R13

Code No: **RT41016**

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B **** PART–A (22 Marks) 1. a) How do you identify a soil is soft? Write a note. [3] What is electro osmosis? b) [3] List various admixtures used in soil stabilization. [4] Write the principle of soil reinforcement with neat illustrations. [4] Write the benefits of geosynthetics in landfill construction. [4] Write a note on importance of grain size analysis of soil in selection of grouting method. [4] PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)List the objectives of compacting soil and explain the purpose of compaction. 2. [8] What is Dynamic Compaction? Discuss how it is carried out. Also write its benefits and limitations. [8] Discuss with neat sketches the following pre-draining e methods: (i) Well points and (ii) Vacuum wells. [8] Discuss any two selection criteria of filler material around drains. [8] 4. Discuss the mechanisms of Bituminous Stabilization of in-situ soils. And also write the factors affecting bituminous Stabilization of soils. [8] b) Discuss the design mixture and construction techniques of Bituminous Stabilization. [8] Explain the principle involved in the reinforced earth. [8] 5. a) b) Describe the external and internal stability aspects of a reinforced earth wall. [8] What are clay liners? Discuss the purpose of clay liners. 6. [8] a) Discuss the effectiveness of geosynthetics used in filtration and erosion control [8] purposes. 7. a) Why grouting is important in soil engineering? Explain in detail the methods of grouting. [8] b) Discuss the process of soil improvement by suspension and solution grouting. [8]

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B *****

		PART-A (22 Marks)	
1.	a)	How do you identify a soil is dense? Write a note.	[3]
	b)	Discuss about sumps and interceptor ditches.	[3]
	c)	What is fly ash? List its importance in soil engineering.	[4]
	d)	Write the uses of soil reinforcement.	[4]
	e)	Write the uses of geocell in road construction.	[4]
	f)	Write the uses of compaction grouting.	[4]
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART-B}} \ (3x16 = 48 \ Marks)$	
2.	a) b)	List the objectives of compaction of soil and explain the purpose of compaction. Discuss any two methods with suitable illustrations to improve the loose sand deposits which have SPT N value in the range of 4 to 6 for a depth of 20 m from	[8]
		the ground surface.	[8]
3.	a)	Explain the criteria for selection of fill material around drains.	[8]
	b)	With neat sketch explain the dewatering by electro osmosis.	[8]
4.	a)	What are the principles in the soft aggregate stabilization technique? Explain	
	• .	with clear illustrations.	[8]
	b)	Briefly discuss about Bitumen and polymer stabilization.	[8]
5.	a) b)	Explain any four engineering application of reinforced earth with sketches. Design a reinforced earth wall for retaining a 6 m high cohesionless soil. The soil in the wall and backfill has density of 18 kN/m ³ with angle of internal friction of 35 degrees. The allowable soil pressure is 150 kN/m ² . Use galvanized strips as	[8]
		reinforcement.	[8]
6.	a)	Describe the different forms of Geogrids and state their functions in the	ro1
	1. \	stabilization of soils.	[8]
	b)	Explain how Geotextiles can be used as separators.	[8]
7.	a)	Defining grouting, discuss various fields of applications of grouting in soil engineering.	[8]
	b)	Explain the principles involved in the soil improvement by (i) compaction	[o]
	0)	grouting (ii) jet grouting and (iii) fracture grouting.	[8]

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Set No. 3

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any THREE questions from Part-B *****

		PART-A (22 Marks)	
1.	a)	How do you identify a soft clay? Write a note on it.	[3]
	b)	Write note on horizontal wells.	[3]
	c)	When do we stabilize a soil with cement? Write the benefits.	[4]
	d)	Draw the neat sketch showing various elements of reinforced earth wall.	[4]
	e)	List any four functions of geosynthetics.	[4]
	f)	Write the advantages of grouting of soil.	[4]
		PART-B (3x16 = 48 Marks)	
2.	a)	What are the in situ conditions of soils which seek ground improvement? Write	
		the objectives of ground improvement.	[8]
	b)	Discuss the following ground improvement methods with clear mechanisms:	
		(i) stone columns (ii) lime columns.	[8]
3.	a)	Explain about single and multi stage well points.	[8]
٥.	b)	Discuss where the electro osmosis technique is effective. Write its benefits and	[o]
	0)	limitations.	[8]
			r
4.	a)	Why soils are to be stabilized? Discuss the principles of soil - fly ash	
		stabilization and associated benefits.	[8]
	b)	Discuss how effective is calcium chloride in stabilization of swelling soils.	[8]
5.	a)	Explain the design principles of reinforced earth walls	[8]
•	b)	Discuss about the soil nailing.	[8]
	,		
6.	a)	Discuss the application of geosynthetics as geomembrane for landfills and ponds.	[8]
	b)	Why slope stability is required to analyze? Discuss how geosynthetics control the	101
		slope failures.	[8]
7.	a)	Explain any three engineering applications of grouting which proves to be	
. •	,	effective?	[8]
	b)	Describe in detail the grouting with 'soil-cement mixes', 'cement', and 'lime'	
		grouts.	[8]

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Set No. 4

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov - 2018 GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. M				
		Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B		
		Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A		
		Answer any THREE questions from Part-B		

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		PART-A (22 Marks)		
1.	a)	List the shallow compaction techniques of soil modification.	[3]	
	b)	Write the objectives of dewatering of soil.	[3]	
	c)	Differentiate ground improvement by admixtures and densification methods.	[4]	
	d)	Write the properties of soil preferred for reinforced earth wall construction	[4]	
	e)	Write any four uses of geosynthetics in civil engineering.	[4]	
	f)	Write the objectives of grouting.	[4]	
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		$\mathbf{PART} - \mathbf{B} (3x16 = 48 Marks)$		
2	۵)			
2.	a)	Explain the terms Vibro-Compaction and Vibro-Replacement, highlighting the	FO.1	
		typical characteristics and the relative effectiveness of both the terms.	[8]	
	b)	Discuss the benefits and limitations of blasting method of soil densification.	[8]	
_			F03	
3.	a)	What is the principle involved in electro-osmosis? Explain.	[8]	
	b)	Describe with neat sketches the vacuum well point system of dewatering of soft		
		clays.	[8]	
4.	a)	What are the various admixtures used in stabilization of soil? Describe in detail		
		the engineering benefits of lime modification of soils.	[8]	
	b)	Discuss with suitable reasons the benefits that are derived by stabilising the soil		
		with granulated blast furnace slag.	[8]	
5.	a)	What is reinforced earth? What are the components involved in it.	[8]	
	b)	What are the stability checks in reinforced earth walls?	[8]	
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6.	a)	What are the different tests conducted on Geotextile materials and what		
	/	properties are evaluated from these tests.	[8]	
	b)	List the major functions that the Geotextiles are intended to perform.	[8]	
	U)	List the major runctions that the Geotextnes are intended to perform.	[O]	
7.	a)	Describe different grouting techniques depending upon the stabiliser used? Also		
٠.	a)	write their suitability for different soils.	[8]	
	b)			
	b)	What is post grout test? Discuss how it is performed.	[8]	