# III B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2018 OPERATIONS RESEARCH

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

- 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
- 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

### PART - A

1 a) Write the classification of OR models.

[2M]

b) Explain the use of vogel's approximate method?

[3M]

c) Explain replacement situations giving an example for each of them.

- [2M]
- d) What is a rectangular game? Define pure strategy and mixed strategy in a game.
- [2M]

e) What are the types of inventory?f) What is meant by Monte Carlo simulation?

[3M]

[7M]

#### PART – B

What do you mean by LPP? What are its limitations? Use penalty (or Big-M) method [14M] to maximize  $z = 3x_1 - x_2$ 

Subject to the constraints

$$2x_1 + x_2 \ge 2$$
;  $x_1 + 3x_2 \le 3$ ;  $x_2 \le 4$   $x_1$ ,  $x_2 \ge 0$ .

3 a) Find the optimum solution to the transportation problem given in the Table for which the cost, origin-availabilities, and destination-requirements are given. [7M]

	D1	D2	D3	D4	Supply
O1	5	3	6	2	19
O2	4	7	9	1	37
O3	3	4	7	5	34
Demand	16	18	31	25	90

b) Six jobs go first over Machine-I and then over Machine-II. The orders of completion of jobs have no significance. The following gives the machine times in hours for six jobs and the two machines.

Find the

Job	1	2	3	4	5	6
Machine I	5	9	4	7	8	6
Machine II	7	4	8	3	9	5

Optimal total time and the idle times of the machine.

- 4 a) Find the cost period of individual replacement of an installation of 300 lighting bulbs, [7M] given the following:
  - i) Cost of replacing individual bulb is Rs. 3
  - ii) Conditional probability of failure is given below:

Week nun	ber:		0	1	2	3	4
Condition	al probability	of	0	1/10	1/3	2/3	0
failure:							

**SET - 1** 

b) Explain the replacement procedure for the items that deteriorate with time with an example. [7M]

5 a) Solve the following game graphically.

[7M]

	Player	В
	1	2
	5	4
Play	-7	9
er A	-4	-3
	2	1

b) Write the assumptions made in game theory.

[7M]

[8M]

A manufacturer purchases items in lots 0f 800 units which is a four months requirement. The cost per unit is Rs. 100 and the ordering cost is Rs. 120 per patch order. The inventory carrying cost is estimated as 20% of the average inventory investment. i) Determine the annual variable cost managing the inventory. ii) How much saving can be obtained from the EOQ purchases?

b) Describe the EOQ problem with one price break.

[6M]

7 a) Explain the principal features of simulation languages.

[6M]

b) Apply Dynamic programming to Max  $Z=2x_1+3x_2$ subjected to  $x_1+2x_2 \le 4$  [8M]

 $2x_1+x_2 \le 3 \text{ and } x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

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	3. Ansv	ver any	FOUR	Questic	ons fron	n <b>Part</b> -l	B ~~~~~	~~~~		
			P	ART –	A					
a)	What are the limitations	of LP p	roblem	?						[2
b)	Give the mathematical f			_	-		1			[3
c)	Discuss briefly the various	ous type	s of rep	laceme	nt probl	ems.				[2
d)	Give some important ap	plicatio	ns of qu	ieuing t	heory in	n indust	tries.			[2
e)	Describe the basic chara	acteristic	es of an	invento	ory syste	em.				[3
f)	Distinguish between ma	themati	cal mod	dels and	simula	tion mo	dels.			[2
			P	ART –	В					
	Maximize $Z=5x_1-4x_2+$	-3x <sub>3</sub> Sub	-							[14
			-	$x_2 - 6x_3 =$						
				$5x_2 + 10x$						
				$x_2 + 6x_3$						
a)	Briefly explain the H	ungaria	-	$x_2, x_3 \ge$		with e	vamnle	Also x	write the	EC
a)	Differry explain the fr		ı ıvıcu	iou pri	JCCUUIC	willi C	Aamon			
	· -			•					write the	[8
b)	assumptions.	_		-			-			
b)	· -	_		-			-			
b) a)	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?	? How	do yo	ou ove	rcome	degene	racy ir	ı transı	oortation	[8 [6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy	? How	do yo	ou ove	rcome	degene	eracy ir	ı transı	oortation	
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems? A machine owner find	? How	do yo	ou ove	rcome	degene	eracy ir	ı transı	oortation	[6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?  A machine owner find a machine whose pure	? How	do yo his past ce is R	ou ove	rcome s that th '- are as	degene e costs given l	per yea	n transp	ntaining	[6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems? A machine owner find a machine whose pure Year	? How less from less pri	do yohis past ce is R 2	records s. 6000/ 3	s that th	degene e costs given l	per yea below.	r of mai	entaining 8 4000	[6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?  A machine owner find a machine whose pure Year  Maintenance	? How  Is from lehase pri	do yohis past ce is R	records 6000/	s that th	degene e costs given l	per yea	r of mai	entaining 8	[6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?  A machine owner find a machine whose pure Year  Maintenance cost Resale price	? How ds from hase pri 1 1000 3000	do yo his past ce is R 2 1200 1500	records s. 6000/ 3 1400	s that th	degene e costs given l	per yea below.	r of mai	entaining 8 4000	[6
a)	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?  A machine owner find a machine whose pure Year  Maintenance cost Resale price  Determine at what age	? How thase pri 1 1000 3000 e a repla	do yo his past ce is R 2 1200 1500 cement	records 6000/3 1400 750 is due.	s that th - are as 4 1800	degene e costs given l 5 2300 200	per yea below. 6 2800 200	7 3400 200	entaining 8 4000 200	[6
,	assumptions. What is degeneracy problems?  A machine owner find a machine whose pure Year  Maintenance cost Resale price	? How thase pri 1 1000 3000 e a repla	do yo his past ce is R 2 1200 1500 cement	records 6000/3 1400 750 is due.	s that th - are as 4 1800	degene e costs given l 5 2300 200	per yea below. 6 2800 200	7 3400 200	entaining 8 4000 200	[6

b) Solve the following game using dominance principle.

Tollowing g	unic using c	the using dominance principle.							
	Player B								
		1	2	3	4				
	I	19	6	7	5				
Player A	II	7	3	14	6				
	III	12	8	18	4				
	IV	8	7	13	_1				

6 a) What are costs that are involved in carrying inventory? Explain them in detail.

[7M]

[7M]

b) A small firm producing automobile brake linings estimates the steel requirements for the next year's production at 6000 Kg. The cost of carrying steel in inventories works out to Rs 1 per Kg. per month. The cost of ordering works out at Rs 100 per order. If the cost per kg of steel is Rs 100, find out the economic order quantity, the number of orders per year, and total cost incurred by the firm for one year.

[14M]

A. distance network consists of eleven nodes which are distributed as shown in figure 1. Find the shortest path from node 1 to node 11 and also the corresponding distances.

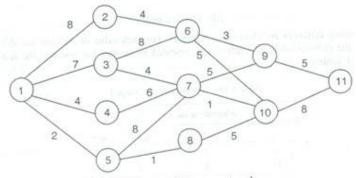


Figure .1 Distance network.

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- TD		(Mechanical Engineering)	70
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		PART – A	
	a)	What is its significance in simplex method of solving LPP?	[2
	b)	Give the mathematical formulation of transportation problem.	[2
	c)	Explain the methodology of solving replacement problems.	[2
	d)	What is a rectangular game?	[2
	e)	Derive the mathematical equation for EOQ. What are the assumptions involved?	[3
	f)	What is dynamic programming?	[3
		PART – B	
	a)	A company is manufacturing two different types of products, A and B. Each product has to be processes on two machines $M_1$ and $M_2$ , Product A requires 2 hours on machine $M_1$ and 1 hour on machine $M_2$ , product B requires 1 hour on machine $M_1$ and 2 hours on machine $M_2$ . The available capacity of machine $M_1$ is 104 hours and that of machine $M_2$ is 76 hours. Profit per unit for product A is Rs.6 and that for B is Rs.11. Calculate i) Formulate the problem ii) Find out the optimal solution by Simplex method.	8]
	b)	Briefly explain the applications of Operation Research.	[6
	a)	What is sequencing problem? Explain the following terms in context of sequence	[8
		problems: i) Total elapsed time and Idle time ii) no passing rule iii) processing order.	F /
	b)	Write the LP formulation of a transportation problem.	[6
		The failure rates of 1000 street bulbs in a colony are summarized in following table Failure Rates of Street Bulbs	[14
		End of month 1 2 3 4 5 6	
		Probability of failure to date 0.05 0.20 0.40 0.65 0.85 1.00	
		The cost of replacing an individual bulb is Rs.60. If all the bulbs are replaced	
		simultaneously it would cost Rs. 25 per bulb. Any one of the following two options can be followed to replace the bulbs.	
		i) Replace the bulbs individually when they fail (individual replacement policy).	
		ii) Replace all the bulbs simultaneously at fixed intervals and replace the individual	
		bulbs as and when they fail in service during the fixed interval (group replacement policy). Find out the optimal replacement policy, i.e. individual replacement policy or	
		group replacement policy If group replacement policy is optimal, then find at what equal intervals should all the bulbs be replaced?	

5 a) The payoff matrix of a game is given. Find the solution of the game to the player A [7M] and B.

			Play	er B		
		I	II	III	IV	V
	I	-2	0	0	5	3
Player A	II	3	2	1	2	2
	III	-4	-3	0	-2	6
	IV	5	3	-4	2	-6

b) Explain the theory of dominance in the solution of rectangular games.

[7M]

[14M]

- Determine a decision rule using the basic purchasing EOQ model for annual demand of 20,000 units, ordering cost of Rs.200 per order and carrying cost of 10% per year. The basic price is Rs.8.00 per unit. This price is in effect of all orders of less than 5000 units. Orders for 5000 or more but less than 10000 units may be purchased for Rs.7.50 per unit. Orders for 10000 or more units may be purchased for Rs.7.25 per unit.
- 7 a) Discuss the types of simulation models.

[7M]

b) Solve the following problem by using dynamic programming:

[7M]

Max. 
$$Z= 2x_1 + 9x_2$$
  
subject to  
 $2x_1 + x_2 \le 25$   
 $x_2 \le 11$   
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ .

[7M]

[7M]

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### PART - A

- 1 a) State the general linear programming problem (LPP) and put it in the standard [3M] form.
  - b) What is meant by an optimality test in a transportation problem? [2M]
  - c) What are the situations which make the replacement of items necessary? [2M]
  - d) Name a few applications of queuing in mechanical engineering. [2M]
  - e) Explain the significance of EOQ. [2M]
  - f) What are the demerits of dynamic programming? [3M]

## PART - B

Old hens can be bought at Rs 30 each and young ones at Rs 50 each. The old hens lay 3 eggs per week and the young ones lay 6 eggs per week, each egg being worth Rs.1.75 paise. A hen (young or old) costs Rs 3 per week to feed. I have only Rs. 100 to spend for hens. How many of each kind should I buy to give a profit of more than Rs 6 per week, assuming that I cannot house more than 20 hens?

b) Minimize  $Z = x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3$ , [7M]

Subject to: 
$$3x_1-x_2+3x_3 \le 7$$
  
 $-2x_1+4x_2 \le 12$ 

 $-4x_1+3x_2+8x_3 \le 10$ , and  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$  Solve the problem

by using simplex method.

Consider the problem of assigning five operators to five machines. The assignment [14M] costs are given in below table.

	$M_1$	$M_2$	$M_3$	$M_4$	$M_5$
A	7	7	-	4	8
В	9	6	4	5	6
С	11	5	7	-	5
D	9	4	8	9	4
Е	8	7	9	11	11

Operator A cannot be assigned to machine  $M_3$  and operator C cannot be assigned to machine  $M_4$ . Find the optimum assignment schedule.

4 a) Alpha Castings Private Limited, a small scale industry purchases a generator for Rs. 20,000. The operation cost is Rs. 2000 during the first year of its operation and it increases by Rs. 1000 every year thereafter. The maintenance cost is Rs. 200 during the first year of its operation and it increases by Rs. 100 every year thereafter. The purchase of this generator is through an interest free loan sanctioned for this company by Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation. Find the economic life of the generator.

b) The initial cost of an item is Rs.20,000 and maintenance and running cost (in Rs) [7M] for different years are given below:

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Running	3000	3500	4500	5500	6500	8500	10500
Cost							

What is the replacement policy to be adopted If the capital worth is 15% and there is no salvage value?

5 Solve the following game using dominance principle. a)

[8M]

			Player	В	
		1	2	3	4
	I	19	6	7	5
Player A	II	7	3	14	6
	III	12	8	18	4
	IV	8	7	13	-1

Explain the following: (i) Saddle point (ii) Two-person zero -sum game. b)

[6M]

Annual demand for an item is 6000 units. Ordering cost is Rs. 600 per order. a) Inventory carrying cost is 18% of the purchase price/unit/year. The price breakups are as shown below.

[7M]

Quantity	Price (in Rs.) Per unit
$0 \le Q_1 < 2000$	20
$2000 \le Q_2 < 4000$	15
$4000 \leq Q_3$	9

Find the optimal order size.

b) Derive the mathematical equation for EOQ. What are the assumptions involved? [7M]

7 Solve the following linear programming problem by dynamic programming [10M] a) approach. Maximize  $Z = 2x_1 + 5x_2$ ,

Subject to the constraints

$$2x_1+x_2 \le 43$$
  
 $2x_2 \le 46$   
 $x_1 \ge 0$ ,  $x_2 \ge 0$ .

b) Explain briefly the advantages and the disadvantages of simulation. [4M]