

RPG hot takes

Tips and Tricks

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Agenda

- Not just tips and tricks
- Also ‘do not do this’ content
- Maybe some IDE tricks here and there
- Very opinionated

Lint

Lint, or a linter, is a static code analysis tool used to flag programming errors, bugs, stylistic errors and suspicious constructs.

Wikipedia: Lint (software)

Tools



RPGLE language tools Config files



LIBRARY/VSCODE/RPGLINT.JSON



~/.vscode/rpglint.json



~/.vscode/rpglint.json

RPGLE language tools

Config setup

Command Palette (F1)

IBM I

> HELP AND SUPPORT

> USER LIBRARY LIST

> OBJECT BROWSER

> BARRY sources BARRY/*/* (*SRCPF)

> big

> ccsidtest

> evftemp01

> german

> qclsrc

> qddssrc

> qrpqleref

> qrpqlersrc

> depts.sqlrpgle

> depts_web.sqlrpgl... 9

> employees.sqlrpgle

> holly.sqlrpgle

> slides.rpgle

> slides

> vscode

> NOXDB NOXDB/*/* (*SRCPF)

> TTT filter TTT/*/* (*ALL)

> chartest \$TESTLIB/*/* (*ALL)

> IFS BROWSER

> DATABASE BROWSER

>open lint

RPGLE: **Open** RPGLE **lint** configuration

recently used

```
1  **FREE
2
3  Ctl-Opt DFTACTGRP(*no) BNDDIR('TOOLS');
4  //live-error:crtsqlrpgi Comments must be correctly formatted.
5
6  /INCLUDE QRPGLEREF,SQLTOOLS
7
8  //-----*
9
10 //dcl-c DOINGOK '00000'; Comments must be correctly formatted.
11 Dcl-S Index Int(5);
12 Dcl-Ds Department ExtName('DEPARTMENT') Alias Qualified;
13 End-Ds;
14
15 Dcl-C ALLGOOD '00000';
16
17 Dcl-Ds outputRows Dim(50) Qualified;
18   id Like(Department.DEPTNO);
19   name Like(Department.DEPTNAME);
20 End-Ds;
21
22 //-----reb04
23
24 Exsr MainlineThing;
25
26 Index = 5;
27 Return;
28
```

0 9

Settings: sg

Actions

Output

Terminals

Ln 10, Col 25

Spaces: 2

UTF-8

LF

RPGLE

⊗

RPGLE linter config doesn't exist for this file. Would you like to create a default at BARRY/VSCODE/RPGLINT.JSON?

⚙

×

Source: RPGLE language tools (Extension)

Yes

No

IBM I

> HELP AND SUPPORT

> USER LIBRARY LIST

> OBJECT BROWSER

> ALAN/*ALL ALAN/*ALL/* (*SRCPF)

> TANDM/QRPGLESRC TANDM/QRP...

> ILEDITOR/QTOOLS ILEDITOR/QTO...

> QSYSINC all QSYSINC/*/* (*SRCPF)

> BARRY sources BARRY/*/* (*SRCPF)

> big

> ccstest

> evftemp01

> german

> qclsrc

> qddssrc

> qrpgleref

> qrpglesrc

> slides

> vscode

rpglint.json

> NOXDB NOXDB/*/* (*SRCPF)

> TTT filter TTT/*/* (*ALL)

> chartest \$TESTLIB/*/* (*ALL)

> IFS BROWSER

> DATABASE BROWSER

[Extension Development Host] - RPGLINT.JSON

RPGLINT.JSON

BARRY > VSCODE > RPGLINT.JSON > ...

1 {

2 "BlankStructNamesCheck": true,

3 "QualifiedCheck": true,

4 "PrototypeCheck": true,

5 "ForceOptionalParens": true,

6 "NoOCCURS": true,

7 "NoSELECTAll": true,

8 "UppercaseConstants": true,

9 "IncorrectVariableCase": true,

10 "StringLiteralDupe": true,

11 "NoSQLJoins": true,

12 "NoCTDATA": true,

13 "PrettyComments": true,

14 "NoGlobalSubroutines": true,

15 "NoLocalSubroutines": true,

16 "UppercaseDirectives": true

17 }

Ln 17, Col 2

Spaces: 2

UTF-8

LF

{ } JSON

Settings: sg

Actions

Output

Terminals

Typewriter ON

IBM I

> HELP AND SUPPORT

> USER LIBRARY LIST

> OBJECT BROWSER

> big

> ccstidtest

> evftemp01

> german

> qclsrc

> qddssrc

> qrpqleref

> qrpqlsrc

> slides

depts.sqlrpgle departm...

deptsp.sql

salsum.rpgle

salsumf.sql

salsumf2.sql

stmts.sql

sump1.rpgle

sump2.rpgle

sump3.sqlrpgle 2

sums1.sql

sums2.sql

> vscode

rpqlint.json

> NOXDB NOXDB/* (*SRCPF)

> TTT filter TTT/* (*ALL)

> IFS BROWSER

> DATABASE BROWSER

SUMP3.SQLRPGLE 2

BARRY > SLIDES > SUMP3.SQLRPGLE > ...

1 ****free**

2

3 **dcl-pi** sump3;

4 numa **int**(10) **const**;

5 numb **int**(10) **const**;

6 **end-pi**;

7

8 resultSet : QUALIFIED DIM(1)

9 Variable name casing does not match definition.

10 [View Problem](#) [Quick Fix... \(%.\)](#)

11

12 ResultSet(1).result = numa + numb; Variable name casing does not match definition.

13

14 **exec sql** set result sets array ResultSet for 1 rows; Variable name casing does not match de

15

16 **return**;

PROBLEMS 2 DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL ...

Filter (e.g. text, **/*.ts, !**/node_modules/**) 🔍 📄 ^ ×

> SUMP3.SQLRPGLE /BARRY/SLIDES 2

💡 Variable name casing does not match definition. [Ln 12, Col 1]

⚠️ Variable name casing does not match definition. [Ln 14, Col 33]

ⓧ 0 ⚠️ 2 ⏪ ⚙️ Settings: sg ⌨️ Actions ≡ Output 📄 Terminals Typewriter ON

Ln 15, Col 1 Spaces: 2 UTF-8 LF RPGLE 🔧 🗣️ 🔔

>format doc

Format Document

↑ ↵ F

recently used ⚙

employees.pgm

Format Document

qrpglesrc > employees.pgm.sqlrpgle > ...

You, 1 hour ago | 3 authors (Liam Barry Allan and others)

1 **free

2 Ctl-Opt DFTACTGRP(*no);

3

4 Dcl-Pi *N; You, 1 hour ago • Uncommitted changes

5 DEPTNO Char(3);

6 End-Pi;

7

8 //-----*

9

10 /include 'qrpgleref/constants.rpgleinc'

11

12 //-----*

13

You, 1 hour ago | 3 authors (Liam Barry Allan and others)

14 Dcl-F emps WORKSTN Sfile(SFLDta:Rrn) IndDS(WkStnInd) InfDS(fileinfo);

15

16 Dcl-S Exit Ind Inz(*Off);

17

18 Dcl-S Rrn Zoned(4:0) Inz;

19

Liam Barry Allan, 22 months ago | 1 author (Liam Barry Allan)

20 Dcl-DS WkStnInd;

21 ProcessSCF Ind Pos(21);

22 ReprintScf Ind Pos(22);

23 Error Ind Pos(25);

24 PageDown Ind Pos(30);

xxx

0 17 0

Live Share

Ln 4, Col 10 Spaces: 2 LF RPGLE

Hot takes



Generally people agree



Okay this is stupid



It is totally off the rails

Wrong structs are valid in parameters

- In general, RPG thinks that data structures are also character strings
- Allowed to pass any data structure or any string to a parameter defined with LIKEDS

```
dcl-pr check_order ind;  
    order_info likeds(order_t);  
    customer_info likeds(customer_t) const;  
end-pr;  
  
ok = check_order (customer : order);          // Bug!  
ok = check_order (order : customer.name);    // Bug!
```


Use OPTIONS(*EXACT) on parameters

- The compiler will only allow you to pass a data structure defined with the same LIKEDS
- The compile fails because the parameters don't meet the OPTIONS(*EXACT) requirements

```
dcl-pr check_order ind;  
  order_info likeds(order_t) options(*exact);  
  customer_info likeds(customer_t) const options(*exact);  
end-pr;  
  
ok = check_order (customer : order);           // Compile error  
ok = check_order (order : customer.name);      // Compile error
```



Mixed cased procedures

- By default, RPGLE procedures are uppercase
- Call stack will reflect casing
- Mixed is prettier and simple to use

5	QUOCMD	QSYS		/03B3	
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS			_QRNP_PEP_PGMSTK
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	6		HANDLEORDER
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	10		CHECKCUSTSTATUS
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	14		GETCUSTID

5	QUOCMD	QSYS		/03B3	
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS			_QRNP_PEP_PGMSTK
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	6		handleOrder
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	10		checkCustStatus
	PGMSTK	BMORRIS	14		getCustId

Mixed case procedures

If you add or change EXTPROC:

- Recompile everything that uses the prototype
- Fix your CL to have the mixed-case name:
CALLPRC 'handleOrder'
- Fix your binder source to have the mixed-case
EXPORT("handleOrder")

```
dcl-proc handleOrder;  
  dcl-pi *n extproc(*dclcase) end-pi;  
  return;  
end-proc;
```



Always with INLR

- So used to using *INLR
- Tells the cycle to end
- Can also use RETURN

```

**free
dcl-s thetext char(52);
thetext = 'Hello world';
dsply thetext;
*inlr = *on;
  
```

How about.. no more LR?

- Header to define what procedure is the entry point
- Allows for cleaning and grouped code
- Program PI defined inside of procedure
- Removes the need to set LR

```
**free  
ctl-opt main(sayHello);  
  
dcl-proc sayHello;  
    dcl-s thetext char(52);  
  
    thetext = 'Hello world';  
  
    dsply thetext;  
end-proc;
```



Trims are ugly and slow

- If you have a lot of %TRIM in your code
 - Consider using varying-length strings instead
- %TRIM starts at the end of the field and works backward until it finds a non-blank character
- Varying-length fields know how much data they have, so it's not usually necessary to trim the data

```

**free
dcl-pi *n;
  lib char(10) const;
  file char(10) const;
end-pi;

dcl-s cmd char(100);

cmd = 'DSPPFM ' + %trim(lib) + '/' + %trim(file)
      + ' OUTPUT(*PRINT)';
callp(e) QCMDEXC (cmd : %len(%trim(cmd)));

if %error();
  report ('File ' + %trim(file) + 'does not exist '
          + 'in library ' + %trim(lib) + '.');
endif;

```

Trim minimally

- Minimal trims
- VARCHAR type

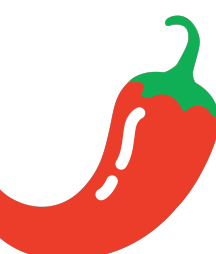
```
**free
dcl-pi *n;
    libParm char(10) const;
    fileParm char(10) const;
end-pi;

dcl-s lib varchar(10);
dcl-s file varchar(10);
dcl-s cmd varchar(100);

lib = %trim(libParm);
file = %trim(fileParm);

cmd = 'DSPPFM ' + lib + '/' + file + ' OUTPUT(*PRINT)';
callp(e) QCMDEXC (cmd : %len(cmd));

if %error();
    report ('File ' + file + 'does not exist '
           + 'in library ' + lib + '.');
endif;
```



No manual trim at all?

- The hard way - always remember to code %TRIM
- The easy way - let OPTIONS(*TRIM) handle trimming

```
dcl-pr getFileInfo;  
  file varchar(101) const;  
end-pr;  
getFileInfo (%trim(filename));
```

```
dcl-pr getFileInfo;  
  file varchar(101) const options(*trim);  
end-pr;  
getFileInfo (filename);
```



Help out the newbies, be explicit (QUALIFIED)

- Newcomers need help
- Implicit references are annoying

```
read ordRec;  
dow not %eof(ord92);  
    ok = checkInventory (city : item_id : quantity);  
    read ordRec;  
enddo;
```

```
read ord92.ordRec order; // File DS's are qualified  
dow not %eof(ord92);  
    ok = checkInventory (  
        cust.city :  
        order.item_id :  
        order.quantity  
    );  
    read ord92.ordRec order;  
enddo;
```



Qualify it all

- Qualify from record formats
- Qualify entire file definitions

```
dcl-f orders;  
dcl-ds orderDs likerec(orderRec);  
  
read orderRec orderDs; // read into the DS
```

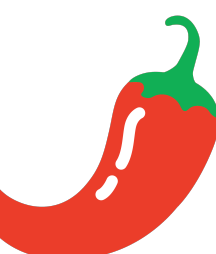
```
dcl-f orders qualified;  
dcl-ds orderDs likerec(orderRec);  
  
read orders.orderRec orderDs; // read into the DS
```



Lovely, pretty names

- Long name
 - SQL name
- Short name
 - System name

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE DEPARTMENT (  
  department_id FOR DEPTNO CHAR(3) NOT NULL,  
  department_name FOR DEPTNAME VARCHAR(36) NOT NULL,  
  manager_number FOR MGRNO CHAR(6) NOT NULL,  
  parent_department FOR ADMRDEPT CHAR(3) NOT NULL,  
  LOCATION CHAR(16) NOT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (DEPTNO)  
);
```



Lovely, pretty names... in RPGLE

- Without ALIAS, ugly short names
 - Harder for newbies too!
- Using ALIAS
 - Better readability
 - Easier for your pals

```
**free  
dcl-f orders;  
// ...  
if ordqty > 0;  
    placeOrder(ordId : cstId : ordqty  
                : splcty : cstcty); // "splcty" ???  
endif;
```

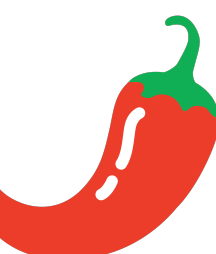
```
**free  
dcl-f orders alias;  
// ...  
if order_quantity > 0;  
    placeOrder(order_id : customer_id : order_quantity  
                : supplier_city : customer_city);  
endif;
```



New data-structure definition

```
dcl-ds emp_t qualified template;  
  name varchar(25);  
  salary packed(7 : 2);  
  is_manager ind;  
end-ds;  
  
dcl-ds dept qualified;  
  num_ems int(10);  
  emps likes(emp_t) dim(30);  
end-ds;
```

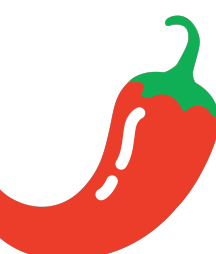
```
dcl-ds dept qualified;  
  num_ems int(10);  
  dcl-ds emps dim(30);  
    name varchar(25);  
    salary packed(7 : 2);  
    is_manager ind;  
  end-ds;  
end-ds;
```



Exit handler

- Put the cleanup tasks in the ON-EXIT section of the procedure.
- The ON-EXIT section is always run, no matter how the procedure ends.

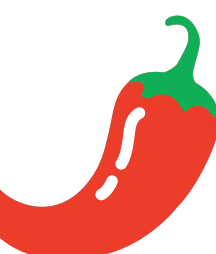
```
**free  
dcl-proc myproc;  
    // ...  
  
    p = %alloc(1000);  
    // ...  
  
    if not %found;  
        return;  
    endif;  
    // ...  
  
on-exit;  
    dealloc p;  
end-proc;
```



No local prototype

- Prototype not needed for local procedures
- Only needed for EXTPGM or EXTPROC

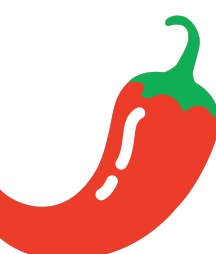
```
dcl-pr PRTTXT extpgm;  
    output char(52);  
end-pr;  
  
// dcl-pr writeOut;  
//    output char(52);  
// end-pr;  
  
dcl-proc writeOut;  
    dcl-pi *n;  
        output char(52);  
    end-pi;  
  
    PRTTXT(output);  
end-proc;
```



Love your constants

- Re-used strings are ugly
- Make it much easier to refactor by using constants

```
dcl-pi *n;  
  textIn chat(32);  
end-pi;  
  
dcl-s mytext char(52);  
  
mytext = textIn;  
  
if (mytext = *blank);  
  mytext = 'HI2';  
endif;  
  
select;  
  when (mytext = 'HI1');  
    dsply 'Hello world';  
  when (mytext = 'HI2');  
    dsply 'Goodbye world';  
  other;  
    dsply 'Hello world';  
endsl;
```



Love your constants

- Re-used strings are ugly
- Make it much easier to refactor by using constants
- A good IDE makes constants easy

```

17  select;
18    when (my HI1_TEXT : 'HELLO WORLD'
19          dsply HI1_TEXT;
20    when (mytext = HI2);
21          dsply HI2_TEXT;
22    other;
23          dsply HI1_TEXT;
24  ends;
  
```

```

// IDs
dcl-c HI1 'HI1';
dcl-c HI2 'HI2';

// Messages
dcl-c HI1_TEXT 'Hello world';
dcl-c HI2_TEXT 'Goodbye world';

//...

if (mytext = *blank);
  mytext = HI2;
endif;

select;
  when (mytext = HI1);
    dsply HI1_TEXT;
  when (mytext = HI2);
    dsply HI2_TEXT;
  other;
    dsply HI1_TEXT;
ends;
  
```

Take care of your structs

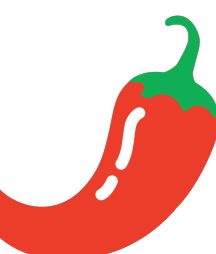
- RPG considers a data structure to be also a character string.
- You can assign one data structure to another using EVAL.
- This is fine as long as they
 - have identical subfields, AND
 - don't have any null-capable subfields

```
dcl-ds ds1;  
  subfa char(60);  
  subfb int(10);  
end-ds;  
  
dcl-ds ds2;  
  subfa char(30);  
  subfb int(10);  
end-ds;  
  
eval ds1 = ds2;
```

Take care of your structs

- Rather than using EVAL, use EVAL-CORR ("corresponding").
- EVAL-CORR assigns subfield by subfield.
- Subfields that have the same name and compatible data types are assigned.
- Null indicators are also assigned for null-capable subfields.
- Other subfields are ignored.

```
dcl-ds ds1;  
  subfa char(60);  
  subfb int(10);  
  subfc packed(10:5);  
end-ds;  
  
dcl-ds ds2;  
  subfa char(30);  
  subfb int(10);  
end-ds;  
  
eval-corr ds1 = ds2;
```



Talk to the world

- New, faster, UDTFs for sending HTTP requests
- No more Java
- Easy to use

```
**free

Dcl-Ds request Qualified;
  URL      Varchar(64);
  Header   Varchar(1024);
  Body     Varchar(2048);
End-Ds;

request.Header
= '{'
+ '"header": "Content-Type,application/json",'
+ '}'

request.Body = json_AsText(pBody);

EXEC SQL
  SET :Response =
  QSYS2.HTTP_POST(
    :request.URL,
    :request.Body,
    :request.Header
  );
```



Talk to the world in many ways

HTTP_DELETE
HTTP_DELETE_VERBOSE

HTTP_GET
HTTP_GET_VERBOSE

HTTP_PUT
HTTP_PUT_VERBOSE

HTTP_POST
HTTP_POST_VERBOSE

Use any UDTF or scalar function

- Embedded SQL lets you run any SQL
- Including grabbing result sets
- So many UDTFs and scalar functions

```
**free  
Dcl-S VarcharField Varchar(256);  
VarcharField = 'Hello world!';  
EXEC SQL SET :VarcharField = QSYS2.BASE64_ENCODE(:VarcharField);  
EXEC SQL SET :VarcharField = QSYS2.BASE64_DECODE(:VarcharField);
```



No execute immediate, ever

- Terrible readability
- Broken if a single quote is actually used
- Open to SQL injection attack
 - Esp. with LIKE

```
Dcl-S personName Varchar(60);  
Dcl-S deleteStatement Varchar(200);  
  
deleteStatement  
  = 'delete from users where '  
  + 'user_fullname = '' + personName + ''';  
  
EXEC SQL EXECUTE IMMEDIATE :deleteStatement;
```



Be more explicit (no more SELECT *)

- Improved readability
- Easier for developers
 - Esp. new ones
- Removes possible bugs

```
// Static
Dcl-Ds users extfile('users');

// Not static
EXEC SQL
    SELECT * INTO :users
    FROM users
    WHERE ID = 1;
```



Don't write ugly code

- Don't write joins in your RPGLE
- Can easily get complex
 - This is basic

```
dcl-s empno char(6);  
dcl-s firstName char(20);  
dcl-s workdept char(8);  
dcl-s deptName char(30);  
  
EXEC SQL  
  select  
    e.empno, e.firstnme, e.workdept, d.deptname  
  into  
    :empno, :firstName, :workdept, :deptName  
  from sample.employee as e  
  left join sample.department as d  
    on e.workdept = d.deptno  
  where empno = '00100'
```



Use a view

```
create or replace view empDepartments as
  select
    e.empno, e.firstnme, e.workdept, d.deptname
  from sample.employee as e
  left join sample.department as d
    on e.workdept = d.deptno;
```

```
dcl-s empno char(6);
dcl-s firstName char(20);
dcl-s workdept char(8);
dcl-s deptName char(30);

EXEC SQL
  select
    e.empno, e.firstnme, e.workdept, d.deptname
  into
    :empno, :firstName, :workdept, :deptName
  from empDepartments
  where empno = '00100';
```



Any more?

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