# KL-Divergences of Normal, Gamma, Dirichlet and Wishart densities

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### 1 Kullback-Liebler Divergence

For densities q(x) and p(x) the KL-divergence from q to p is

$$KL(q;p) = \int q(x) \log \frac{q(x)}{p(x)} dx \tag{1}$$

## 2 Normal

For univariate Normal densities  $q(x)=N(x;\mu_q,\sigma_q^2)$  and  $p(x)=N(x;\mu_p,\sigma_p^2)$  the KL-divergence is

$$KL_{N_1}(\mu_q, \sigma_q; \mu_p, \sigma_p) = 0.5 \log \frac{\sigma_p^2}{\sigma_q^2} + \frac{\mu_q^2 + \mu_p^2 + \sigma_q^2 - 2\mu_q \mu_p}{2\sigma_p^2} - 0.5$$
 (2)

The multivariate Normal density is given by

$$\mathsf{N}(\boldsymbol{x}; \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1}) = (2\pi)^{-d/2} |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}|^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})\right)$$
(3)

The KL divergence for Normal densities  $q(x)=\mathsf{N}(x;\boldsymbol{\mu}_q,\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_q^{-1})$  and  $p(x)=\mathsf{N}(x;\boldsymbol{\mu}_p,\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_p^{-1})$  is

$$KL_N(\boldsymbol{\mu}_q, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_q; \boldsymbol{\mu}_p, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_p) = 0.5 \log \frac{|\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_p|}{|\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_q|} + 0.5 Tr(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_p^{-1} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_q)$$

$$+ 0.5 (\boldsymbol{\mu}_q - \boldsymbol{\mu}_p)^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_p^{-1} (\boldsymbol{\mu}_q - \boldsymbol{\mu}_p) - \frac{d}{2}$$

$$(4)$$

where  $|\Sigma_p|$  denotes the determinant of the matrix  $\Sigma_p$ .

#### 3 Gamma

The Gamma density is defined as

$$Ga(x;b,c) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(c)} \frac{x^{c-1}}{b^c} \exp\left(\frac{-x}{b}\right)$$
 (5)

For Gamma densities  $q(x) = Ga(x; b_q, c_q)$  and  $p(x) = Ga(x; b_p, c_p)$  the KL-divergence is

$$KL_{Ga}(b_q, c_q; b_p, c_p) = (c_q - 1)\Psi(c_q) - \log b_q - c_q - \log \Gamma(c_q)$$

$$+ \log \Gamma(c_p) + c_p \log b_p - (c_p - 1)(\Psi(c_q) + \log b_q) + \frac{b_q c_q}{b_p}$$
(6)

#### 4 Dirichlet

A Dirichlet density is given by

$$Dir(\boldsymbol{\pi}; \boldsymbol{\lambda}) = \frac{\Gamma(\sum_{s=1}^{m} \lambda_s)}{\prod_{s=1}^{m} \Gamma(\lambda_s)} \prod_{s=1}^{m} \pi_s^{\lambda_s - 1}$$
 (7)

where  $\lambda_s$  is the sth element of  $\lambda$  and  $\Gamma(x)$  is the Gamma function [2].

For the Dirichlet density with  $q(\pi) = Dir(\pi; \lambda_q)$  and  $p(\pi) = Dir(\pi; \lambda_p)$  where the number of states is m and the KL-divergence is

$$KL_{Dir}(\lambda_q; \lambda_p) = \log \frac{\Gamma(\lambda_{qt})}{\Gamma(\lambda_{pt})} + \sum_{s=1}^{m} \log \frac{\Gamma(\lambda_p(s))}{\Gamma(\lambda_q(s))} + \sum_{s=1}^{m} [\lambda_q(s) - \lambda_p(s)] [\Psi(\lambda_q(s)) - \Psi(\lambda_{qt})]$$
(8)

where

$$\lambda_{qt} = \sum_{s=1}^{m} \lambda_{q}(s)$$

$$\lambda_{pt} = \sum_{s=1}^{m} \lambda_{p}(s)$$
(9)

#### 5 Wishart

The Wishart distribution is given by ([1], page 85)

$$Wi(\Gamma; a, \mathbf{B}) = \frac{1}{Z(a, \mathbf{B})} |\Gamma|^{(a-d-1)/2} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} Tr(\mathbf{B}\Gamma)\right]$$
(10)

where

$$Z(a, \mathbf{B}) = 2^{ad/2} |\mathbf{B}|^{-a/2} \Gamma_d(a/2)$$
(11)

the generalised gamma function is given by

$$\Gamma_d(a/2) = \pi^{d(d-1)/4} \prod_{j=1}^d \Gamma((a-j+1)/2)$$
(12)

which is valid for a>d-1. The entropy and KL-divergence of a Wishart can be defined in terms of the integral

$$L(a, \mathbf{B}) = \int Wi(\Gamma; a, \mathbf{B}) \log |\Gamma| d\Gamma$$
(13)

$$= \log \tilde{\Gamma}(a, B)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{d} \Psi((a_s + 1 - i)/2) - \log |\mathbf{B}_s| + d \log 2$$

The entropy of  $q(\Gamma) = Wi(\Gamma; q, \mathbf{Q})$  is then given by

$$H_W(q, \mathbf{Q}) = -\left(\frac{q-d-1}{2}\right)L(q, \mathbf{Q}) + \frac{qd}{2} + \log Z(q, \mathbf{Q})$$
(14)

The KL-Divergence between densities  $q(\Gamma)=\mathsf{Wi}(\Gamma;q,Q)$  and  $p(\Gamma)=\mathsf{Wi}(\Gamma;p,P)$  is given by

$$KL_W(q, \mathbf{Q}; p, \mathbf{P}) = \left(\frac{q - d - 1}{2}\right) L(q, \mathbf{Q})$$

$$-\left(\frac{p - d - 1}{2}\right) L(p, \mathbf{P}) - \frac{qd}{2} + \frac{q}{2} Tr(\mathbf{P} \mathbf{Q}^{-1}) + \log \frac{Z(p, \mathbf{P})}{Z(q, \mathbf{Q})}$$
(15)

# References

- [1] R.J. Muirhead. Aspects of Multivariate Statistical Theory. John Wiley, 1982.
- [2] W. H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.V.P. Flannery. *Numerical Recipes in C.* Cambridge, 1992.