

1. 为手算矩阵分解

$$r_{ij} = \vec{p}_i^T \vec{q}_j = \left(\begin{array}{c} p_{i1} \\ p_{i2} \\ \vdots \\ p_{ik} \end{array} \right)^T \left(\begin{array}{c} q_{j1} \\ q_{j2} \\ \vdots \\ q_{jk} \end{array} \right) = \sum_{k=1}^k p_{ik} q_{kj}, \text{ k维向量 } p, q \text{ 作内积.}$$

2. Loss函数, \vec{r} 与 \vec{p} 的误差平方和为:
$$e_{ij}^2 = (r_{ij} - \hat{r}_{ij})^2 = (r_{ij} - \vec{p}_i^T \vec{q}_j)^2 = (r_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^k p_{ik} q_{kj})^2$$

求所有非负(大于0)项的损失之和的最小值

$$\min_{\vec{p}, \vec{q}} \text{loss} = \sum_{r_{ij} > 0} e_{ij}^2$$

3. 根据梯度下降法求修正的 p, q 向量, 梯度下降 $\theta = \theta_0 - \eta \frac{\partial f(\theta_0)}{\partial \theta}$

$$\frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial p_{ik}} = -2(r_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^k p_{ik} q_{kj}) q_{kj} = -2e_{ij} q_{kj}$$

$$\frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial q_{kj}} = -2(r_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^k p_{ik} q_{kj}) p_{ik} = -2e_{ij} p_{ik}$$

这里负梯度, 公式 $\theta = \theta_0 - \eta \frac{\partial f(\theta_0)}{\partial \theta}$

根据负梯度方向更新变量

$$p_{ik}' = p_{ik} - \eta \frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial p_{ik}} = p_{ik} - (-2e_{ij} q_{kj}) = p_{ik} + 2\alpha e_{ij} q_{kj}$$

$$q_{kj}' = q_{kj} + 2\alpha e_{ij} p_{ik}$$

4. epoch 直到收敛为止 $\text{sum}(e^k) \leq \text{阈值}$

以上方法未加入正则化项, 会有过拟合

加入正则化项

$$1. r_{ij} = p_i^T q_j = \sum_{k=1}^K p_{ik} q_{kj}$$

2. 加入正则化项:

$$\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{k=1}^K (\|p_i\|^2 + \|q_j\|^2)$$

→ 向量的模 $= \sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2 + a_3^2}$
模² $= a_1^2 + a_2^2 + a_3^2$

$$\Rightarrow e_{ij} = (r_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^K p_{ik} q_{kj})^2 + \frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{k=1}^K (\|p_i\|^2 + \|q_j\|^2)$$

$$= (r_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^K p_{ik} q_{kj})^2 + \frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{k=1}^K (p_{ik}^2 + q_{kj}^2)$$

3. 再求对 e_{ij} 的对 p_{ik}, q_{kj} 求偏导

$$\frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial p_{ik}} = \underbrace{-2e_{ij} q_{kj}}_{\text{之前推过}} + \beta p_{ik}$$

$$\frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial p_{ik}} = -2e_{ij} p_{ik} + \beta q_{kj}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \text{更新 } p'_{ik} &= p_{ik} - \alpha \cdot \frac{\partial e_{ij}}{\partial p_{ik}} \\ &= p_{ik} + \alpha (2e_{ij} q_{kj} - \beta p_{ik}) \end{aligned}$$

$$q'_{kj} = q_{kj} + \alpha (2e_{ij} p_{ik} - \beta q_{kj})$$

最终对 (i, j) 项的 $\sum_{k=1}^K p_{ik} q_{kj}$ 更新