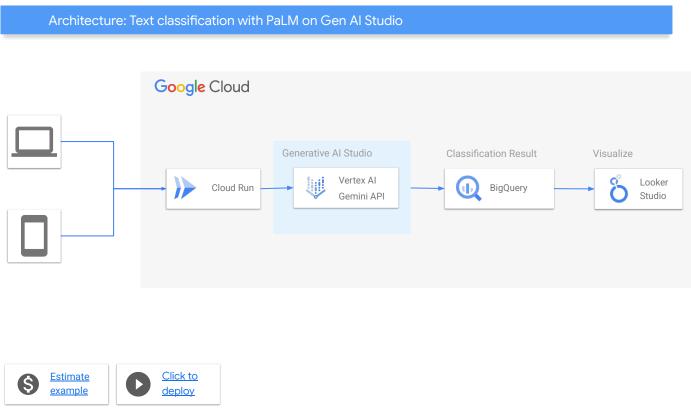
#### Text classification with Gemini on Cloud Run

Example of a LLM (Gemini) on GenAl Studio for text classification.

One possible scenario would be to input articles into the <u>Gemini API</u> via appreciation on Cloud Run, classify them into categories, and then store the data in <u>BigQuery</u>.

You could also use a BI tool like <u>Looker</u> or <u>Looker Studio</u> to visualize the data.



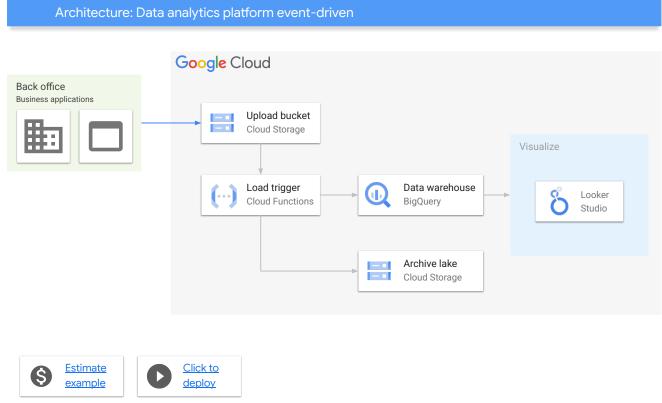
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### Data analytics platform event-driven

This example shows how to create a data analytics platform that allows you to load data from transactional systems to <u>BigQuery</u>.

In this example, back office systems export files in <u>supported</u> formats for batch loading into <u>Cloud Storage</u> and upload them to BigQuery.

Cloud Function, used as a Cloud Storage trigger, triggers the load API to load the files from the upload bucket to BigQuery, then moves them to an archive bucket.



# Streaming data to analytics

Example of streaming events directly to BigQuery for near real-time analytics.

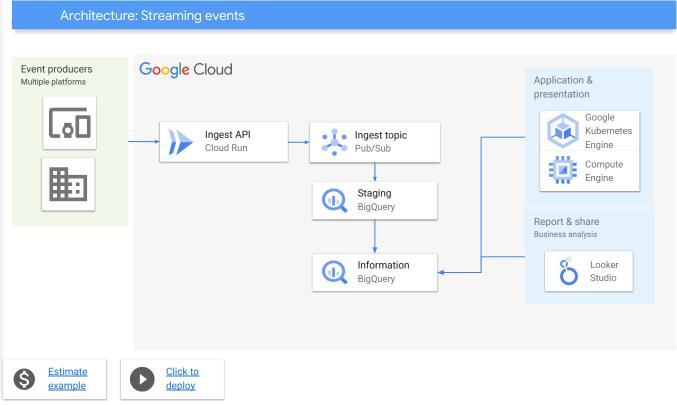
Event producers call an Ingest API in order to post events. An Ingest API runs on <u>Cloud Run</u>, which allows autoscaling based in load and receives the requests.

<u>Pub/Sub</u> Ingest topic has a <u>BigQuery subscription</u> that streams the messages directly to BigQuery.

BigQuery <u>materialized views</u> help users to normalized the data in the staging area in an information layer, accessible to the end users.

This solution allows users to view data in real-time with <u>Looker</u> <u>Studio</u> or <u>Looker</u>.

The estimate example considers a single event ingestion.



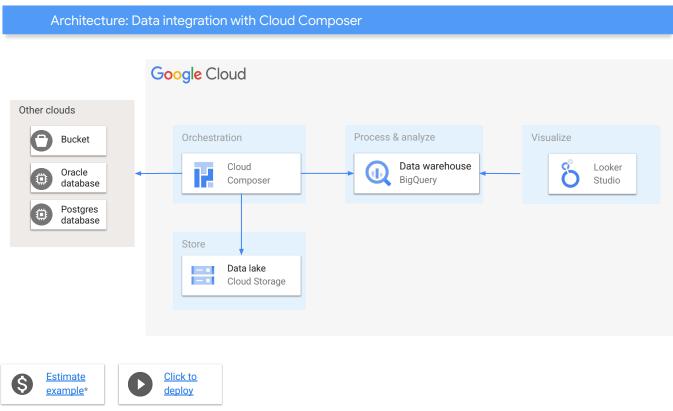
### **Data integration with Cloud Composer**

This example shows how to integrate data from on-premises systems or other clouds using <u>Cloud</u> Composer.

In this example, Cloud Composer workflows, also known as <u>DAGs</u>, extract data from relational databases, get files from buckets, and store them into a Data Lake in <u>Cloud Storage</u>.

Also, it has workflows that read objects in Cloud Storage, load them into BigQuery, then transform the data for analytics. Users can visualize the data with <u>Looker Studio</u> or <u>Looker</u>.

\* Looker license price not included



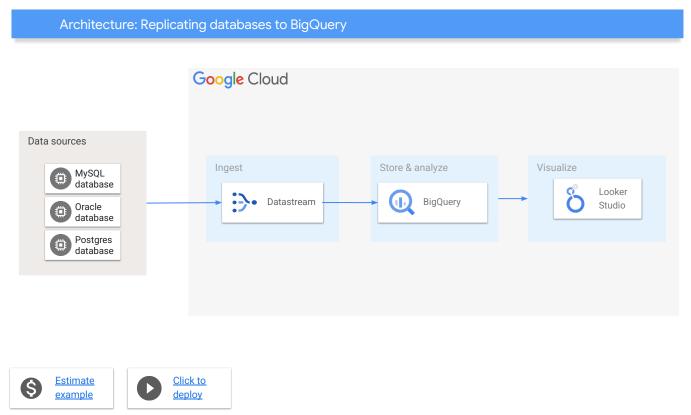
# Replicating databases to BigQuery

Example of a real-time analytics solution with databases replication to BigQuery.

#### **Datastream for BigQuery**

allows you to create replication jobs using MySQL, Oracle, and Postgres databases as data sources and BigQuery as the destination.

This solution allows customers with traditional databases to stream data changes directly to BigQuery and visualize the data with Looker Studio or Looker.

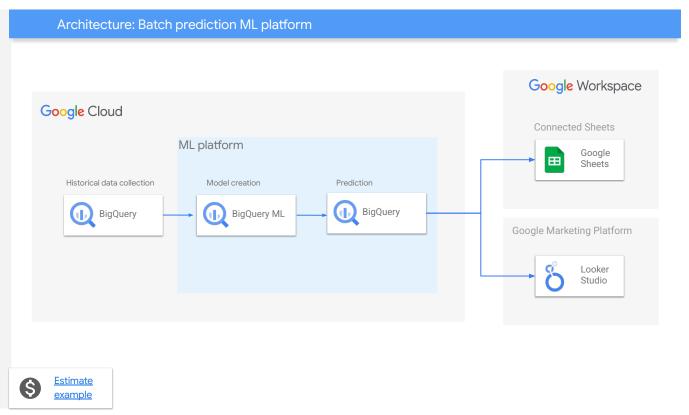


# Batch prediction machine learning (ML) platform

This is an example of building a machine learning platform for batch prediction.

BigQuery ML allows you to build machine learning models and execute predictions using SQL without having to move data from BigQuery. Using the model supported by BigQuery ML, you can forecast demand, present recommended products, and classify users for campaign measures.

In this example, using the recent weekly transaction data of 500 MiB out of 5-year historical data, a model predicts the lifetime value of 1 million customers the following week.



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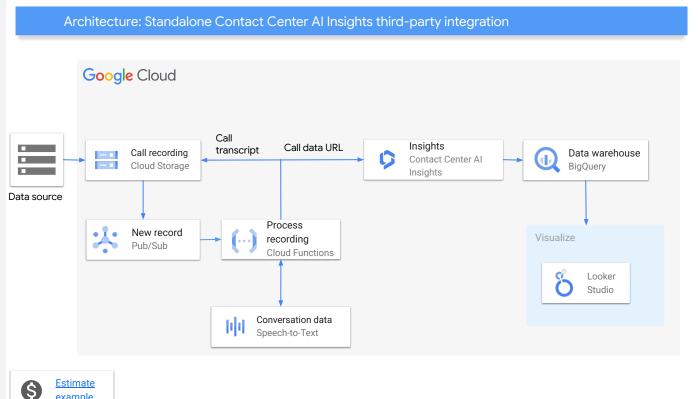
# Contact Center Al Insights third-party integration

example

**Example of Contact Center Al** Insights standalone integration to a third-party software

The user uploads the call recordings to a Cloud Storage bucket. Then, the upload event is registered and processed by Pub/Sub which invokes a Cloud Function for transcription. After processing the call data. the function uses Cloud Storage and Contact Center Al Insights API to upload the transcript into the bucket, and import the recording into Contact Center Al Insights for analysis respectively.

Once the analysis is complete, you can either use the CCAI console to look at the data or export it to BigQuery to create a dashboard.



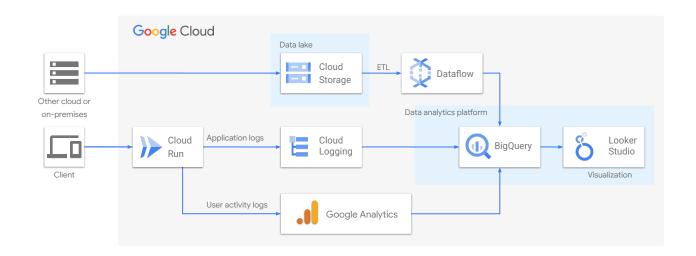
### Log analysis platform

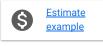
A platform that analyzes various logs of applications running in Google Cloud, other clouds, and on-premises environments.

Logs from container applications on Cloud Run are aggregated to Cloud Logging by default. Logs of applications running in other clouds or on-premises environments can also be transferred to Cloud Storage as a data lake, then ETL processed using Dataflow as needed, and saved in BigQuery. Google Analytics can also be aggregated.

Various logs stored in BigQuery can be easily analyzed using SQL queries or visualization tools such as Looker Studio.







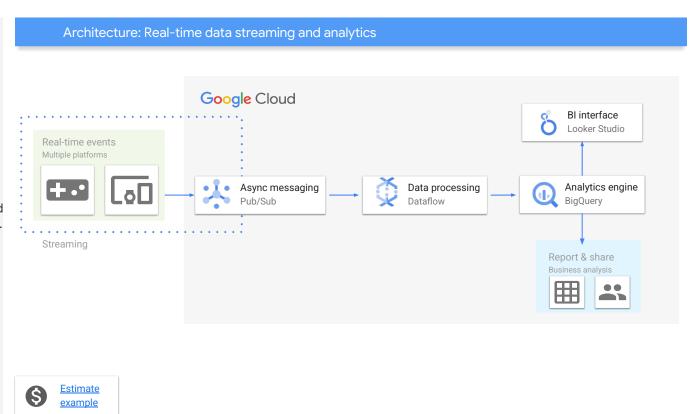
# Real-time data streaming and analytics

This solution explores an example architecture pattern that ingests, processes, and analyzes a large number of events concurrently from many different sources. The processing happens as events unfold, enabling you to respond and make decisions in real-time.

Pub/Sub acts a pipeline for ingestion of real-time events. Dataflow performs the data transformation. That data is loaded into the BigQuery analytics engine.

Looker Studio or Looker can be used for creating dashboards and visualizing the data.

The pricing estimate assumes 100 MB per user per hour with 1,000 users. For steps and resources, refer to How to build a mobile gaming analytics platform on Google Cloud.



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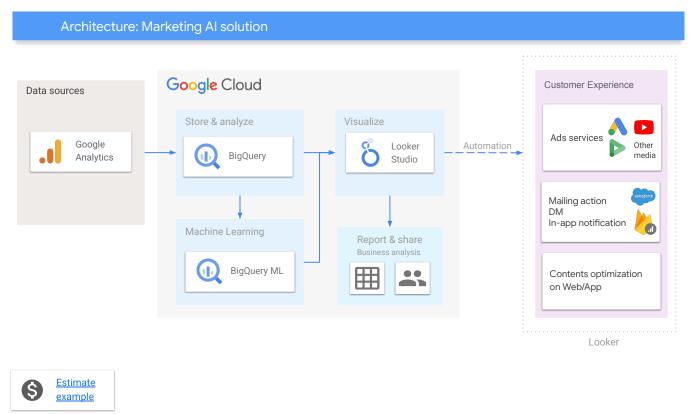
### **Marketing AI solution**

Example of a Marketing Al solution with Google Analytics 4 (GA4).

GA4 BigQuery Export allows you to export all of your raw events from Google Analytics 4 properties to BigQuery.

This solution allows customers with GA4 data to visualize the raw data with Looker Studio and predict business impacts (LTV/Churn) with BigQuery ML. Looker supports actions like calling webhook and mailing action.

If customer experience enhancement is required, Looker is better to automate the operation.



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