

Code No: R1642053

R16

Set No. 1

IV B.Tech II Semester Advanced Supplementary Examinations, Aug/Sep - 2022

MACHINE LEARNING

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B

Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A

Answer any FOUR questions from Part-B

PART-A (14 Marks)

1. a) Write a short note on types of predictive tasks. [3]
b) Write about bias and variance tradeoff. [3]
c) What is impurity? Discuss with any one measure. [2]
d) Write a short note on feature correlation. [2]
e) Discuss the role of Bayes-Optimality in model selection. [2]
f) What is dimensionality reduction? Give its importance in learning. [2]

PART-B (4x14 = 56 Marks)

2. a) With suitable example explain the task of binary classification. Discuss different quantities and evaluation measures for classifiers. [7]
b) Demonstrate the importance of scoring and ranking in assessing the performance of classification tasks. [7]
3. a) Explain the principles of unsupervised and descriptive learning with respect to clustering. [7]
b) What is version space? How to find the path with Most general consistent specialization? Give example. [7]
4. a) Write about the feature trees and functional modules used to grow the tree. [7]
b) Given set of transactions and items, find all association rules exceeding given support and confidence thresholds using association rule learning. [7]
5. a) Discuss various intuitions of Linear regression. How it handles the outliers? Explain with examples. [7]
b) Differentiate hierarchical clustering with distance based clustering. [7]
6. a) How logistic regression can be used in discriminative learning by optimizing conditional livelihoood? Explain the Training of a logistic regression model. [7]
b) Describe the operations of thresholding, recursive partitioning, Agglomerative merging, Normalisation and calibration feature transformations. [7]
7. Explain the following
a) Principle Component Analysis [5]
b) Back Propagation training algorithm for hidden neuron [5]
c) Back Propagation training algorithm for output neuron [4]

