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/*
Adapted From: Analog Input by David Cuartielles and Tom Igoe
Author: Malcolm Knapp
Project: Light Sensor to LED
Date: 4/10/14
Version: 0.1
Description: This code shows how to use a light sensor to control
             the blink rate of a LED.

*/
// ----- included libraries -----
// None - include new libraries here

// ----- hardware pin defines -----
int sensorPin = A0; // select the input pin for the light sensor
int ledPin = 13; // select the pin for the LED

// ----- variable initialization -----
int sensorValue = 0; // variable to store the value coming from the sensor
int delayTime = 0; //variable that holds the delay time in milliseconds
int scaling = 1;
int maxValue = 300;
int minValue = 750;

// ----- library initialization -----
// None - initialize new libraries here

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  //----- hardware declaration -----
  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
}

void loop() {
  // Input
  sensorValue = analogRead(sensorPin);
  // Debugging
  Serial.print("Sensor value: "); Serial.println(sensorValue);

  // Processing
  //Scaling
  delayTime = map (sensorValue, minValue, maxValue, 0, 1023);
  Serial.print ("Delay in milliseconds: "); Serial.println (delayTime);

  // Output
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // turn the ledPin on
  delay(delayTime);
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // turn the ledPin off:
  delay(delayTime);
}
```

```
/*
Adapted From: Analog Input by David Cuartielles and Tom Igoe
Author: Malcolm Knapp
Project: Light Sensor to Servo
Date: 4/10/14
Version: 0.1
Description: This code shows how to use a light sensor to control
             the "blink" rate of a servo. In this case "blink" means
             moving between two positions.

*/
// ----- included libraries -----
#include <Servo.h>

// ----- hardware pin defines -----
int sensorPin = A0; // select the input pin for the light sensor

// ----- variable initialization -----
int sensorValue = 0; // variable to store the value coming from the sensor
int delayTime = 0; //variable that holds the delay time in milliseconds
int scaling = 1;
int maxValue = 300;
int minValue = 750;

// ----- library initialization -----
Servo myservo; // create servo object to control a servo a maximum of eight servo objects can be created

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  // ----- hardware connections -----
  myservo.attach(9); // attaches the servo on pin 9 to the servo object
}

void loop() {
  // Input
  sensorValue = analogRead(sensorPin);
  // Debugging
  Serial.print("Sensor value: "); Serial.println(sensorValue);

  // Processing
  //Scaling
  delayTime = map (sensorValue, minValue, maxValue, 200, 1023);
  Serial.print ("Delay in milliseconds: "); Serial.println (delayTime);

  // Output
  myservo.write(155);
  delay(delayTime);
  myservo.write(30);
  delay(delayTime);
}
```