第一章矩阵

1.5 行列式的展开式和Laplace定理

1.5.1 行列式的展开式



• 例 设 $(i_1, i_2, ..., i_n)$ 是 1, 2, ..., n 的一个排列,

计算
$$\sigma(i_1,i_2,...,i_n) - \sigma(i_1,i_2,...,i_{n-1})$$
.

解 由于 i_n 前面有 $n-i_n$ 个数

(即
$$i_n + 1, i_n + 2, \dots, n$$
)大于 i_n ,

所以 $(i_1,i_2,...,i_n)$ 比 $(i_1,i_2,...,i_{n-1})$ 多 $n-i_n$ 个逆序.

故
$$\sigma(i_1,i_2,...,i_n) - \sigma(i_1,i_2,...,i_{n-1}) = n - i_n$$
.



定理 设
$$A = (a_{ij})_{n \times n}$$
,则

$$\det A = \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} (-1)^{\sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{ni_n},$$

这里 (i_1, i_2, \dots, i_n) 取遍 $1, 2, \dots, n$ 的所有全排列.



证明 对行列式阶数n用归纳法.

当n=1时, $\det A=a_{11}$,结论成立.

假设结论对于n-1阶行列式都成立,

考虑 n 阶行列式 $\det A$. 按照第 n行展开,

得到
$$\det A = \sum_{1 \le i \le n} (-1)^{n+i} a_{ni} M_{ni}$$
.

记
$$M_{ni} = \det(b_{kl})$$
,其中 $1 \le k, l \le n-1$.

由归纳假设知
$$M_{ni} = \sum_{(l_1,l_2,\cdots,l_{n-1})} (-1)^{\sigma(l_1,l_2,\cdots,l_{n-1})} b_{1l_1} b_{2l_2} \cdots b_{n-1l_{n-1}},$$

这里
$$(l_1, l_2, \dots, l_{n-1})$$
取遍 $1, 2, \dots, n-1$ 的所有全排列.

注意到,
$$b_{1l_1}b_{2l_2}\cdots b_{n-1,l_{n-1}}=a_{1i_1}a_{2i_2}\cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}}$$
.

当
$$l_h < i$$
时, $i_h = l_h$;

当
$$l_h \geq i$$
 时, $i_h = l_h + 1$.

可见
$$\sigma(l_1, l_2, \dots, l_{n-1}) = \sigma(i_1, i_2, \dots, i_{n-1})$$
 ,

其中
$$(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})$$
 取遍 $1,2,\ldots,i-1,i+1,\ldots,n$

的所有全排列. 因此

$$M_{ni} = \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} (-1)^{\sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}}$$



这样

$$\begin{split} \det A &= \sum_{1 \leq i \leq n} (-1)^{n+i} a_{ni} \left(\sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} (-1)^{\sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}} \right) \\ &= \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1},i)} (-1)^{(n+i)} \sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}} a_{n,i} \\ &= \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1},i)} (-1)^{(n-i)} \sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}} a_{n,i} \\ &= \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1},i_n)} (-1)^{(n-i_n)+\sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1})} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} \cdots a_{n-1,i_{n-1}} a_{n,i_n} \\ &= \sum_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_{n-1},i_n)} (-1)^{\sigma(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} a_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_3} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_2} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_2} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)} \mathbf{Q}_{1i_1} a_{2i_2} a_{3i_2} \cdots a_{n,i_n}, \\ &\geq \mathbb{E} \underbrace{(i_1,i_2,\cdots,i_n)}_{(i_1,i$$

根据归纳法,结论成立.