# Lab – Disk Management Tools in Windows 11 with DiskPart

#### Introduction

In this lab, you will work with both Disk Management and DiskPart to create, format, resize, and manage partitions and storage spaces.

## **Required Resources**

- A Windows 11 PC with administrative privileges
- Access to Disk Management and Command Prompt for DiskPart

## **Instructions**

## Part 1: Access Disk Management and DiskPart

- 1. \*\*Open Disk Management\*\*:
- Right-click on the \*\*Start\*\* menu and select \*\*Disk Management\*\*.
- 2. \*\*Open DiskPart in Command Prompt\*\*:
- Open \*\*Command Prompt\*\* as an administrator.
- Type 'diskpart' and press Enter. You should see the 'DISKPART>' prompt.

#### **Questions:**

- What is the file system of your primary disk partition (e.g., C:)?
- Is there any unallocated space available on your disk?

Type your answers here.

#### Part 2: Create and Format a New Partition

## **Using Disk Management:**

- 1. \*\*Create a New Volume\*\*:
- In Disk Management, locate any unallocated space, right-click, and select \*\*New Simple Volume\*\*.
- Follow the wizard, assign a drive letter, and format the partition as \*\*NTFS\*\*.
- 2. \*\*Verify the New Partition\*\*:
- Check Disk Management to confirm the new partition is listed with the assigned drive letter.

### **Using DiskPart:**

- 1. \*\*List Disks and Partitions\*\*:
- In the `DISKPART>` prompt, type `list disk` to view all disks.
- Select the disk with unallocated space by typing `select disk X` (replace \*\*X\*\* with the disk number).
- Type 'create partition primary' to create a new primary partition.
- 2. \*\*Assign a Drive Letter and Format\*\*:
- Assign a drive letter by typing `assign letter=X` (replace \*\*X\*\* with a desired letter).
- Format the partition by typing `format fs=ntfs quick`.

#### **Questions:**

- What drive letter was assigned to the new partition?
- How much space was allocated?

Type your answers here.

## **Part 3: Shrinking and Extending Partitions**

#### **Using Disk Management:**

- 1. \*\*Shrink a Volume\*\*:
- Right-click on a primary partition (e.g., \*\*C:\*\* drive), choose \*\*Shrink Volume\*\*, and enter the amount to shrink.
- 2. \*\*Create a New Partition from Unallocated Space\*\*:
  - Use the unallocated space created to make a new partition as described in Part 2.

## **Using DiskPart:**

- 1. \*\*Select and Shrink a Volume\*\*:
- Type 'list volume' to display all volumes.
- Select the volume to shrink by typing `select volume X` (replace \*\*X\*\* with the volume number).
  - Type `shrink desired=500` to shrink the volume by 500 MB.
- 2. \*\*Extend a Volume\*\*:
- After shrinking, select an adjacent volume with free space by typing `select volume Y` (replace \*\*Y\*\* with the volume number).
- Type 'extend' to add unallocated space to the selected volume.

## **Questions:**

- How much space was reclaimed by shrinking the partition?
- What is the new total size of the extended partition?

Type your answers here.

## **Part 4: Changing Drive Letters**

#### **Using Disk Management:**

- 1. \*\*Change a Drive Letter\*\*:
- Right-click the desired partition, choose \*\*Change Drive Letter and Paths\*\*, and select a new letter.

#### **Using DiskPart:**

- 1. \*\*Assign or Change a Drive Letter\*\*:
- Select the volume by typing `select volume X` (replace \*\*X\*\* with the volume number).
- Change the drive letter with `assign letter=Y` (replace \*\*Y\*\* with the new letter).

#### **Questions:**

- What was the original and new drive letter?
- Did any shortcuts or paths break due to the change?

Type your answers here.

## **Part 5: Storage Spaces**

## **Using Disk Management (Settings App):**

- 1. \*\*Create a Storage Space\*\*:
- Go to \*\*Settings > System > Storage > Advanced storage settings > Storage Spaces \*\*.
- Choose \*\*Create a new pool and storage space\*\* and add at least two drives with a \*\*Two-way mirror\*\* configuration.

## **Using DiskPart (Alternative Storage Pool Setup):**

- 1. \*\*Select and Prepare Drives\*\*:
- In DiskPart, use `list disk` and `select disk X` (replace \*\*X\*\* with each disk number) to prepare multiple drives.
- Set each drive as dynamic by typing `convert dynamic` (if supported).

#### **Questions:**

- What resiliency type did you choose for Storage Spaces?
- How does the system use available space with the chosen resiliency?

Type your answers here.

## Part 6: Disk Cleanup and Optimization

- 1. \*\*Run Disk Cleanup\*\*:
  - Type \*\*Disk Cleanup\*\* in the search bar and select files to delete, such as temporary files.
- 2. \*\*Optimize Drives\*\*:
- Open \*\*Defragment and Optimize Drives\*\*, select a drive, and click \*\*Optimize\*\* to defragment (for HDDs) or confirm SSD optimization.

## **Questions:**

- How much space was recovered after running Disk Cleanup?
- What was the status of each drive after optimization?

Type your answers here.

# **End of Lab**

By completing this lab, you should now have hands-on experience with both the Disk Management GUI and DiskPart command-line tool for managing disk partitions and storage spaces in Windows 11.