Stacked Attention Network

by Zichao Yang, Xiaodong He, Jianfeng Gao, Li Deng, Alex Smola arXiv:1511.02274v2 [cs.LG] 26 Jan 2016

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Stacked Attention Network

Basic idea:

- obtain a region-based representation of the image
 - (params: VGG16 cut before dense layers, with 14x14 regions and region representation dimension 512)
- obtain a vector representation of the query
 - Embedding + LSTM or CNN
- combine the two to obtain a weight for each image region ('attention')
- combine weighted sum of regions and query to create new query
- repeat process with new query ('stacked')

Stacked Attention Network

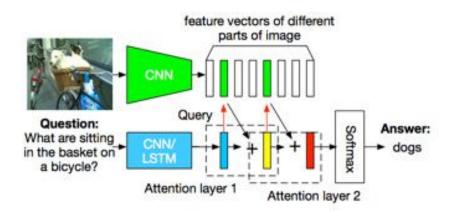


figure from Yang et al.

End-To-End Memory Network

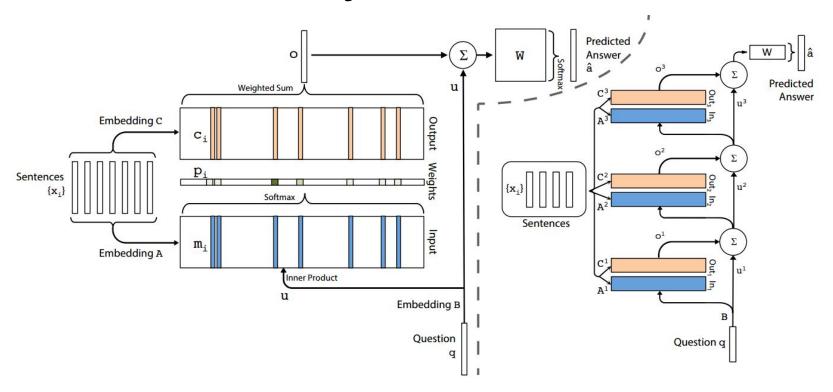
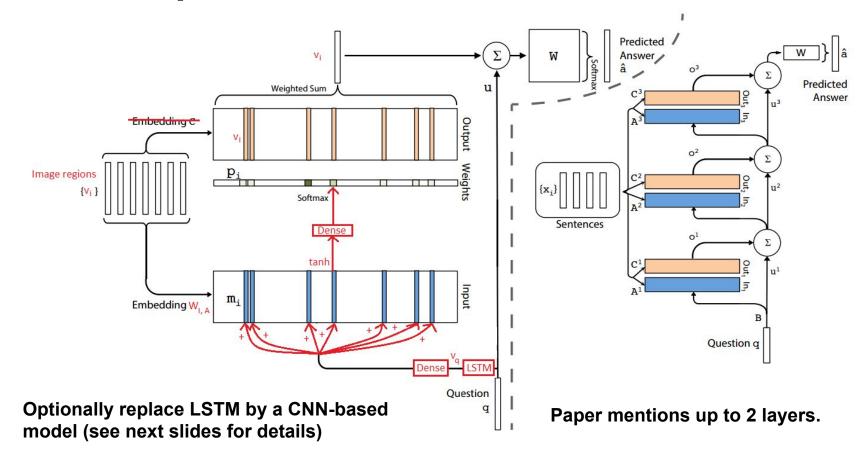
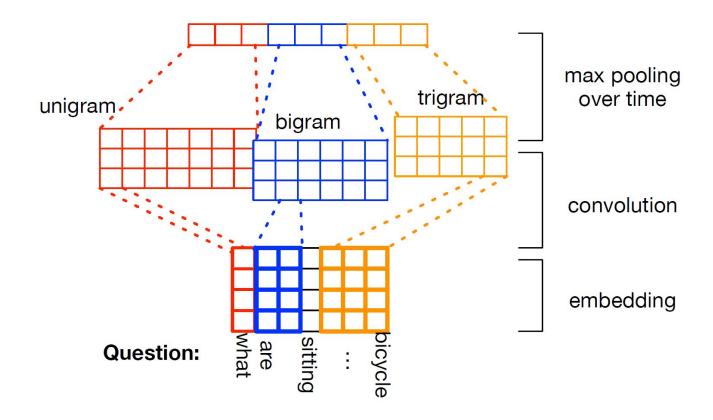


figure from Sukhbaatar et al.: End-To-End Memory Networks, arXiv:1503.08895v5 [cs.NE] 24 Nov 2015

SAN compared to MemNN



SAN: CNN-based model



SAN: CNN-based model

Basic Idea:

- Embed query
- Apply a unigram, bigram and trigram convolution operation
 - given by $h_{c,t} = \tanh(W_c x_{t:t+c-1} + b_c)$., where c equals 1, 2, or 3 for uni-, bi- or trigrams
- Run max-pooling over t for every c = 1, 2, 3 to obtain h'_1, h'_2, h'_3
- Concatenate results to form query representation $h = [h'_1, h'_2, h'_3]$

SAN: success case

(c) What next to the large umbrella attached to a table?

Answer: trees Prediction: tree



figure from Yang et al. From left: Original image, first attention layer, second attention layer Direct quote from paper: "The bright part of the image is the detected attention"