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```
% Benjamin Stutzke
% ENAE 432 - 0102
% Problem Set 5
```

```
clear; clc; close all;
```

Problem 1

```
s = tf('s');
tau = [0 1 -1];

figure(1);
hold on;

for i=1:length(tau)
    G = 6*(tau(i)*s+1)/(s^2 +2*s+4);
    step(G);
end

title("Question 1 - Benjamin Stutzke");
legend("\tau = 0", "\tau = 1", "\tau = -1");

% Finding values for y_p and t_p for tau = 0
p = roots([1 2 4]);
sigma = real(p(1));
omega_d = imag(p(1));

t_p = pi/omega_d
M_p = exp(sigma*pi/omega_d)
G0 = 6/4;
y_p = G0*(1+M_p)

t_p =

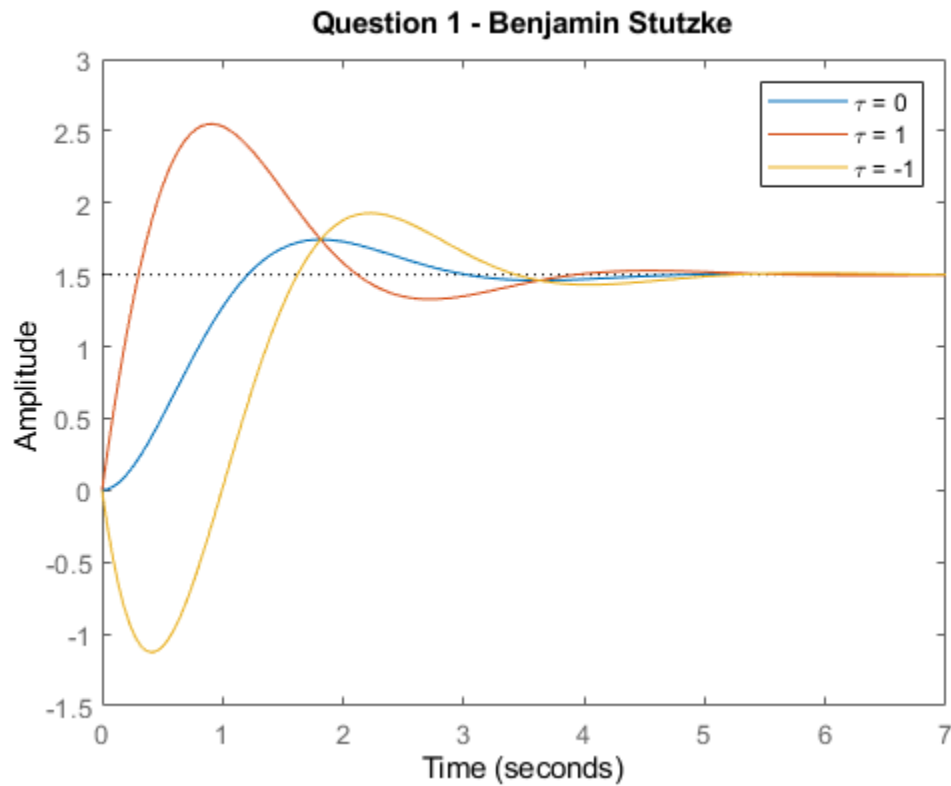
    1.8138

M_p =

    0.1630
```

$y_p =$

1.7446



Problem 2

```
figure(2);
hold on;

for i=1:length(tau)
    G = 6*(tau(i)*s+1)/(s^2 +4*s+4);
    step(G);
end

title("Question 2 - Benjamin Stutzke");
legend("\tau = 0", "\tau = 1", "\tau = -1");

% Finding t_s for tau = 0
p = roots([1 4 4])
sigma = real(p(1));
omega_n = sqrt(sigma^2);
zeta = abs(sigma)/omega_n
t_s = 6/abs(sigma)
```

$p =$

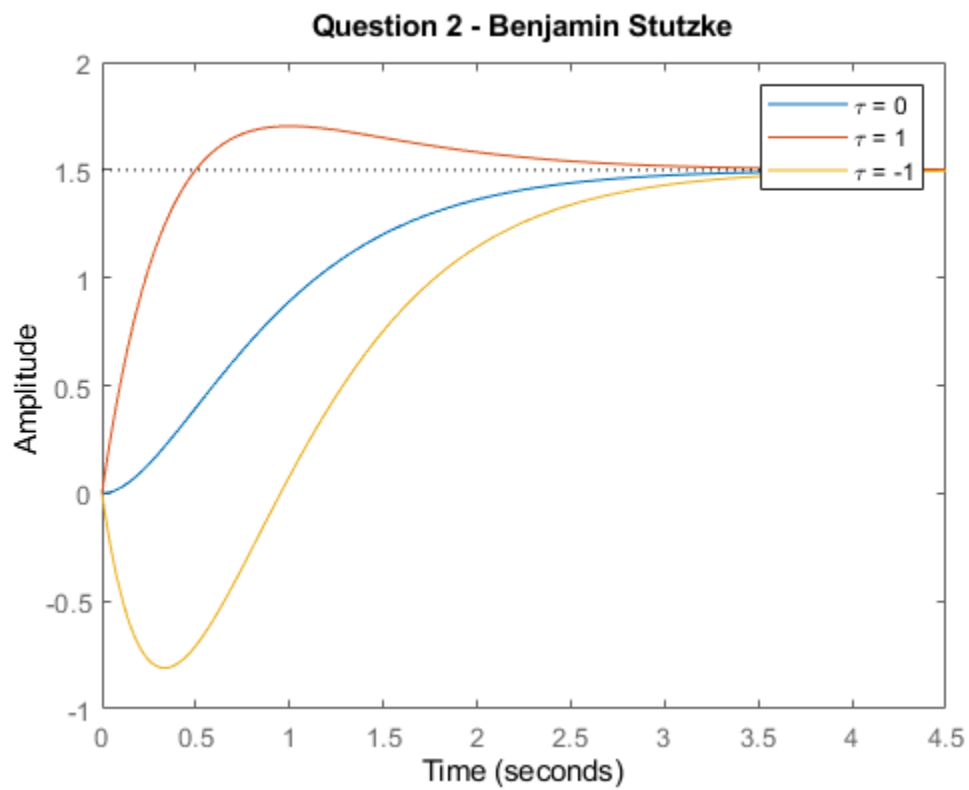
-2
-2

$\zeta =$

1

$t_s =$

3



Problem 3

```
figure(3);  
  
G = (5000*(s+0.02))/(3*(2+s)*((20+s)^2));  
w = logspace(-3, 3, 10000);  
  
bode(G, w);  
  
grid on;
```

```

title("Question 3 - Benjamin Stutzke");

% Explicit calculations for part b)
jomega = .6i;
G1 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G1_mag = abs(G1)
G1_angle = angle(G1)

G1_mag_dB = 20*log10(G1_mag)
G1_angle_deg = rad2deg(G1_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part c)
jomega = 70i;
G2 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G2_mag = abs(G2)
G2_angle = angle(G2)

G2_mag_dB = 20*log10(G2_mag)
G2_angle_deg = rad2deg(G2_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part d)
jomega = 4.29i;
G3 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G3_mag = abs(G3)
G3_angle = angle(G3)

G3_mag_dB = 20*log10(G3_mag)
G3_angle_deg = rad2deg(G3_angle)

jomega = 6.35i;
G4 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G4_mag = abs(G4)
G4_angle = angle(G4)

G4_mag_dB = 20*log10(G4_mag)
G4_angle_deg = rad2deg(G4_angle)

% Explicit calculations for part e)
jomega = 21.9i;
G5 = (5000*(jomega+0.02))/(3*(2+jomega)*(20+jomega)^2)
G5_mag = abs(G5)
G5_angle = angle(G5)

G5_mag_dB = 20*log10(G5_mag)
G5_angle_deg = rad2deg(G5_angle)

G1 =

    0.4492 + 1.1094i

G1_mag =

```

1.1969

$G1_angle =$

1.1860

$G1_mag_dB =$

1.5609

$G1_angle_deg =$

67.9549

$G2 =$

$-0.2621 - 0.1735i$

$G2_mag =$

0.3143

$G2_angle =$

-2.5567

$G2_mag_dB =$

-10.0521

$G2_angle_deg =$

-146.4890

$G3 =$

$3.6102 + 0.0324i$

$G3_mag =$

3.6104

$G3_angle =$

0.0090

$G3_mag_dB =$

11.1510

$G3_angle_deg =$

0.5149

$G4 =$

$3.4350 - 1.1113i$

$G4_mag =$

3.6103

$G4_angle =$

-0.3129

$G4_mag_dB =$

11.1508

$G4_angle_deg =$

-17.9274

$G5 =$

$-0.0009 - 1.8869i$

$G5_mag =$

1.8869

$G5_angle =$

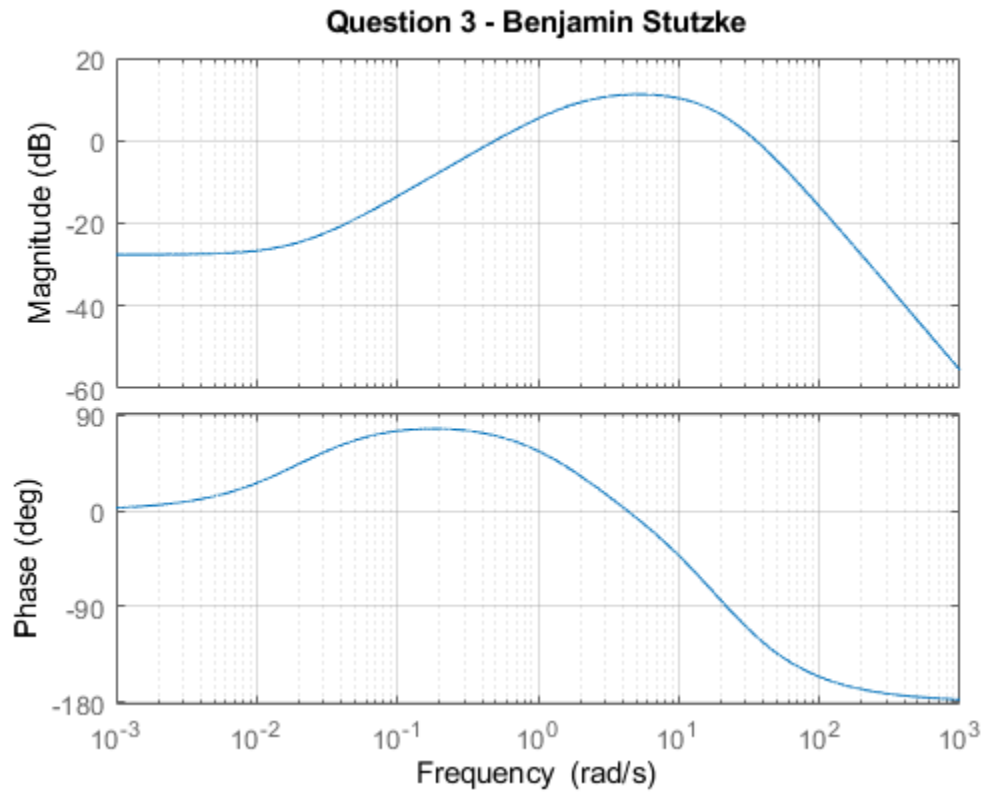
-1.5713

$G5_mag_dB =$

5.5151

$G5_angle_deg =$

-90.0270



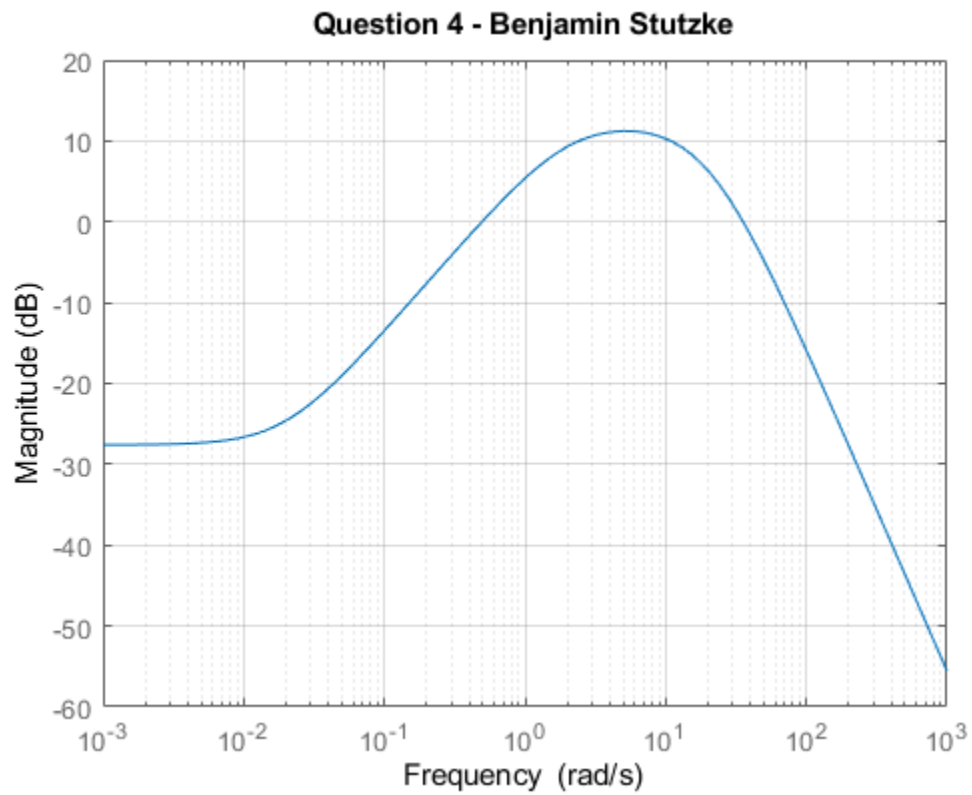
Problem 4

```
bode_form = zpk(G);  
bode_form.DisplayFormat='frequency'  
  
figure(4);  
bodemag(G);  
  
grid on;  
title("Question 4 - Benjamin Stutzke");  
  
bode_form =
```

```
0.041667 (1+s/0.02)  
-----
```

$$(1+s/20)^2 (1+s/2)$$

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.



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