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```
% Benjamin Stutzke  
% ENAE 432 - 0102  
% Problem Set 5
```

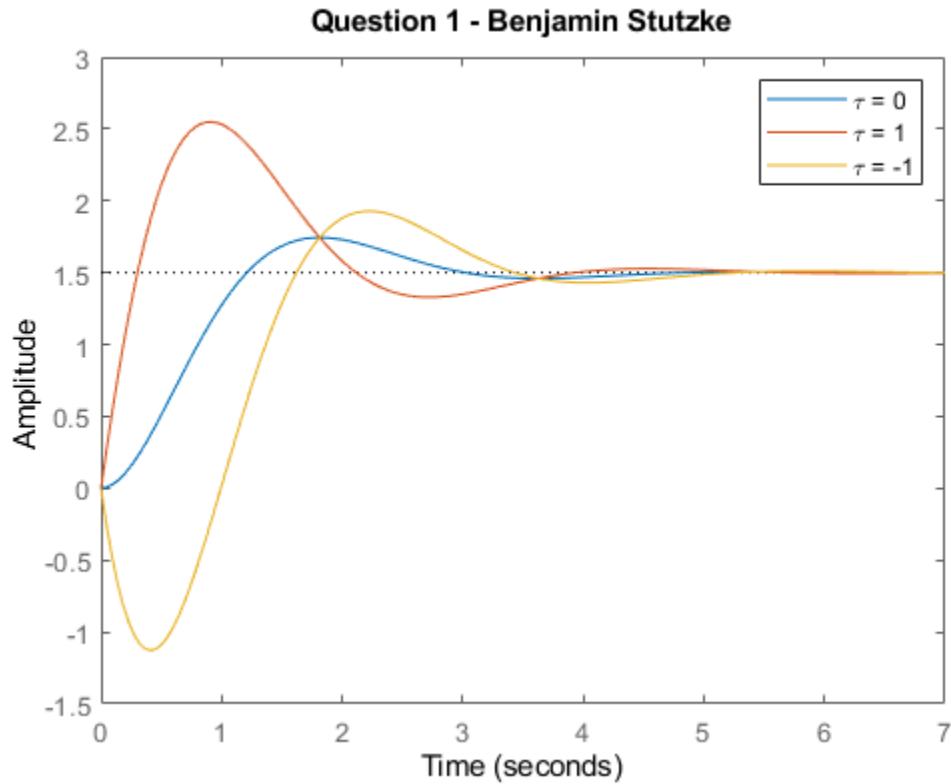
```
clear; clc; close all;
```

Problem 1

```
s = tf('s');  
tau = [0 1 -1];  
  
figure(1);  
hold on;  
  
for i=1:length(tau)  
    G = 6*(tau(i)*s+1)/(s^2 +2*s+4);  
    step(G);  
end  
  
title("Question 1 - Benjamin Stutzke");  
legend("\tau = 0", "\tau = 1", "\tau = -1");  
  
% Finding values for y_p and t_p for tau = 0  
p = roots([1 2 4]);  
sigma = real(p(1));  
omega_d = imag(p(1));  
  
t_p = pi/omega_d  
M_p = exp(sigma*pi/omega_d)  
G0 = 6/4;  
y_p = G0*(1+M_p)  
  
t_p =  
1.8138  
  
M_p =  
0.1630
```

$Y_p =$

1.7446



Problem 2

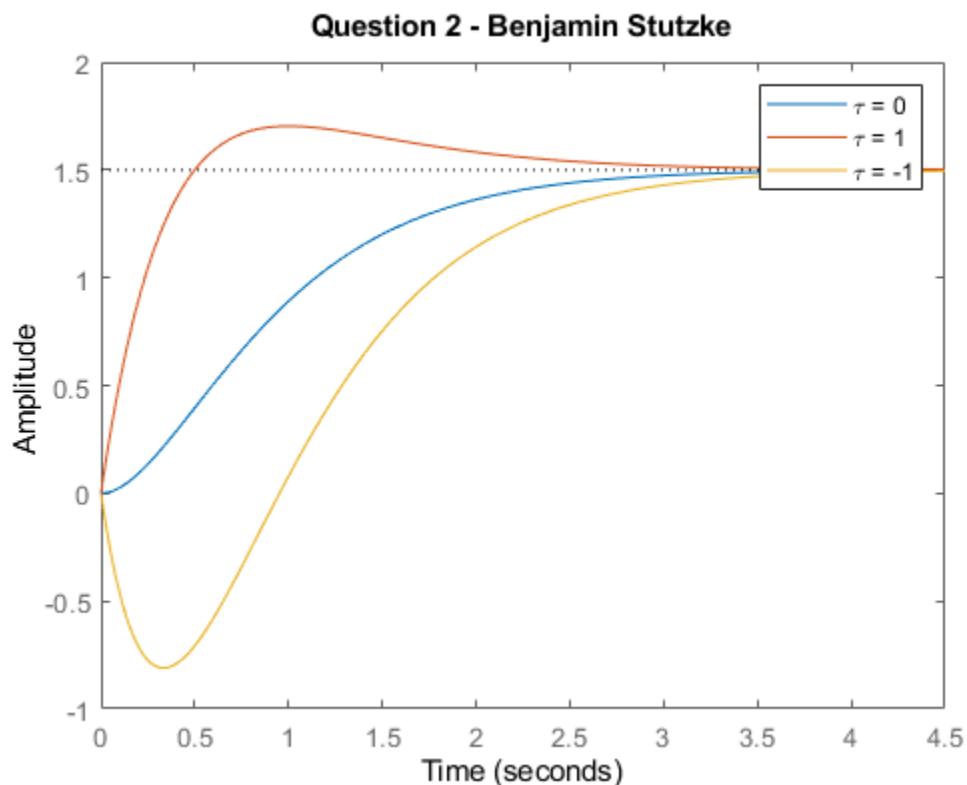
```
figure(2);
hold on;

for i=1:length(tau)
    G = 6*(tau(i)*s+1)/(s^2 +4*s+4);
    step(G);
end

title("Question 2 - Benjamin Stutzke");
legend("\tau = 0", "\tau = 1", "\tau = -1");

% Finding t_s for tau = 0
p = roots([1 4 4]);
sigma = real(p(1));
omega_n = sqrt(sigma^2);
zeta = abs(sigma)/omega_n
t_s = 6/abs(sigma)
```

```
p =  
-2  
-2  
  
zeta =  
1  
  
t_s =  
3
```



Problem 3

```
figure(3);  
  
G = (5000*(s+0.02))/(3*(2+s)*((20+s)^2));  
w = logspace(-3, 3, 10000);  
  
bode(G, w);  
  
grid on;
```

```

title("Question 3 - Benjamin Stutzke");

% Explicit calculations for part b)
jomega = .6i;
G1 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G1_mag = abs(G1)
G1_angle = angle(G1)

G1_mag_dB = 20*log10(G1_mag)
G1_angle_deg = rad2deg(G1_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part c)
jomega = 70i;
G2 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G2_mag = abs(G2)
G2_angle = angle(G2)

G2_mag_dB = 20*log10(G2_mag)
G2_angle_deg = rad2deg(G2_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part d)
jomega = 4.29i;
G3 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G3_mag = abs(G3)
G3_angle = angle(G3)

G3_mag_dB = 20*log10(G3_mag)
G3_angle_deg = rad2deg(G3_angle)

jomega = 6.35i;
G4 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G4_mag = abs(G4)
G4_angle = angle(G4)

G4_mag_dB = 20*log10(G4_mag)
G4_angle_deg = rad2deg(G4_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part e)
jomega = 21.9i;
G5 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G5_mag = abs(G5)
G5_angle = angle(G5)

G5_mag_dB = 20*log10(G5_mag)
G5_angle_deg = rad2deg(G5_angle)

G1 =
0.4492 + 1.1094i

G1_mag =

```

1.1969

G1_angle =

1.1860

G1_mag_dB =

1.5609

G1_angle_deg =

67.9549

G2 =

-0.2621 - 0.1735i

G2_mag =

0.3143

G2_angle =

-2.5567

G2_mag_dB =

-10.0521

G2_angle_deg =

-146.4890

G3 =

3.6102 + 0.0324i

G3_mag =

3.6104

G3_angle =

0.0090

G3_mag_dB =

11.1510

G3_angle_deg =

0.5149

G4 =

3.4350 - 1.1113i

G4_mag =

3.6103

G4_angle =

-0.3129

G4_mag_dB =

11.1508

G4_angle_deg =

-17.9274

G5 =

-0.0009 - 1.8869i

G5_mag =

1.8869

G5_angle =

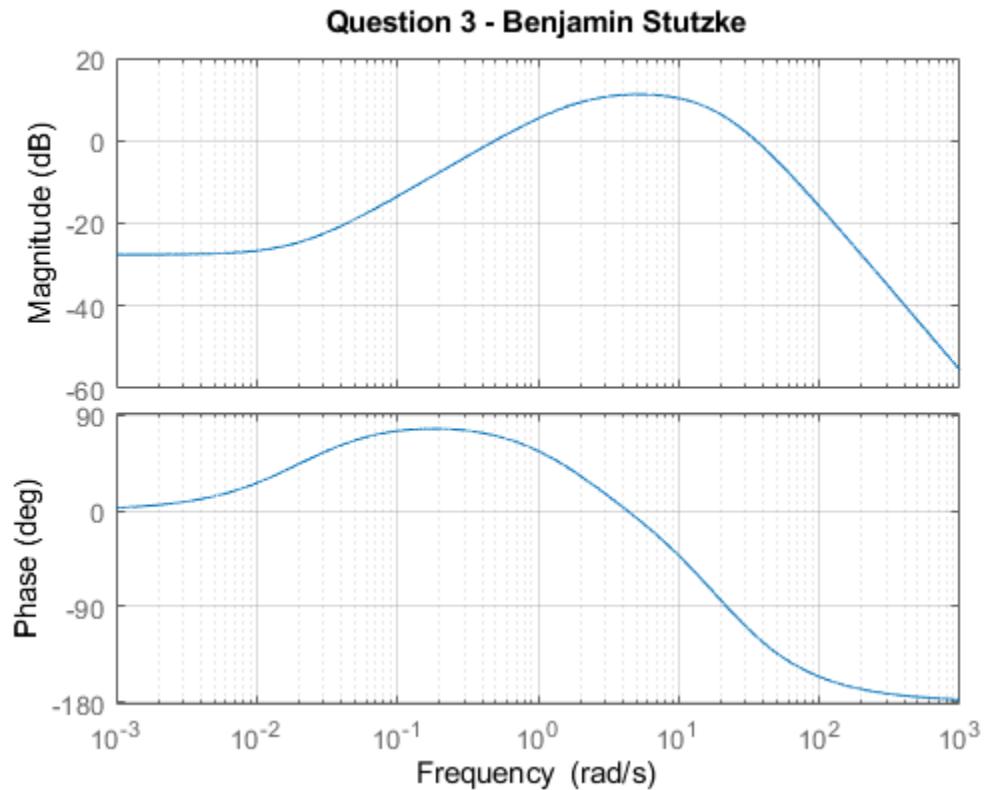
-1.5713

G5_mag_dB =

5.5151

G5_angle_deg =

-90.0270



Problem 4

```
bode_form = zpk(G);
bode_form.DisplayFormat='frequency'

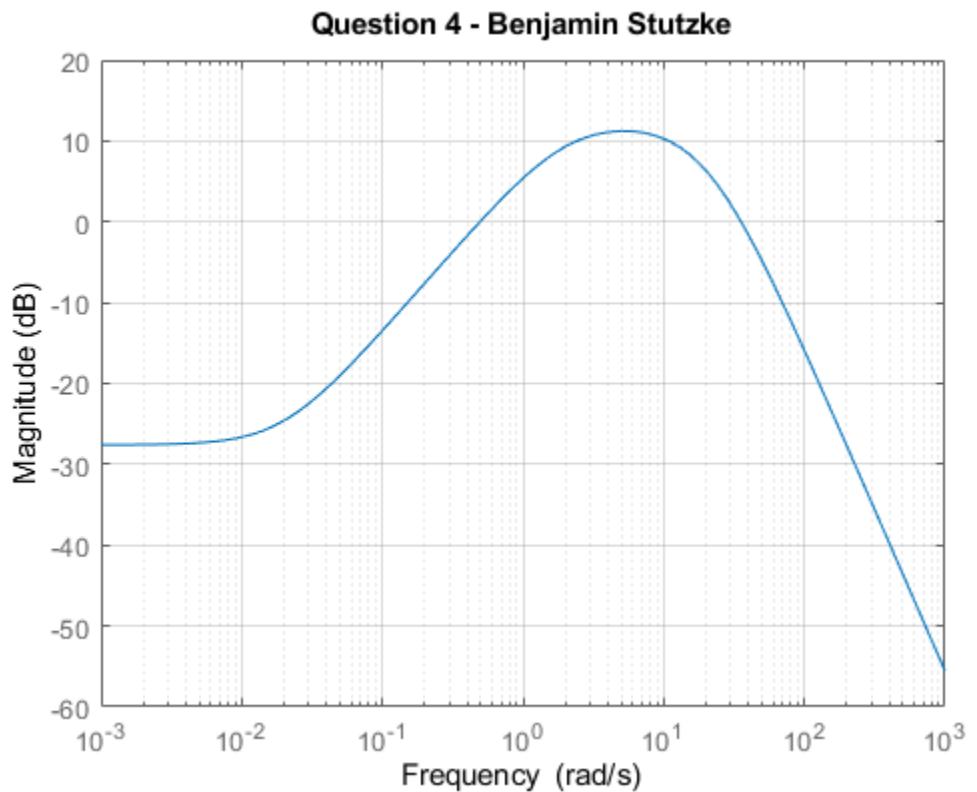
figure(4);
bodemag(G);

grid on;
title("Question 4 - Benjamin Stutzke");

bode_form =
0.041667 (1+s/0.02)
-----
```

$$(1+s/20)^2 \quad (1+s/2)$$

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.



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