

The Remote Control Cardboard Box

Gil, Kevin, and J.D.
December 2015

Arduino & Code

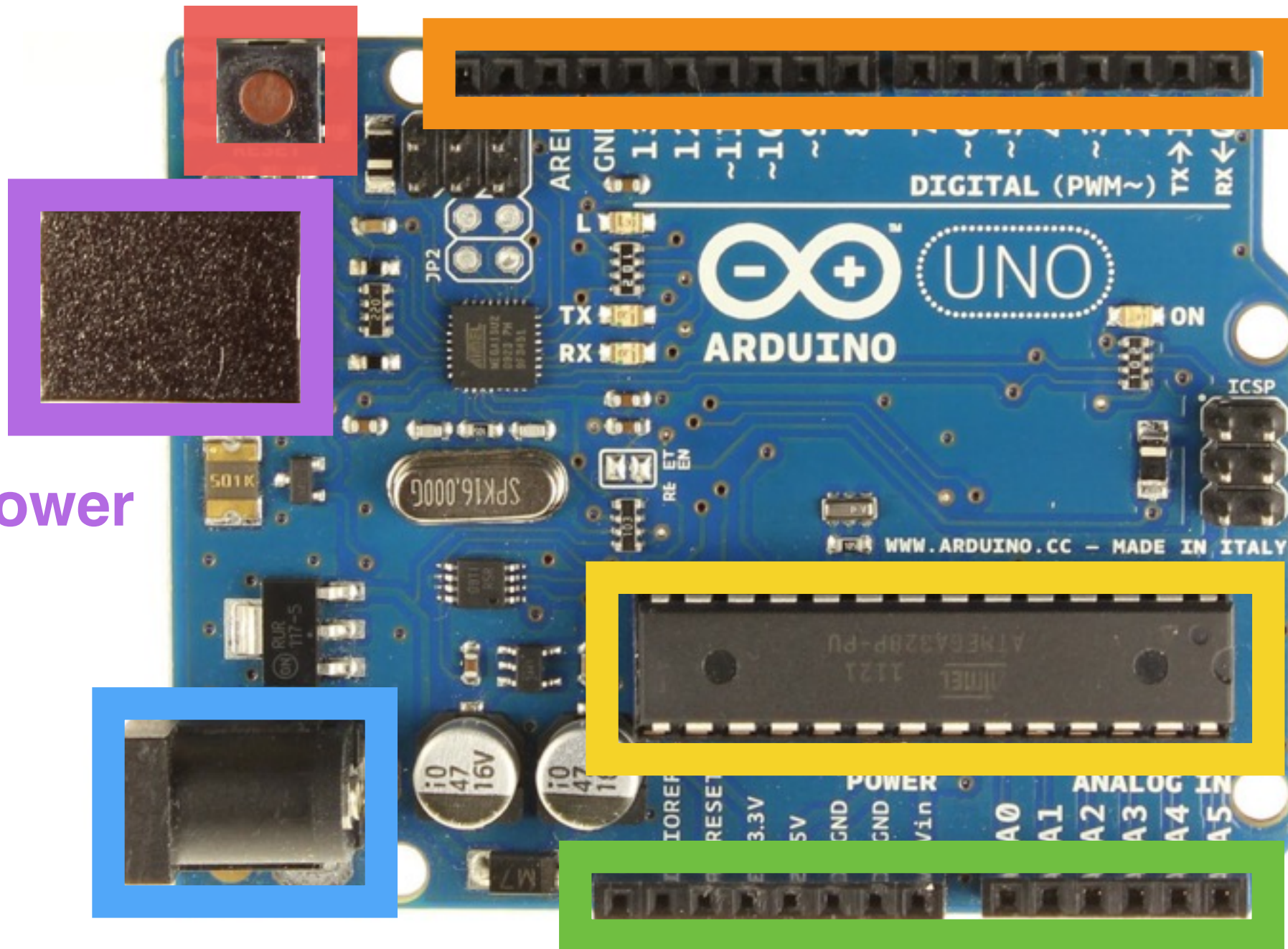
Motor Control

Remote Control

Merging & Integration

Reset Button

Digital Inputs & Outputs



USB / Power

ATmega 328

DC Power

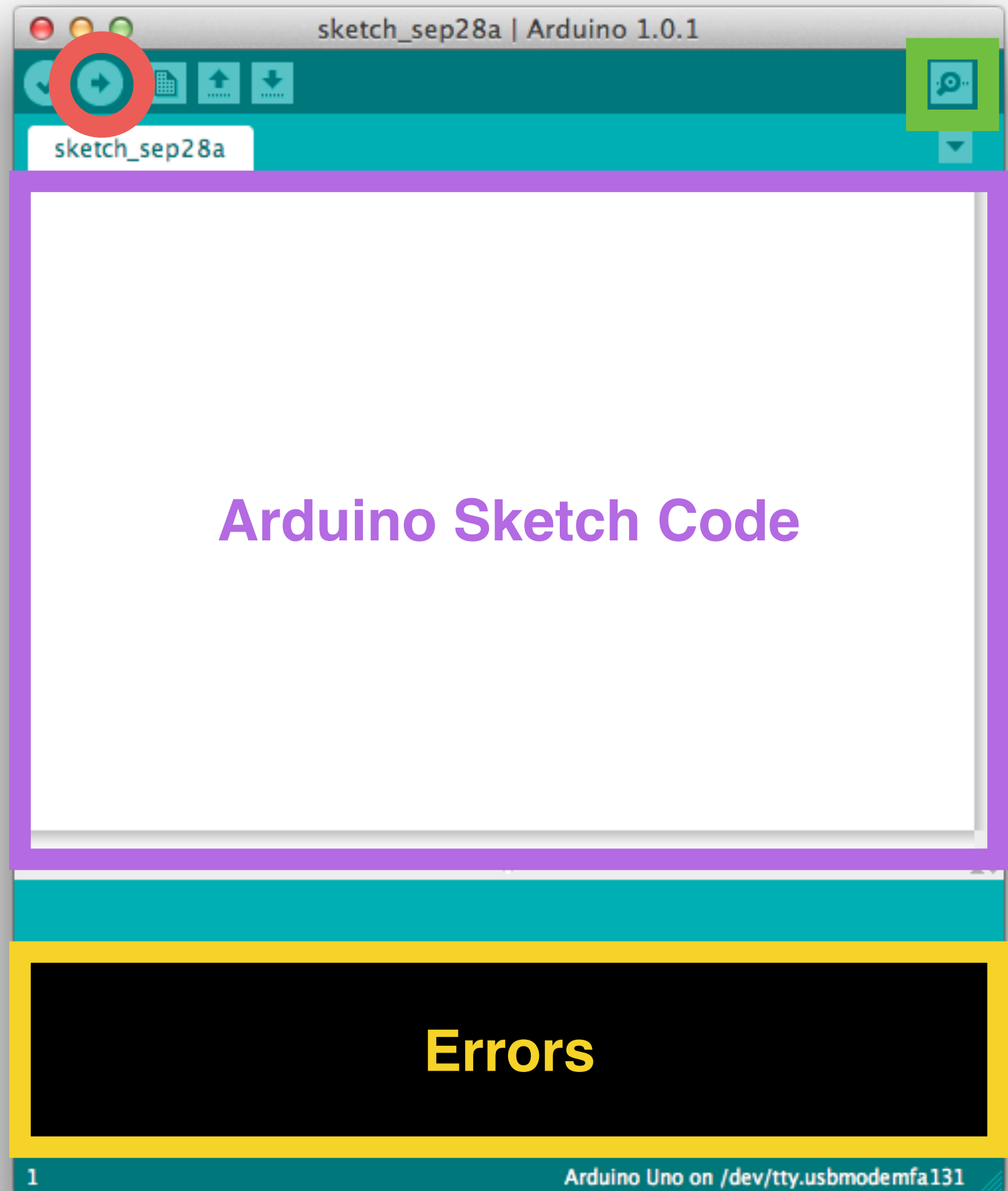
Power & Analog Inputs

Arduino Hardware: UNO

Arduino Software

Upload

Serial Monitor



Anatomy of a Sketch

/*

Start Comment

Blink

Turns on an LED on for one second, then off for one second, repeatedly.

This example code is in the public domain.

*/

End Comment

Descriptive Comment

Start Comment

//

the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board

```
void setup() {
```

```
  // initialize digital pin 13 as an output.
```

```
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
```

```
}
```

Line Comments

```
// the loop function runs over and over again forever
```

```
void loop() {
```

```
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
```

```
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second
```

```
  digitalWrite(13, LOW);  // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
```

```
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second
```

```
}
```

File > Examples > Basics > Blink

Anatomy of a Sketch

```
/*  
  Blink  
  Turns on an LED on for one second, then off for one second, repeatedly.  
  
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void setup() {  
  // initialize digital pin 13 as an output.  
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);  
}  
  
// the loop function runs over and over again forever  
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)  
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second  
  digitalWrite(13, LOW);  // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW  
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second  
}
```

File > Examples > Basics > Blink

Anatomy of a Sketch

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}
```

Hey Arduino,
here's how you **setup**

Code block for **setup**

File > Examples > Basics > Blink

Anatomy of a Sketch

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void setup() {
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```
  // pin 13 as an output.
```

```
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);  
}
```

Hey Arduino,
here's how you **loop**

```
// the loop function runs over and over again forever
```

```
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)  
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second  
  digitalWrite(13, LOW);  // making the voltage LOW  
  delay(1000);             // wait for a second  
}
```

Code block for **loop**

File > Examples > Basics > Blink

Electronics is...

Moving Charge



Highly energetic charge particle

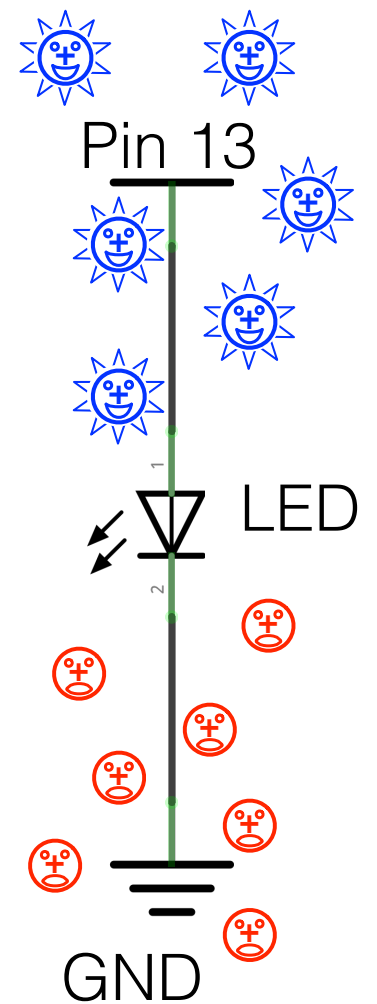
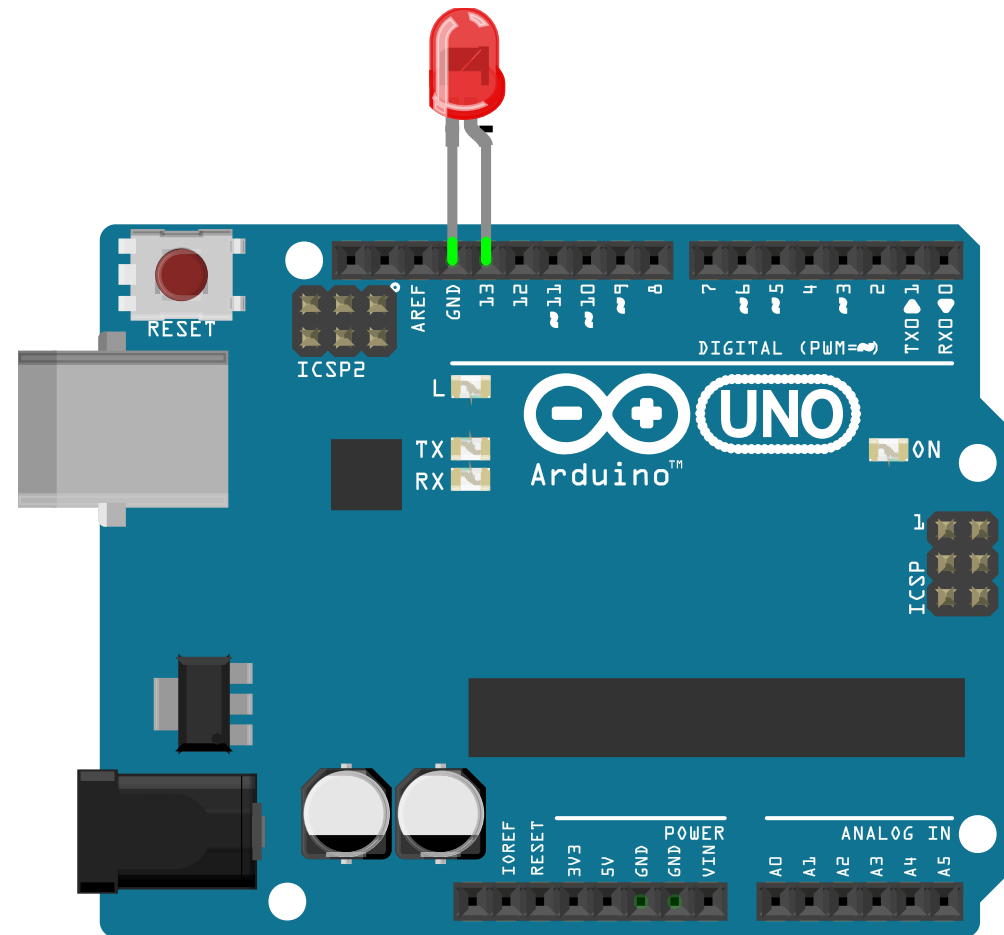
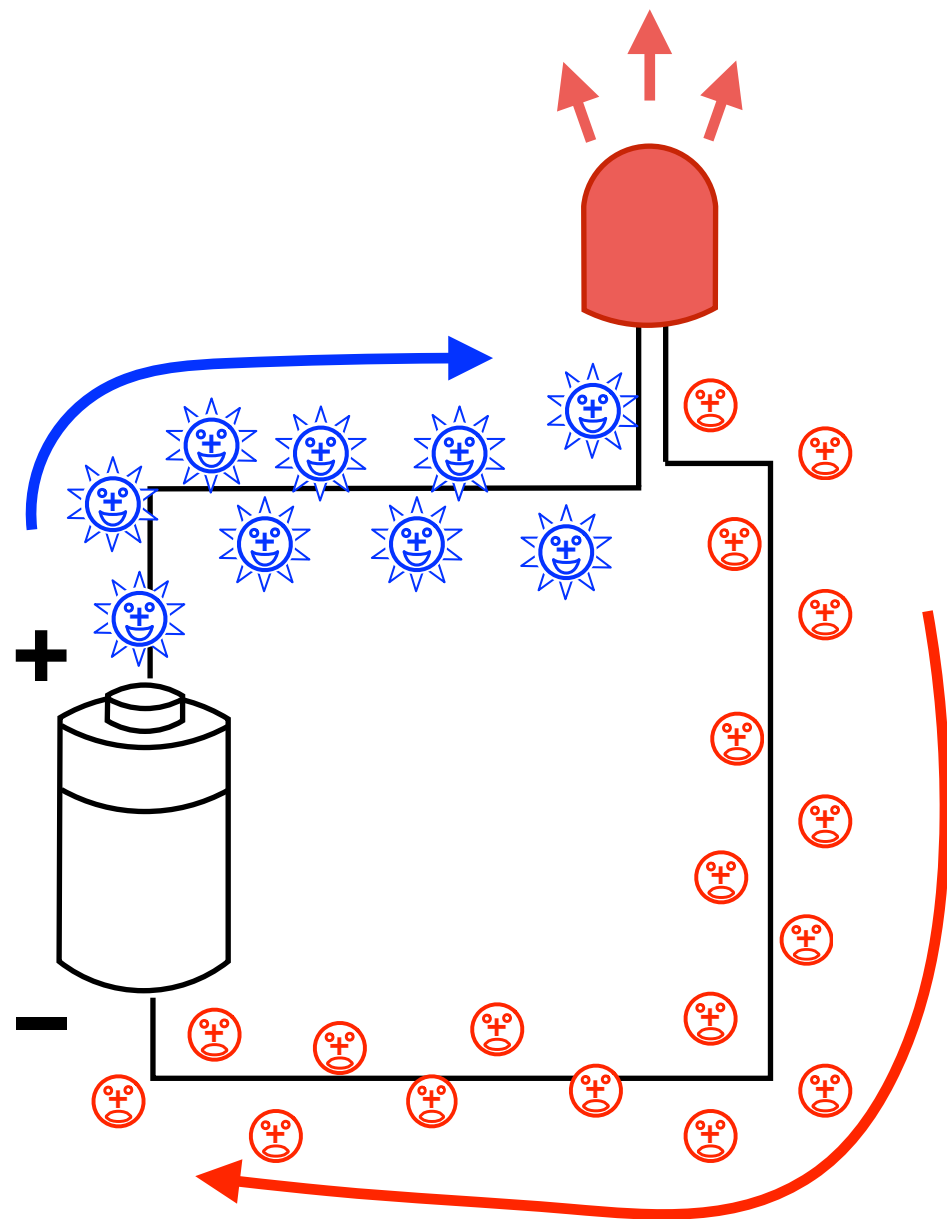


Less energetic charge particle



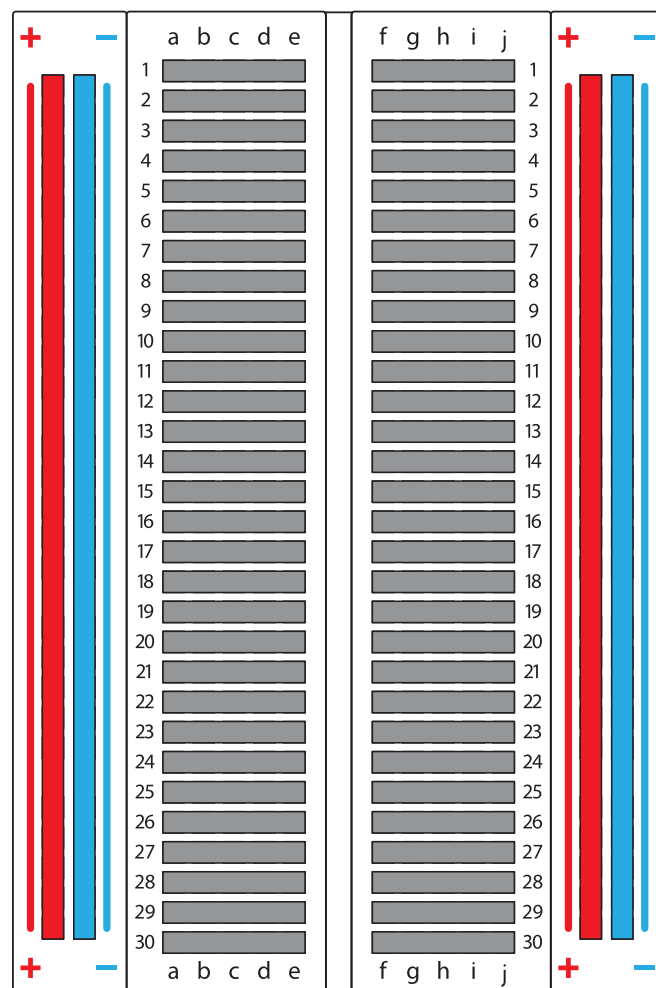
Exhausted charge particle

Simple Circuit

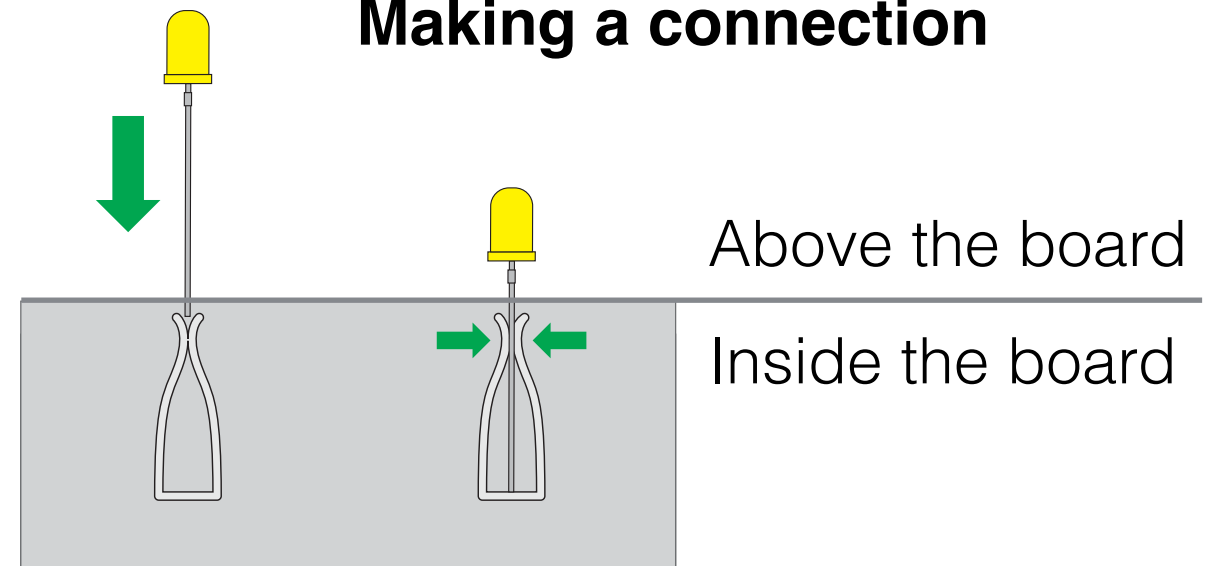


The Breadboard

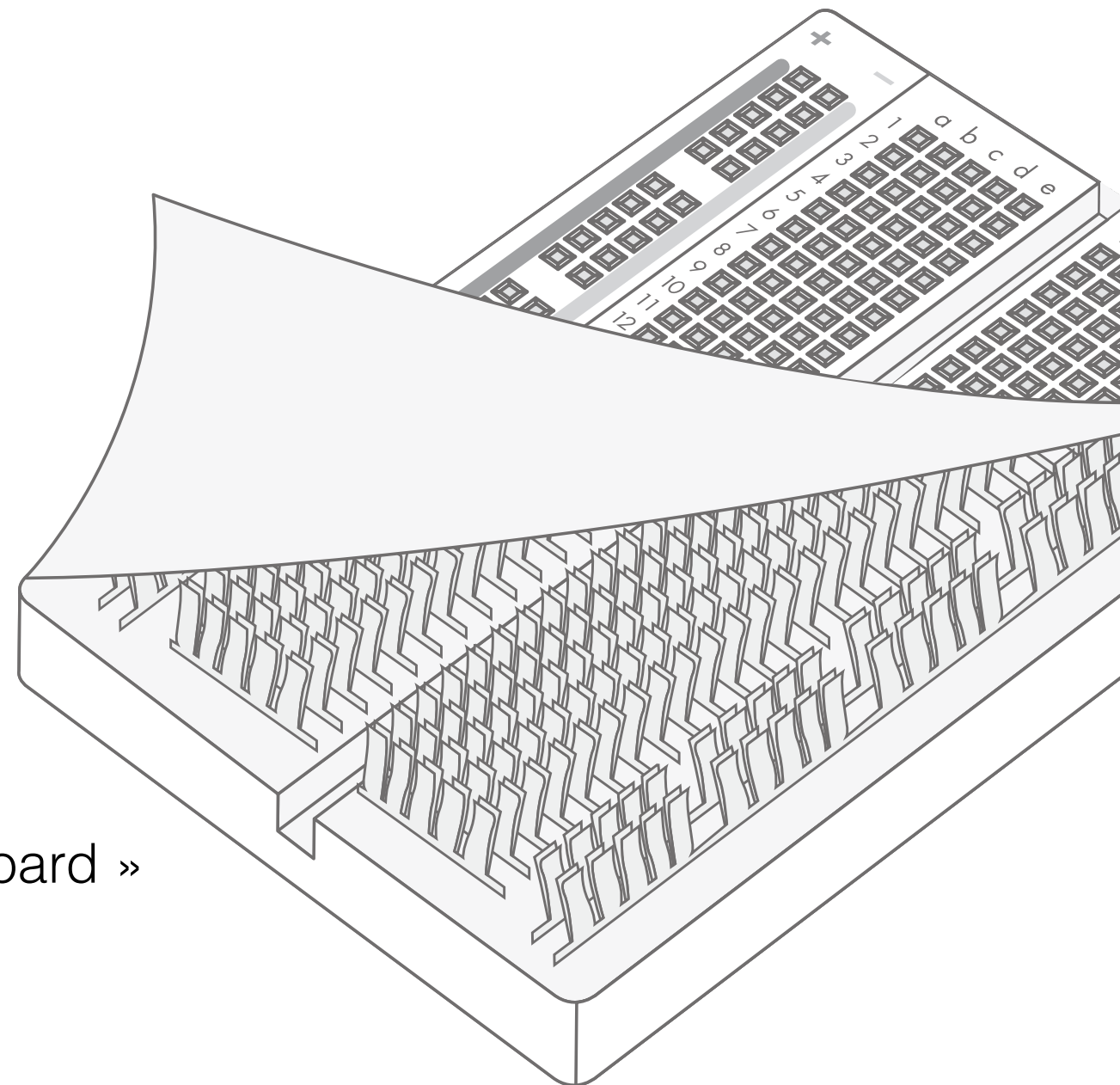
- + Runs power along column
- Runs ground along column
- Each numbered row has 5 *connected* sockets



Making a connection



Inside the board »



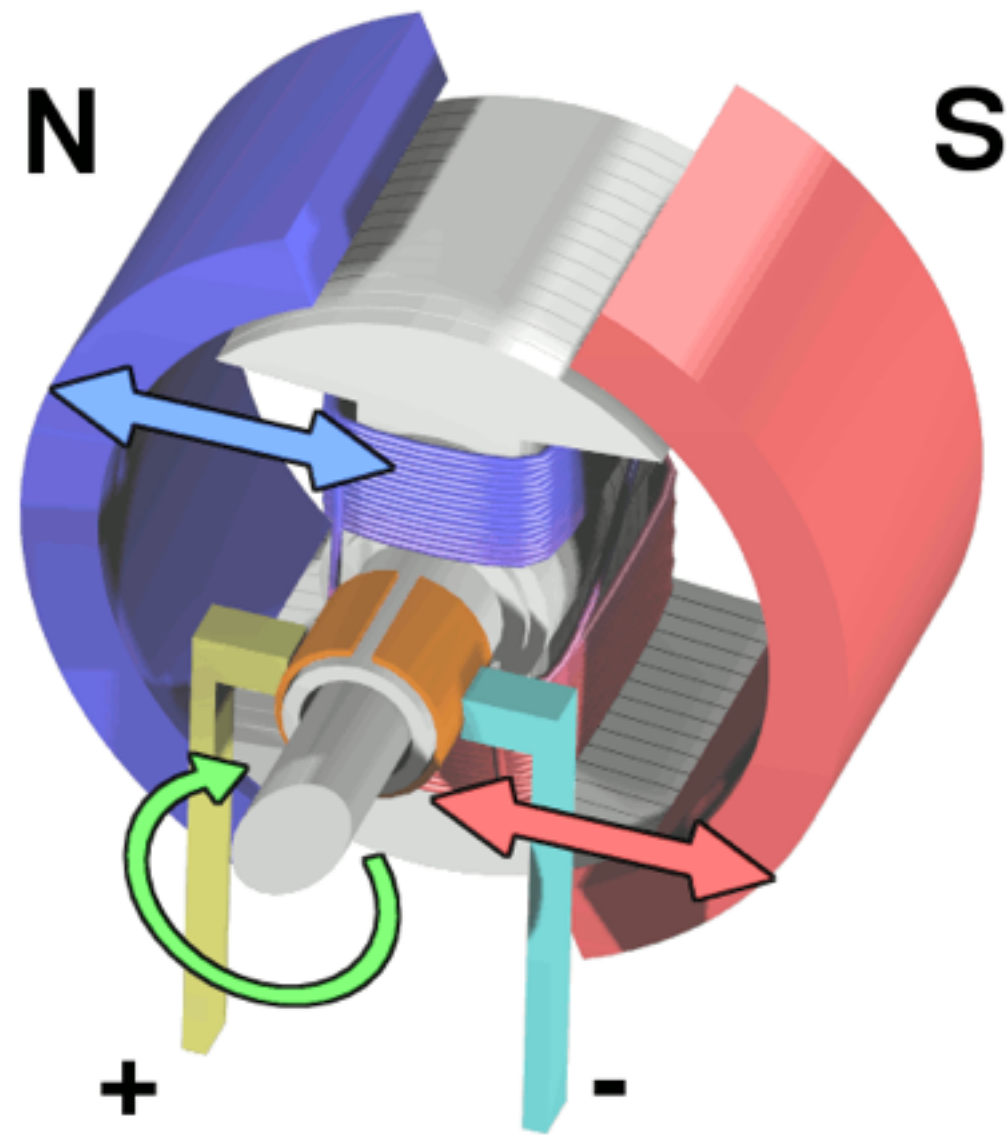
Arduino & Code

Motor Control

Remote Control

Merging & Integration

Electric Motor



[wikipedia]

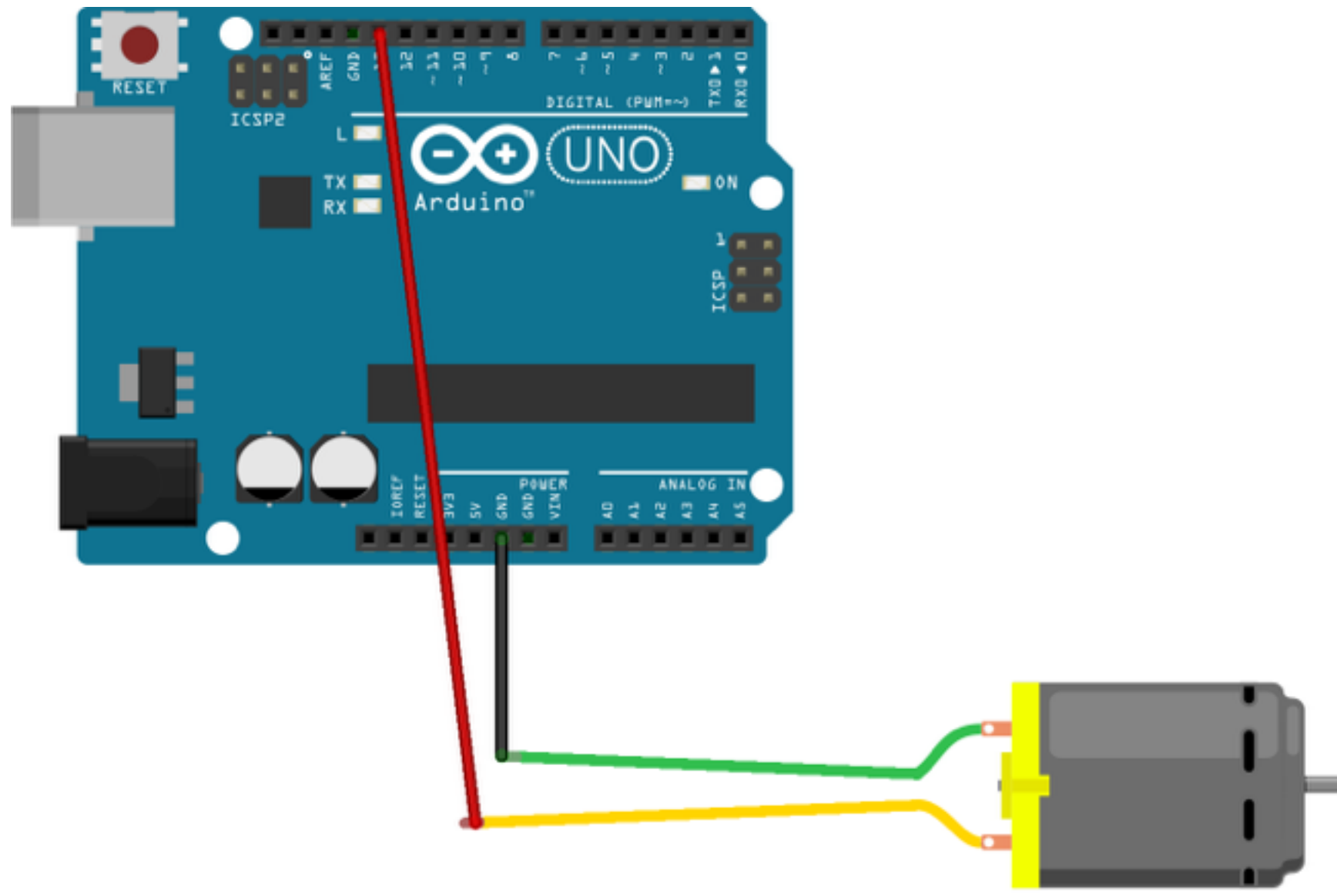
The Gearmotor

DC Motor

Gearbox



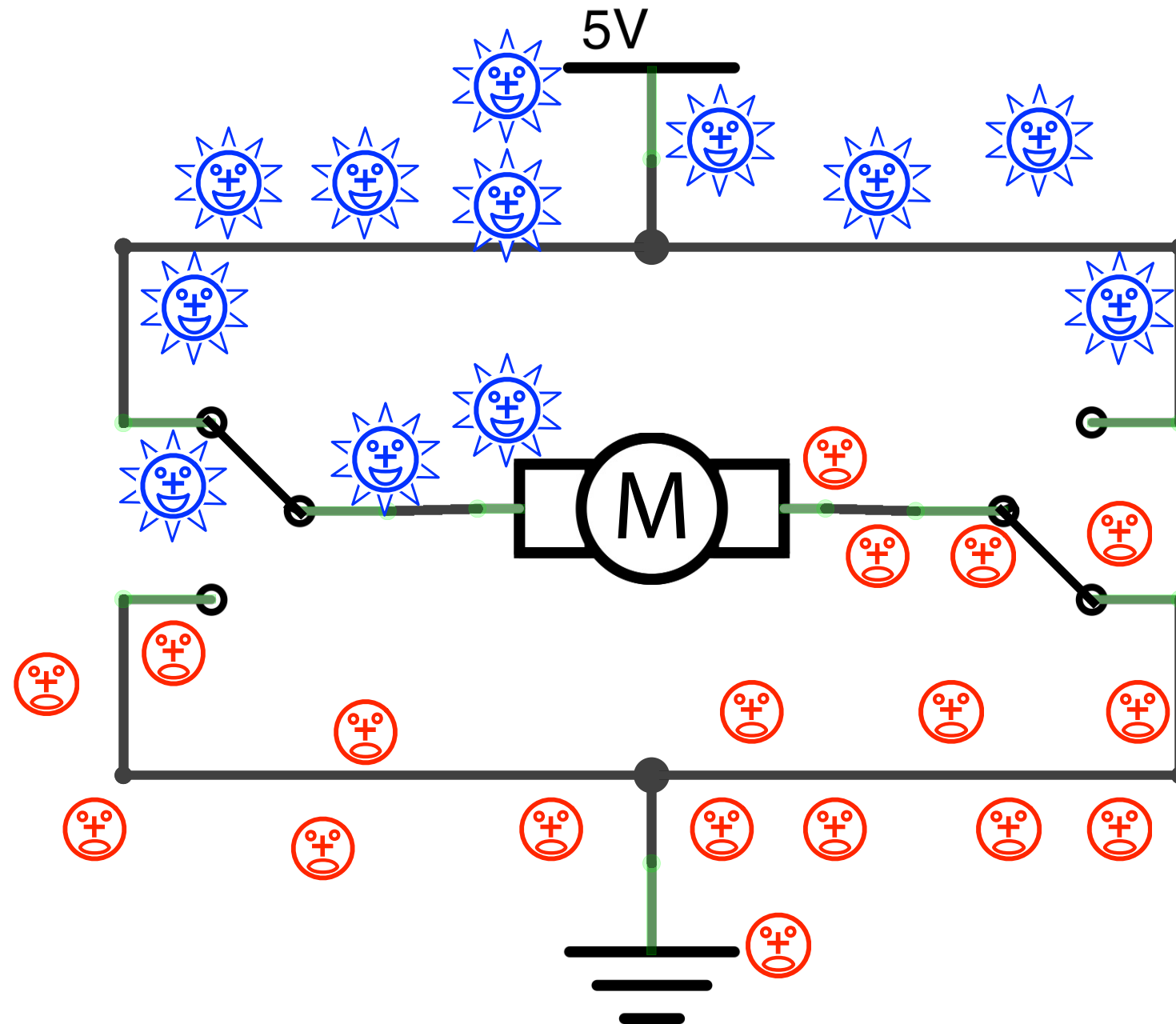
Testing the Motor



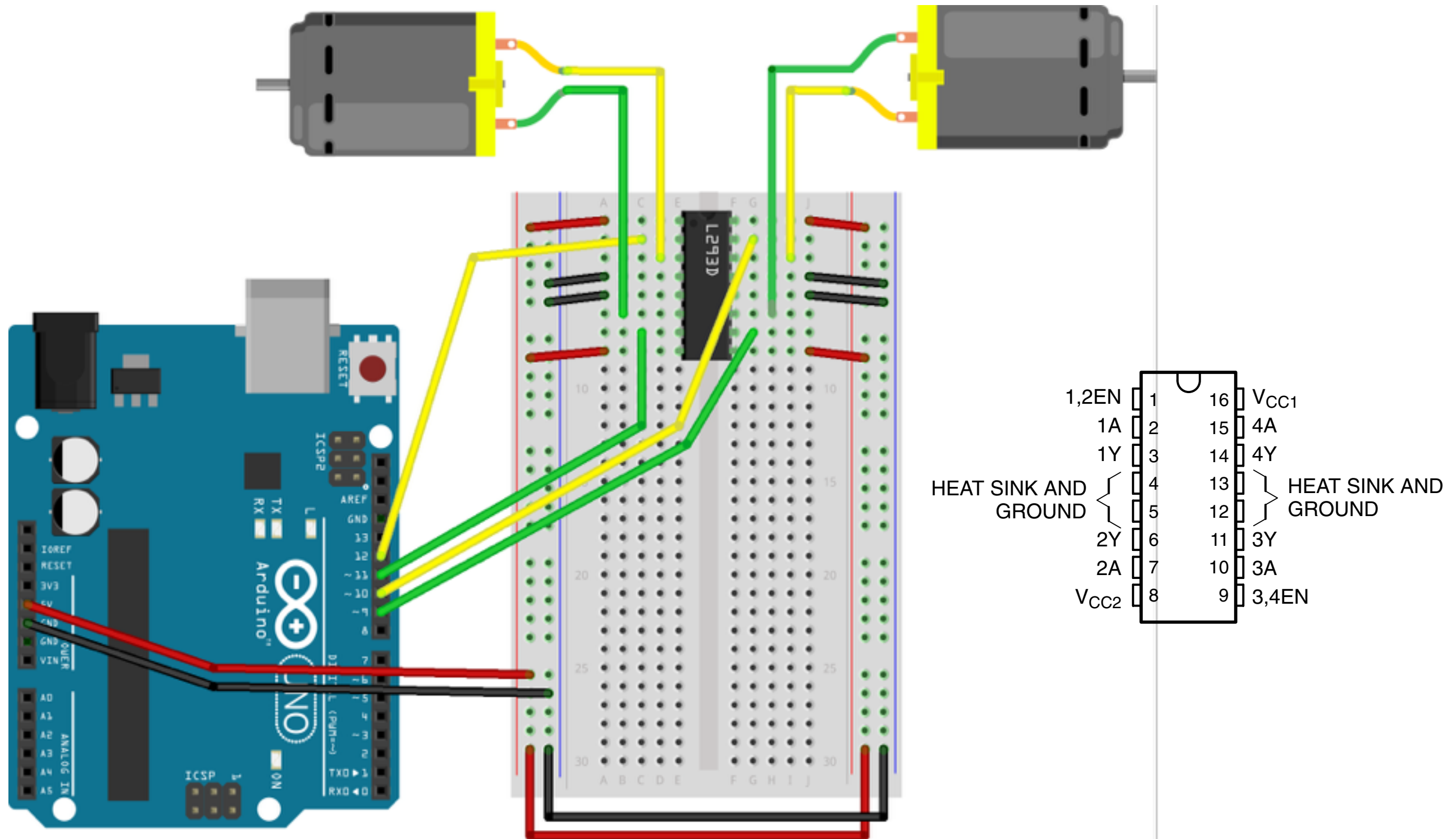


problem?

Pin-controlled Switch!



Motor Driver



Motor Programming

```
/*
  Motor Tester

  Scaffolding to figure out
  motor directions.
*/

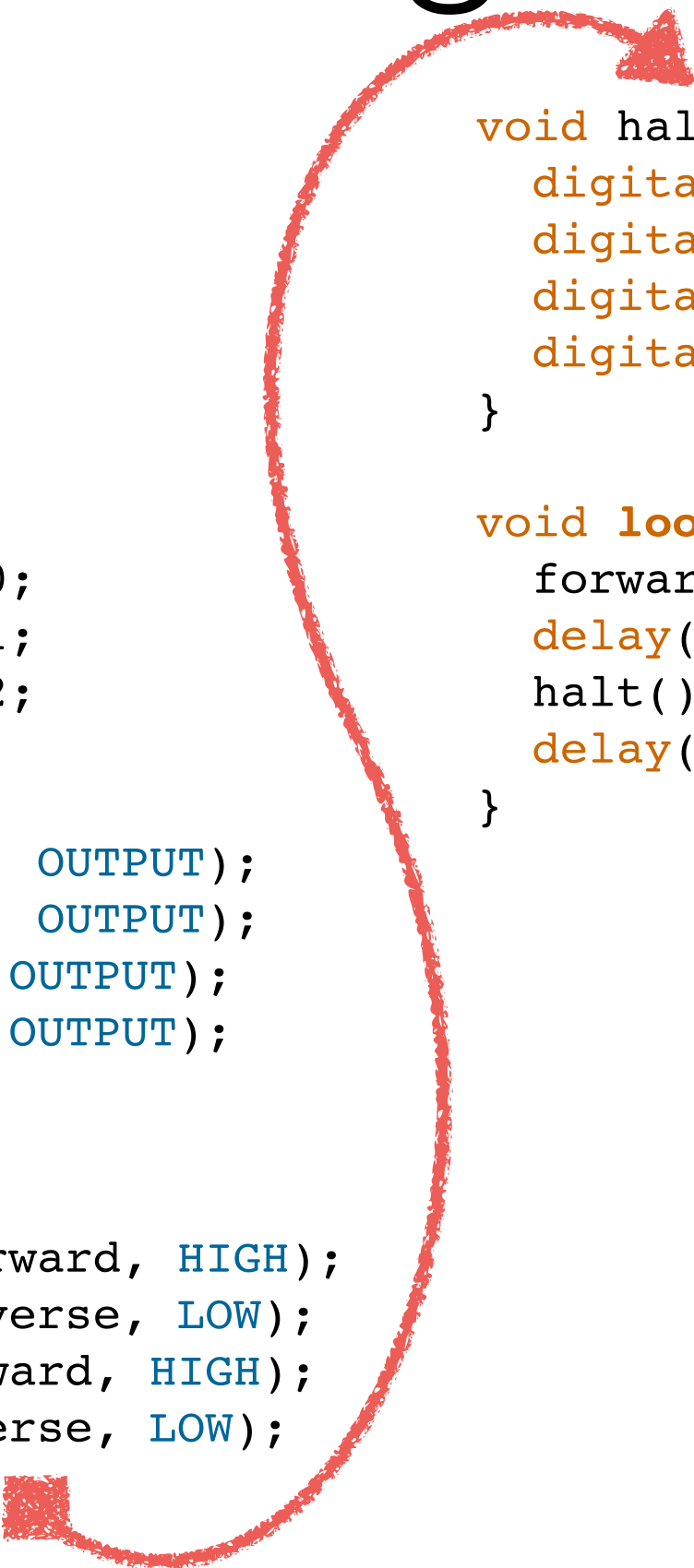
int motorRightForward    = 9;
int motorRightReverse    = 10;
int motorLeftForward     = 11;
int motorLeftReverse     = 12;

void setup() {
  pinMode(motorRightForward, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(motorRightReverse, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(motorLeftForward, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(motorLeftReverse, OUTPUT);
}

void forward() {
  digitalWrite(motorRightForward, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(motorRightReverse, LOW);
  digitalWrite(motorLeftForward, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(motorLeftReverse, LOW);
}
```

```
void halt() {
  digitalWrite(motorRightForward, LOW);
  digitalWrite(motorRightReverse, LOW);
  digitalWrite(motorLeftForward, LOW);
  digitalWrite(motorLeftReverse, LOW);
}

void loop() {
  forward();
  delay(1000);
  halt();
  delay(1000);
}
```



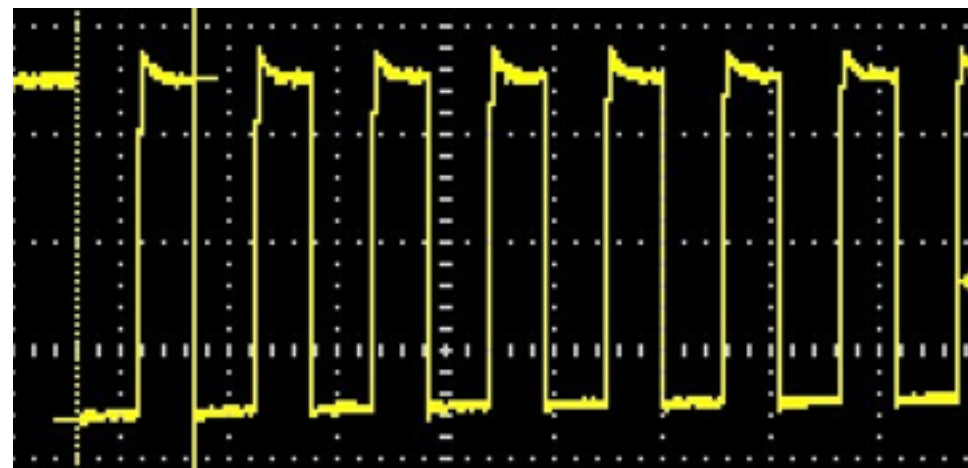
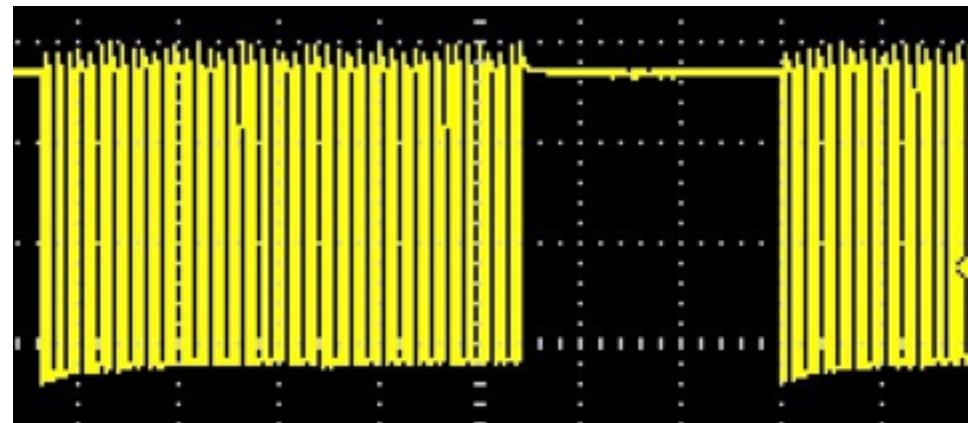
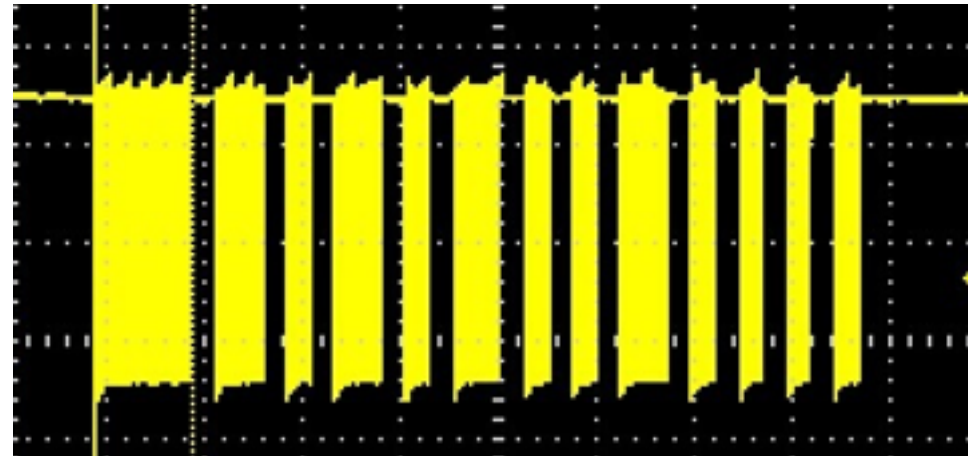
Arduino & Code

Motor Control

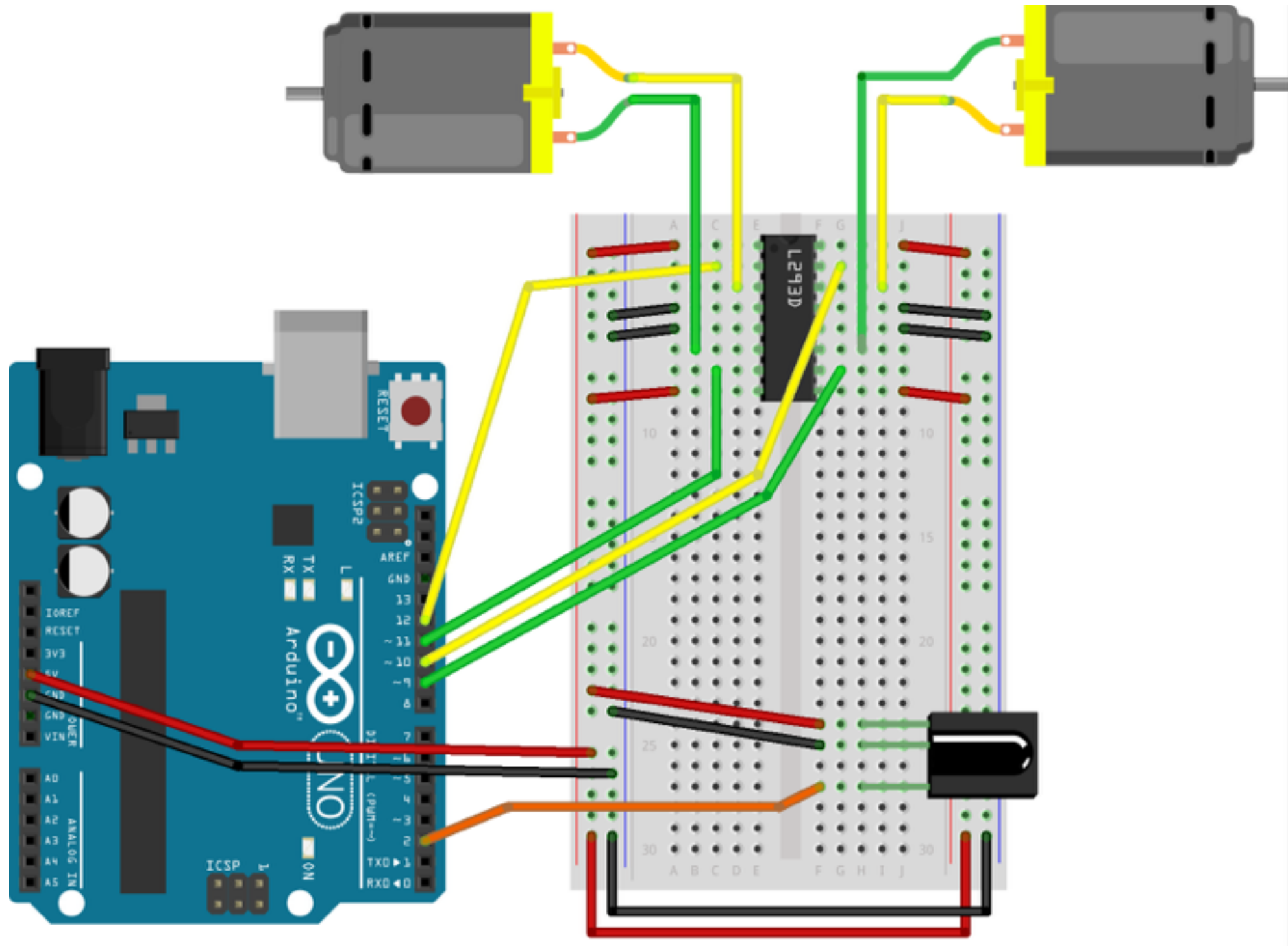
Remote Control

Merging & Integration

IR Theory



IR Receiver



IR Receiver Library

- We'll need to use the IRremote library to use this IR Receiver.
- Visit Sketch > Include Library > Manage Libraries...
- Filter search for IRremote
- Click the Install button

IR Programming

```
/*
  IR Receiver Print
  Reads values from the IR receiver and print them over Serial.
*/

#include <IRremote.h>

int remoteInputPin = 2;
IRrecv receiver(remoteInputPin);

decode_results results;

void setup()
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
  receiver.enableIRIn();
}

void loop() {
  if (receiver.decode(&results)) {
    Serial.println(results.value, HEX);

    if (results.value == 0xABCD) {
      Serial.println("FORWARD");
    } else if (results.value == 0x0000) {
      Serial.println("HALT");
    }

    receiver.resume();
  }
}
```

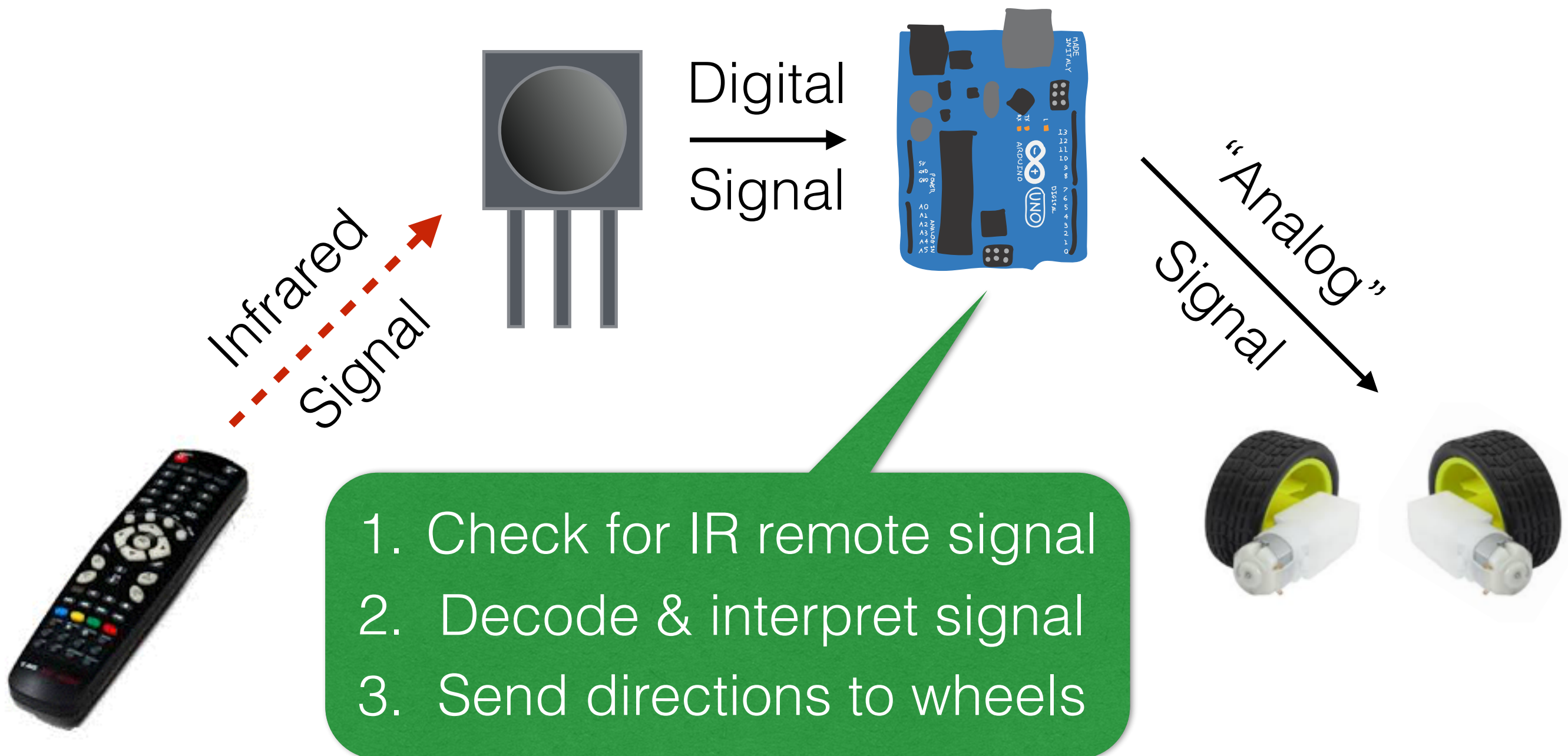
Arduino & Code

Motor Control

Remote Control

Merging & Integration

System Integration



Merging Sketches

1. Use the remote-testing code as the **base** sketch; copy the **motor** sketch into this one.
2. Copy the **motor code** that's **outside of the setup and loop functions** into the **base** sketch: **keep it outside** the setup and loop functions.
3. Copy the **motor code** that's **inside the setup function** into the **base** sketch: **keep it inside** the setup function.
4. Update the **base** sketch; where you currently have `Serial.println("FORWARD")`, etc., add a call to the forward function: *forward()*;