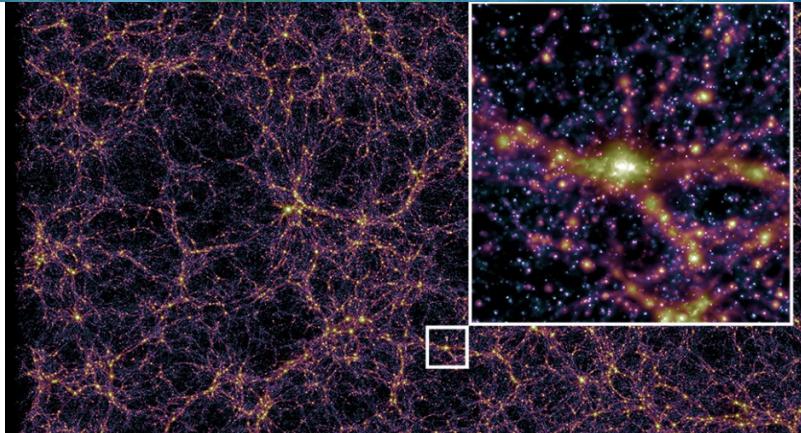




OpenCosmo

COLLABORATIVE COSMOLOGY AT SCALE AND
SCIENCE AS A SERVICE



PATRICK WELLS
Argonne National Laboratory

Workflows Community Talks
Feb. 18th 2026



U.S. DEPARTMENT
of ENERGY

Argonne National Laboratory is a
U.S. Department of Energy laboratory
managed by UChicago Argonne, LLC.

Argonne 
NATIONAL LABORATORY

A brief story...

Frontier-E Simulation



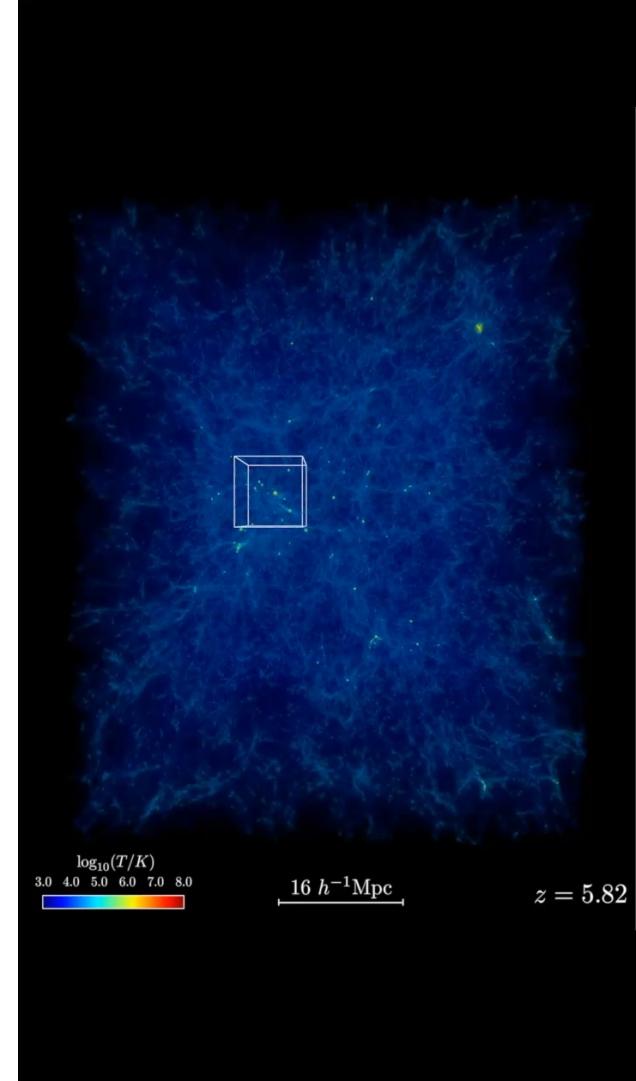
THE CHALLENGE

Extreme-Scale Cosmological Simulations

- Petabytes of data
- On several different machines
- In a custom format

First Goal:

Provide a unified, user-friendly interface to access
and query this cosmological data while keeping
the user “out of HPC space”*



*whenever possible

cosmoexplorer.alcf.anl.gov

120% Help Theme Profile

HACC Compute Portal

Hydro Simulations

- Galaxy Query
- Halo-Particles Query (Hydro)
- Halo Query (Hydro)

Gravity-Only Simulations

- Halo-Particles Query (Gravity)
- Halo Query (Gravity-Only)
- Halo Lightcone Query (Gravity-Only)
- Map Query (Gravity-Only)

Analysis

- X-ray - M500 Scalings
- Cluster Profiles
- Concentration-Mass Relation
- Cosmic Star Formation Rate
- Galaxy Stellar Mass Function
- Halo Mass Function
- M500 Mass Scalings
- YSZ - M500 Scalings
- Black Hole Mass - Stellar Mass Relation
- Stellar Mass - Halo Mass Relation

Synthetic Galaxies

Welcome!

What's your goal?

Select a starting point and we'll guide you to the right query.

- Explore galaxies (Hydro / Diffsky)
- Find and filter halos (Hydro / Gravity-Only)
- Inspect halo particles (Hydro / Gravity-Only)
- Work with lightcones or CMB lensing maps (Gravity-Only)

Hydro Simulations

← Galaxy Query

This flow retrieves and filters galaxies from HACC simulations.

Halo-Particles Query (Hydro)

This flow returns the properties AND particles associated with halos in HACC hydrodynamic simulations

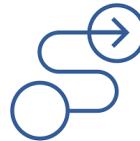
Halo Query (Hydro)

This flow retrieves and filters halos from HACC hydrodynamic simulations

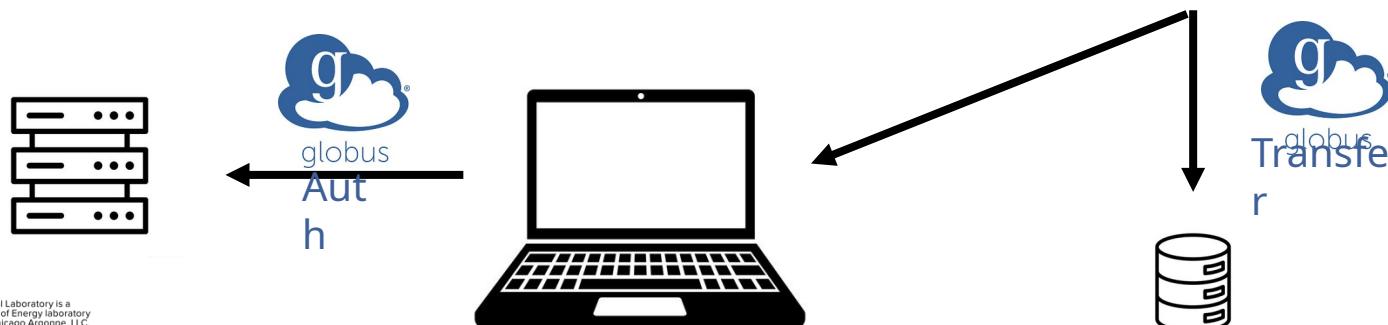
→

Gravity-Only Simulations

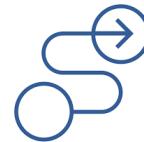
LIFECYCLE OF A REQUEST



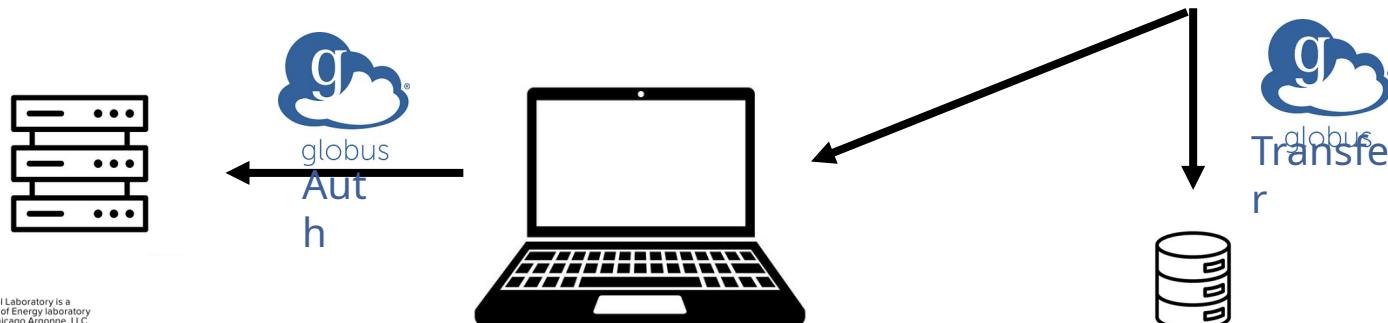
Globus flow



IS THERE ANYTHING SPECIAL ABOUT THIS?

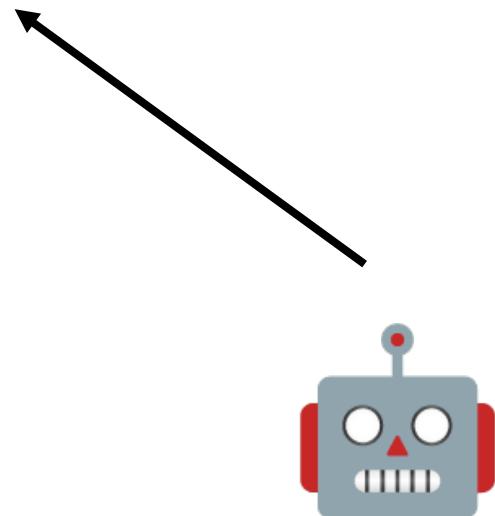
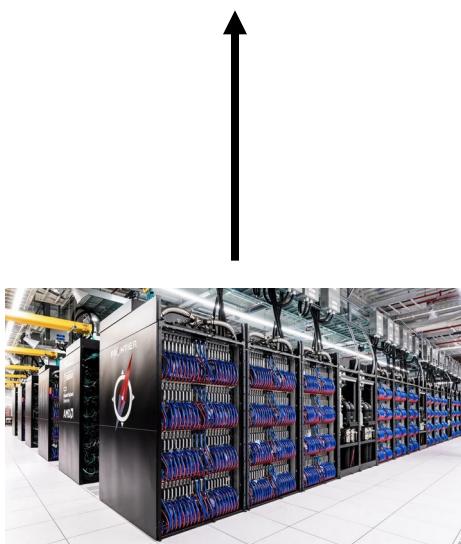
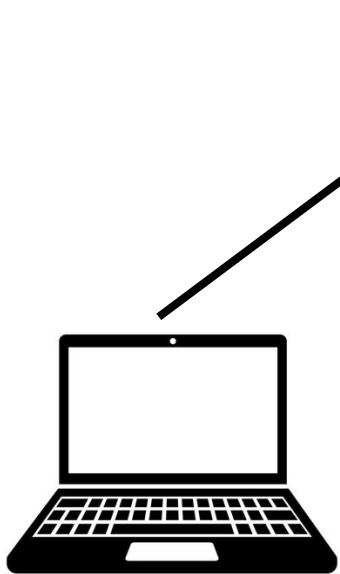


Globus flow



```
import opencosmo as oc

dataset = oc.open("haloproperties.hdf5", "galaxyproperties.hdf5")
dataset = dataset
    .filter(oc.col("fof_halo_mass") > 1e14)
    .take(10000, at="random")
    .evaluate(
        compute_richness,
        insert=True,
        format="numpy"
    )
```



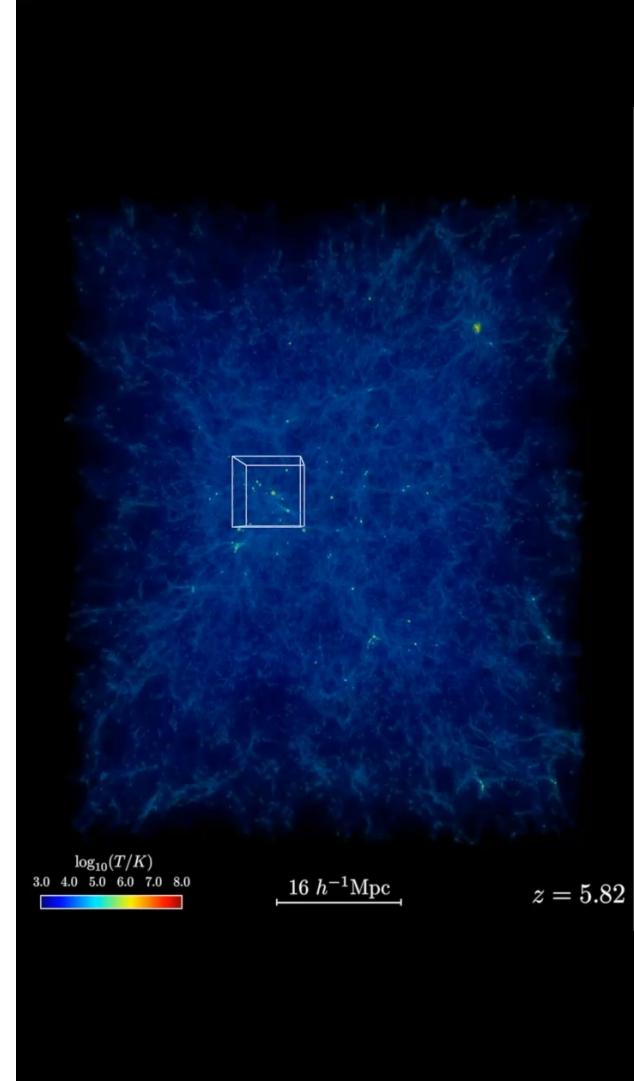
THE REAL CHALLENGE

Extreme-Scale Scientific Data

- Petabytes of tabular data
- On several different machines
- Need to support analytics-oriented queries

Real Goal:

Provide easy-to-use infrastructure tools
that can be used across many domains of science



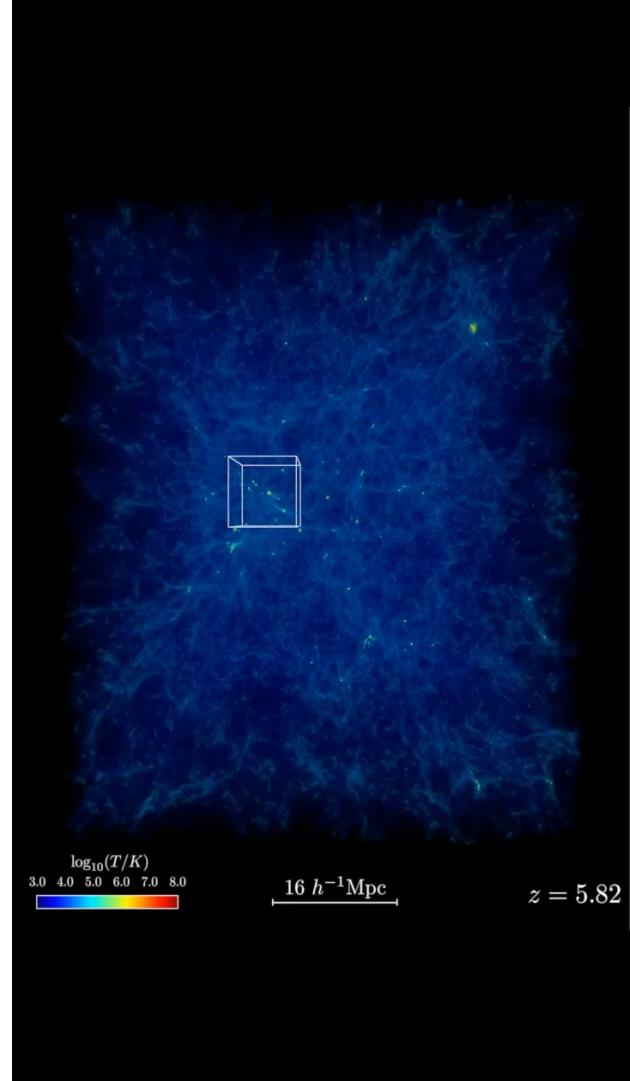
SCIENCE AS A SERVICE

Extreme-Scale Cosmological Simulations

- Petabytes of mixed data
- Across the entire HPC ecosystem
- Complicated analytics-based workloads

Ultimate Goal

Build a layer of abstraction on top of traditional HPC and allow domain scientists to focus on what they do best



SCIENCE AS A SERVICE

Today

- Automated querying at scale across facilities
- Web frontend for user interaction
- Common data format and analysis tooling

Tomorrow

- Automated *analysis* at scale across facilities
- APIs for remote execution of complex, user-defined workloads
- Seamless transitions between remote and local analysis workloads

SCIENCE AS A SERVICE

Challenges and the Role of AmSC

While running a *single* workflow is technically straightforward, management of workflows at scale across several HPC-oriented facilities is a much more challenging issue

- Logging
- Automated deployment and CI/CD
- Automated testing
- Security

AmSC?

IS THERE ANYTHING SPECIAL ABOUT THIS?

Users

Domain/Task-Specific UI

Domain-Agnostic Orchestration Layer

Domain-Specific Querying/Analysis Framework

Data and Compute

Workflow: An abstract computational pattern wrapped up in a nice, easy-to-use framework that allows scientists to focus on science.

Revisiting my Question from the Beginning



Michael Buehlmann



Patricia Larsen



Will Hicks



Manpreet Dhillon



Katrin Heitmann



Salman Habib



Benoit Cote



Tom Uram

Funding support by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of High Energy Physics