WOOYONG LEE

https://wooyong.github.io/ wooyong@uchicago.edu

Office Contact Information

1126 E. 59th Street – Saieh Hall for Economics Chicago, IL 60637 (773) 364 0570

Placement Directors: Professor Ufuk Akcigit, <u>uakcigit@uchicago.edu</u>, (773) 702 0433

Professor Alessandra Voena, avoena@uchicago.edu, (773) 702 9127

Graduate Student Coordinator: Robert Herbst, fherbst@uchicago.edu, (773) 834 1972

Personal Information: Male, Republic of Korea (South)

Education

The University of Chicago, 2014 to present

Ph.D. Candidate in Economics

Thesis Title: "Identification and estimation of average effects in dynamic random coefficient models"

Expected Completion Date: June 2020

M.Sc., Statistics, The University of British Columbia, 2014

B.S., Economics, Korea University, 2012

References:

Professor Stéphane Bonhomme (Primary Professor Alexander Torgovitsky

Advisor)

University of Chicago University of Chicago

sbonhomme@uchicago.edu, (773) 834 6831 torgovitsky@uchicago.edu, (773) 702 1569

Professor Guillaume Pouliot University of Chicago guillaume.pouliot@gmail.com, (773) 834 0628

Teaching and Research Fields:

Primary fields: Econometrics

Secondary fields: Applied Microeconomics

Teaching Experience:

Spring, 2018 Topics in Econometrics (graduate), University of Chicago, Teaching Assistant

for Stéphane Bonhomme

Winter, 2018 Topics in Microeconometrics (undergraduate), University of Chicago, Teaching

Assistant for Thibaut Lamadon

Autumn, 2017

	Topics in Microeconometrics (undergraduate), University of Chicago, Teaching
Spring, 2017	Assistant for Thibaut Lamadon
	Applied Microeconometrics (undergraduate), University of Chicago, Teaching
Winter, 2017	Assistant for Juanna Schrøter Joensen
	Topics in Microeconometrics (undergraduate), University of Chicago, Teaching
Autumn, 2016	Assistant for Thibaut Lamadon
	Topics in Econometrics (graduate), University of Chicago, Teaching Assistant
2012 to 2014	for Stéphane Bonhomme

Elementary Statistics (undergraduate), University of British Columbia,

Teaching Assistant for Eugenia Yu

Research Experience and Other Employment:

Summer, 2014 University of British Columbia, Research Assistant for Nancy Heckman

Honors, Scholarships, and Fellowships:

Reid Economics Fellowship 2019 2014 to 2019 Social Sciences Fellowship

International Partial Tuition Scholarship 2012 to 2014

Professional Activities:

Conference and Seminar Presentations:

Optimization-Conscious Econometrics Conference 2019

Language and Computer Skills:

Computer Skills:

R, C++, Matlab, Stata

Languages:

English (Fluent), Korean (native)

Publications:

Lee, W., Greenwood, P. E., Heckman, N., & Wefelmeyer, W. (2017). Pre-averaged kernel estimators for the drift function of a diffusion process in the presence of microstructure noise. Statistical Inference for Stochastic Processes, 20(2), 237-252.

Job Market Paper:

"Identification and estimation of average effects in dynamic random coefficient models" Dynamic fixed effect models are popular in empirical research. However, they allow for unobserved heterogeneity only in the intercept but not in the coefficients, although the coefficients are important parameters such as Cobb-Douglas coefficients of firm's production function or return to education in Mincer equation. This paper studies a dynamic fixed effect model where both its intercept and coefficients are heterogeneous, which is called a dynamic random coefficient model. It is shown that the model is partially identified when the length of panel data is fixed, and the sharp identified set of the model is characterized. The characterization does not require any support restriction. A computationally feasible estimation and inference procedure is proposed, which is applied to life-cycle earnings and consumption dynamics using Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID) dataset. The estimates suggest that there is large heterogeneity in earnings persistence and consumption behavior across households and that there is correlation between the

two. A calibration of structural life-cycle model is performed to make sense of the estimation results.