### U4 - Verba ber~an

# berpelukan

hug (to hold someone tightly in one's arms to express affection or comfort) 拥抱

### berpandangan

have an opinion (to hold a particular belief or view) 持有观点

look at each other (to gaze or glance at one another) 互相对视

# berpegangan

hold (to grasp or hold onto something) 抓住,握住

rely (to depend on or rely upon) 依靠,依赖

#### bersalaman

shake hands (to clasp someone's hand as a form of greeting or agreement) 握手

### bertabrakan

collide (to crash into each other) 碰撞,冲突 conflict (to be in disagreement or opposition) 冲突,抵触

### berseberangan

opposite (being in a position directly across from something) 相对

disagree (to have a different opinion or perspective) 意见相左

#### berdekatan

close (near in distance) 靠近,邻近 intimate (having a close relationship) 亲密的,密切的

### berjauhan

far apart (located at a great distance) 距离远,分开 distant (having a distant relationship) 疏远,远离

#### bersebelahan

adjacent (next to each other) 相邻,毗邻 neighboring (being neighbors) 邻近,邻接

### bersisian

side by side (next to each other) 并排,挨着 adjacent (close or adjoining) 相邻,毗连

# beterbangan

flying around (moving through the air in various directions) 飞来飞去

# berjatuhan

falling down (coming down or dropping from a higher place repeatedly or in large numbers) 纷纷掉落

# berlompatan

jumping around (leaping or springing repeatedly in various directions) 跳来跳去

### berlarian

running around (running in various directions) 跑来跑去,奔跑 rushing (moving quickly) 匆忙奔跑,急跑

#### berserakan

scattered (spread out irregularly)

散落,零乱

dispersed (to be spread over a wide area)

分散,散布

#### bermekaran

blooming (the process of flowers opening)

开花,绽放

flourishing (thriving or prospering)

繁荣, 兴旺

#### berkenalan

acquaintance (to get to know someone)

认识, 结识

introduction (the act of introducing oneself or others)

介绍,引见

# berhadapan

facing each other (positioned opposite one another)

面对面, 相对

confronting (engaged in direct opposition or interaction)

对峙,对抗

### dilanda

struck by (to be hit or affected by something, often negative)

遭受,受到(通常指不好的事情)

hit (to be impacted or overwhelmed)

击中,冲击

### lahan

land (an area of ground)

土地,地块

plot (a piece of land for a specific purpose)

地皮, 地段

### karhutla

forest fire (a fire occurring in a forested area) 森林火灾

wildfire (an uncontrolled fire spreading rapidly)

野火,野外火灾

### diselimuti

covered (being covered or wrapped)

被覆盖,被包裹

shrouded (to be enveloped or concealed)

笼罩,隐藏

#### asap

smoke (visible gas from burning)

烟,烟雾

fumes (gas or vapor often with a strong smell)

烟气,废气

### tebal

thick (having a large distance between opposite sides)

厚的,浓密的

dense (closely packed or crowded)

密集的,浓厚的

## jarak

distance (the amount of space between two points)

距离,间隔

gap (a break or opening between two things)

间距,空隙

# pandang

view (the act of looking at something)

视线,观看

regard (to consider or think of in a specified way)

看待, 注视

## terserang

attacked (being subjected to an attack) 被攻击,被袭击 struck (hit or affected suddenly) 遭受,受到冲击

### infeksi

infection (invasion and multiplication of harmful microorganisms) 感染,传染

#### saluran

channel (a passage for conveying water or other fluids) 通道,渠道

pipeline (a system of pipes for transporting fluids) 管道、输送管线

### pernapasan

respiration (the process of breathing) 呼吸

breathing (the act of inhaling and exhaling) 呼吸作用

#### akut

acute (having a severe and sudden onset) 急性的,剧烈的 critical (very serious or dangerous)

### melanda

严重的,紧急的

to strike (to hit or affect something, often suddenly) 袭击,侵袭

to hit (to overwhelm or batter) 冲击,打击

## masing-masing

each (every one considered separately) 各自、每个

respectively (in the order given) 分别,依次

### lereng

slope (the inclined surface of a hill or mountain) 斜坡、坡面

# diduga

suspected (thought to be true without proof) 被怀疑,被推测

alleged (asserted without conclusive evidence) 所谓的,疑似

# pembakaran

burning (the act or process of setting fire) 燃烧, 焚烧

incineration (the process of burning something completely) 焚化,火化

# sengaja

intentional (done deliberately) 故意的,有意的

deliberate (done consciously and intentionally) 蓄意的,刻意的

### selidik

investigate (to examine or inquire into something) 调查,侦查

probe (to explore or examine thoroughly) 探查,深入研究

### sidik

print (a mark made by pressing) 指纹, 印记

trace (a small sign or evidence) 痕迹, 踪迹

# mempertanggungjawabkan

to be held accountable (to take responsibility for) 承担责任,负有责任 to justify (to explain or defend one's actions) 证明合理,辩解

### tanggung

responsible (having an obligation to do something) 负责任的,有责任感的

liable (legally or morally obligated) 应承担责任的,负有义务的

#### melarikan

to run away (to escape or flee) 逃跑, 逃离

to abduct (to take someone away illegally) 绑架,诱拐

# lindung

protect (to keep safe from harm) 保护,防护

shield (to guard or cover) 遮蔽,掩护

#### kawasan

area (a region or part of a place) 区域,地带

zone (a designated or specific section) 地带, 范围

### kebakaran

fire (an uncontrolled burning) 火灾,着火

burning (the act or process of burning) 燃烧, 火焰

#### hutan

forest (a large area covered chiefly with trees and undergrowth) 森林, 林地

## memprihatinkan

concerning (causing worry or concern) 令人担忧的,令人忧虑的 alarming (causing alarm or fear) 令人震惊的,令人恐慌的

#### aliran

stream (a small, narrow river) 小溪、溪流

flow (the movement of a fluid or current)

流动,流派

current (a continuous movement in a particular direction)

潮流,趋势

# perilaku

behavior (the way a person acts) 行为, 举止

conduct (the manner of carrying oneself)

品行,表现

# langkah

step (a single movement of the foot) 步伐,脚步

measure (an action taken to achieve a goal)

措施,步骤

# mengatasi

overcome (to successfully deal with a problem)

克服,解决

handle (to manage or deal with a situation)

处理,应对

# menyusul

follow (to go after someone or something)

跟随,追赶

catch up (to reach someone ahead)

赶上

# susul-menyusul

chase each other (to take turns following or pursuing) 你追我赶,轮流追逐

#### relatif

relative (considered in relation or in proportion to something else) 相对的

relative (a person connected by blood or marriage) 亲戚

#### sahabat

friend (a close companion or buddy) 朋友、密友

#### sekian

so much (indicating a certain amount or degree) 那么多,那么多的

that's all (used to indicate the end of a statement) 就这些,仅此而已

### penghuni

inhabitant (a person or animal living in a place) 居民, 住户

occupant (someone who occupies a space or property) 占用者,居住者

#### musim

season (a period of the year characterized by particular weather) 季节

period (a specific time or phase) 时期,阶段

#### semi

prefix indicating partial or incomplete 前缀,表示部分的、不完全的

half (partially or halfway) 半、部分地

#### ם כלים ו

diributkan

be debated (to be argued or discussed) 被争论,被讨论

be made a fuss over (to be the subject of controversy) 被大肆争吵,被纷争

# bertengkar

argue (to have a disagreement or quarrel) 争吵,争执

fight (to engage in a verbal or physical conflict) 打架,争斗