑ Running C applications
- ❑ Optimizing C applications

Running C Applications

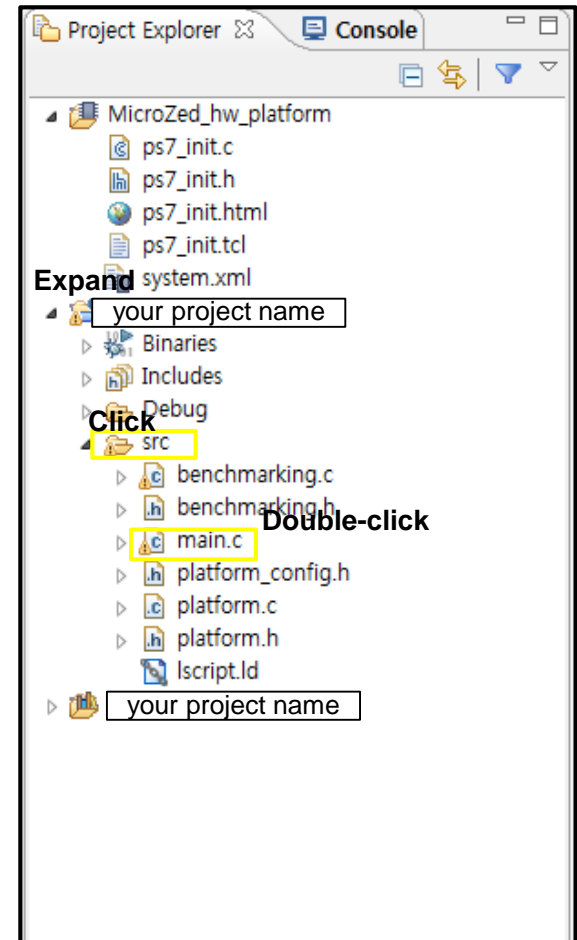
- ❑ Create a new application project
 - Follow pp. 3~7 of the following lab workbook:
[**Lab_MP2022_2_work_r1.pdf**](#)
 - ✓ Type the project name
 - ✓ Add the source files attached below to the project.
 - main.c, benchmarking.c, benchmarking.h



Running C Applications

❑ Check the source codes

- Expand '**(your project name)**' to see all of the source files that are added to the project by clicking the '**src**' icon.
- Double-click each of the file names to open it.



Running C Applications

□ Review the source codes: *'main()'*

- ① Initializes the arguments of the functions
- ② Calls the functions to compare the results
- ③ Set the benchmark to compare the execution times
- ④ Run the benchmark and measure the execution times

```
int main()
{
    unsigned int i,j;
    int iRetCode;

    BENCHMARK_CASE *pBenchmarkCase;
    BENCHMARK_STATISTICS *pStat;

    printf("----Benchmarking starting----\r\n");
    printf("CPU_FREQ_HZ=%d, TIMER_FREQ_HZ=%d\r\n",
        CPU_FREQ_HZ, CPU_FREQ_HZ/2/(TIMER_PRE_SCALE+1));
    printf("Matrix size= %d * %d\r\n", N, N);

    // We need to validate the algorithm's correctness
    ① for(i=0;i<N;i++)
        for(j=0;j<N;j++)
        {
            a[i][j]=i*1+j*2;
            b[i][j]=i*2+j*3;
            result1[i][j]=0;
            result2[i][j]=0;
        }

    ② mat_mult(0,0,0,0);
    mat_mult_tiling(0,0,0,0);

    iRetCode=memcmp(result1, result2, N*N*sizeof(unsigned int));
    if(iRetCode==0)
        printf("Algorithm validation success!\r\n");
    else {
        printf("Algorithm validation failed! Exit application.\r\n");
        return -1;
    }

    ③ BENCHMARK_CASE BenchmarkCases[NR_BENCHMARK_CASE] = {
        {"Non-cache optimized matrix multiply", TEST_ROUNDS, initializer_dummy,
        mat_mult, {(unsigned int)result1,0,0,0}, 0, validator_dummy},
        {"Cache optimized matrix multiply", TEST_ROUNDS, initializer_dummy,
        mat_mult_tiling, {(unsigned int)result2,0,0,0}, 0, validator_dummy}
    };

    // Now we can collect the execution time statistics
    ④ for(i=0;i<NR_BENCHMARK_CASE;i++)
    {
        pBenchmarkCase = &BenchmarkCases[i];
        pStat = &(pBenchmarkCase->stat);
        printf("Case %d: %s\r\n", i, pBenchmarkCase->pName);
        run_benchmark_single(pBenchmarkCase);
        statistics_print(pStat);
    }
    printf("----Benchmarking Complete----\r\n");

    return 0;
}
```

Running C Applications

□ Complete the two functions below

- `mat_mul()`: matrix multiplication **without** tiling
- `mat_mul_tiling()`: matrix multiplication **with** tiling

```
int a[N][N],b[N][N],result1[N][N],result2[N][N];
```

```
unsigned mat_mult(unsigned int uiParam0, unsigned int uiParam1, unsigned int uiParam2, unsigned int uiParam3 )  
{
```

```
    int i,j,k;
```

```
    ///////////////////////////////////  
    /// Fill your code here! ///  
    //////////////////////////////////
```

`result1 = a * b`

```
    return 1;
```

```
}
```

```
unsigned mat_mult_tiling(unsigned int uiParam0, unsigned int uiParam1, unsigned int uiParam2, unsigned int uiParam3 )  
{
```

```
    int io,jo,ko,ii,ki,ji;  
    int *rresult, *rb, *ra;
```

```
    ///////////////////////////////////  
    /// Fill your code here! ///  
    //////////////////////////////////
```

`result2 = a * b`

```
    return 1;
```

```
}
```

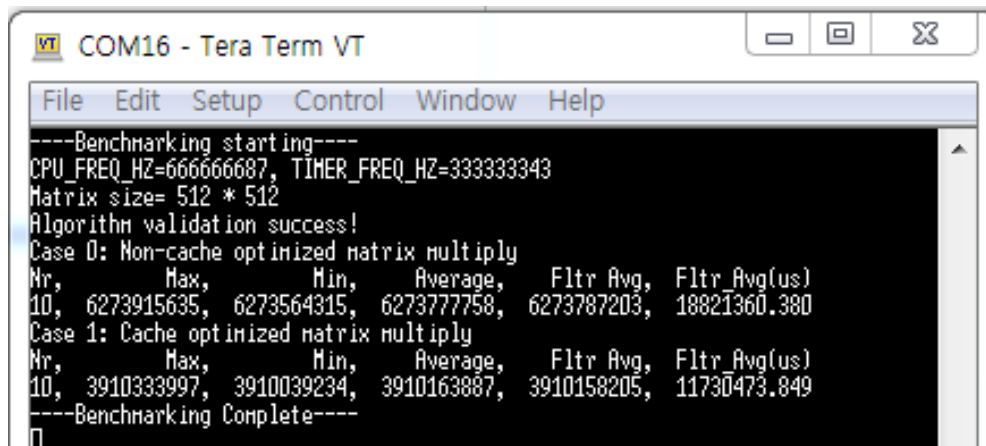
Running C Applications

❑ Repeat the previous steps

- Follow to pp. 30~33 of the following lab workbook:
[Lab_MP2022_1_work.pdf](#)

❑ Run the application

- Check the output on '**Tera Term**'
 - ✓ You should see the execution times of both the functions.

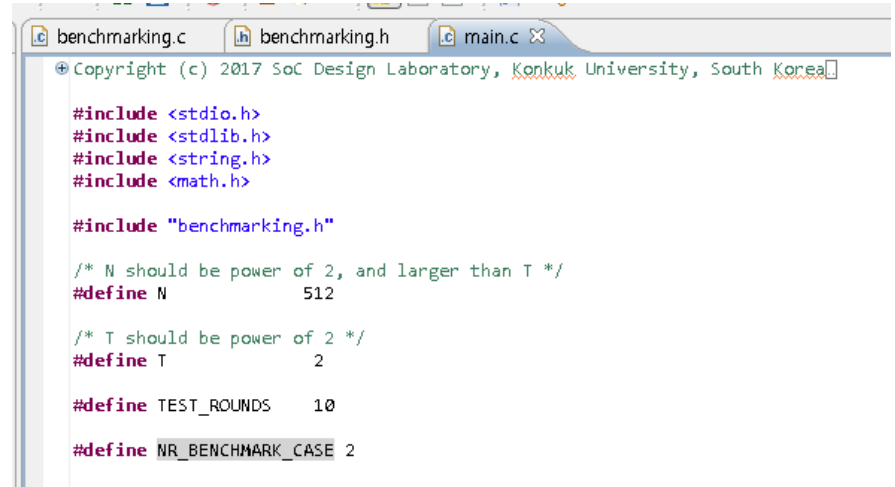


```
COM16 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help
----Benchmarking starting----
CPU_FREQ_HZ=666666687, TIMER_FREQ_HZ=333333343
Matrix size= 512 * 512
Algorithm validation success!
Case 0: Non-cache optimized matrix multiply
Nr,      Max,      Min,      Average,  Fltr Avg,  Fltr Avg(us)
10, 6273915635, 6273564315, 6273777758, 6273787203, 18821360.380
Case 1: Cache optimized matrix multiply
Nr,      Max,      Min,      Average,  Fltr Avg,  Fltr Avg(us)
10, 3910333997, 3910039234, 3910163887, 3910158205, 11730473.849
----Benchmarking Complete----
```

- Nr: Function execution count.
- Max: The longest time in the function execution count. (unit: cycles)
- Min: The shortest time in the function execution count. (unit: cycles)
- Average: Average time except Max and Min. (unit: cycles)
- Fltr_Avg: Average / TIMER_FREQ_HZ (unit: usecs)

Optimizing C Application

- ❑ Optimize the tile size (T) to minimize the execution time
 - T : 2, 4, 8, 16



```
benchmarking.c  benchmarking.h  main.c X
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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>

#include "benchmarking.h"

/* N should be power of 2, and larger than T */
#define N      512

/* T should be power of 2 */
#define T      2

#define TEST_ROUNDS    10

#define NR_BENCHMARK_CASE 2
```

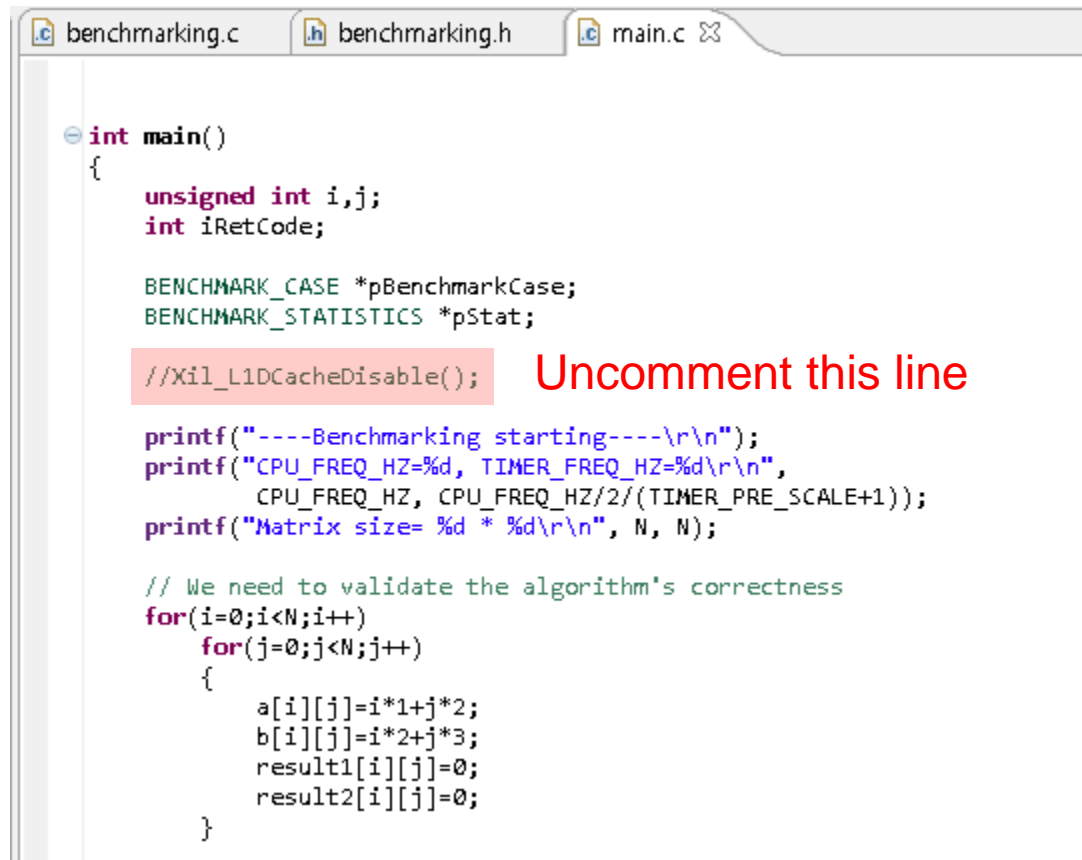
- ❑ Figure out how the tile size affects the execution time

Optimizing C Application

- ❑ Repeat with the optimization level set to -O2
 - Follow to pp. 23-24 of the following lab workbook:
[**Lab_MP2022_2_work_r1.pdf**](#)
 - Review the disassembly to figure out how it reduces the execution time

Optimizing C Application

- ❑ Repeat with L1 data cache disabled



```
.c benchmarking.c .h benchmarking.h .c main.c ✕

int main()
{
    unsigned int i,j;
    int iRetCode;

    BENCHMARK_CASE *pBenchmarkCase;
    BENCHMARK_STATISTICS *pStat;

    //Xil_L1DCacheDisable(); Uncomment this line

    printf("----Benchmarking starting----\r\n");
    printf("CPU_FREQ_HZ=%d, TIMER_FREQ_HZ=%d\r\n",
        CPU_FREQ_HZ, CPU_FREQ_HZ/2/(TIMER_PRE_SCALE+1));
    printf("Matrix size= %d * %d\r\n", N, N);

    // We need to validate the algorithm's correctness
    for(i=0;i<N;i++)
        for(j=0;j<N;j++)
        {
            a[i][j]=i*1+j*2;
            b[i][j]=i*2+j*3;
            result1[i][j]=0;
            result2[i][j]=0;
        }
}
```