



**Figure 22.2(a)**

**22.2-1**

Show the  $d$  and  $\pi$  values that result from running breadth-first search on the undirected graph of Figure 22.2(a), using vertex 3 as the source.

We begin at vertex 3 in the graph  $G$ , which we designate as the source  $s$ .  $s$  has the properties  $s.d = 0$  and  $s.\pi = \text{NIL}$ . Each other vertex  $u \in G$ ,  $u.d = \infty$  and  $u.\pi = \text{NIL}$ . We begin with the queue  $Q$  and we enqueue  $s$ . Then, we continue to dequeue elements from  $Q$  and enqueue its adjacent neighbors, so long as we have not reached that neighbor before. We set  $u.\pi$  as the parent of  $u$  and  $u.d$  as the distance from  $s$ . Hence, we have the following queue

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q &= [3] \\
 &= [5, 6], \text{ where } 5.\pi = 6.\pi = 3 \text{ and } 5.d = 6.d = 1 \\
 &= [6, 4], \text{ where } 4.\pi = 5 \text{ and } 4.d = 2 \\
 &= [4] \\
 &= [2], \text{ where } 2.\pi = 4 \text{ and } 2.d = 3 \\
 &= \emptyset
 \end{aligned}$$