```
In [ ]: import torch
        import numpy as np
        from torch.autograd import Variable
        import time
        #Call model of layers and its forward step
        from Forward with Layer Setting import Net
        device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
        #Call training functions of Loss functions
        from NSpde loss import lossNSpde
        from BoundaryLoss import lossBdry
        from InitialConditionLoss import lossIC
        def create network(IC Only Train):
            net = Net()
            net = net.to(device)
            #Set final times for running training
            time_slices = np.array([.1,.2, .3, .4, .5, .6, .7, .8, .9, 1]) #, .25, .5, 1
            #Load Training Points
            x domain, y domain, t zero, x Bdry, y Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry, y l Bdry, y u Bdry = twoDimTrainPts(net, Domain
            start = time.time()
            #Start Training only on IC
            if IC Only Train == True:
                print('Training Only on the Initial Condition')
                Create IC Parameters(x domain, y domain, t zero, 60000, 10**-3, 'IC Only.pt', record loss = 100, print loss
                IC Done = time.time()
                print('IC Time:\t', IC Done-start)
                print('Training Only on the NSpde Condition')
```

```
NSpde Only training(net, x domain, y domain, t zero, x Bdry, y Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry,
                  y l Bdry, y u Bdry, time slices, 20000, 10**-3, record loss = 100, print loss = 1000)
    torch.save(net.state dict(), f"NSpde afterIC .pt")
    NSpde Done = time.time()
    print('MvBdry Time:\t', NSpde Done-start)
    return 0
time vec = [0, 0, 0, 0]
#attempt to load IC if it exists
try:
    net.load state dict(torch.load("IC Only.pt"))
except:
    pass
1.1.1
#attempt to load MvBdry if it exists
try:
    net.load state dict(torch.load("NSpde Only.pt"))
except:
    pass
1.1.1
global epsilon #used to track loss
epsilon = []
print('Training PDE')
for i in range(4):
    #Set loop to optimize in progressively smaller learning rates
    if i == 0:
        #First loop uses progressively increasing time intervals
        print('Executing Pass 1')
        iterations = 30000
        learning rate = 10**-2
    elif i == 1:
        print('Executing Pass 2')
        #time slices = time slices[-1]
        iterations = 30000
        learning rate = 10**-3
    elif i == 2:
```

```
print('Executing Pass 3')
            iterations = 2 \#0000
            learning rate = 5*10**-6
        elif i ==3:
            print('Executing Pass 4')
            iterations = 2 \#0000
            learning rate = 10**-6
       training loop(net, x domain, y domain, t zero, x Bdry, y Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry,
                      y l Bdry, y u Bdry, time slices, iterations, learning rate, IC coefficient = 1, record loss =
        torch.save(net.state dict(), f"NNlayers Bubble {i}.pt")
        np.savetxt('epsilon.txt', epsilon)
        time vec[i] = time.time()
    np.savetxt('epsilon.txt', epsilon)
   end = time.time()
   print("Total Time:\t", end-start, '\nPass 1 Time:\t', time vec[0]-start, '\nPass 2 Time:\t', time vec[1]-start,
def twoDimTrainPts(net, Domain collocation, Bdry collocation):
   #Set of all the recorded xy variables as base data for chasing during training
   # Domain boundary in the range [0, 1]x[0, 2] and time in [0, 1].
   x l = net.x1 l
   x u = net.x1 u
   y l = net.x2 l
   y u = net.x2 u
   #time starts at lower bound 0, ends at upper bouund updated in slices
   tl = 0
   #Pick IC/NSpde Condition Training Random Points in Numpy
   x domain = np.random.uniform(low= x l, high=x u, size=(Domain collocation, 1))
   y domain = np.random.uniform(low= y l, high=y u, size=(Domain collocation, 1))
   #Move to pytorch tensors
   x domain = Variable(torch.from numpy(x domain).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
   y domain = Variable(torch.from numpy(y domain).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
```

```
#Pick IC Training t starting points to make tensor
   t zero = Variable(torch.zeros like(x domain), requires grad=True).to(device)
   #Pick BC Training Random Points in Numpy
   x Bdry = np.random.uniform(low=x l, high=x u, size=(Bdry collocation,1))
   y Bdry = np.random.uniform(low=y l, high=y u, size=(Bdry collocation,1))
   #Move to pytorch tensors
   x Bdry= Variable(torch.from numpy(x Bdry).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
   y Bdry = Variable(torch.from numpy(y Bdry).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
   ##Pick pts to make tensor for No-Slip Boundary Condition
   x l Bdry = Variable(x l * torch.ones like(x Bdry), requires grad=True).to(device)
   x u Bdry = Variable(x u * torch.ones like(x Bdry), requires grad=True).to(device)
   y l Bdry = Variable(y l * torch.ones like(x Bdry), requires grad=True).to(device)
   y u Bdry = Variable(y u * torch.ones like(x Bdry), requires grad=True).to(device)
   return x domain, y domain, t zero, x Bdry, y Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry, y l Bdry, y u Bdry
def tsliceTrainPts(net, Domain collocation, Bdry collocation, final time):
   #Set of all the recorded t variable as base data for chasing during training
   #time starts at lower bound 0, ends at upper bouund updated in slices
   t l = net.t l
   #Pick IC/NSpde Condition Training Random Points in Numpy
   t domain = np.random.uniform(low=t l, high=final time, size=(Domain collocation, 1))
    #Move to pytorch tensors
   t domain = Variable(torch.from numpy(t domain).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
   #Pick IC Training t starting points to make tensor
   t zero = Variable(torch.zeros like(t domain), requires grad=True).to(device)
   #Pick BC Training Random Points in Numpy
   t Bdry = np.random.uniform(low=t l, high=final time, size=(Bdry collocation,1))
   #Move to pytorch tensors
   t Bdry = Variable(torch.from numpy(t Bdry).float(), requires grad=True).to(device)
```

```
return t domain, t Bdry
def get lr(optimizer):
   for param group in optimizer.param groups:
        return param group['lr']
def Create IC Parameters(x domain, y domain, t zero, iterations, learning rate, filename, record loss, print loss):
   ICnet = Net().to(device)
   IC Only training(ICnet, x domain, y domain, t zero, iterations, learning rate, record loss, print loss)
   torch.save(ICnet.state dict(), filename)
def IC Only training(net, x domain, y domain, t zero, iterations, learning rate, record loss, print loss):
   device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
   #learning rate update
   for g in net.optimizer.param groups:
       g['lr'] = learning rate
   #training loop
   epsilon IC = [] #placeholder to track decreasing loss
   for epoch in range(1, iterations+1):
       # Resetting gradients to zero
        net.optimizer.zero grad()
        #Loss based on Initial Condition
        loss = lossIC(net, x domain, y domain, t zero)
        loss.backward()
        # Gradient Norm Clipping
        torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=2, error if nonfinite=True)
        #Gradient Value Clipping
        #nn.utils.clip grad value (net.parameters(), clip value=1.0)
        net.optimizer.step()
```

```
#Print Loss every 1000 Epochs
        with torch.autograd.no grad():
            if epoch%record_loss == 0:
                epsilon IC = np.append(epsilon IC, loss.cpu().detach().numpy())
            if epoch%print loss == 0:
                print("Iteration:", epoch, "Initial Condition Loss:", loss.data)
   np.savetxt('epsilon IC.txt', epsilon IC)
def training loop(net, x domain, y domain, t zero, x Bdry, y Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry, y l Bdry, y u Bdry, time sli
   global epsilon
   device = torch.device("cuda:0" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
   #learning rate update
   for g in net.optimizer.param groups:
        g['lr'] = learning rate
   for final time in time slices:
        with torch.autograd.no grad():
            print("Current Final Time:", final time, "Current Learning Rate: ", get lr(net.optimizer))
        indicator = False
        reset regularization = 1000
        #Iterate over these points
        t domain, t Bdry = tsliceTrainPts(net, Domain collocation = int(1000), Bdry collocation = int(100), final t
        for epoch in range(1, iterations+1):
            # Loss calculation based on partial differential equation (PDE)
            if epoch%reset regularization == 0:
                indicator = False
            if epoch%reset regularization != 0: #To detect error on forward/Backward, add hashtag on this whole lin
            #with torch.autograd.detect anomaly(): #use this line alternatively by deleting hashtag.
                ###Training steps
```

```
# Resetting gradients to zero
    net.optimizer.zero grad()
    #Loss based on Initial Condition
   mse IC = lossIC(net, x domain, y domain, t zero)
   # Gradient Norm Clipping
   torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=1, error if nonfinite
   #Loss based on Boundary Condition (Containing No-Slip and Free-slip)
   mse BC = lossBdry(net, x Bdry, y Bdry, t Bdry, x l Bdry, x u Bdry, y l Bdry, y u Bdry)
   # Gradient Norm Clipping
    torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=1, error if nonfinite
    #Loss based on PDE
   mse NS = lossNSpde(net, x domain, y domain, t domain)
    # Gradient Norm Clipping
    torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=1, error if nonfinite
    if indicator == False:
        indicator = True
        IC regular = mse IC.detach()
        BC regular = mse BC.detach()
        pde regular = mse NS.detach()
    raw loss = IC coefficient * mse IC + mse BC + mse NS
   mse IC = mse IC #/IC regular
   MSEBC = MSEBC \#/BC regular
   mse NS = mse NS #/pde regular
    #Combine all Loss functions
    loss = mse BC + 10**5 *mse IC + 10**5 * mse NS #IC coefficient *
    # Gradient Norm Clipping
   torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=1, error if nonfinite
    loss.backward()
# Gradient Norm Clipping
torch.nn.utils.clip grad norm (net.parameters(), max norm= 5*10**2, norm type=1, error if nonfinite=Fal
#Gradient Value Clipping
```

```
#nn.utils.clip_grad_value_(net.parameters(), clip_value=1.0)
net.optimizer.step()

#Print Loss every 1000 Epochs
with torch.autograd.no_grad():
    if epoch%record_loss == 0:
        epsilon = np.append(epsilon, raw_loss.cpu().detach().numpy())
    if epoch%print_loss == 0:
        print("Iteration:", epoch, "\tTotal Loss:", loss.data)
        print("IC Loss: ", mse_IC.data, "\tBC Loss: ", mse_BC.data, "\tNS PDE Loss: ", mse_NS.data)

create_network(True)
create_network(False)
```

```
Training Only on the Initial Condition
Iteration: 1000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0472, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 2000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0214, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 3000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0139, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 4000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0123, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 5000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0113, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 6000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0105, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 7000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0098, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 8000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0086, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 9000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0077, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 10000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0072, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 11000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0068, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 12000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0064, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 13000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0060, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 14000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0057, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 15000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0054, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 16000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0051, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 17000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0049, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 18000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0047, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 19000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0045, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 20000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0043, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 21000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0043, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 22000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0042, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 23000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 24000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0042, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 25000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 26000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 27000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 28000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 29000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 30000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 31000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 32000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 33000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 34000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 35000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 36000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 37000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 38000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 39000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 40000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
```

```
Iteration: 41000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 42000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 43000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 44000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0041, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 45000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 46000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 47000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 48000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 49000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 50000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 51000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 52000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 53000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 54000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 55000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 56000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 57000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 58000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 59000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 60000 Initial Condition Loss: tensor(0.0040, device='cuda:0')
IC Time:
                 760.195558309555
Training PDE
Executing Pass 1
Current Final Time: 0.1 Current Learning Rate: 0.01
Iteration: 200 Total Loss: tensor(5.0539e+16, device='cuda:0')
                                               BC Loss: tensor(5874.1938, device='cuda:0')
IC Loss: tensor(1826.3171, device='cuda:0')
                                                                                                NS PDE Loss: tensor
(5.0539e+11, device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 400 Total Loss: tensor(9.8734e+12, device='cuda:0')
IC Loss: tensor(2528.6506, device='cuda:0')
                                               BC Loss: tensor(267583.0625, device='cuda:0') NS PDE Loss: tensor
(98731312., device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 600 Total Loss: tensor(8.4614e+12, device='cuda:0')
IC Loss: tensor(3326.4094, device='cuda:0')
                                                BC Loss: tensor(80664.9219, device='cuda:0')
                                                                                                NS PDE Loss: tensor
(84610280., device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 800 Total Loss: tensor(5.3073e+12, device='cuda:0')
IC Loss: tensor(4679.4761, device='cuda:0')
                                                BC Loss: tensor(13956.8057, device='cuda:0')
                                                                                                NS PDE Loss: tensor
(53068020., device='cuda:0')
Iteration: 1000
                       Total Loss: tensor(4.7828e+12, device='cuda:0')
IC Loss: tensor(4013.5725, device='cuda:0')
                                               BC Loss: tensor(12148.8633, device='cuda:0')
                                                                                               NS PDE Loss: tensor
(47824040., device='cuda:0')
```

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Train file:///home/wki1@ads.iu.edu/Downloads/Train(1).html

In []:	
In []:	