Code No: R1622024 (R16) (SET - 1)

## II B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, November - 2019 CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

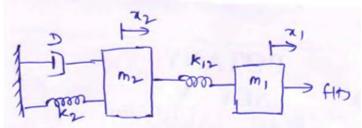
- 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
- 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

## PART -A

- 1. a) What are the merits and demerits of closed loop control systems.
  - b) Differentiate between transient response and steady state response with diagram.
  - c) States the Routh's stability criterion?
  - d) What is the procedure for investing stability using Nyquist criterion.
  - e) What are the most commonly used compensators in the design of control system.
  - f) Write the general procedure to determine the state space models of a control system.

## PART -B

- 2. a) Compare block diagram with signal flow graph methods.
  - b) Determine the transfer function of the system given in below figure.



- 3. a) What is meant by step input, ramp input and impulse input. How do you represent them graphically?
  - b) A unity feedback control system has an open loop transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+2)}$ Determine the time domain specifications for a step input of 12 units.
- 4. a) What do you mean by root locus? What are the merits, applications and limitations of root locus?
  - b) Determine the stability of a closed loop control system whose characteristic equation is

$$s^5 + 3s^4 + 2s^3 + 6s^2 + 6s + 9 = 0$$

- 5. a) Derive the expression for frequency domain specifications.
  - b) Draw the polar plot for the transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{1}{s(2+s)(1+s)}$ . Determine the frequency at which the plot crosses the real axis and the corresponding  $|G(j\omega)|$ .
- A unit feedback system has an open loop transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+4)(s+2)}$ . Design a phase lag compensator to meet the specifications, velocity error constant = 7 and phase margin  $\geq 35^{\circ}$
- 7. a) Define the following terms with respect to phase variable approach i) State, ii) State variable, iii) state model and iv) State equations
  - b) The state equation of the LTIV system are given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- i. Find the State Transition Matrix
- ii. Find the solution for y(t) and
- iii. If a unit step is given to input, what will be the behavior of the output?