## **DTMC**

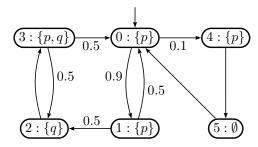
## Chance

1. PCTL formulas are  $\phi$  with the following syntax:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \phi & ::= & \mathbf{true} \mid p \mid \phi_1 \wedge \phi_2 \mid \neg \phi \mid \mathbf{P}_{\sim p}[\psi] \\ \psi & ::= & \mathbf{X}\phi \mid \phi_1 \ \mathbf{U}^{\leq k} \ \phi_2 \mid \phi_1 \ \mathbf{U} \ \phi_2 \end{array}$$

where p is an atomic proposition, and  $\sim$  is one of  $\leq, <, \geq, >, =$ .

- (a) Give the formal semantic of PCTL, interpreted over DTMC.
- (b) Let's introduce some derived operators with the 'usual' meaning:  $\lor$ ,  $\rightarrow$ , and **F** (or  $\diamondsuit$ ). Propose a definition for them.
- (c) Developer Peter Parker claims that  $\neg \mathbf{P}_{>c}\phi$  is equivalent to saying  $\mathbf{P}_{\leq c}\phi$ . Is Peter right?
- (d) The 'usual' way to define  $\mathbf{G}$  is:  $\mathbf{G}\phi = \neg \mathbf{F} \neg \phi$ . So, for example  $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 0.8}[\mathbf{G}a]$  can be expressed as  $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 0.8}[\neg \mathbf{F} \neg a]$ . Unfortunately, the syntax of PCTL does not have negation over the temporal formula (we only have negation over proposition and probabilistic formulas). So, the formula " $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 0.8}[\neg \mathbf{F} \neg a]$ " is not allowed in PCTL. How do you then propose to define  $\mathbf{P}_{\geq p}[\mathbf{G}\phi]$ ?
- 2. Explain why in PCTL (e.g. interpreted over DTMC)  $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 1}[\mathbf{F}\phi]$  is not the same as CTL  $\mathbf{AF}\phi$  (the former is weaker than the latter). Give an example that shows the difference. Note:  $\mathbf{F}\phi$  is defined as  $true\ \mathbf{U}\ \phi$ .
- 3. Consider the following DTMC M modelling some system:



Consider the following PCTL properties to check:

- $P_{>0.82}[p \ U \ q]$
- $P_{<0.82}[p \ U \ q]$
- $\mathbf{P}_{=?}[p \ \mathbf{U} \ q]$

What do these formula say? Then describe the procedure to check them (or at least one of them) on M.

4. Consider again the DTMC M in No. 3. On which states of M the following properties hold?

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- $\mathbf{P}_{\leq 0}$  [ $p \mathbf{U} \neg (p \lor q)$ ].
- $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 1}$  [ $p \mathbf{U} \neg (p \lor q)$ ].
- $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 0.18} [p \ \mathbf{U} \ \neg (p \lor q)].$
- $\mathbf{P}_{<0.18} [p \ \mathbf{U} \ \neg (p \lor q)].$
- 5. Consider again the DTMC M in No. 3. Which states satisfy  $\mathbf{P}_{\leq 0.5}$  [p  $\mathbf{U}$   $\mathbf{P}_{\geq 1}[q$   $\mathbf{U}$  p]]? (Well, obviously state 5, but which other states, if any, satisfy the property?)