

CSE216

Foundations of Computer Science

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Exercise 1: Hello World

- Task: Write a program that prints "Hello, World!" followed by a new line.

Exercise 2: Debugging Type Error

- Try combining `x` and `y` using the `^` operator. What error do you see? Choose your own `x` and `y`
- Debug and make things right

Exercise 3: Basic Arithmetic

- Do research on the Taylor expansion of e^x around $x = 0$
- Write a function **taylor** that computes e^x using the first three items of the Taylor expansion
- Calculate e^x at $x = 0.1$ with the function **taylor**. Expected result is 1.105

Exercise 4: Functions with multiple arguments

- Important note: Define a function with “let function_name function_parameters = ...”
- Write a function **sum** that takes two integers as arguments and returns their sum.
- Write a function **average** that takes two float values and returns their average.

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Exercise 5: Basic Recursion

- Important note: Define a recursive function with “let rec function_name function_parameters = ...”
- Write a recursive function **factorial** to calculate the factorial of a number.
- Test Input: 5
- Expected Output: 120

```
let rec factorial n = if n=1 then 1 else n * factorial(n-1);;
```

Exercise 6: Conditional Statements

- Write a function **maximum** that takes three integers and returns the largest of them.

$$3^3 = 3^1 \cdot 3^2$$

```
a b c
if (a > b) && (a > c)
    return a;
else if (b > c) && (b > a)
    return b;
else
    return c;
```

$$f(x) = x^n$$
$$\text{let rec exp } x \text{ } n = \dots$$
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & n=0 \\ x \cdot x^{n-1} & n>0 \end{cases}$$

```
let maximum a b c
= if a > b then if a > c then a else c
  else if b > c then b else c
=> if a > b && a > c then a
    else if b > a && b > c then b
    else c;
```