Distributed Systems – Assignment 2

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ABSTRACT

Concisely state (i) which Android device you used, (ii) which tasks you completed and which are working correctly or limited, and (iii) what your specific enhancements are.

1. INTRODUCTION

Use the introduction for background information on the assignment. See your assignment sheet for specific questions on the topic that you have to answer in this section. Use references such as books [2], papers and theses [4], or specifications [3] whenever available. Web sites for documentation [1], tutorials, etc. are a special case. In a thesis, you would put them as footnotes. At this stage, however, you will only have a few "real references," so we put the Web sites into the bibliography. Cite every source you used throughout the assignment.

For Assignment 2, please give a short overview of Web Services, especially their benefits. Compare RESTful against WS-* Web Services by listing some advantages and disadvantages of both concepts.

2. RESTFUL WEB SERVICES

- Describe shortly, how you designed your application to implement this Task. Which Android core elements did you use (e.g., Activity, Service, AsyncTask, Intent)?
- Explain why it is beneficial (or even required, since Android 3.0), to off-load networking tasks to Async-Task. Hint: Explain what blocking-methods are in the context of handling I/O Streams.
- Explain how you make use of the different methods provided by AsyncTask, such as doInBackground, on-PreExecute, onProgressUpdate, publishProgress or onPostExecute.

3. WS-* WEB SERVICES

As a first task for the WS-* web services part we had to think about how we would implement invoking a WS-* web service only using the <code>java.net</code> library. The following steps would have to be pursued:

 Get the web service's description by obtaining its WSDL file from a predefined address. This could be downloaded with an HTTP GET request utilizing the URL-Connection class like thus:

Listing 1: Getting data from a webserver using HTTP GET

- 2. Read the entire response from the input stream and parse the response using an XML library (or write your own). From the WSDL extract the URL of the web service you wish to call by looking at the PortType section and finding the operation which you would like to perform. Also be sure to check the appropriate input and output configuration as well as the actual transport protocol (usually SOAP) for your operation from the binding section
- 3. Prepare the actual request, here we will use SOAP. For SOAP this means creating the request XML by defining the SOAP envelope and specifying the header and body information required by the operation that is to be queried/called. In this example we a re calling one of the web services provided by the VSLAB and request a list of all discovered SunSPOTs:

Listing 2: SOAP Request

4. Now that the request is ready it has to be actually transferred to the endpoint. For this we establish a new URLConnection with the endpoint and send our SOAP request using the HTTP POST keyword to the endpoint like this:

```
1 // Assuming url is a String holding the url for
  the web service endpoint & soap is the SOAP XML request string URLConnection connection = new URL(url).
         openConnection();
   connection.setDoOutput(true); // Triggers POST.
   connection.setRequestProperty("Content-Type"
   application/xml+soap;charset=" + charset);
OutputStream output = connection.
         getOutputStream();
         output.write(soap.getBytes(charset));
   } finally {
9
         try { output.close(); } catch (IOException
                logOrIgnore) {}
10
   InputStream response = connection.
11
        getInputStream();
```

Listing 3: POST-ing a SOAP request to the endpoint

- 5. Finally we parse the XML from the response to obtain the data we asked for. Done!
- Describe shortly, how you designed your application to implement this Task. Did you reuse elements from Task 1?

- What are the roles of WSDL files and SOAP requests in WS-* Web Services?
- Explain why SOAP messages are exchanged in XML format and what unmarshalling to platform specific objects means.

4. CLOUD SERVICES

• Which diagram type did you choose? You can show a screen shot and describe your custom functionalities, if you have implemented any.

5. YOUR PHONE AS A SERVER

- Describe shortly, how you designed your application to implement this Task. Which Android core elements did you use this time?
- Show in a control flow diagram, pseudo code or your actual Java implementation, how you (would) do the handling of the connections on the server side. If you weren't able to implement the multi threading, explain it for a single threaded version.
- Did you implement sensing and/or actuation? How did you make use of the different HTTP methods, e.g. GET or PUT?

6. ENHANCEMENTS

This is usually the final part of an assignment. Here you are free to describe what you did, however, stick to a concise, scientific writing style.

7. CONCLUSION

Give an overall conclusion that summarizes the main challenges you encountered and your lessons learned.

8. REFERENCES

- [1] Services: Sending Notifications to the User. http://developer.android.com/guide/components/ services.html#Notifications. Accessed on 29 Aug 2013.
- [2] E. Burnette. Hello, Android: introducing Google's mobile development platform. Pragmatic Bookshelf, 3 edition, 2010.
- [3] R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, and T. Berners-Lee. Hypertext Transfer Protocol – HTTP/1.1. RFC 2616, 1999.
- [4] R. T. Fielding. Architectural Styles and the Design of Network-based Software Architectures. Phd thesis, UC Irvine, 2000.