

電腦圖學 Computer Graphics

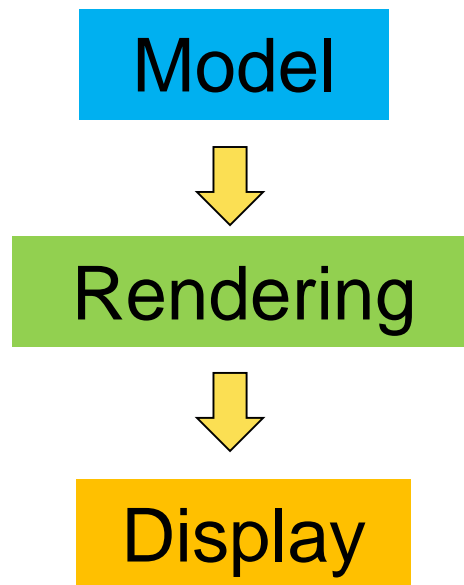
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Department of Computer Science and
Information Engineering

Introduction

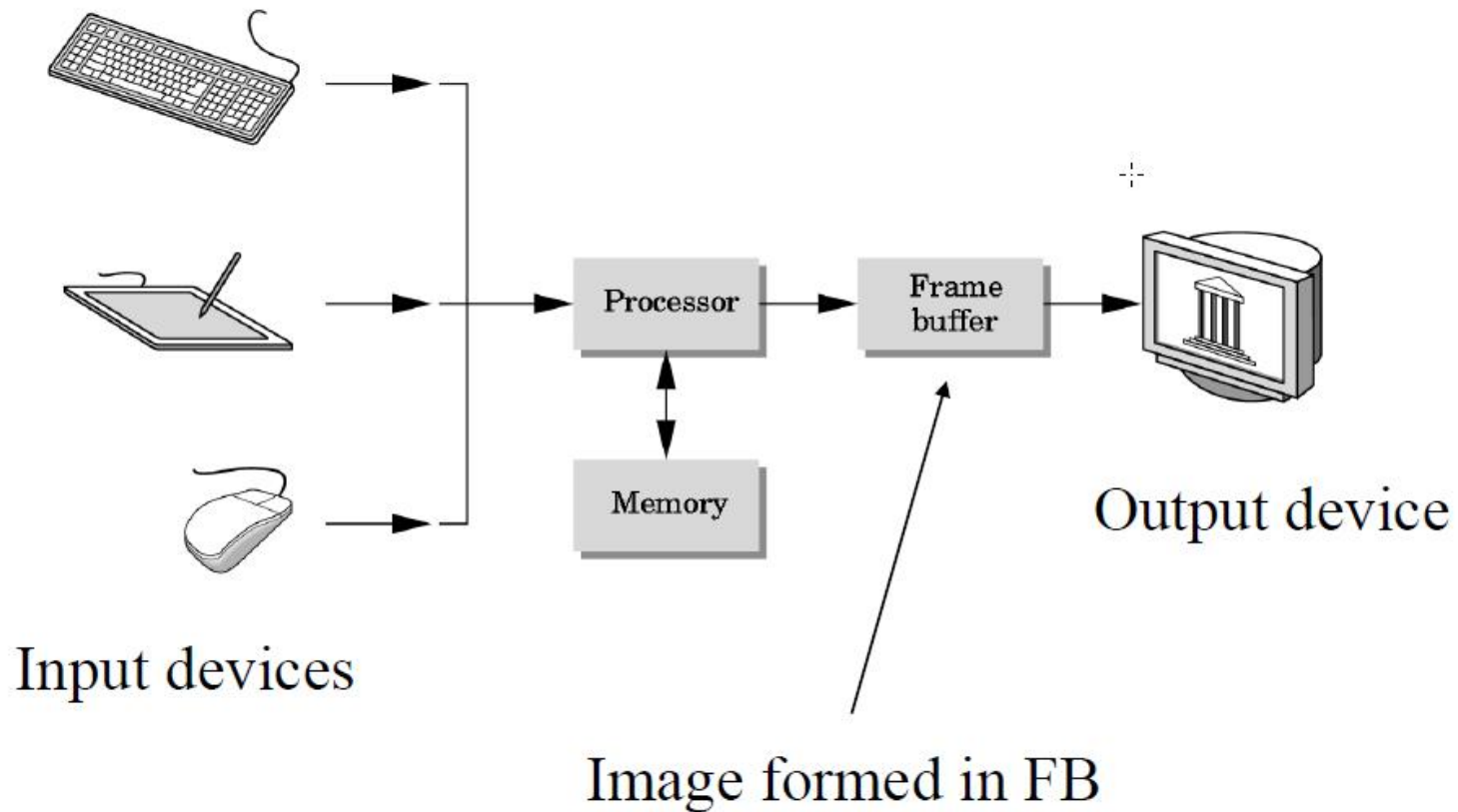
- Define Computer Graphics...

The technology associated with the use of computer technology to convert created or collected data into visual representations



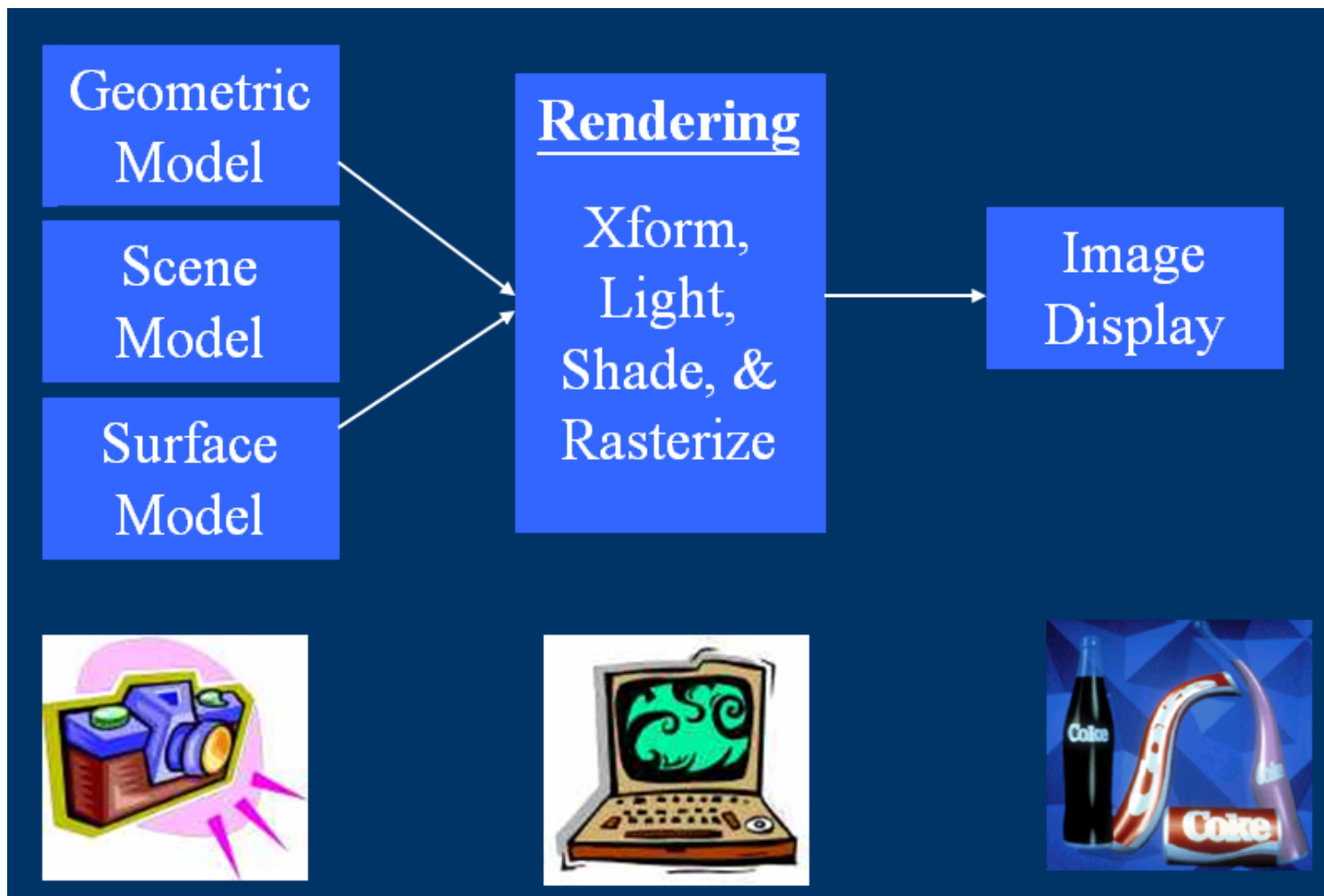
Introduction

■ Graphics Process



Introduction

■ Graphics Process

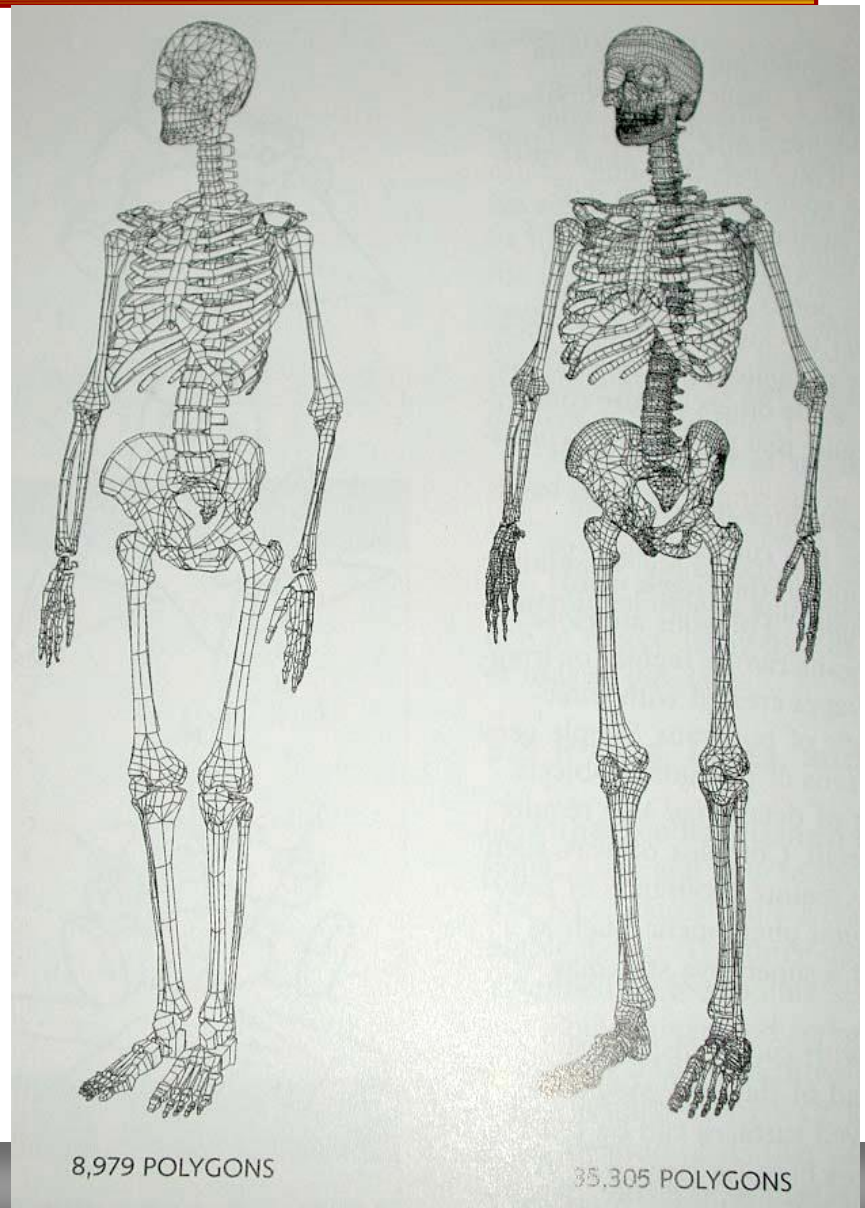


Geometry Modeling

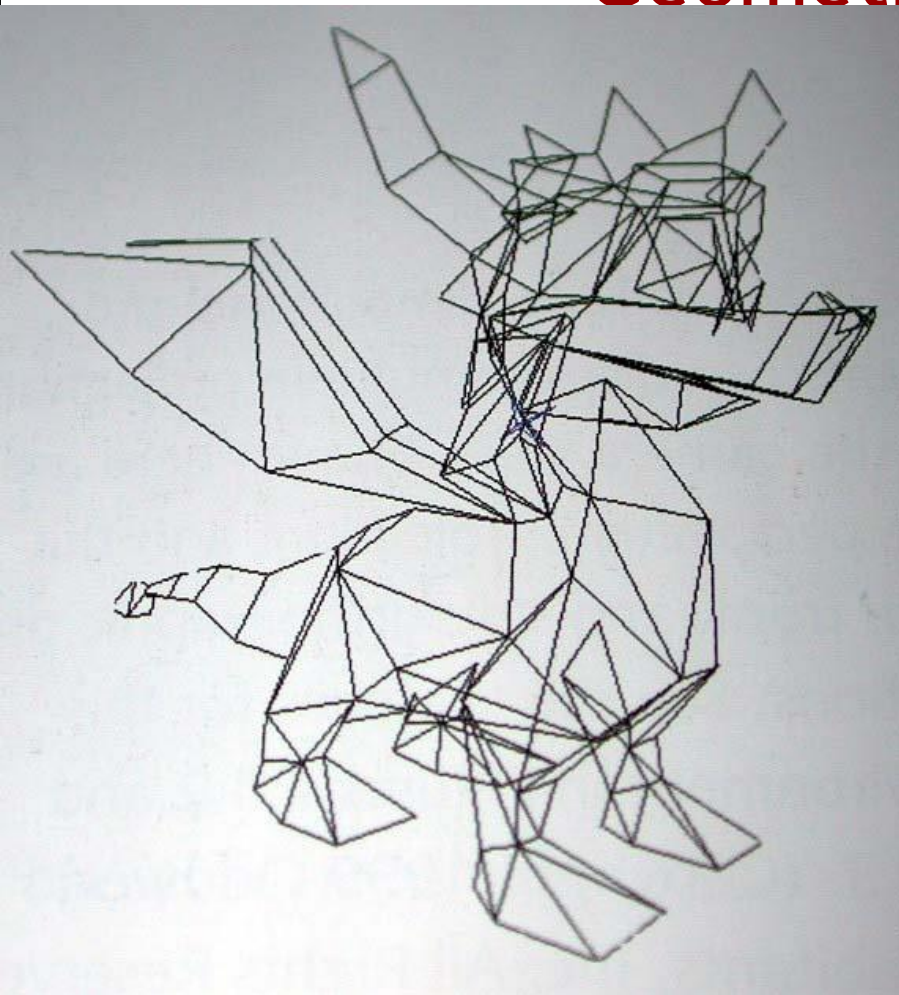
- There are many ways to describe geometry
 - Explicit geometry:
Triangle meshes, Patches, Subdivision surfaces,...
 - Implicit geometry:
Surface defined by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 10$
Fractal sets, procedural definition, ...
 - Volume data:
Samples from MRI, ultra-sound, simulation...

Geometry Modeling

- Primitives
- The basic sort of primitive is the polygon
- Number of polygons: tradeoff between render time and model accuracy

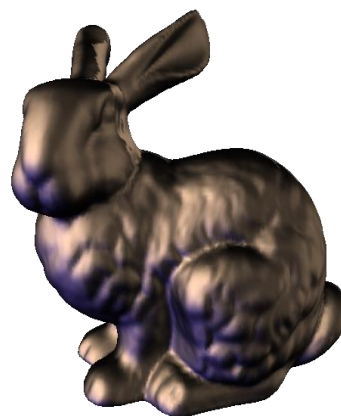
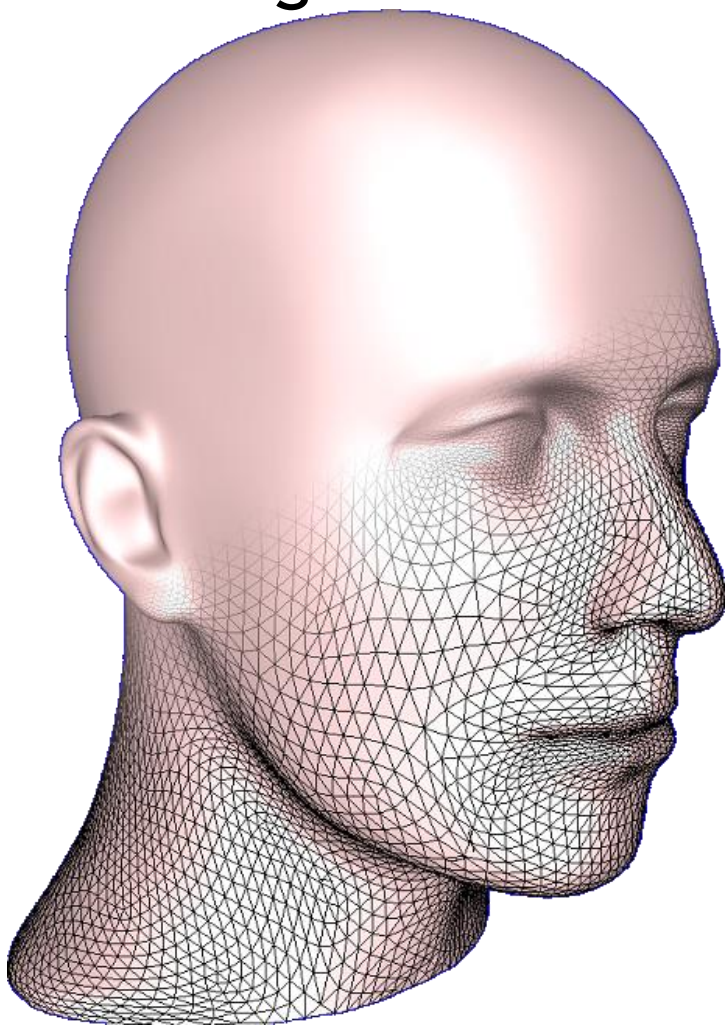


Geometry Modeling



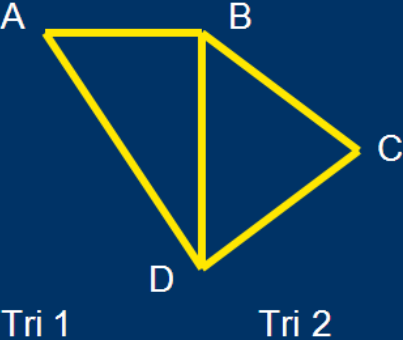
Geometry Modeling

- Triangle Meshes



Geometry Modeling

- Object or Scene Model
 - Triangles - we use vertex list per tri (or list of pointers to vertex array)



-
-
- Edge representation:
 - XYZ_A XYZ_B
 - XYZ_B XYZ_D
 - XYZ_D XYZ_A
- Or tri-strip:
 - XYZ_A
 - XYZ_B
 - XYZ_D
 - XYZ_C

» Implied edges exist between points of tris.
» Convex and concave polys are decomposed into tris.

Geometry Modeling

■ Vertices

- Verts have X,Y,Z coords and other attributes like color, normal, texture coords, etc.
- Verts are where we know something about the model.
- Verts are model "sample points".
- Tris are planar approximation of “true” object geometry.
- Coords are relative to some origin and axes (e.g., *Model Space*).
- Example of tri from pot4.asc: {X, Y, Z, Nx, Ny, Nz, U, V}

triangle

- | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| ■ | 1.400000 | 2.250000 | 0.000000 | -0.902861 | -0.429934 | 0.000000 |
| | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | | | | |
| ■ | 1.273482 | 2.323828 | 0.541834 | -0.918898 | 0.095044 | - |
| | 0.382874 | 0.250000 | 0.250000 | | | |
| ■ | 1.380469 | 2.323828 | 0.000000 | -0.995495 | 0.094810 | - |
| | 0.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.250000 | | | |

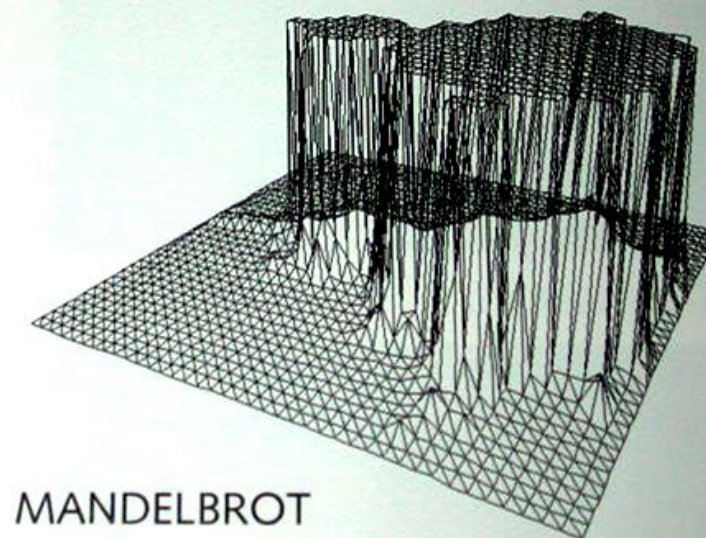
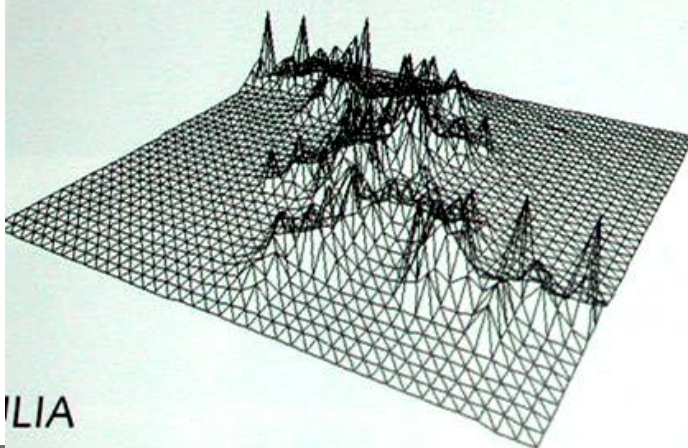
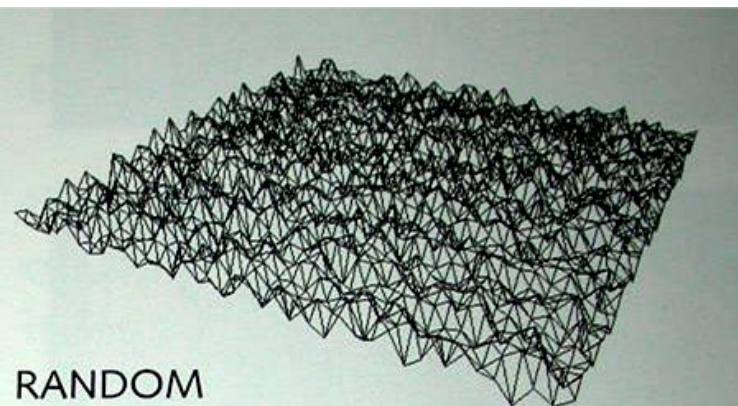
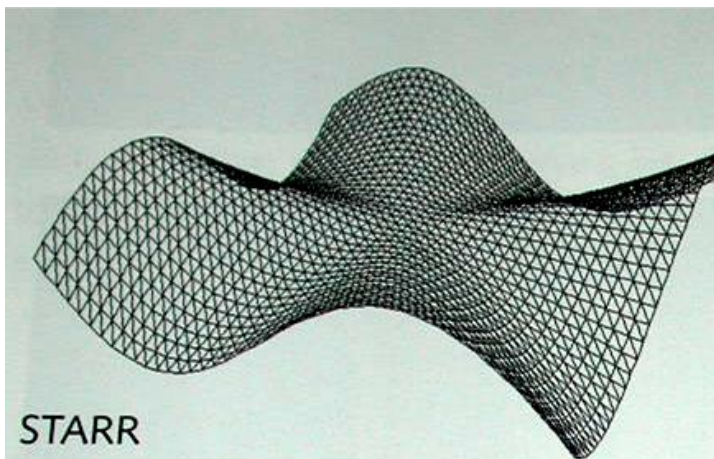
Geometry Modeling

- Mesh



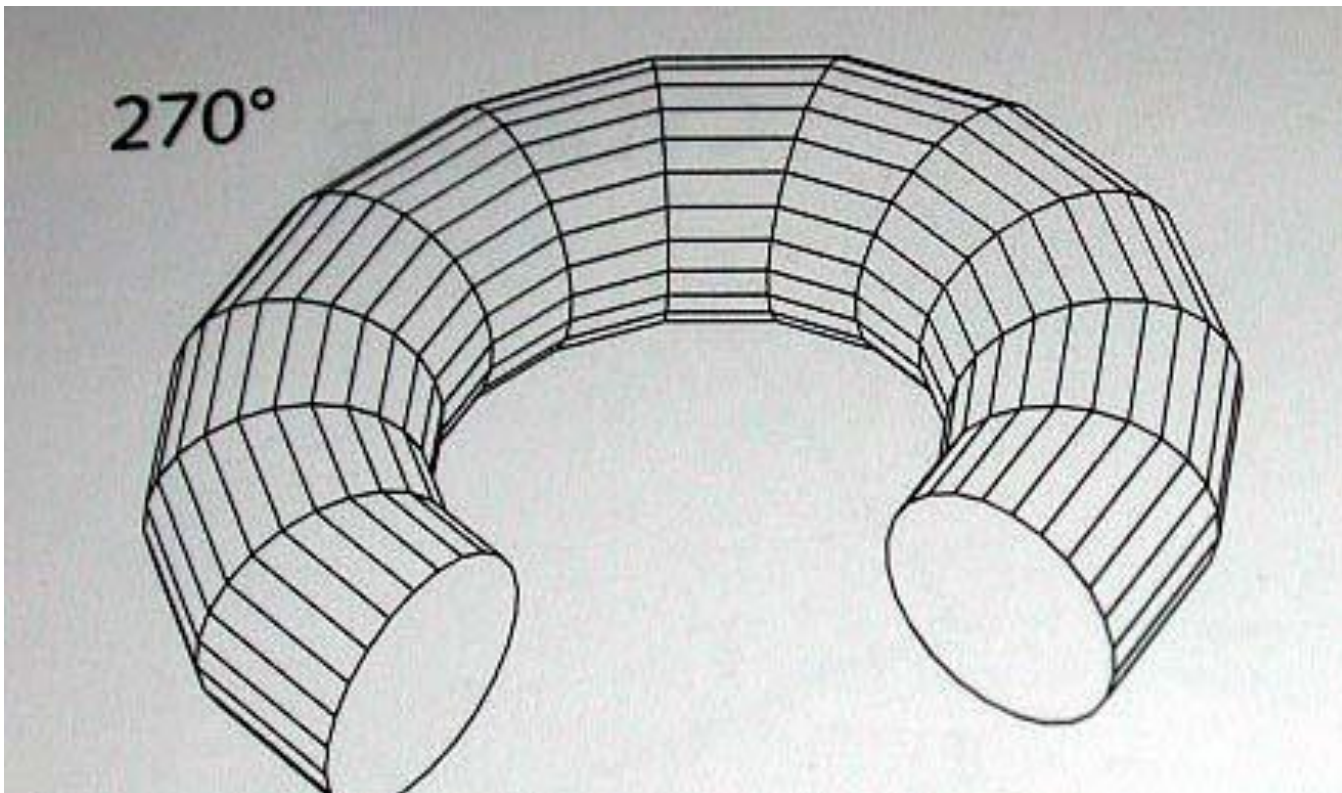
Geometry Modeling

- Mesh deformations



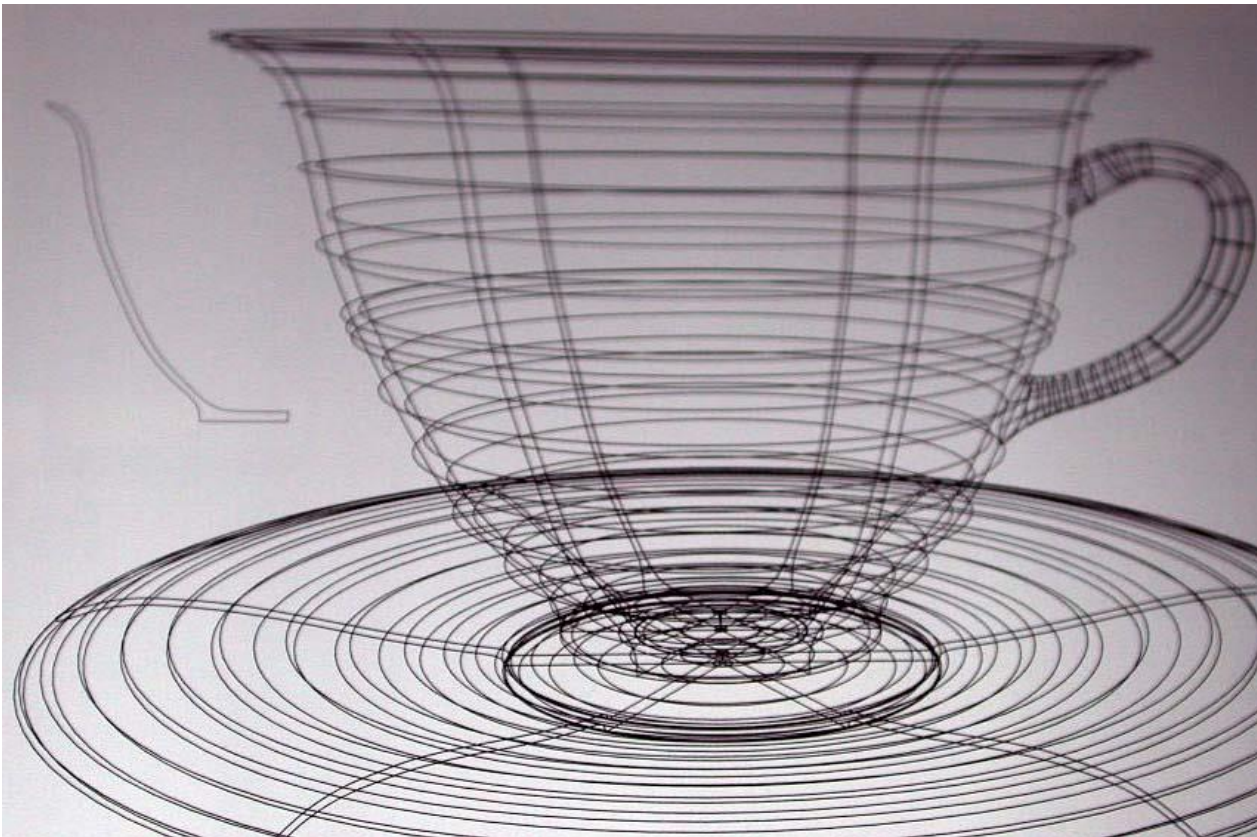
Geometry Modeling

- Sweep
 - Sweep a shape over a path to form a generalized cylinder



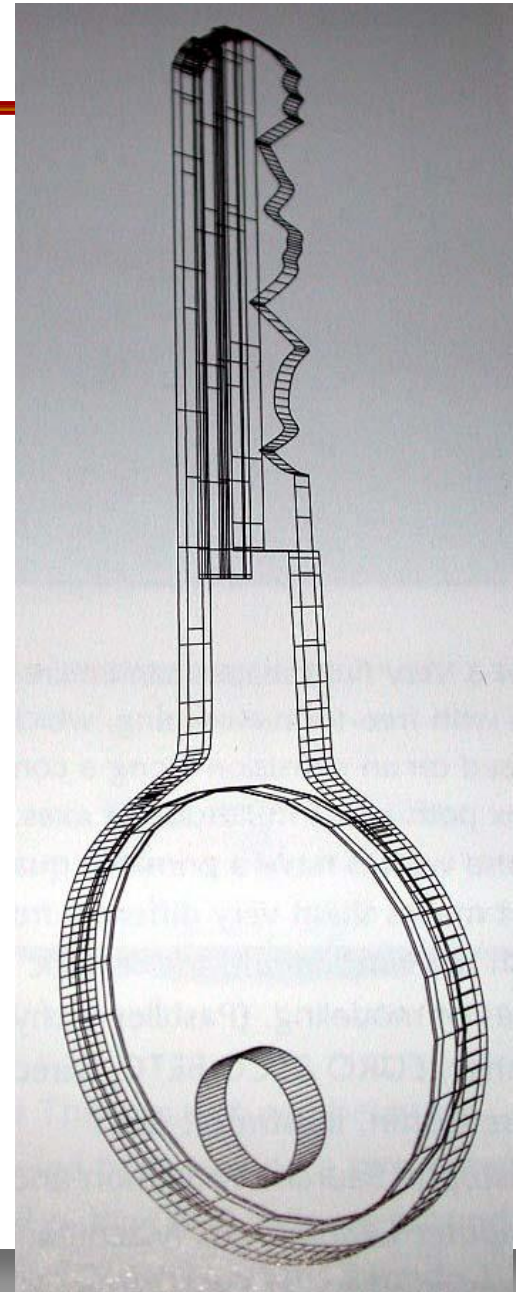
Geometry Modeling

- Revolution
 - Revolve a shape around an axis to create an object with rotational symmetry



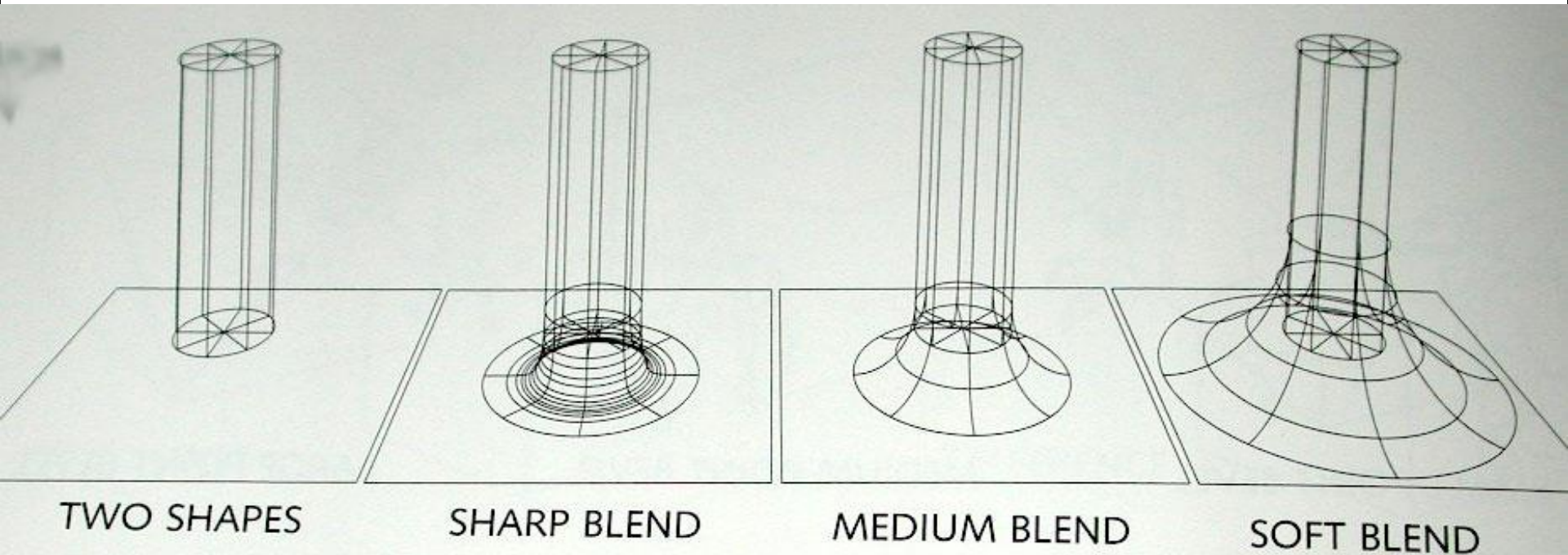
Geometry Modeling

- Extrusion
 - Extrude: grow a 2D shape in the third dimension
 - Shape is created with a (1D) b-spline curves
 - Hole was created by subtracting a cylinder



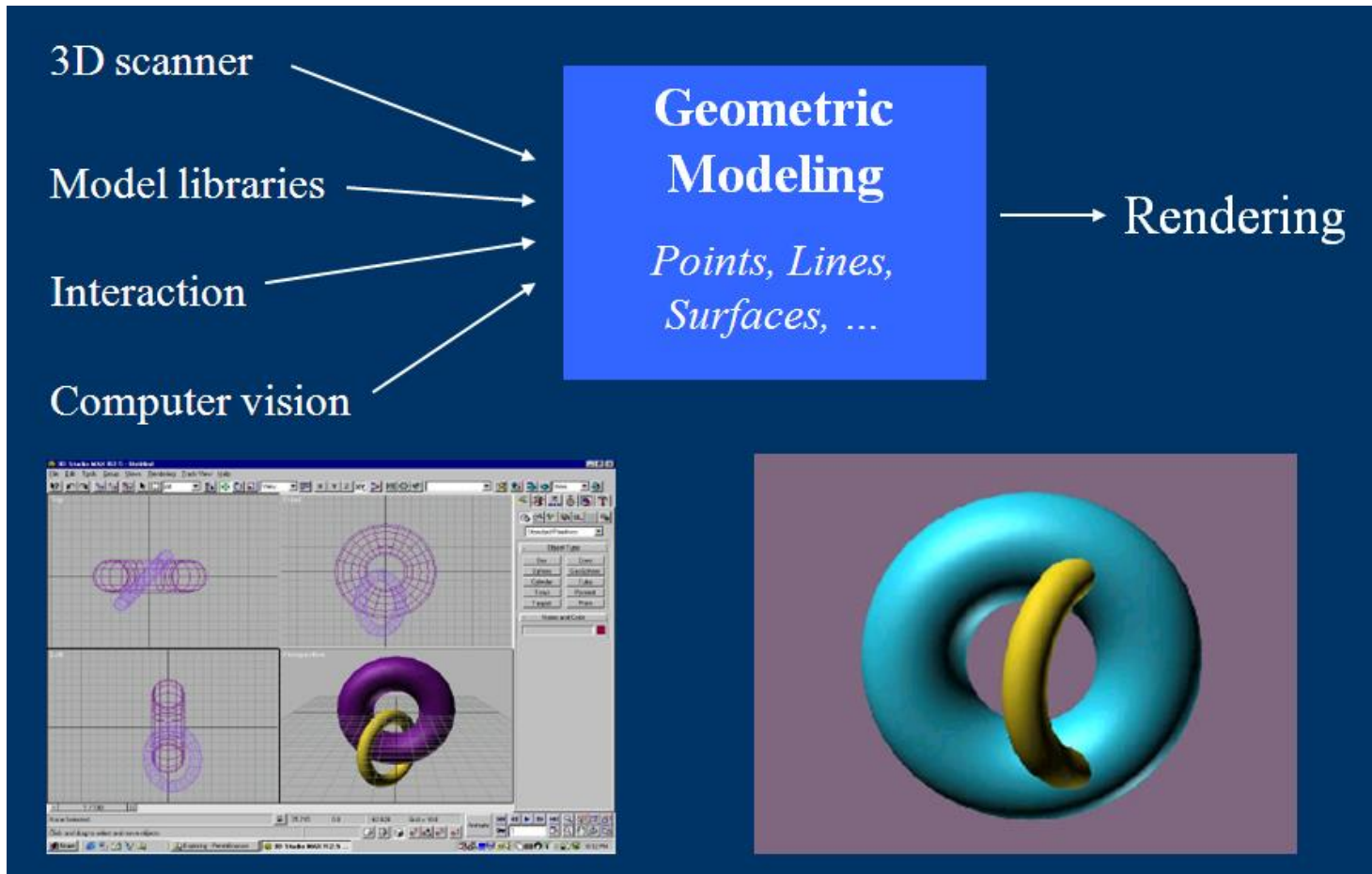
Geometry Modeling

- Joining Primitives
 - Stitching, blending



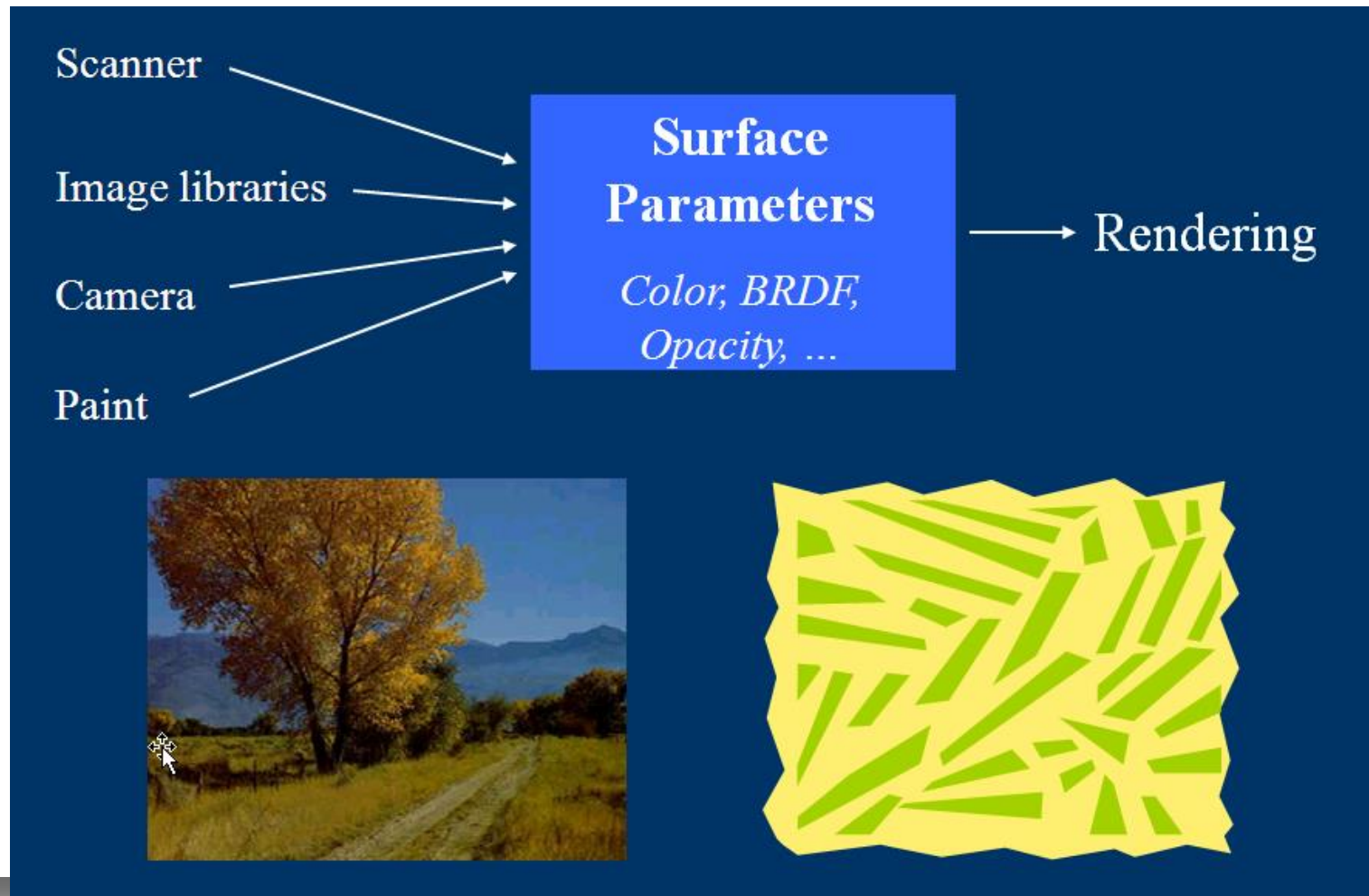
Geometry Modeling

■ Making Models



Geometry Modeling

■ Making Surface Models



Rendering

■ Rendering

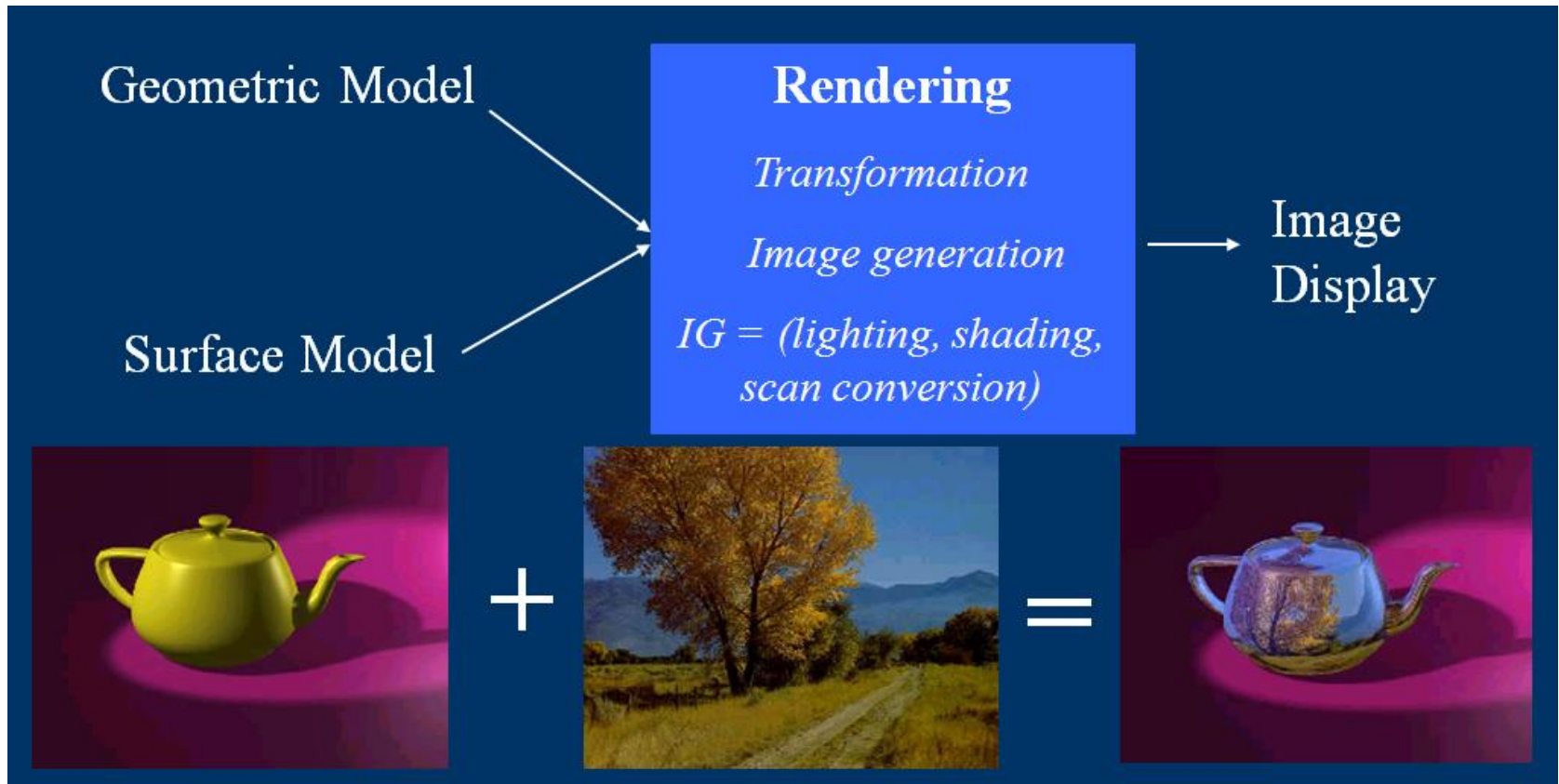


Image Display

Rendering



Image Representation

Pixel array,
Stroke list, NC cut list,
...

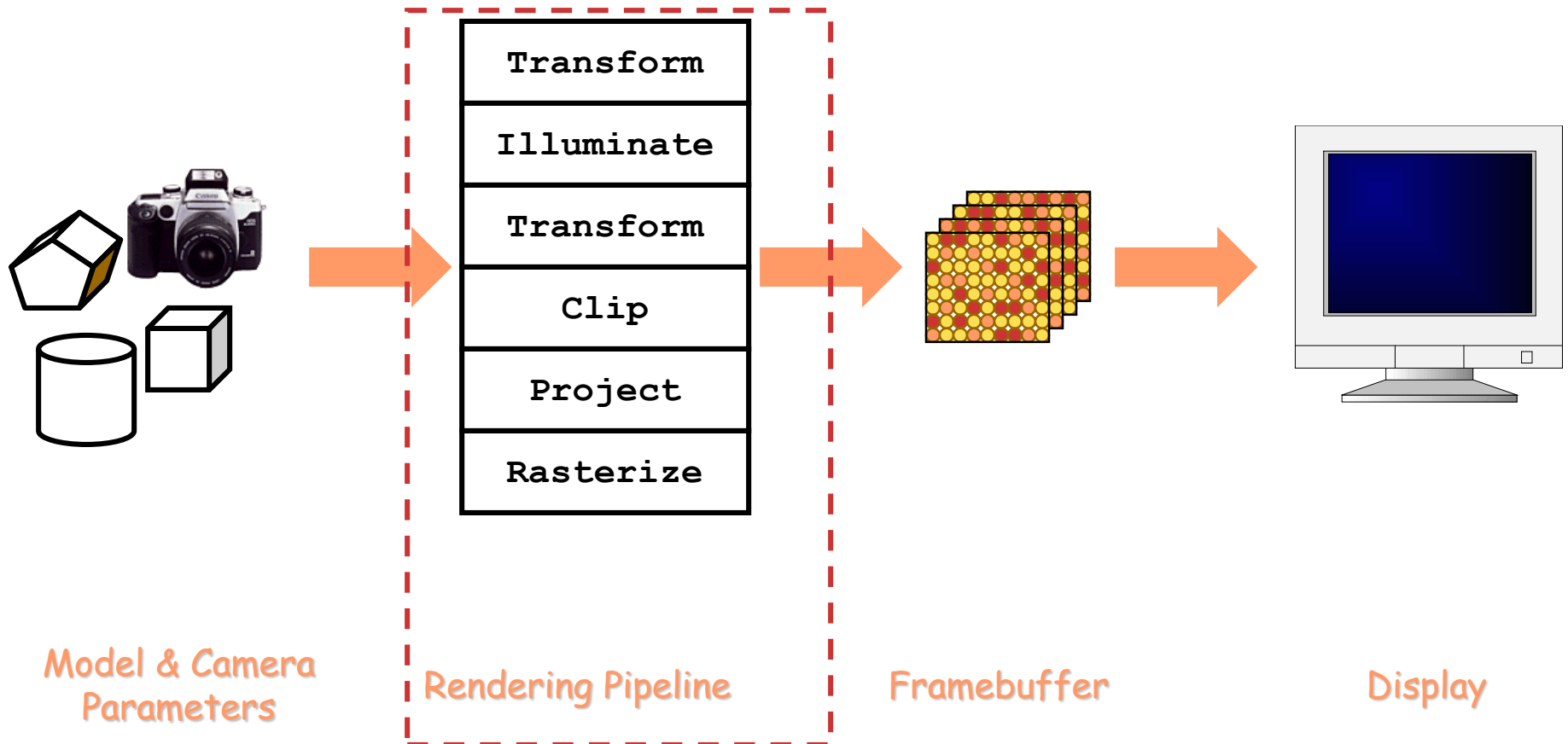


Optical Modulation

CRT, LCD, Plasma,
Ink, Solid material



The Rendering Pipeline



2-D Rendering: *Rasterization*

