

##<1>. EDA work and determine what test to apply

```
library(gridExtra)
library(utils)
#library(DataExplorer)
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.3      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.0
## v ggplot2    3.4.4      v tibble    3.2.1
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr     1.3.0
## v purrr      1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::combine() masks gridExtra::combine()
## x dplyr::filter()  masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(ggpubr)
library(rstatix)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'rstatix'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      filter
```

```
#library(factoextra)
library(FactoMineR)
#library(naniar)
library(corrplot)
```

corrplot 0.92 loaded

```
library(cluster)
library(arsenal)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'arsenal'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##      is.Date
```

```
library(tidyverse)
library(plyr)
```

```
## -----
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
## -----
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:rstatix':
##
##   desc, mutate
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggpubr':
##
##   mutate
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   compact
```

```
chimplearn <- read.csv("chimp-learning.csv")
chimplearn2 <- read.csv("chimp-learning2.csv")

summary(chimplearn)
```

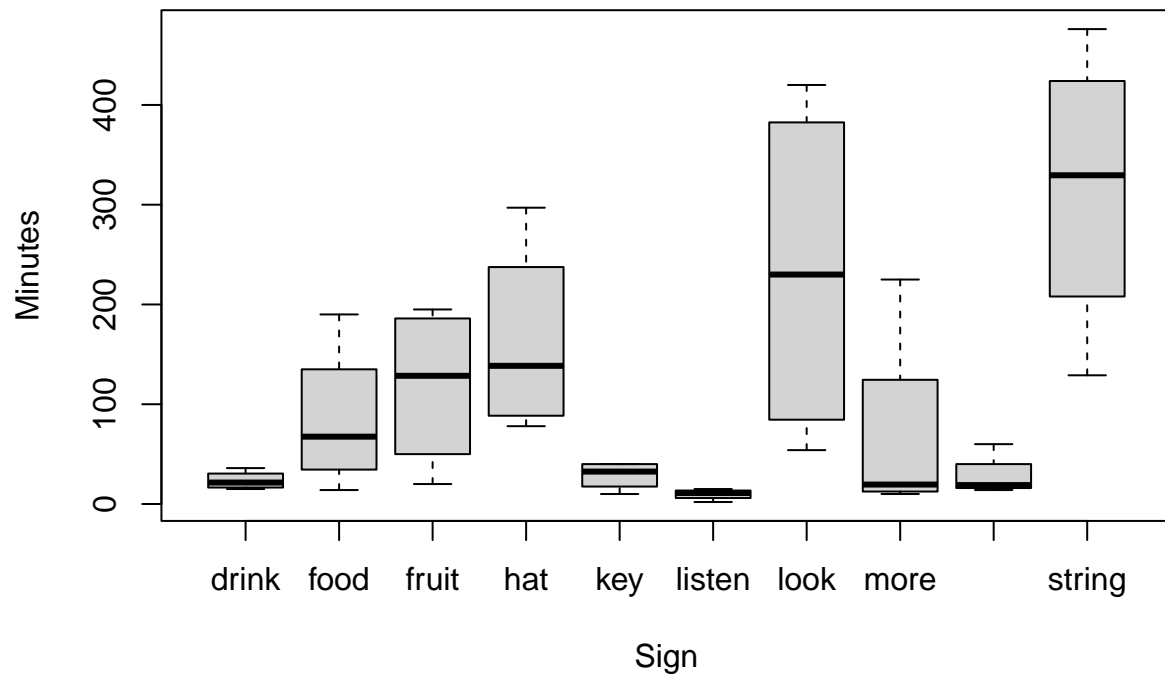
```
##      Minutes      Chimp      Sign      Order
## Min.   : 2.00   Length:40   Length:40   Min.   : 1.0
## 1st Qu.: 17.25  Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.: 3.0
## Median : 47.00  Mode  :character  Mode  :character Median : 5.5
## Mean   :107.38                                     Mean   : 5.5
## 3rd Qu.:177.25                                     3rd Qu.: 8.0
## Max.    :476.00                                     Max.    :10.0
```

```
head(chimplearn)
```

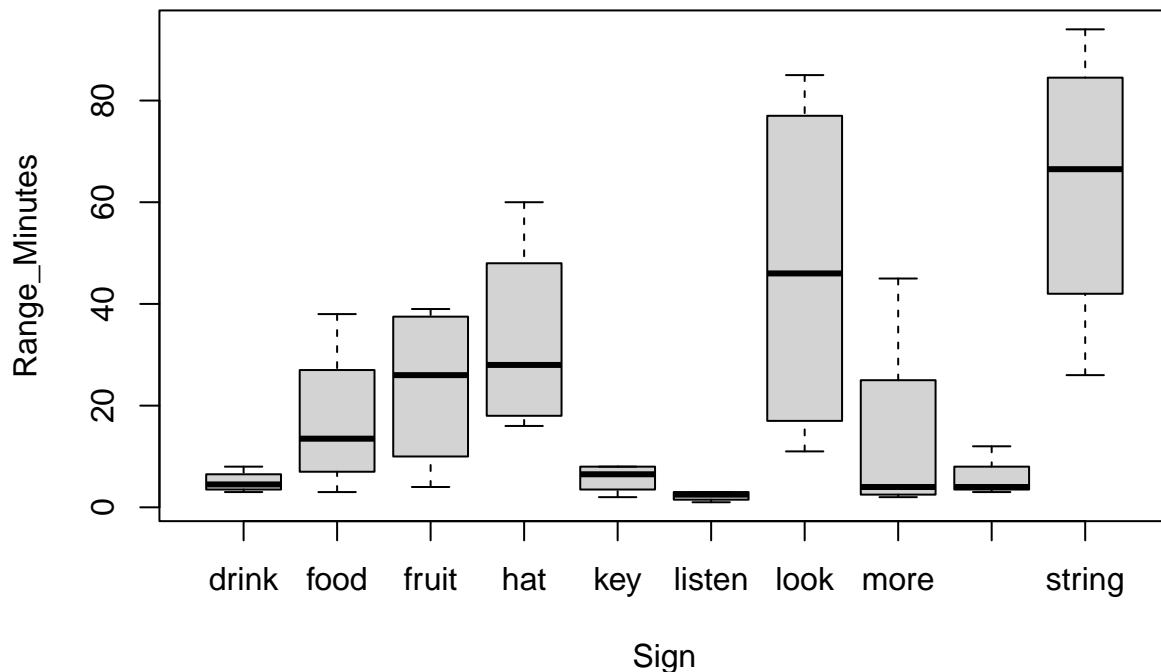
```
##      Minutes Chimp      Sign Order
## 1         12 Booe listen      8
## 2         15 Booe drink      4
## 3         14 Booe shoe       2
## 4          9 Booe key        7
## 5         10 Booe more       5
## 6         80 Booe food      10
```

###Assumption 1 : Difficulty of every words are same for any chimp. ###Assumption 2 : All the chimps have same ability to learn the words.

```
boxplot(Minutes ~ Sign, data = chimplearn )
```



```
boxplot(Range_Minutes ~ Sign, data = chimplearn2 )
```



From the above boxplot, we can see that words 'look', 'string' has too big variance. Therefore, we can expect that the difficulty of the word is not same for each chimp since the range of each word is not same. This implies the rejection of 1st assumption. Also, big range of the words 'look' and 'string' also indicates that the ability of chimps are not same.

So, we need to delete some chimps or words to eliminate this kind of words which bother the indication of same difficulty between the words. »>We need to take some statistical test to measure and claim that the difficulty same/vary even after processing data.

```
library("graphics")
mosaicplot(chimlearn, shade = TRUE, las=30,
           main = "Minutes")
mosaicplot(chimlearn2, shade = TRUE, las=30,
           main = "Range_Minutes")
library("gnm")
chimlearn3 <- select(chimlearn2, "Chimp", "Sign", "Range_Minutes") #"Range_Minutes"
chimlearn3 <- filter(chimlearn3, "Range_Minutes" > 30)
head(chimlearn3)
model <- xtabs(Range_Minutes~Sign + Chimp, data = chimlearn2)
mosaicplot(chimlearn3, gp = shading_max,
           split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE,
           main="Sign")
```

```
library('mosaic')
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'mosaic':
```

```

##      method                                from
##      fortify.SpatialPolygonsDataFrame ggplot2

##
## The 'mosaic' package masks several functions from core packages in order to add
## additional features. The original behavior of these functions should not be affected by this.

##
## Attaching package: 'mosaic'

## The following object is masked from 'package:Matrix':
##
##      mean

## The following object is masked from 'package:plyr':
##
##      count

## The following objects are masked from 'package:arsenal':
##
##      iqr, relrisk

## The following objects are masked from 'package:rstatix':
##
##      cor_test, prop_test, t_test

## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      count, do, tally

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##      cross

## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##      stat

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##      binom.test, cor, cor.test, cov, fivenum, IQR, median, prop.test,
##      quantile, sd, t.test, var

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##      max, mean, min, prod, range, sample, sum

library('data.table')

##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'

```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##   hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday, week,
##   yday, year
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   between, first, last
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   transpose
```

```
library('vcd')
```

```
## Loading required package: grid
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'vcd'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:mosaic':
##
##   mplot
```

```
chimplearn3 <- select(chimplearn2, "Chimp", "Sign", "Range_Minutes") #"Range_Minutes"
chimplearn3 <- filter(chimplearn3, "Range_Minutes" > 30)
head(chimplearn3)
```

```
##   Chimp   Sign Range_Minutes
## 1 Boeee listen           3
## 2 Boeee drink            3
## 3 Boeee shoe             3
## 4 Boeee key              2
## 5 Boeee more             2
## 6 Boeee food            16
```

```
# creating dataset with above values
data <- table(chimplearn3)
summary(data)
```

```
## Number of cases in table: 40
## Number of factors: 3
## Test for independence of all factors:
##   Chisq = 840, df = 846, p-value = 0.5517
##   Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

```
# plotting the mosaic chmodel
#setDT(data_frame)
```

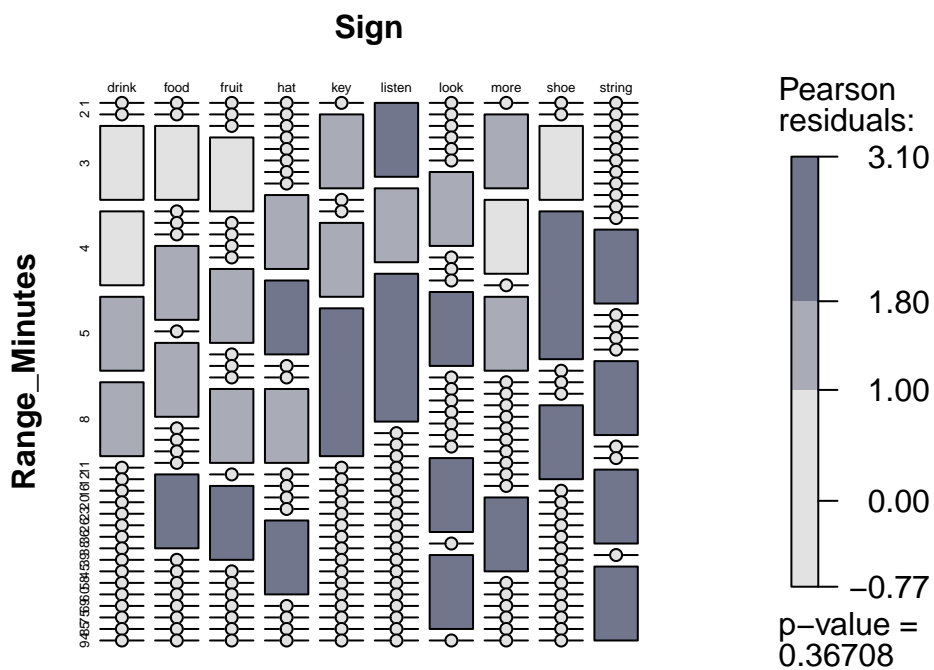
```
mosaic(data, shade=TRUE)
```

```
model <- xtabs(~Sign + Range_Minutes, data = chimplearn3)
```

```
mosaic(model,
  split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args = list(interpol
```

```
main="modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]")
```

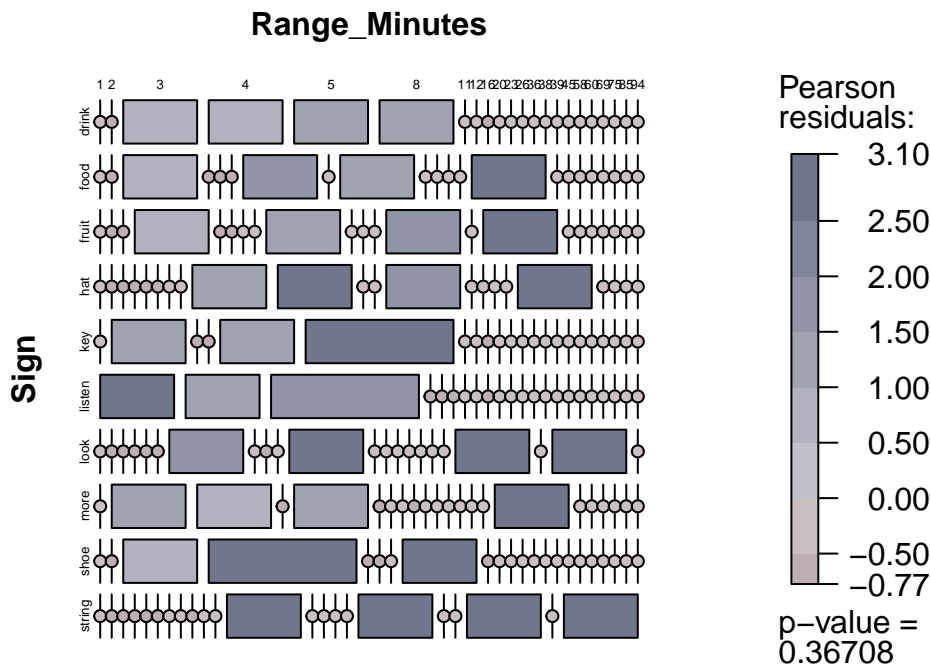
modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]



```
#gp = shading_hcl, gp_args = list(interpolate = c(1, 1.8))
```

```
gargs <- list(interpolate=c(-0.5, 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5))
```

```
mosaic(model, gp = shading_hcl, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args=gargs)
```



Let us observe what the above mosaic plot reveal. If all the blocks have same area across categories 'Sign' and 'Range_Minutes', it shows the independence between these categories.

```
summary(model)
```

```
## Call: xtabs(formula = ~Sign + Range_Minutes, data = chimplearn3)
## Number of cases in table: 40
## Number of factors: 2
## Test for independence of all factors:
##  Chisq = 195, df = 189, p-value = 0.3671
##  Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

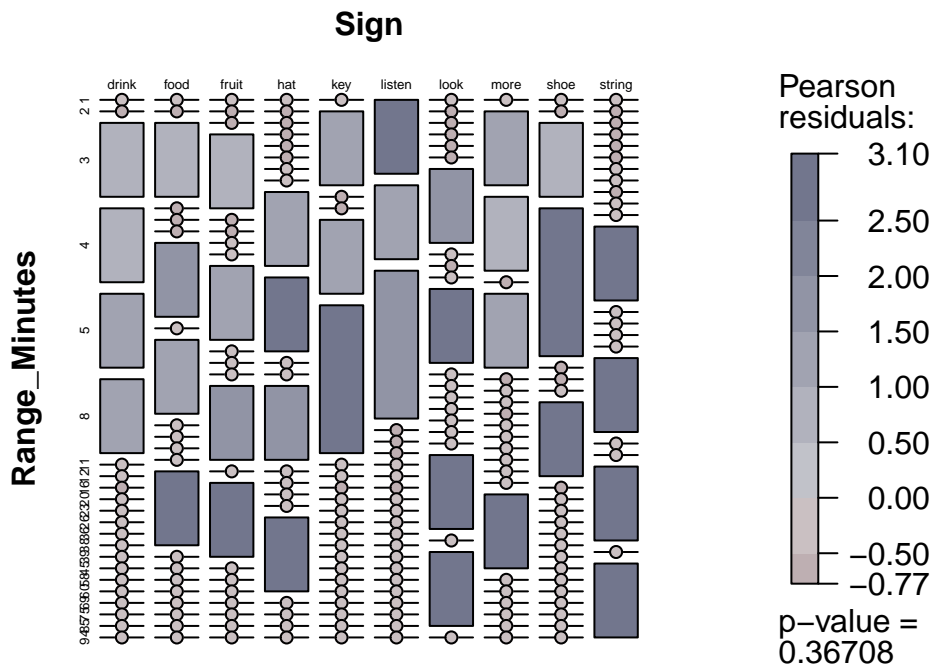
**For the above summary of Chi-square test, the p-value is big enough. In usual, we say two factors are dependent for $p\text{-value} < 0.01$. The null hypothesis of independence of Chi-square test is that the two factors are independent, so we cannot reject the hypothesis.

```
model <- xtabs(~Sign + Range_Minutes, data = chimplearn3)
gargs <- list(interpolate=c(-0.5, 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5))
largs <- list(set_varnames=list(Sign="Sign",
                                Range_Minutes="Range_Minutes"),
              abbreviate=10)
mosaic(model,
```

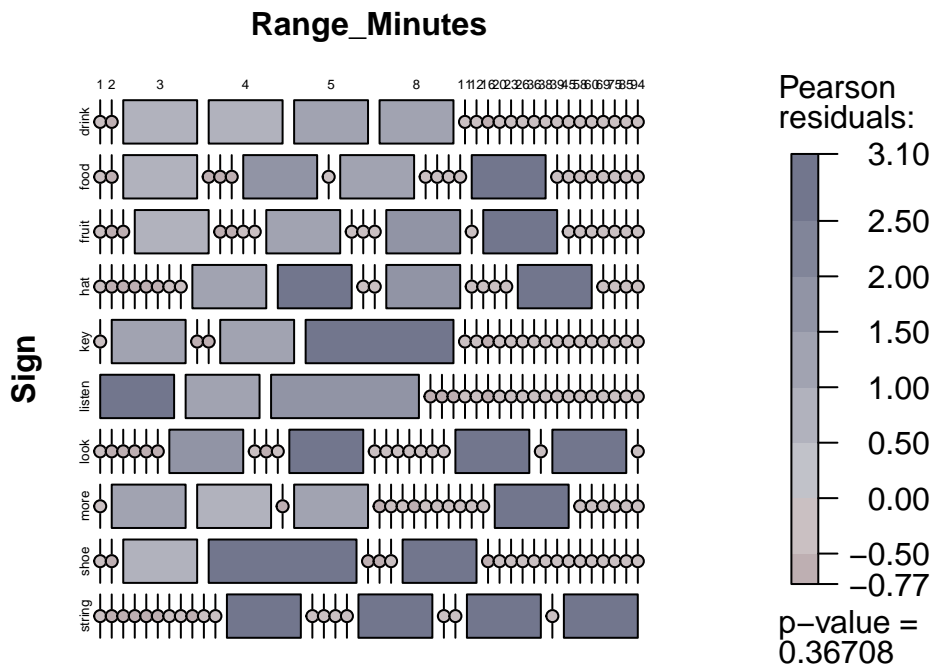


```
split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args=gargs, labeling_
main="modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]")
```

modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]



```
#gp = shading_hcl, gp_args = list(interpolate = c(1, 1.8))
mosaic(model, gp = shading_hcl, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5),
gp_args=gargs)
```



```
#chimplisten <- select(chimplearn2, "Chimp", "Range_Minutes") #"Range_Minutes"
```

```
#data <- table(chimplearn3)
```

```
model2 <- xtabs(~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplearn3)
```

```
summary(model2)
```

```
## Call: xtabs(formula = ~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplearn3)
```

```
## Number of cases in table: 40
```

```
## Number of factors: 2
```

```
## Test for independence of all factors:
```

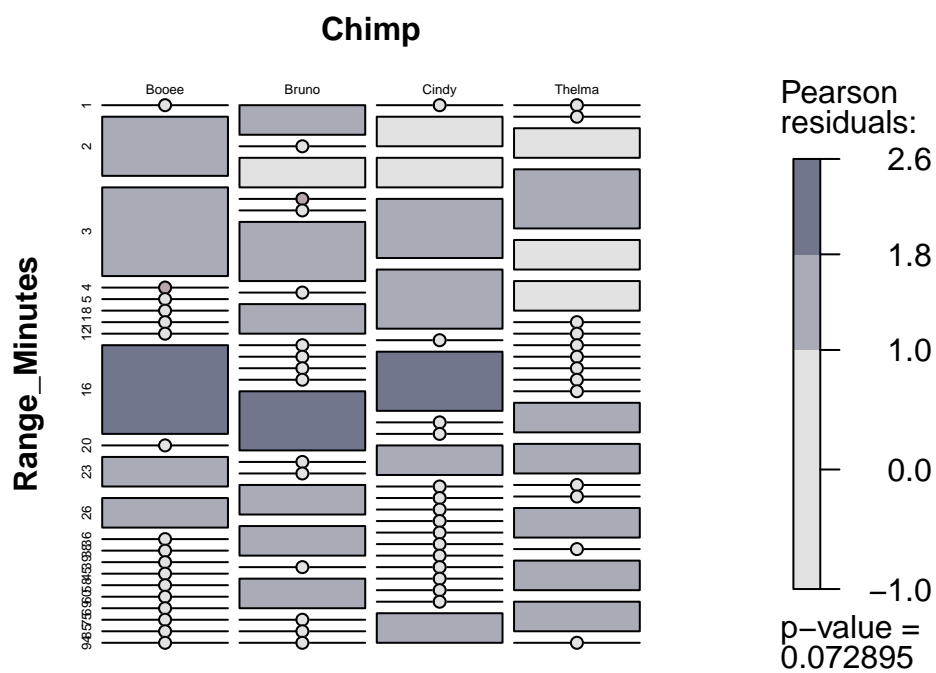
```
## Chisq = 80, df = 63, p-value = 0.0729
```

```
## Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

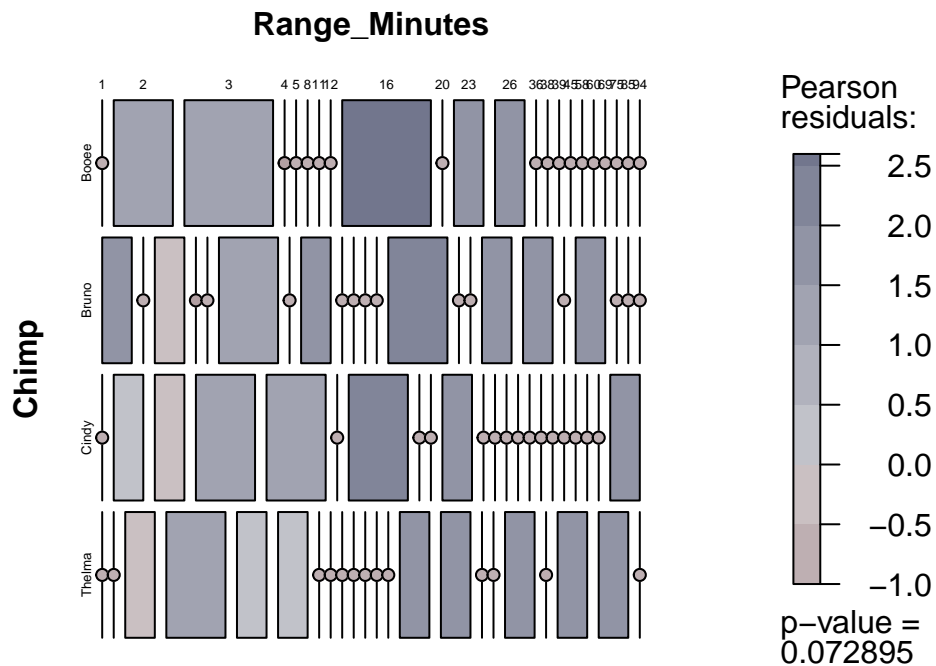
```
mosaic(model2,
```

```
  split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args = list(interpol.
  main="modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]")
```

modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]



```
#gp = shading_hcl, gp_args = list(interpolate = c(1, 1.8))
mosaic(model2, gp = shading_hcl, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args=gargs)
```



```
chimplisten <- subset(chimplearn2, Sign == "listen")
chimplisten <- as_tibble(chimplisten)
head(chimplisten)
```

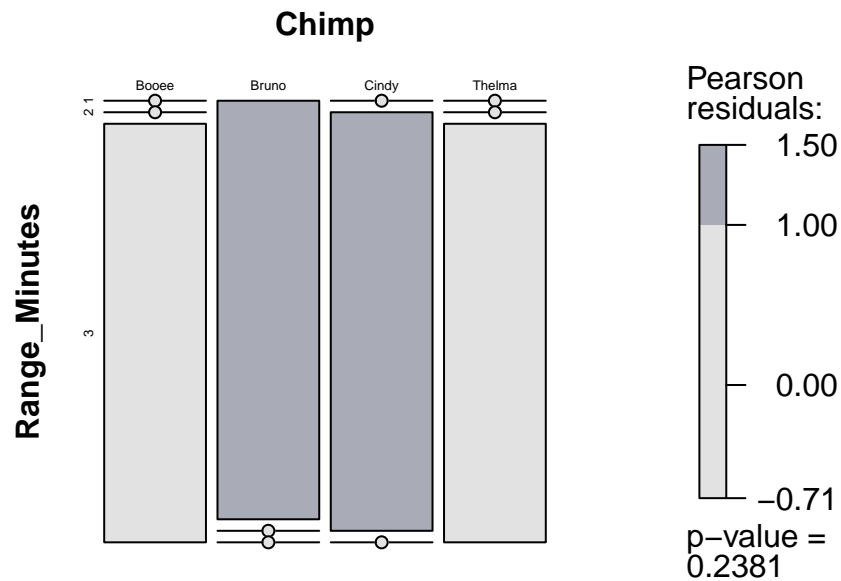
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##   Minutes Chimp Sign Order Range_Minutes
##   <int> <chr> <chr> <int> <int>
## 1     12 Booe listen 8 3
## 2     10 Cindy listen 8 2
## 3      2 Bruno listen 8 1
## 4     15 Thelma listen 8 3
```

```
model3 <- xtabs(~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplisten)
summary(model3)
```

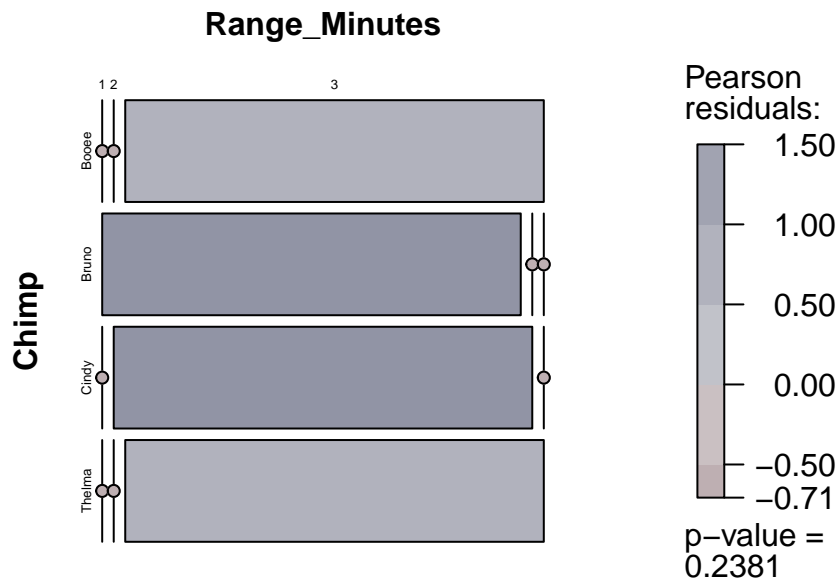
```
## Call: xtabs(formula = ~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplisten)
## Number of cases in table: 4
## Number of factors: 2
## Test for independence of all factors:
##   Chisq = 8, df = 6, p-value = 0.2381
##   Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

```
mosaic(model3,
  split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args = list(interpol
  main="modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]")
```

modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]



```
#gp = shading_hcl, gp_args = list(interpolate = c(1, 1.8))
mosaic(model3, gp = shading_hcl, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args=gargs)
```



```
chimplook <- subset(chimplearn2, Sign == "look")
chimplook <- as_tibble(chimplook)
head(chimplook)
```

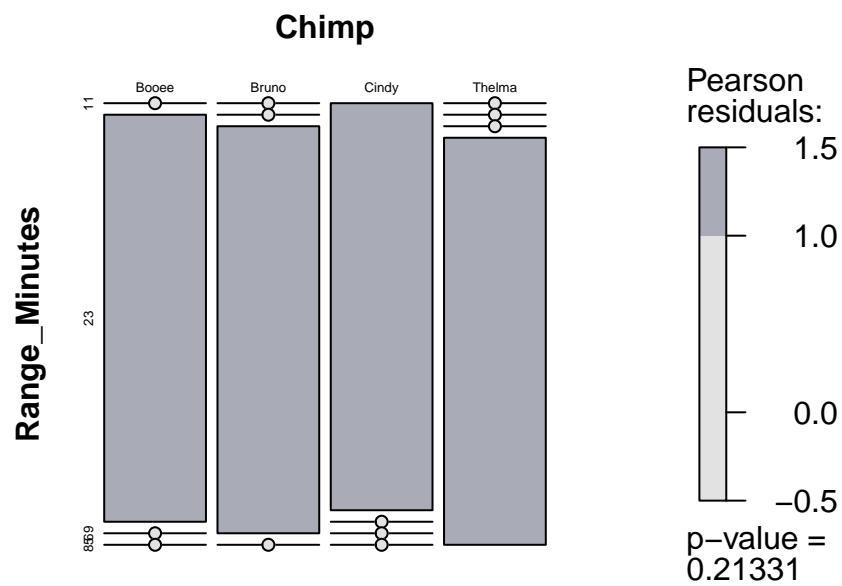
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##   Minutes Chimp Sign Order Range_Minutes
##   <int> <chr> <chr> <int>      <int>
## 1    115 Booe look     6         23
## 2     54 Cindy look     6         11
## 3    345 Bruno look     6         69
## 4    420 Thelma look     6         85
```

```
model4 <- xtabs(~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplook)
summary(model4)
```

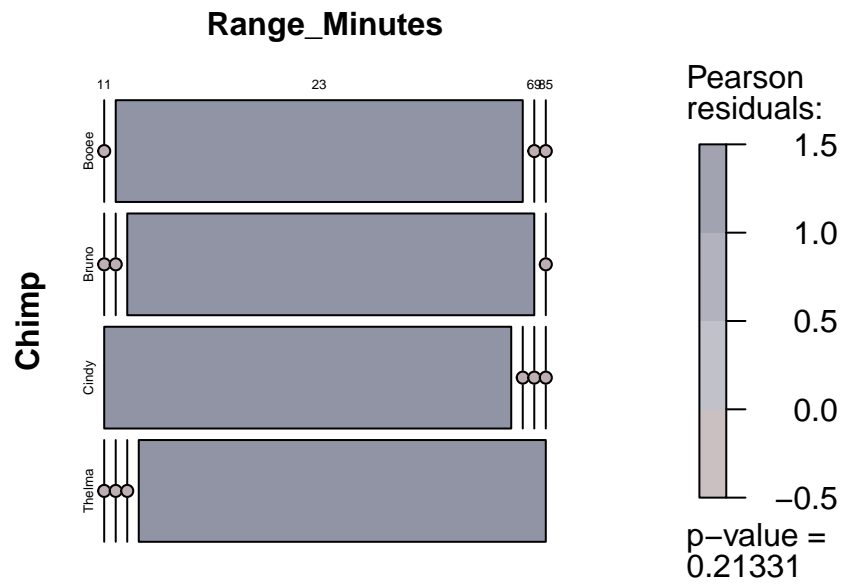
```
## Call: xtabs(formula = ~Chimp + Range_Minutes, data = chimplook)
## Number of cases in table: 4
## Number of factors: 2
## Test for independence of all factors:
##  Chisq = 12, df = 9, p-value = 0.2133
##  Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

```
mosaic(model4,
  split_vertical = TRUE, shade = TRUE, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args = list(interpol
  main="modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]")
```

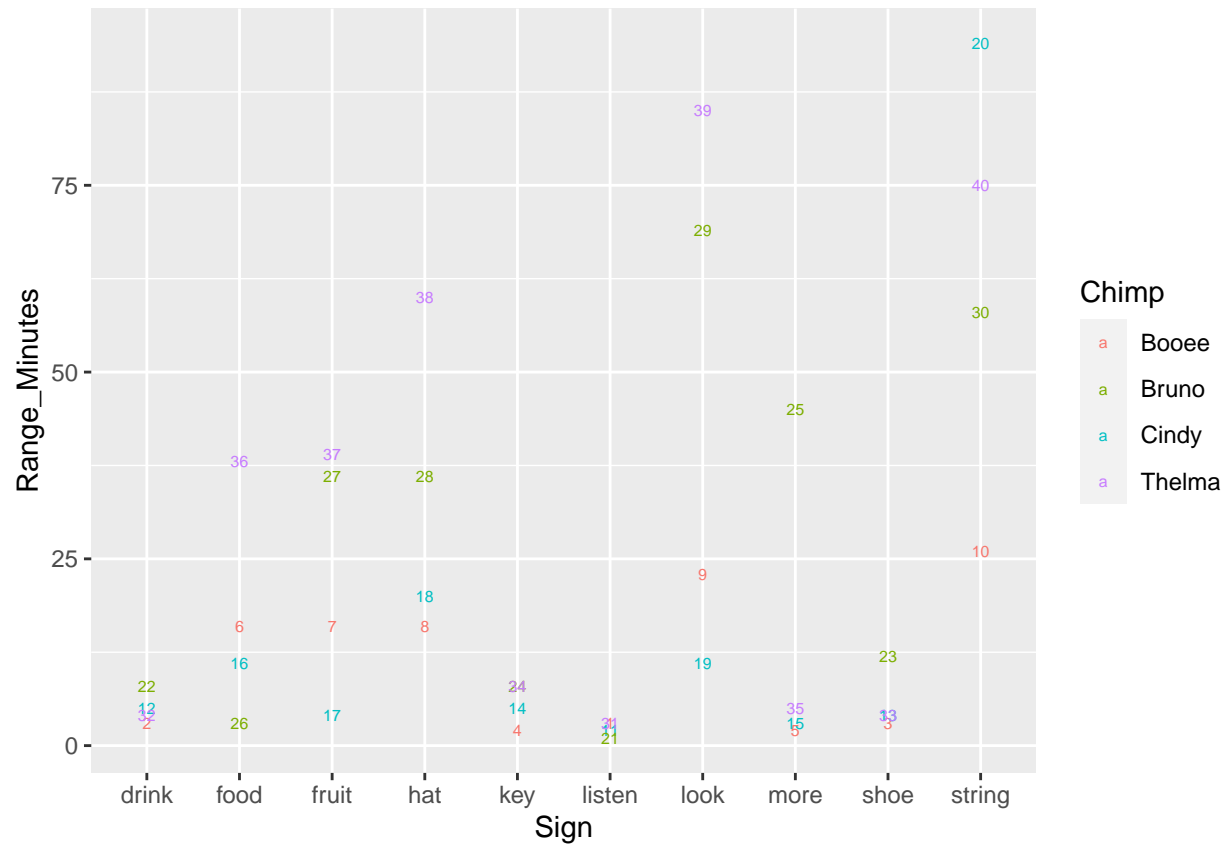
modelhritis: [Treatment] [Improved]



```
#gp = shading_hcl, gp_args = list(interpolate = c(1, 1.8))  
mosaic(model4, gp = shading_hcl, gp_labels = gpar(fontsize = 5), gp_args=gargs)
```

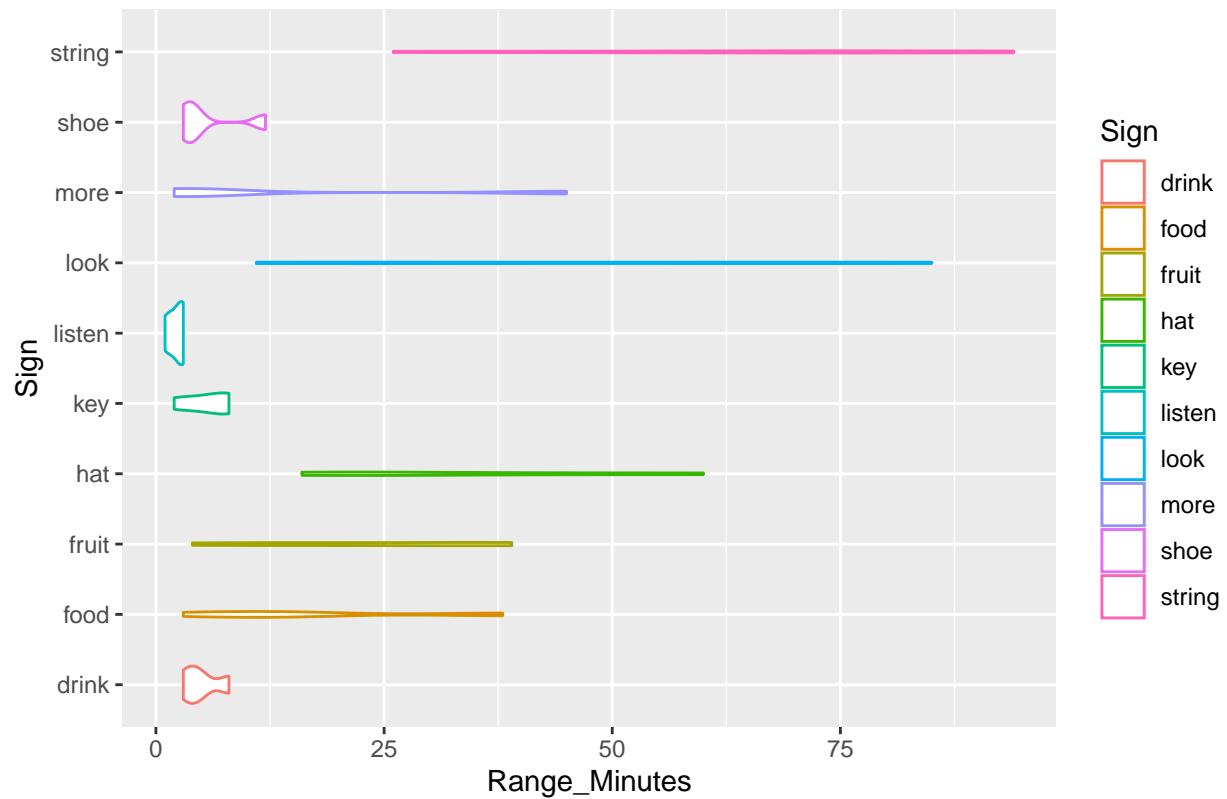


```
## text geom
ggplot(chimplearn2, aes(x = Sign, y = Range_Minutes, label = rownames(chimplearn2), color=Chimp)) + geom
```

```
ggplot(chimplearn2, aes(x = Sign, y = Range_Minutes, color = Sign)) +
  geom_violin() + coord_flip() + ggtitle("Given chimplearn data")
```

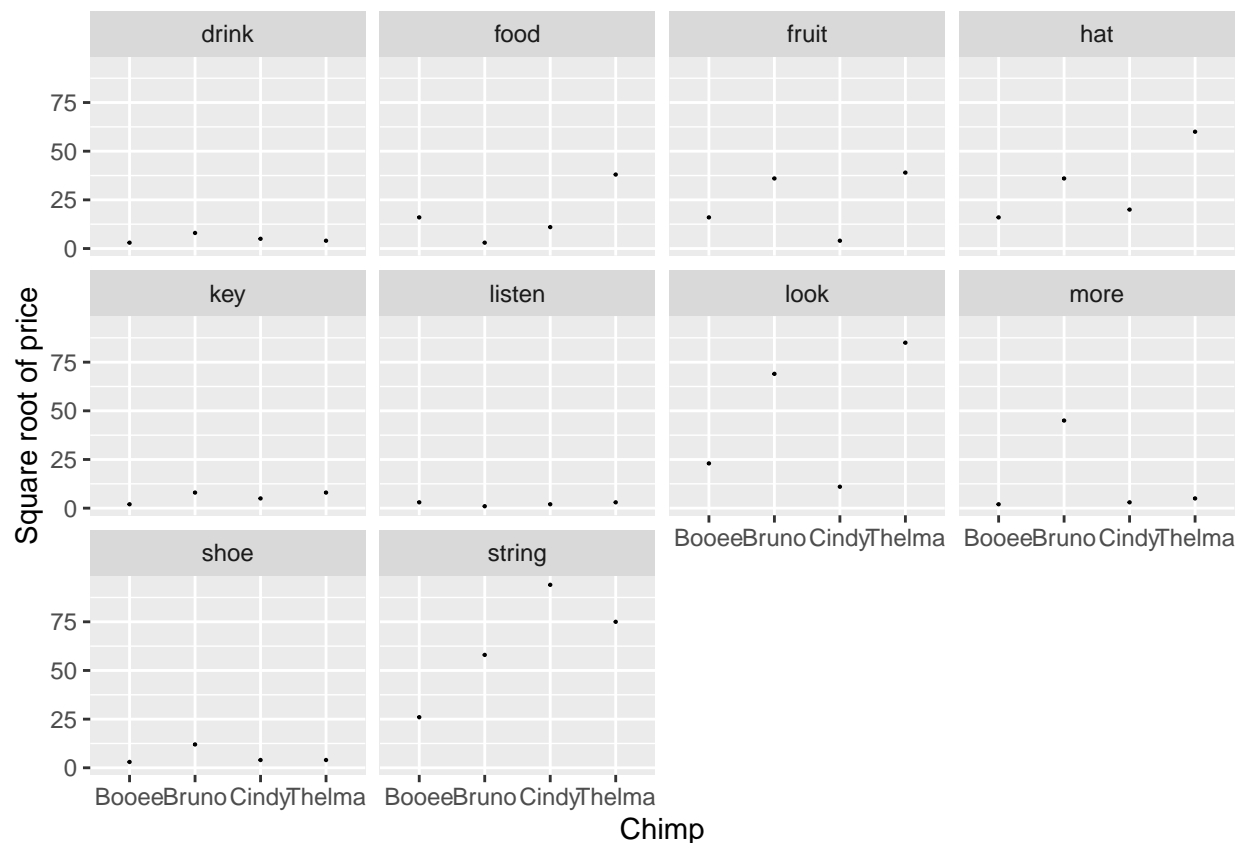
Given chimplearn data



```
ggplot(chimplearn2, aes(x = Sign, y = Range_Minutes, color = Sign)) +
  geom_violin() + coord_flip() + ggtitle("chimplearn")
```

```
ggplot(chimplearn2, aes(x = Chimp, y = Range_Minutes)) +
  geom_point(size = .1) + stat_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ Sign) + ylab("Square root of price")
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'
```



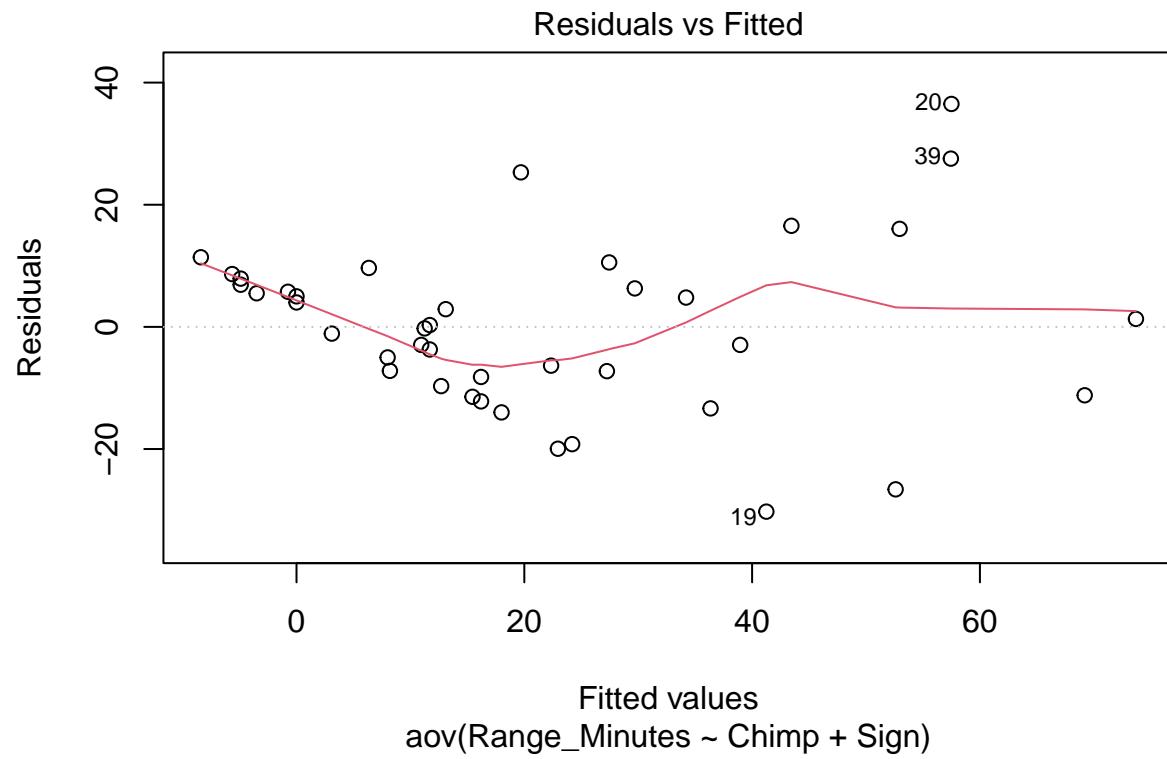
By using Anova having hypothesis statement as no difference between means of two factors, we determine whether we exclude some variables of Chimp and Sign or not.

```
preaov <- aov(Range_Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign , data = chimplearn2)
```

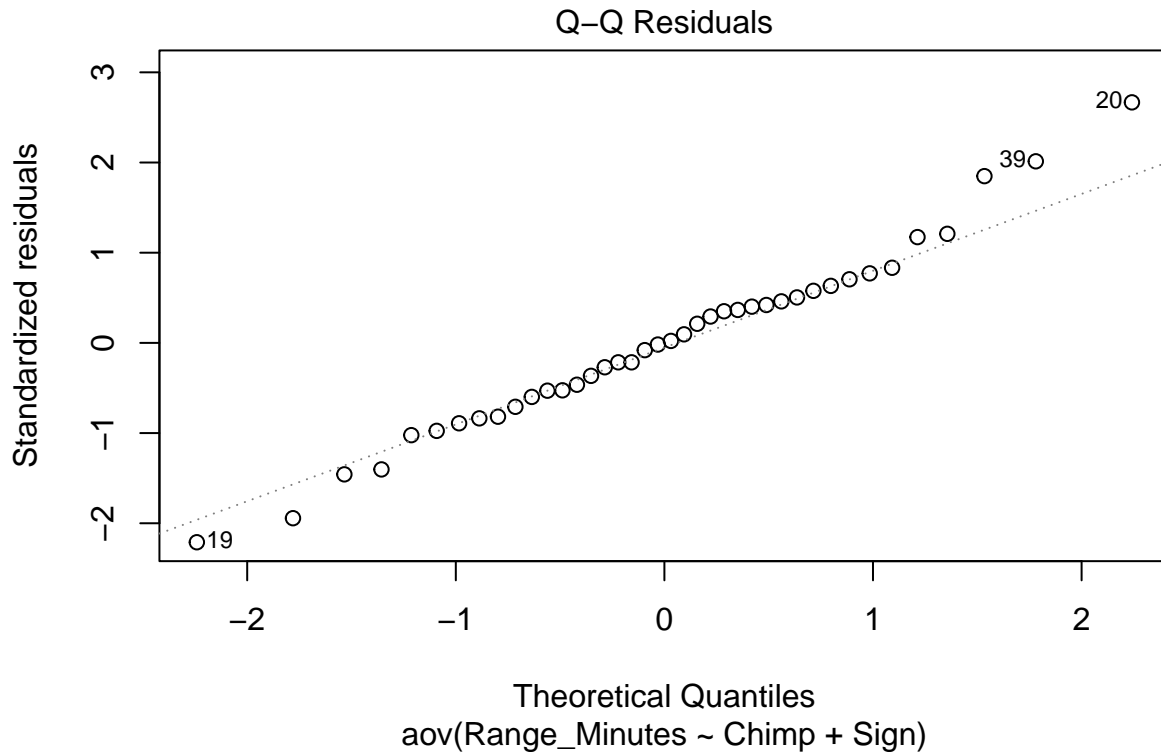
```
summary(preaov)
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Chimp      3   2911    970.3     3.497 0.02902 *
## Sign      9  14999   1666.5     6.006 0.00013 ***
## Residuals 27   7492    277.5
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
plot(preaov, 1)
```



```
plot(preao, 2)
```



TukeyHSD operates fitted ANOVA for pairwise variables as below.

```
TukeyHSD(preaoav)
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = Range_Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign, data = chimplearn2)
##
## $Chimp
##          diff          lwr          upr      p adj
## Bruno-Booe 16.6 -3.7857162 36.985716 0.1411374
## Cindy-Booe  4.9 -15.4857162 25.285716 0.9118830
## Thelma-Booe 21.1  0.7142838 41.485716 0.0404604
## Cindy-Bruno -11.7 -32.0857162  8.685716 0.4115817
## Thelma-Bruno  4.5 -15.8857162 24.885716 0.9298895
## Thelma-Cindy 16.2 -4.1857162 36.585716 0.1559996
##
## $Sign
##          diff          lwr          upr      p adj
## food-drink 1.200000e+01 -28.514364 52.514364 0.9883541
## fruit-drink 1.875000e+01 -21.764364 59.264364 0.8406603
## hat-drink   2.800000e+01 -12.514364 68.514364 0.3764914
## key-drink    7.500000e-01 -39.764364 41.264364 1.0000000
## listen-drink -2.750000e+00 -43.264364 37.764364 0.9999999
## look-drink   4.200000e+01  1.485636 82.514364 0.0375878
```

```
## more-drink      8.750000e+00 -31.764364  49.264364  0.9988604
## shoe-drink      7.500000e-01 -39.764364  41.264364  1.0000000
## string-drink    5.825000e+01  17.735636  98.764364  0.0012369
## fruit-food      6.750000e+00 -33.764364  47.264364  0.9998583
## hat-food        1.600000e+01 -24.514364  56.514364  0.9295134
## key-food        -1.125000e+01 -51.764364  29.264364  0.9925757
## listen-food     -1.475000e+01 -55.264364  25.764364  0.9559806
## look-food       3.000000e+01 -10.514364  70.514364  0.2893668
## more-food       -3.250000e+00 -43.764364  37.264364  0.9999997
## shoe-food       -1.125000e+01 -51.764364  29.264364  0.9925757
## string-food     4.625000e+01  5.735636  86.764364  0.0160660
## hat-fruit       9.250000e+00 -31.264364  49.764364  0.9982502
## key-fruit       -1.800000e+01 -58.514364  22.514364  0.8690437
## listen-fruit    -2.150000e+01 -62.014364  19.014364  0.7145923
## look-fruit      2.325000e+01 -17.264364  63.764364  0.6226729
## more-fruit      -1.000000e+01 -50.514364  30.514364  0.9968475
## shoe-fruit      -1.800000e+01 -58.514364  22.514364  0.8690437
## string-fruit    3.950000e+01 -1.014364  80.014364  0.0605024
## key-hat         -2.725000e+01 -67.764364  13.264364  0.4124820
## listen-hat      -3.075000e+01 -71.264364   9.764364  0.2603470
## look-hat        1.400000e+01 -26.514364  54.514364  0.9680010
## more-hat        -1.925000e+01 -59.764364  21.264364  0.8201361
## shoe-hat        -2.725000e+01 -67.764364  13.264364  0.4124820
## string-hat      3.025000e+01 -10.264364  70.764364  0.2794643
## listen-key      -3.500000e+00 -44.014364  37.014364  0.9999995
## look-key        4.125000e+01  0.735636  81.764364  0.0434494
## more-key        8.000000e+00 -32.514364  48.514364  0.9994374
## shoe-key        -1.065814e-14 -40.514364  40.514364  1.0000000
## string-key      5.750000e+01  16.985636  98.014364  0.0014577
## look-listen     4.475000e+01  4.235636  85.264364  0.0217969
## more-listen     1.150000e+01 -29.014364  52.014364  0.9913314
## shoe-listen     3.500000e+00 -37.014364  44.014364  0.9999995
## string-listen   6.100000e+01  20.485636 101.514364  0.0006761
## more-look       -3.325000e+01 -73.764364   7.264364  0.1785333
## shoe-look       -4.125000e+01 -81.764364  -0.735636  0.0434494
## string-look     1.625000e+01 -24.264364  56.764364  0.9231921
## shoe-more       -8.000000e+00 -48.514364  32.514364  0.9994374
## string-more     4.950000e+01  8.985636  90.014364  0.0081701
## string-shoe     5.750000e+01  16.985636  98.014364  0.0014577
```

```
#t.test(Range_Minutes ~ Chimp/Sign, data = chimplearn2)
```

We have null hypothesis as significant difference between two variables. For the above p-values, small p-values imply the statistically meaningful difference between two designated variables for permitting this hypothesis. For the 'Chimp' variable, small p adj means that the Thelma has big different word learning minutes mean value compared with other Chimps. So we can delete the Thelma from the Chimp variables.

For the p-values between the variables in 'Sign', string has small p adj values with other sign variables. So we can delete 'string' from the 'Sign' variable, since it has significantly different learning minutes mean value, compared with other sign variables.

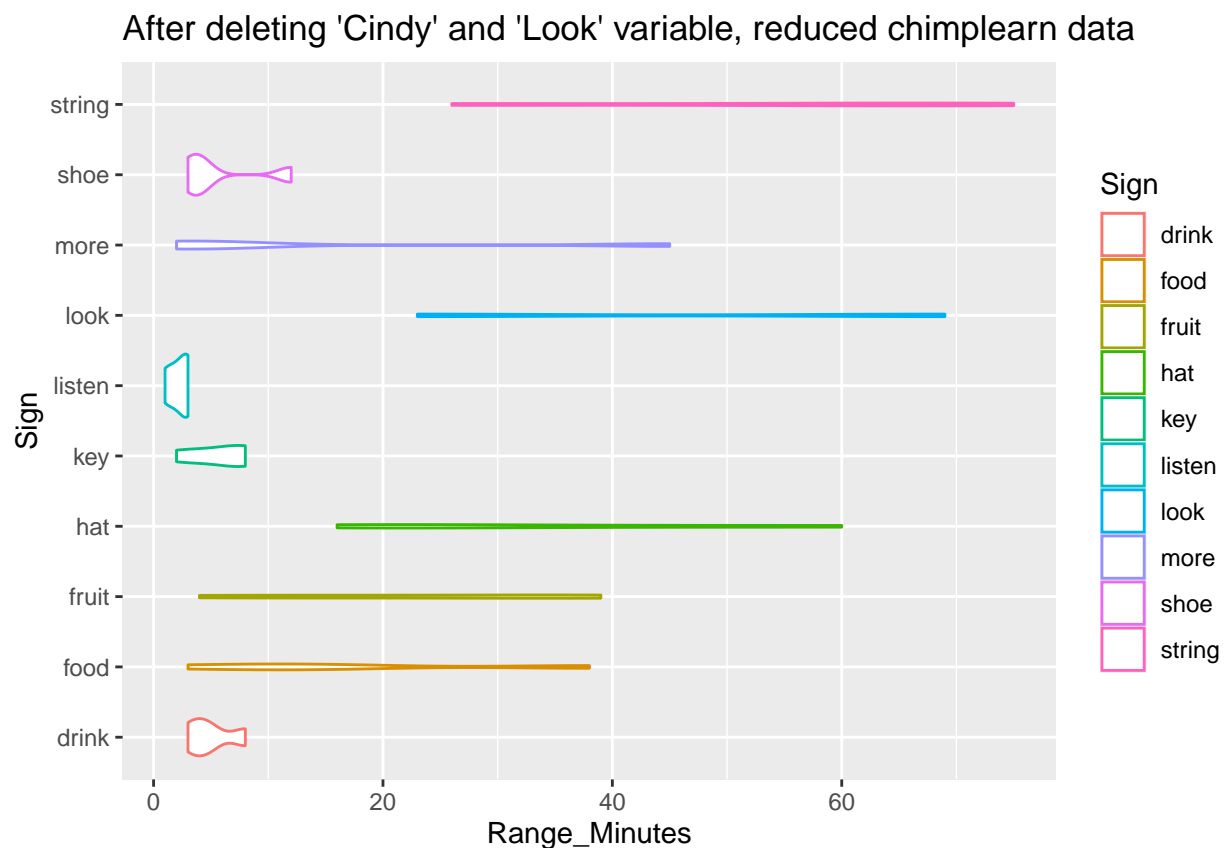
In the result, we can derive the following model by deleting the above two variable 'Thelma' and 'string'.

```
##<2>Deleting the Two variables
```

```
chimp_reduced <- subset(chimplearn2, Chimp != "Cindy" | Sign != "string") #, Sign != "string"
chimp_reduced <- subset(chimp_reduced, Chimp != "Cindy" | Sign != "look")
chimp_reduced <- subset(chimp_reduced, Chimp != "Thelma" | Sign != "look")
chimp_reduced <- as_tibble(chimp_reduced)
summary(chimp_reduced)
```

```
##      Minutes      Chimp      Sign      Order
## Min.   : 2.00   Length:37   Length:37   Min.   : 1.000
## 1st Qu.: 15.00  Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.: 3.000
## Median : 40.00  Mode  :character Mode  :character Median : 5.000
## Mean   : 90.41                                     Mean  : 5.378
## 3rd Qu.:129.00                                     3rd Qu.: 8.000
## Max.   :372.00                                     Max.   :10.000
## Range_Minutes
## Min.   : 1.00
## 1st Qu.: 3.00
## Median : 8.00
## Mean   :18.27
## 3rd Qu.:26.00
## Max.   :75.00
```

```
ggplot(chimp_reduced, aes(x = Sign, y = Range_Minutes, color = Sign)) +
  coord_flip() + ggtitle("After deleting 'Cindy' and 'Look' variable, reduced chimplearn data") + geom
```

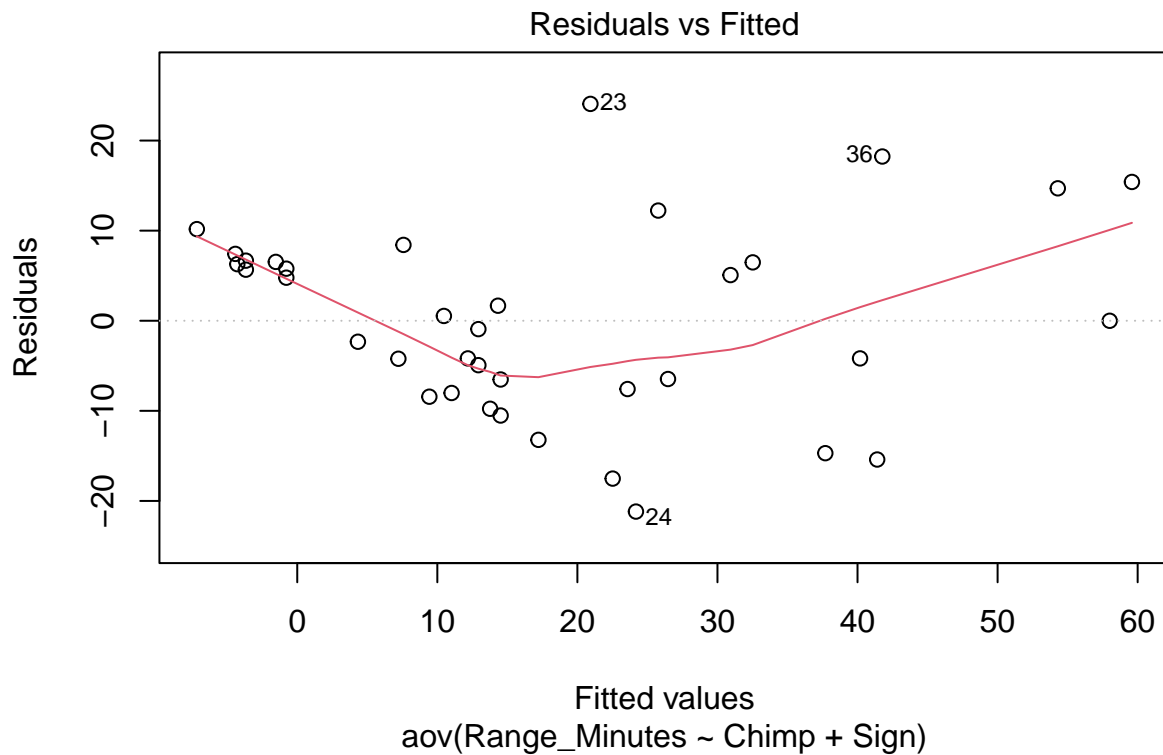


##<3>Setting model to identify difficulty of Sign to learn is common for the Chimps.

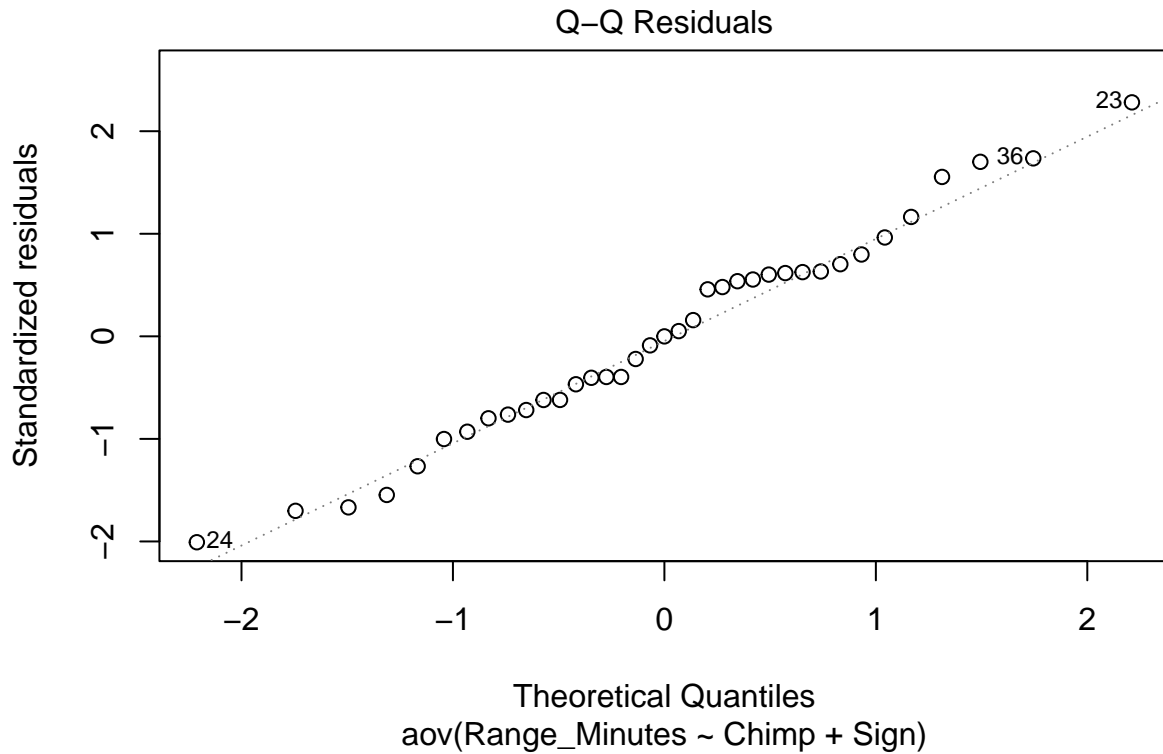
```
aov <- aov(Range_Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign, data = chimp_reduced)
summary(aov)
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Chimp      3   3030   1009.9     6.090 0.003118 **
## Sign      9   8607    956.4     5.767 0.000279 ***
## Residuals 24   3980    165.8
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
plot(aov, 1)
```



```
plot(aov, 2)
```

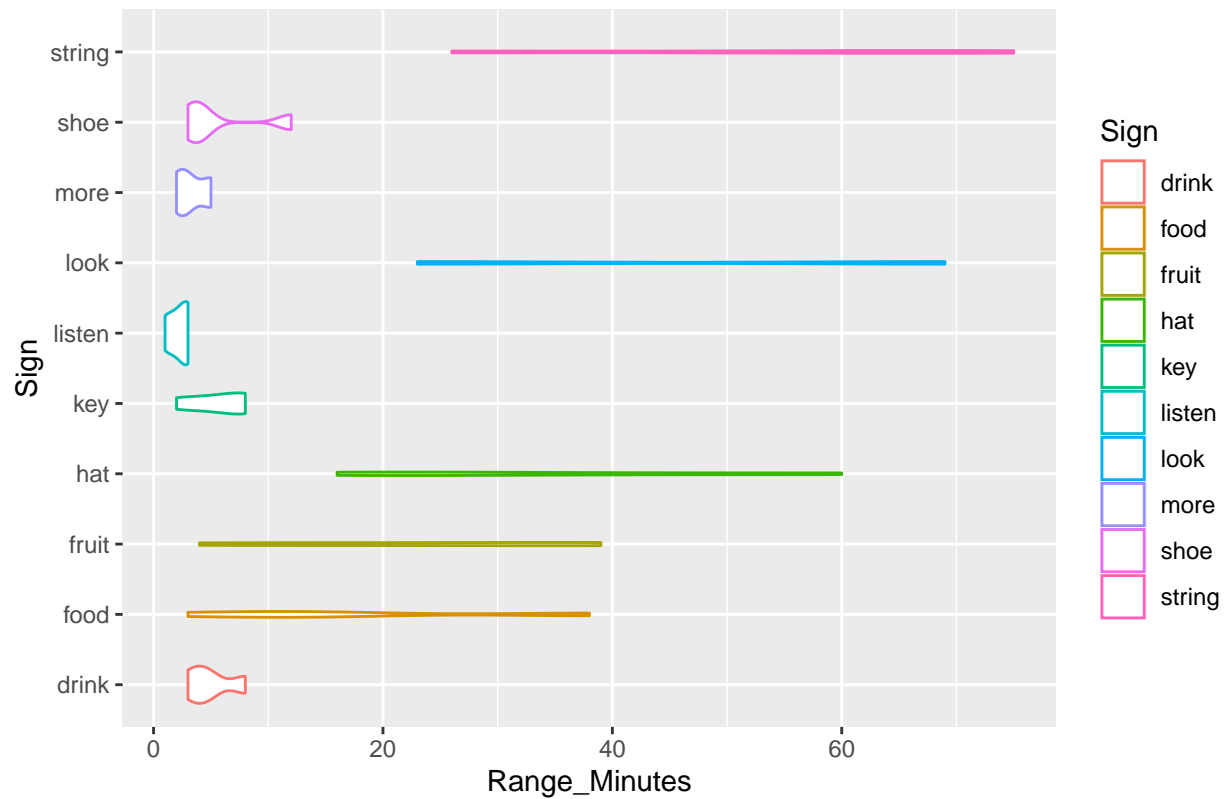



```
chimp_reduced2 <- subset(chimp_reduced, Chimp != "Bruno" | Sign != "food")
chimp_reduced2 <- subset(chimp_reduced, Chimp != "Bruno" | Sign != "more")
chimp_reduced2 <- as_tibble(chimp_reduced2)
head(chimp_reduced2)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   Minutes Chimp Sign   Order Range_Minutes
##   <int> <chr> <chr> <int>         <int>
## 1     12 Booe listen    8             3
## 2     15 Booe drink    4             3
## 3     14 Booe shoe     2             3
## 4     10 Booe key      7             2
## 5     10 Booe more     5             2
## 6     80 Booe food    10            16
```

```
ggplot(chimp_reduced2, aes(x = Sign, y = Range_Minutes, color = Sign)) +
  coord_flip() + ggtitle("After deleting 'More' variable, more reduced chimplearn data") + geom_violin
```

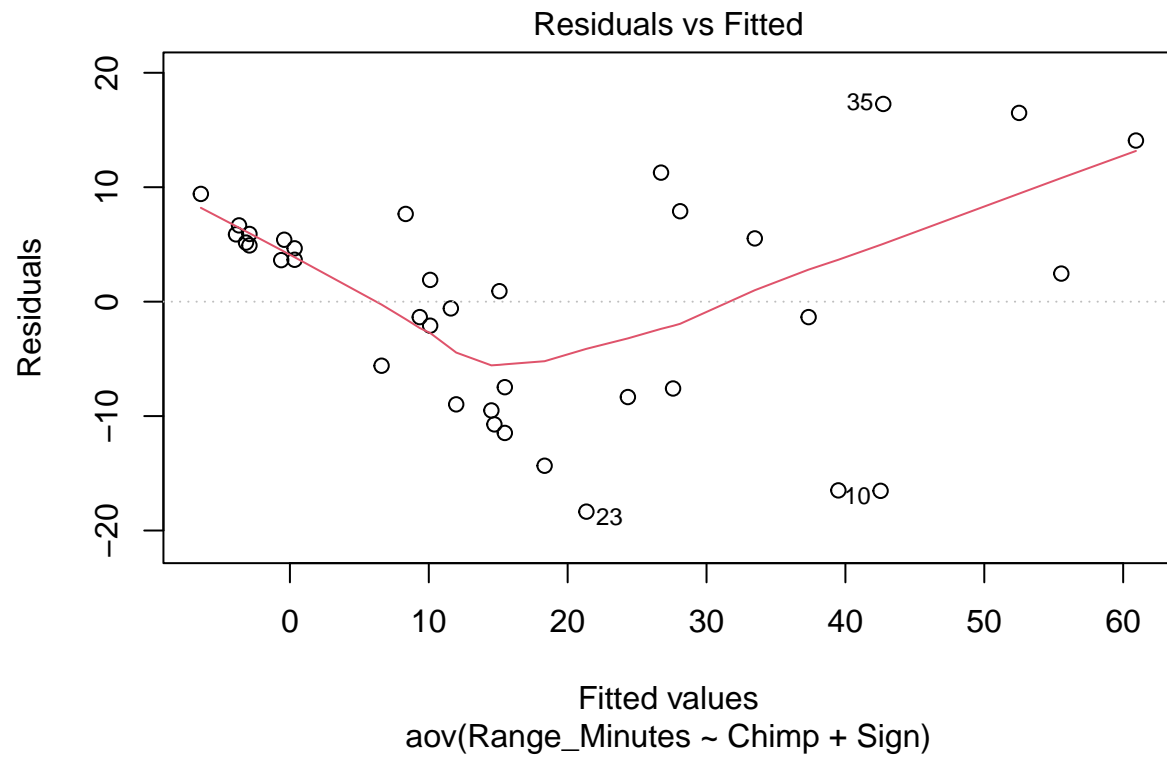
After deleting 'More' variable, more reduced chimplearn data



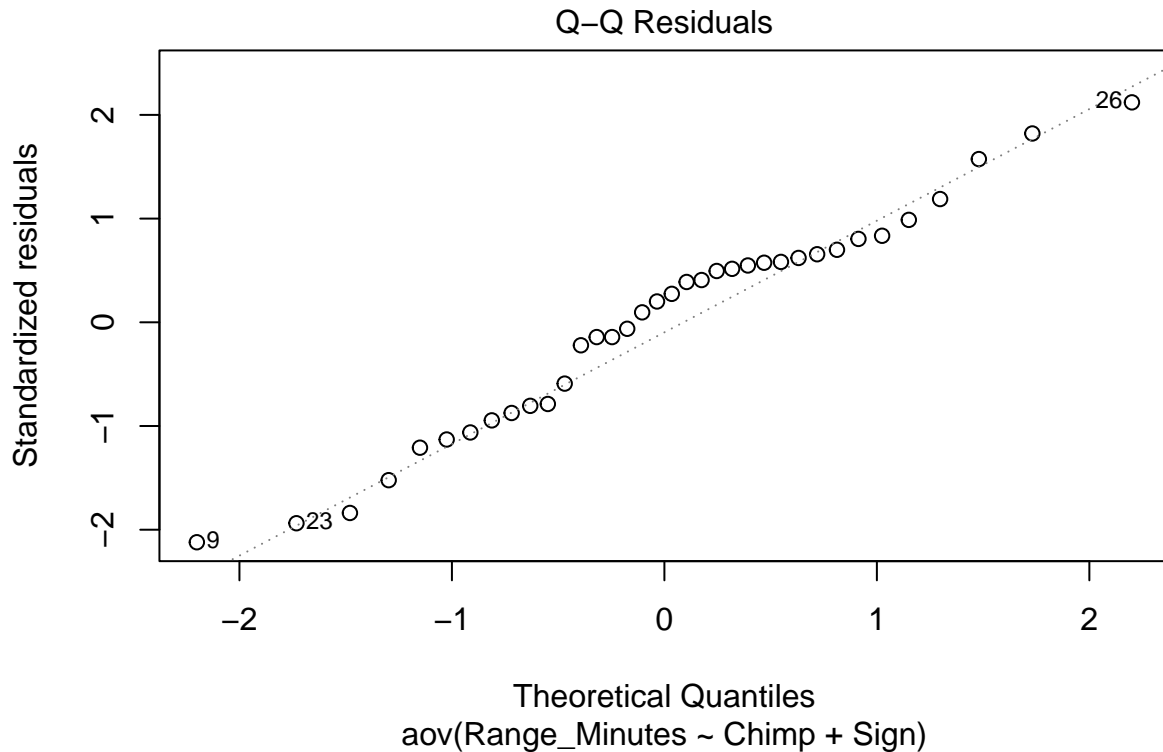
```
aov2 <- aov(Range_Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign, data = chimp_reduced2)
summary(aov2)
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Chimp      3  2632   877.3    6.474 0.00245 **
## Sign      9  9134  1014.9    7.489 4.72e-05 ***
## Residuals 23  3117   135.5
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
plot(aov2, 1)
```



```
plot(aov2, 2)
```



From above p-values for each factor Chimp and Sign, we know that Minutes to learn each sign is significantly effected by Sign, not by Chimp.

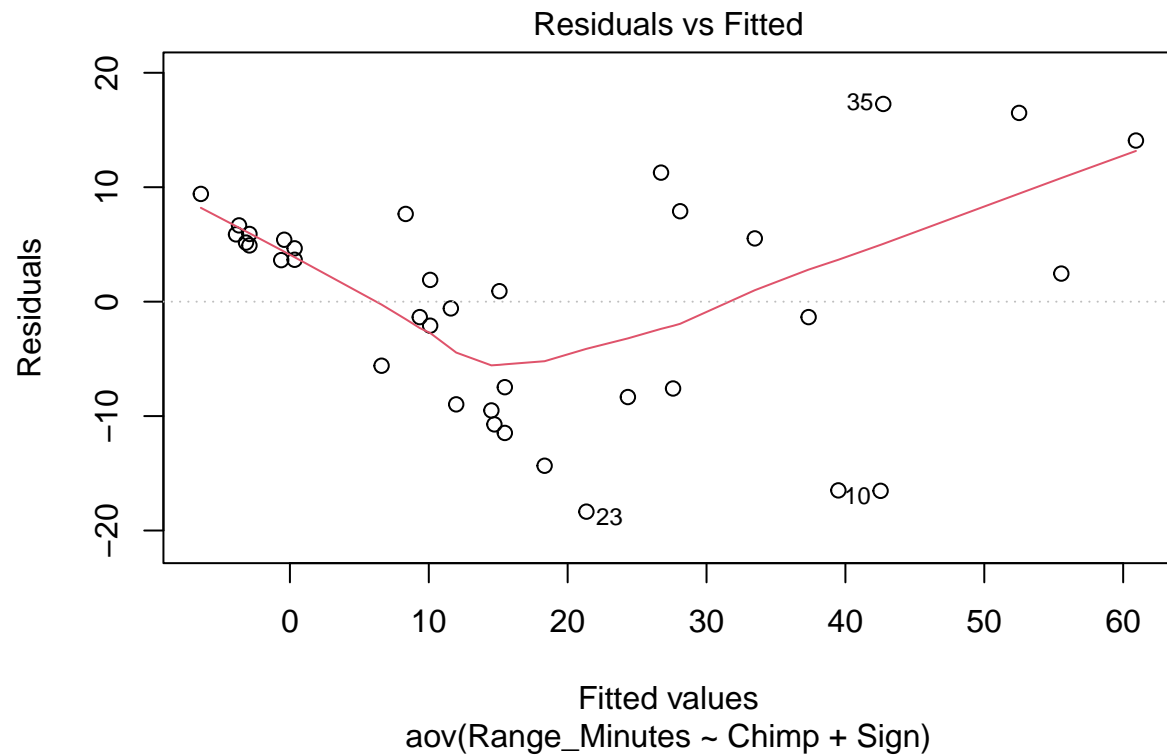
As a result the above chimplearn boxplot indicates ranking of the difficulty of the sign(word) to learn.

##<4>Test validity for the ANOVA Assumption For the ANOVA test, we assume data distribution is normal and the variance for all groups are homogeneous. By using the following plots, we can diagnose these to check.

###1. Check the homogeneity of variance assumption

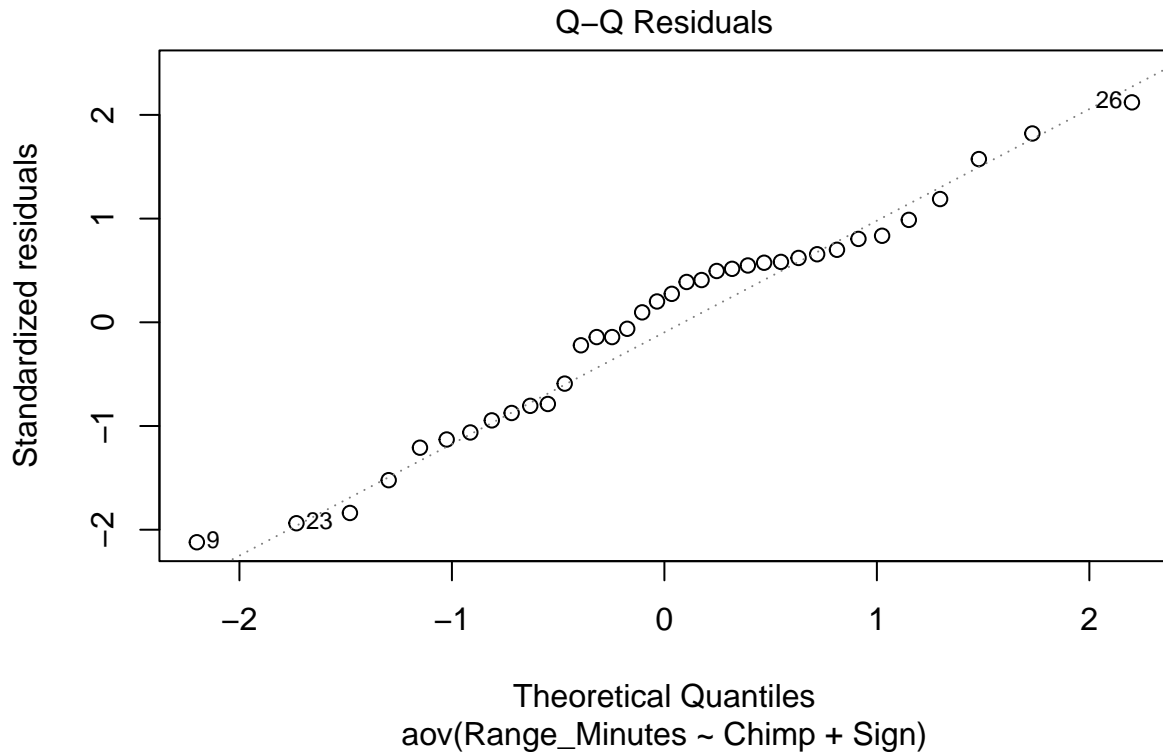
To check the homogeneity of variances, we use residuals versus fits plot. In this plot, residuals and fitted values are not related. This implies assumption for the homogeneity of variances is strong.

```
#Homogeneity of variances
plot(aov2, 1)
```



###2. Check the normal distribution of our data

```
#Normal distribution
plot(aov2, 2)
```



The above Normality plot of the residuals indicates the graph of quantiles of the residuals versus quantiles of the normal distribution. They have 45-degree reference line and thus this plot verify the assumption that the residuals has normal distribution. As the plot follow more the straight line, the normal probability plot of the residuals show stronger normality.

```
aov3 <- aov(log(Minutes) ~ Chimp + Sign, data = chimp_reduced2)
#Compare the mean of multiple groups using ANOVA test
aov4 <- chimp_reduced2 %>% anova_test(Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign)
aov4
```

```
## ANOVA Table (type II tests)
##
##   Effect DFn DFd      F      p p<.05   ges
## 1  Chimp   3  23 4.835 9.00e-03    * 0.387
## 2   Sign   9  23 7.500 4.67e-05    * 0.746
```

```
aov5 <- chimp_reduced2 %>% anova_test(log(Minutes) ~ Chimp + Sign)
aov5
```

```
## ANOVA Table (type II tests)
##
##   Effect DFn DFd      F      p p<.05   ges
## 1  Chimp   3  23 2.570 7.90e-02    0.251
## 2   Sign   9  23 8.974 1.11e-05    * 0.778
```

```
aov6 <- chimplearn %>% anova_test(Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign)
aov6
```

```
## ANOVA Table (type II tests)
##
##   Effect DFn DFd      F      p p<.05   ges
## 1  Chimp   3  27 3.380 0.033000    * 0.273
## 2   Sign   9  27 5.947 0.000141    * 0.665
```

```
aov7 <- chimplearn %>% anova_test(log(Minutes) ~ Chimp + Sign)
aov7
```

```
## ANOVA Table (type II tests)
##
##   Effect DFn DFd      F      p p<.05   ges
## 1  Chimp   3  27 2.719 6.4e-02    0.232
## 2   Sign   9  27 7.765 1.5e-05    * 0.721
```

#####As we can see below, after deleting variable, we can see more clear evidence on that the line

```
pairwise<- pairwise_t_test(Minutes ~ Sign, p.adjust.method = "bonferroni", data = chimp_reduced2)
print(pairwise, n = 100) # Print 20 rows of tibble
```

```
## # A tibble: 45 x 9
##   .y.      group1 group2    n1    n2      p p.signif  p.adj p.adj.signif
## * <chr>    <chr>  <chr>  <int> <int>    <dbl> <chr>    <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Minutes drink  food     4     4 0.225    ns      1      ns
## 2 Minutes drink  fruit    4     4 0.0662   ns      1      ns
## 3 Minutes food   fruit    4     4 0.506    ns      1      ns
## 4 Minutes drink  hat      4     4 0.00884  **     0.398   ns
## 5 Minutes food   hat      4     4 0.124    ns      1      ns
## 6 Minutes fruit  hat      4     4 0.37     ns      1      ns
## 7 Minutes drink  key      4     4 0.916    ns      1      ns
## 8 Minutes food   key      4     4 0.266    ns      1      ns
## 9 Minutes fruit  key      4     4 0.0817   ns      1      ns
## 10 Minutes hat   key      4     4 0.0114   *     0.511   ns
## 11 Minutes drink listen    4     4 0.782    ns      1      ns
## 12 Minutes food  listen    4     4 0.14     ns      1      ns
## 13 Minutes fruit listen    4     4 0.0372   *     1      ns
## 14 Minutes hat   listen    4     4 0.0045   **     0.202   ns
## 15 Minutes key   listen    4     4 0.703    ns      1      ns
## 16 Minutes drink look      4     2 0.00207  **     0.0931  ns
## 17 Minutes food  look      4     2 0.0235   *     1      ns
## 18 Minutes fruit look      4     2 0.0749   ns      1      ns
## 19 Minutes hat   look      4     2 0.277    ns      1      ns
## 20 Minutes key   look      4     2 0.00258  **     0.116   ns
## 21 Minutes listen look      4     2 0.00116  **     0.0521  ns
## 22 Minutes drink more      4     3 0.894    ns      1      ns
## 23 Minutes food  more      4     3 0.21     ns      1      ns
## 24 Minutes fruit more      4     3 0.0672   ns      1      ns
## 25 Minutes hat   more      4     3 0.0106   *     0.475   ns
## 26 Minutes key   more      4     3 0.817    ns      1      ns
```

## 27 Minutes listen more	4	3	0.903	ns	1	ns
## 28 Minutes look more	2	3	0.00242	**	0.109	ns
## 29 Minutes drink shoe	4	4	0.928	ns	1	ns
## 30 Minutes food shoe	4	4	0.26	ns	1	ns
## 31 Minutes fruit shoe	4	4	0.0793	ns	1	ns
## 32 Minutes hat shoe	4	4	0.011	*	0.493	ns
## 33 Minutes key shoe	4	4	0.988	ns	1	ns
## 34 Minutes listen shoe	4	4	0.714	ns	1	ns
## 35 Minutes look shoe	2	4	0.0025	**	0.112	ns
## 36 Minutes more shoe	3	4	0.828	ns	1	ns
## 37 Minutes drink string	4	3	0.000128	***	0.00576	**
## 38 Minutes food string	4	3	0.00252	**	0.114	ns
## 39 Minutes fruit string	4	3	0.0115	*	0.519	ns
## 40 Minutes hat string	4	3	0.0724	ns	1	ns
## 41 Minutes key string	4	3	0.000166	***	0.00747	**
## 42 Minutes listen string	4	3	0.0000647	****	0.00291	**
## 43 Minutes look string	2	3	0.612	ns	1	ns
## 44 Minutes more string	3	3	0.000197	***	0.00888	**
## 45 Minutes shoe string	4	3	0.00016	***	0.0072	**